

HB 4018 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee On Rules

Action Date: 02/17/26

Action: Do pass with amendments and be referred to Ways and Means. (Printed A-Eng.)

Vote: 6-1-0-0

Yeas: 6 - Bowman, Elmer, Grayber, Kropf, Pham H, Wallan

Nays: 1 - Skarlatos

Fiscal: Fiscal impact issued

Revenue: Has minimal revenue impact

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Meeting Dates: 2/10, 2/12, 2/17

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

The measure makes changes to the campaign finance regulations adopted in House Bill 4024 (2024), including changing the operative dates for the disclosure reporting and campaign finance dashboard and revising the disclosure reporting requirements. It restores previously repealed statutes until the effective date of new requirements and makes other form and style changes. The measure declares an emergency, effective on its passage.

Detailed Summary:

Operative Date Changes

- Changes the operative dates for the disclosure reporting and campaign finance dashboard provisions in HB 4024 (2024), from January 1, 2028, to January 1, 2031, and makes those provisions apply to elections occurring after January 1, 2032
- Changes the operative date from January 1, 2027, to January 1, 2031, for the changes to Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 260.345 (Complaints or other information regarding violations) and ORS 260.995 (civil penalties)

Disclosure Requirements

- Makes the disclosure reporting requirements effective January 1, 2031
- Requires the Secretary of State (SOS) to establish an electronic filing system to be used by a covered person to report the original source of funds used to pay for candidate campaign independent expenditures
- Requires the disclosure of the name of each person who donated or contributed \$5,000 or more during the election cycle, once a covered person has made an aggregate of \$50,000 in candidate campaign independent expenditures in an election cycle, and the disclosure of the original source of funds in an amount equal to the total amount spent
- Allows donations or contributions under \$5,000 to be aggregated and reported on a “Miscellaneous Under \$5,000” category in the system, and allows a covered person to exclude any donations or contributions from an affiliated charitable organization; donations, contributions, or grants that may not be used for campaign communications; and donations or contributions from sources who demonstrate a reasonable probability that public knowledge of the person’s identity risks physical harm
- Allows a covered person that is not a political committee to disclose the identity of any person who donated or contributed in the two years prior to the independent expenditure
- Requires a person to disclose, when requested in writing by the covered person and except as provided, the name and amount provided by any person who provided the original source of funds equal to the amount of the person’s total donation or contribution; and the name and amount provided by any person who is not the original source of funds but served as a pass-through or intermediary for funds from the original source

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- Requires the SOS to adopt rules establishing the procedure for a covered person to request and obtain the required disclosures
- Exempts personally identifiable information, other than name, residence address, occupation, and employer name, from being a public record

Contribution Limits and Related Procedures

- Changes the contribution limit for a multicandidate committee from \$5,000 per election cycle to \$5,000 per year from a person or a political party, which is the same time period for contributions from a membership organization, legislative caucus, or small donor political committees
- Adds a recall political committee and an independent expenditure-only political committee to the committees without contribution limits
- Changes the limit on contributions to a small donor political committee to calendar year, not year or election cycle, and adds prohibitions on contributions from independent expenditure-only, measure, membership organization, and recall political committees
- Changes the limits and conditions for in-kind contributions of staff time to a candidate or principal campaign committee of a candidate, from a membership organization or membership organization political committee, to 2,080 hours per calendar year for state representative or senator and nonstate offices, and 6,240 hours per calendar year for other state offices
- Specifies requirements for an in-kind contribution or coordinated expenditure, other than independent expenditures, to not be deemed as coordinated
- Changes the total amount of unexpended campaign contributions that may be carried forward by a candidate for certain offices, from \$0.05 per elector to \$10,000 for an official who represents a jurisdiction with not more than 100,000 electors, and \$20,000 for those representing jurisdictions with 100,000 to 300,000 electors.
- Revises the deadline and requirement for disposing of any funds carried over to not more than 60 days following the end of the second term of office for which they were not used
- Allows a corporation or a tax-exempt labor organization to establish or administer separate, segregated funds that operate as a political committee under specified conditions
- Makes additional changes to campaign finance regulations that are operative on January 1, 2027, including making a transfer of funds, as permitted under federal law, between a political party multicandidate committee and accounts established, financed, maintained, or controlled by the committee and regulated by the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, not considered a contribution or expenditures; and changing the deadlines for inspection of certain statements by a filing officer to 30 days from 90 days
- Changes the SOS adjustment to the specified dollar amounts in statute to be at the end of each even-numbered year instead of the end or start of each election cycle, and makes the first adjustment at the end of 2028

Enforcement

- Allows a person who accepts a contribution in violation of the specified limits to cure the violation by refunding the amount in excess of the permitted amount within 14 days after accepting the contribution
- Provides that the SOS may impose a civil penalty for exceeding the contribution limit amounts and failing to cure the violation within 14 days, and for each failure to comply with the permissible uses of unexpended funds and the carry-forward limits on unexpended funds

Provisions Delayed to 2031

- Delays the implementation of the requirement that contributions made by multiple membership organizations are considered made by a single membership organization if they are established, financed, maintained, or controlled by the same or substantially the same group of people, with exceptions
- Prohibits a contributor from making a contribution, or an aggregate of contributions, during an applicable limitation period that exceeds what a recipient must accept under the limits, excluding in-kind contributions
- Adds definitions required for disclosure reporting and campaign finance dashboard provisions

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Form and Style Changes

- Consolidates definitions, contribution limits, contributions by multiple political committees, and enforcement provisions
- Makes changes to statutes to incorporate the provisions needed when the disclosure reporting and dashboard requirements become operative on January 1, 2031
- Updates terms for consistency with other statutes
- Makes non-substantive changes for conformity with other sections of the measure and statute
- Moves statutes to the appropriate ORS chapters

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Contribution limits
- Political committees, their configurations, and applicable limits
- Contribution limits and independent expenditures
- Cost of the electronic system for disclosure reporting and the dashboard
- Timing of measure provisions

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

The amendment replaces the measure.

BACKGROUND:

There are three main methods employed by states for regulating campaign finance, which are commonly utilized in combination: 1) requiring the disclosure and reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures, 2) setting contribution limits to campaigns, and 3) providing a system for public financing of elections. According to the National Conference of State Legislatures, for the 2025–2026 election cycle, Oregon is 1 of 5 states (along with Alabama, Nebraska, Utah, and Virginia) with no limits on political campaign contributions and is 1 of the 11 states that impose no limits on individual candidate contributions.

House Bill 4024 (2024) set campaign contributions limits, defined and set requirements for specified political committees, set disclosure and reporting requirements for candidate campaign independent expenditures, established complaint investigation requirements and deadlines, and set civil penalties for violations of the contribution limits and disclosure requirements. The measure also called for the creation of a web-based campaign finance dashboard.