



Open Government Impact Statement

83rd Oregon Legislative Assembly
2026 Regular Session

Measure: SB 1587 - B

Only impacts on Original or Engrossed
Versions are Considered Official

Prepared by: Dexter A. Johnson
Date: 2/27/2026

SUMMARY

Digest: The Act says that a public body may not give certain data to a data broker unless the data broker says that it will not be used to enforce immigration law. The Act provides certain exceptions. (Flesch Readability Score: 64.0).

Prohibits public bodies from disclosing personally identifiable information to a data broker unless the data broker attests that the information will not be sold or transferred to any entity that will use it to enforce federal immigration law. Does not apply if disclosure is required under public records law or by a court order. Does not apply if disclosure is made under the same terms and conditions under which the information is available to the general public.

Takes effect on the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

OPEN GOVERNMENT IMPACT

Legislative Counsel has not adopted standards for drafting measures that establish exemptions from disclosure of public records.

This measure requires a public body not to disclose personally identifiable information contained in public records to a data broker unless a data broker first provides a written attestation to the public body that the information will not be sold or otherwise transferred to any entity that will use the information to enforce federal immigration law. It also allows the public body to not disclose those records if the public body believes the written attestation contains material misrepresentations, falsehoods or omissions. These prohibitions do not apply to personally identifiable information that is required to be disclosed under the public records law or as required by court order, or if disclosure is made under the same terms and conditions under which the information is made available to the general public.

If those public records that are prohibited from disclosure to data brokers were instead subject to mandatory disclosure under public records law, certain data brokers could use the public records process to sell or transfer personally identifiable information to entities that will use the information to enforce federal immigration law.