

**SB 1587 A -A6 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY**

**House Committee On Rules**

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**Prepared By:** Tisha Pascone

**Meeting Dates:** 2/26

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**WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:**

The measure prohibits government bodies from disclosing personally identifiable information to a data broker without an accepted attestation from the broker that the data will not be sold or transferred to an entity that will use the information for immigration enforcement. It provides exceptions for a court order and data subject to disclosure under public records laws. The measure declares an emergency, effective on its passage.

*FISCAL: Has minimal fiscal impact*

*REVENUE: No revenue impact*

*SENATE VOTE: Ayes, 18; Nays, 9*

**ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

**EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

-A6 The amendment allows a public body to disclose publicly available information under the same terms and conditions it is available to the general public. It also changes the effective date to the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

*FISCAL: May have fiscal impact, but no statement yet issued*

*REVENUE: May have revenue impact, but no statement yet issued*

**BACKGROUND:**

In 2023, Oregon enacted House Bill 2052, requiring data brokers to register before collecting, selling, or licensing brokered personal information, starting January 1, 2024. The registry is administered by the Division of Financial Regulation. The Oregon Consumer Privacy Act (OCPA), [Oregon Revised Statutes 646A.570 to ORS 646A.589](#), is applicable to any person conducting business in the state who controls or processes the personal data of 100,000 or more consumers or of 25,000 or more consumers if 25 percent or more of the person’s annual gross revenue is derived from selling personal data. The OCPA provides consumers with the right to opt out of data sale, profiling, and targeted advertising, to know what information a business has collected, and which specific entities received the consumer’s data. The consumer can also obtain a copy of the personal and sensitive data collected, correct inaccuracies, and delete personal and sensitive information. The OCPA specifically excludes public bodies.