House Bill 2812

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Presession filed (at the request of Governor Tina Kotek for Psychiatric Security Review Board)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced. The statement includes a measure digest written in compliance with applicable readability standards.

Digest: Exempts some client health info that the PSRB has from disclosure to the public but allows for its release in some situations. (Flesch Readability Score: 61.4).

Exempts individually identifiable health information in the possession of the Psychiatric Security Review Board from disclosure under public records laws and allows for disclosure in certain circumstances.

1	1 A BILL FOR AN ACT	
2	2 Relating to individually identifiable health information disclosure; cro	eating new provisions; and
3	amending ORS 161.336, 161.390, 419C.532 and 426.701.	

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 4

<u>SECTION 1.</u> (1) As used in this section: 5

(a) "Client" means an individual whom the Psychiatric Security Review Board has or 6 previously had jurisdiction over pursuant to ORS 161.315 to 161.351. 7

(b) "Individually identifiable health information" has the meaning given that term in ORS 8 179.505. 9

(c) "Personal representative" means a person or entity who has the legal authority to 10 make decisions for the client or to communicate the client's decisions to the board, including 11 but not limited to a guardian, a parent of an unemancipated minor or the client's attorney. 12

(2) A client's individually identifiable health information is exempt from disclosure under 13

- ORS 192.311 to 192.478 and shall not be disclosed or used except as authorized or permitted 14 by the board as follows: 15
- 16 (a) To exercise, implement or discharge its statutory obligations;

(b) To report to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System the identity of 17

18 a client who is prohibited from possessing a firearm under 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(4);

- 19 (c) As required by judicial or administrative proceedings;
- (d) As required for law enforcement purposes; 20
- 21(e) In emergency circumstances; or
- 22(f) For specific purposes related to a deceased client.
- 23(3) The board shall adopt rules specifying the circumstances when individually identifiable
- health information can be used or disclosed pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. 24
- 25(4) An individual requesting records under this section is subject to the provisions of ORS 26192.311 to 192.478, except that a client or a client's personal representative may not be denied
- access to the client's individually identifiable health information due to nonpayment. 27
- 28 (5) Individuals other than the client or the client's personal representative who are

1 granted access under this section to the client's individually identifiable health information

2 may not disclose the contents of that information to any other individual except in accord-

3 ance with the provisions of this section.

4 **SECTION 2.** ORS 161.336 is amended to read:

5 161.336. (1)(a) When a person is conditionally released under ORS 161.315 to 161.351, the person 6 is subject to those supervisory orders of the Psychiatric Security Review Board as are in the best 7 interests of justice, the protection of society and the welfare of the person.

8 (b) An order of conditional release entered by the board may designate any person or state, 9 county or local agency capable of supervising the person upon release, subject to the conditions 10 described in the order of conditional release.

(c) Prior to the designation, the board shall notify the person or state, county or local agency
to whom conditional release is contemplated and provide the person or state, county or local agency
an opportunity to be heard.

(d) After receiving an order entered under this section, the person or state, county or local
agency designated in the order shall assume supervision of the person in accordance with the conditions described in the order and any modifications of the conditions ordered by the board.

(2) Conditions of release contained in orders entered under this section may be modified from
 time to time and conditional releases may be terminated as provided in ORS 161.351.

(3)(a) As a condition of release, the person may be required to report to any state or local mental health facility for evaluation. Whenever medical, psychiatric or psychological treatment is recommended, the order may require the person, as a condition of release, to cooperate with and accept the treatment from the facility.

(b) The facility to which the person has been referred for evaluation shall perform the evaluation and submit a written report of its findings to the board. If the facility finds that treatment of the person is appropriate, it shall include its recommendations for treatment in the report to the board.

(c) Whenever treatment is provided by the facility, it shall furnish reports to the board on a
 regular basis concerning the progress of the person.

(d) Copies of all reports submitted to the board pursuant to this section shall be furnished to the
person and the person's counsel. The confidentiality of these reports is determined pursuant to ORS
[192.338, 192.345 and 192.355.] 192.311 to 192.478 and section 1 of this 2025 Act.

(e) The facility shall comply with the conditional release order and any modifications of theconditions ordered by the board.

(4)(a)(A) A written or electronic order for the return of a person on conditional release to a
state hospital or other facility designated by the supervising entity or, if the person is under 18
years of age, to a secure intensive community inpatient facility or other facility designated by the
supervising entity, may be issued by:

38 (i) The supervising entity;

(ii) A person designated by the supervising entity, if the designation is made as part of a written
 policy; or

(iii) The community mental health program director, if the person has absconded from condi-tional release.

(B) An order described in this paragraph may be issued when the supervising entity, the authorized designee or, if the person has absconded, the community mental health program director,
has determined that:

1 (i) The person has violated the terms of conditional release; or

2 (ii) The mental health of the person has changed such that the supervising entity, or, if appli-3 cable, the authorized designee or the community mental health program director, reasonably be-4 lieves that the person may no longer be fit for conditional release.

5 (C) A written order under this paragraph is sufficient warrant for any law enforcement officer 6 to take into custody and transport the person named in the order. A peace officer shall execute the 7 order and the person shall be transported as described in paragraph (c) of this subsection.

8 (b) A peace officer, the director of the facility providing treatment to a person on conditional 9 release or any person responsible for the supervision of a person on conditional release may take 10 a person on conditional release into custody, or request that the person be taken into custody, if 11 there is reasonable cause to believe the person is a substantial danger to others because of a mental 12 disorder and that the person is in need of immediate care, custody or treatment.

(c) When a person is taken into custody by a peace officer under this subsection, the agency employing the peace officer shall cause the person, as soon as practicable, to be transported to a state hospital or other facility designated by the supervising entity. If the person was taken into custody pursuant to an order described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the supervising entity shall facilitate the reimbursement of reasonable costs of the transport to the agency employing the peace officer.

(d) Within 20 days following the return of the person to a state hospital or secure intensive community inpatient facility under this subsection, the board shall conduct a hearing. The board shall provide notice of the hearing to the person, the attorney representing the person and the Attorney General. The state must prove by a preponderance of the evidence the person's unfitness for conditional release. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with ORS 161.346.

(e) As used in this subsection, "supervising entity" means the board or the chairperson or
 executive director of the board.

(5)(a) Any person conditionally released under this section may apply to the board for discharge 2627from or modification of an order of conditional release on the ground that the person is no longer affected by a qualifying mental disorder or, if still so affected, no longer presents a substantial 28danger to others and no longer requires supervision, medication, care or treatment. Notice of the 2930 hearing on an application for discharge or modification of an order of conditional release shall be 31 made to the Attorney General. The applicant, at the hearing pursuant to this subsection, must prove by a preponderance of the evidence the applicant's fitness for discharge or modification of the order 32of conditional release. Applications by the person for discharge or modification of conditional re-33 34 lease may not be filed more often than once every six months.

(b) Upon application by any person or agency responsible for supervision or treatment pursuant to an order of conditional release, the board shall conduct a hearing to determine if the conditions of release shall be continued, modified or terminated. The application shall be accompanied by a report setting forth the facts supporting the application.

(6) A person who has spent five years on conditional release shall be brought before the board for hearing within 30 days before the expiration of the five-year period. The board shall review the person's status and determine whether the person should be discharged from the jurisdiction of the board.

43 **SECTION 3.** ORS 161.390 is amended to read:

161.390. (1) The Oregon Health Authority shall adopt rules for the assignment of persons to state
 mental hospitals or secure intensive community inpatient facilities after commitment under ORS

1 161.365 and 161.370 and for establishing standards for evaluation and treatment of persons commit-

2 ted to a state hospital or a secure intensive community inpatient facility or ordered to a community 3 mental health program under ORS 161.315 to 161.351.

4 (2) When the Psychiatric Security Review Board requires the preparation of a predischarge or 5 preconditional release plan before a hearing or as a condition of granting discharge or conditional 6 release for a person committed under ORS 161.315 to 161.351 to a state hospital or a secure inten-7 sive community inpatient facility for custody, care and treatment, the authority is responsible for 8 and shall prepare the plan.

9 (3) In carrying out a conditional release plan prepared under subsection (2) of this section, the 10 authority may contract with a community mental health program, other public agency or private 11 corporation or an individual to provide supervision and treatment for the conditionally released 12 person.

(4)(a) The board shall maintain and keep current the medical, social and criminal history of all
persons committed to its jurisdiction. The confidentiality of records maintained by the board shall
be determined pursuant to ORS [192.338, 192.345, 192.355 and 192.398.] 192.311 to 192.478 and section 1 of this 2025 Act.

17 (b) Except as otherwise provided by law, upon request of the board, a state hospital, a commu-18 nity mental health program and any other health care service provider shall provide the board with 19 all medical records pertaining to a person committed to the jurisdiction of the board.

(5) The evidentiary phase of a hearing conducted by the board under ORS 161.315 to 161.351 is
not a deliberation for purposes of ORS 192.690.

SECTION 4. ORS 419C.532 is amended to read:

419C.532. (1) The juvenile panel of the Psychiatric Security Review Board shall conduct hearings on an application for discharge, conditional release, commitment or modification filed under or required by ORS 419C.538, 419C.540 and 419C.542, and shall make findings on the issues before the juvenile panel.

(2) In every hearing before the juvenile panel, the juvenile panel shall determine whether theyoung person:

29 (a) Has a serious mental condition; or

30 (b) Has a qualifying mental disorder other than a serious mental condition and presents a sub-31 stantial danger to others.

(3) The juvenile panel shall order a young person discharged from commitment or conditional
 release if the juvenile panel finds that the young person:

34 (a) No longer has a qualifying mental disorder; or

35 (b) Has a qualifying mental disorder other than a serious mental condition but no longer pre-36 sents a substantial danger to others.

(4) The juvenile panel shall order a young person conditionally released subject to ORS 419C.538
 if the juvenile panel finds that:

39 (a) The young person:

22

40 (A) Has a serious mental condition; or

41 (B) Has a qualifying mental disorder other than a serious mental condition and presents a sub-42 stantial danger to others;

(b) The young person can be adequately controlled with treatment services as a condition ofrelease; and

45 (c) Necessary supervision and treatment services are available.

1 (5) The juvenile panel shall order a young person committed to, or retained in, a hospital or 2 facility designated by the Department of Human Services or the Oregon Health Authority for cus-3 tody, supervision and treatment subject to ORS 419C.540 if the juvenile panel finds that the young 4 person:

5 (a)(A) Has a serious mental condition; or

6 (B) Has a qualifying mental disorder other than a serious mental condition and presents a sub-7 stantial danger to others; and

8 (b) Cannot be adequately controlled if conditionally released.

9 (6) In determining whether a young person should be committed to or retained in a hospital or 10 facility, conditionally released or discharged, the primary concern of the juvenile panel is the pro-11 tection of society.

(7) In a hearing before the juvenile panel, a young person who has a qualifying mental disorder
in a state of remission is considered to have a qualifying mental disorder if the qualifying mental
disorder may, with reasonable medical probability, occasionally become active.

(8) At any time, the juvenile panel may appoint a psychiatrist certified, or eligible to be certified, by the Oregon Medical Board in child psychiatry or a licensed psychologist with expertise in child psychology to examine the young person and submit a written report to the juvenile panel. Reports filed with the juvenile panel pursuant to the examination must include, but need not be limited to, an opinion as to whether the young person:

20 (a)(A) Has a serious mental condition; or

(B) Has a qualifying mental disorder other than a serious mental condition and presents a sub stantial danger to others; and

23

(b) Could be adequately controlled with treatment services as a condition of release.

(9) The juvenile panel may make a determination regarding discharge or conditional release
based upon the written report submitted under subsection (8) of this section or ORS 419C.540 (3).
If a member of the juvenile panel desires further information from the examining psychiatrist or licensed psychologist who submitted the report, the juvenile panel shall summon the psychiatrist or
psychologist to give testimony.

(10) The juvenile panel shall consider all available evidence that is material, relevant and reli-2930 able regarding the issues before the juvenile panel. Evidence may include, but is not limited to, the 31 record of the juvenile court adjudication, information supplied by the attorney representing the state 32or by any other interested person, including the young person, information concerning the young person's mental condition and the entire psychiatric and juvenile court history of the young person. 33 34 All evidence of a type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their serious affairs is admissible at the hearings. Testimony must be taken upon oath or affirmation of 35 the witness from whom received. The officer presiding at the hearing shall administer oaths and 36 37 affirmations to witnesses.

(11) The standard of proof on all issues at a hearing of the juvenile panel is by a preponderanceof the evidence.

40 (12)(a) The juvenile panel shall furnish written notice of any hearing pending under this section
41 within a reasonable time prior to the hearing to:

42 (A) The young person about whom the hearing is being conducted;

43 (B) The attorney representing the young person;

44 (C) The young person's parents or guardians, if known;

45 (D) The person having legal custody of the young person;

(E) The Attorney General or other attorney representing the state, if any; and 1 2 (F) The district attorney of the county in which the young person was adjudicated. (b) The juvenile panel shall include in the notice required by paragraph (a) of this subsection: 3 (A) The time, place and location of the hearing; 4 (B) The nature of the hearing, the specific action for which the hearing has been requested, the 5 issues to be considered at the hearing and a reference to the particular sections of the statutes and 6 7 rules involved; (C) A statement of the authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held; and 8 9 (D) A statement of all rights under subsection (13) of this section. (13) A young person about whom a hearing is being held has the right: 10 (a) To appear at all proceedings held under this section, except juvenile panel deliberations. 11 12 (b) To cross-examine all witnesses appearing to testify at the hearing. 13 (c) To subpoena witnesses and documents as provided in ORS 161.395. (d) To be represented by suitable legal counsel possessing skills and experience commensurate 14 15 with the nature and complexity of the case, to consult with counsel prior to the hearing and, if financially eligible, to have suitable counsel appointed at state expense. 16 (e) To examine all information, documents and reports that the juvenile panel considers and, if 17 18 the information, documents and reports are available to the juvenile panel before the hearing, to examine them prior to the hearing. 19 (14) Except for deliberations of the juvenile panel, the juvenile panel shall keep a record of all 20hearings before the juvenile panel. 2122(15) Upon request of a person listed in subsection (12)(a) of this section or on its own motion, the juvenile panel may continue a hearing for a reasonable period not to exceed 60 days to obtain 23additional information or testimony or for other good cause shown. 2425(16) Within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing, the juvenile panel shall provide written notice of the juvenile panel's decision to the young person, the attorney representing the young 2627person, the young person's parents or guardians, if known, the person having legal custody of the young person, the district attorney of the county in which the young person was adjudicated and 28the Attorney General or other attorney representing the state, if any. 2930 (17) The juvenile panel shall maintain and keep current the medical, social and delinquency 31 history of all young persons. The juvenile panel shall determine the confidentiality of records maintained by the juvenile panel pursuant to ORS [192.338, 192.345 and 192.355.] 192.311 to 192.478 32and section 1 of this 2025 Act. 33 34 SECTION 5. ORS 426.701 is amended to read: 426.701. (1) For the purposes of this section and ORS 426.702: 35 (a) A person is "extremely dangerous" if the person: 36 37 (A) Is at least 18 years of age; 38 (B) Is exhibiting symptoms or behaviors of a qualifying mental disorder substantially similar to those that preceded the act described in subsection (3)(a)(C) of this section; and 39 (C) Because of a qualifying mental disorder: 40 (i) Presents a serious danger to the safety of other persons by reason of an extreme risk that 41 the person will inflict grave or potentially lethal physical injury on other persons; and 42(ii) Unless committed, will continue to represent an extreme risk to the safety of other persons 43

44 in the foreseeable future.

45 (b) "Qualifying mental disorder" does not include:

1 (A) A disorder manifested solely by repeated criminal or otherwise antisocial conduct; or

2 (B) A disorder constituting solely a personality disorder.

3 (c) A qualifying mental disorder is "resistant to treatment" if, after receiving care from a li-4 censed psychiatrist and exhausting all reasonable psychiatric treatment, or after refusing psychiatric 5 treatment, the person continues to be significantly impaired in the person's ability to make compe-6 tent decisions and to be aware of and control extremely dangerous behavior.

7 (2)(a) A district attorney may petition the court to initiate commitment proceedings described 8 in this section if there is reason to believe a person is an extremely dangerous person with mental 9 illness. Venue is proper in the county in which the person is alleged to have committed the quali-10 fying act or the county in which the person lives. The petition shall immediately be served upon the 11 person.

(b) If a person is committed to a state hospital under ORS 161.365 or 161.370 and the state hospital intends to discharge the person, the district attorney may provide notice to the superintendent of the state hospital indicating an intent to file a petition under this section. Upon receipt of the notice, the superintendent may delay discharge of the person for up to seven judicial days to allow for the petition to be filed and for the court to make findings under paragraph (f) of this subsection.

18 (c) The person shall be advised in writing of:

(A) The allegation that the person is an extremely dangerous person with mental illness and
 may be committed to the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board for a maximum pe riod of 24 months; and

(B) The right to a hearing to determine whether the person is an extremely dangerous person
with mental illness, unless the person consents to the commitment by waiving the right to a hearing
in writing after consultation with legal counsel.

(d) A person against whom a petition described in this subsection is filed shall have the follow-ing:

(A) The right to obtain suitable legal counsel possessing skills and experience commensurate
with the nature of the allegations and complexity of the case and, if the person is without funds to
retain legal counsel, the right to have the court appoint legal counsel;

(B) The right to subpoen witnesses and to offer evidence on behalf of the person at the hearing;
(C) The right to cross-examine any witnesses who appear at the hearing; and

32 (D) The right to examine all reports, documents and information that the court considers, in-33 cluding the right to examine the reports, documents and information prior to the hearing, if avail-34 able.

(e) Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall schedule a hearing and shall appoint an examiner as described in ORS 426.110 to evaluate the person. If the person is in custody or committed while the hearing is pending, the hearing must commence within 30 days of filing the petition unless good cause is found by the court. If the court finds good cause, the hearing must commence no later than 60 days after the filing of the petition or, if the district attorney provided notice under paragraph (b) of this subsection, the date of the notice, whichever occurs first. As used in this paragraph, "good cause" means:

(A) The person who would be considered the victim of the act described in subsection (3)(a)(C)
of this section if the act were criminally prosecuted, or an essential witness for either the state or
the person, is unable to testify within the 30-day period.

45 (B) The attorney for the person cannot reasonably be expected to participate in the hearing

1 within the 30-day period, cannot be adequately prepared to represent the person at the hearing 2 within the 30-day period, or has a schedule conflict that cannot be resolved in a manner that allows 3 the attorney to represent the person at a hearing within the 30-day period.

4 (C) An examiner cannot be appointed to conduct the examination, or conduct the examination 5 and prepare a report, within the 30-day period.

6 (D) If a guardian ad litem is appointed on the case, the guardian ad litem cannot be prepared 7 for a hearing within the 30-day period.

8 (f)(A) The court may order that the person be committed to the custody of the superintendent 9 of a state hospital or the director of a secure mental health facility while the petition is pending if 10 the court finds probable cause that:

11 (i) The person is at least 18 years of age;

12 (ii) The person has a qualifying mental disorder that is resistant to treatment;

13 (iii) The person committed an act described in subsection (3)(a)(C) of this section; and

(iv) Failure to commit the person while the hearing is pending would pose serious harm ordanger to the person or others.

16(B) If a person committed under this paragraph is held in a secure facility other than a state hospital or secure mental health facility, including but not limited to a jail or prison, at the time 17 18 the petition is filed, the court may further order that the person remain at that placement for suf-19 ficient time to allow the superintendent or director to safely admit the person. Any order of the 20court concerning the placement of a person under this subparagraph must be in accordance with the person's constitutional right to due process. If the person remains in a secure facility under this 2122subparagraph, the superintendent, director or designee may consult with the facility to ensure con-23tinuity of care for the person.

(C) Commitment to the custody of the superintendent of a state hospital or the director of a 2425secure mental health facility under this paragraph may not exceed 60 days. If the hearing does not occur within 60 days, if the district attorney dismisses the petition, or if the court holds the hearing 2627but does not commit the person, the person shall be returned to the county in which the petition was filed and the court shall hold a disposition hearing within five judicial days to determine how 28to proceed on the petition and any outstanding criminal charges. A person who is returned to a 2930 secure facility other than a state hospital or secure mental health facility, including but not limited 31 to a jail or prison, under this paragraph may remain at the placement until the disposition hearing. (g) If the hearing is not commenced within the time period required by paragraph (e) of this 32subsection, the court shall either dismiss the petition or release the person on personal recogni-33 34 zance, to the custody of a third party or upon any additional reasonable terms and conditions the 35 court deems appropriate.

(3)(a) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall order the person committed as an extremely
dangerous person with mental illness under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review
Board for a maximum of 24 months if the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that:

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(A) The person is extremely dangerous;

40 (B) The person suffers from a qualifying mental disorder that is resistant to treatment; and

41 (C) Because of the qualifying mental disorder that is resistant to treatment, the person com-

42 mitted one of the following acts:

43 (i) Caused the death of another person;

44 (ii) Caused serious physical injury to another person by means of a dangerous weapon;

45 (iii) Caused physical injury to another person by means of a firearm as defined in ORS 166.210

[8]

1 or an explosive as defined in ORS 164.055;

2 (iv) Engaged in oral-genital contact with a child under 14 years of age;

3 (v) Forcibly compelled sexual intercourse, oral-genital contact or the penetration of another 4 person's anus or vagina; or

5 (vi) Caused a fire or explosion that damaged the protected property of another, as those terms 6 are defined in ORS 164.305, or placed another person in danger of physical injury, and the fire or 7 explosion was not the incidental result of normal and usual daily activities.

8 (b) The court shall further commit the person to a state hospital for custody, care and treatment 9 if the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the person cannot be controlled in the 10 community with proper care, medication, supervision and treatment on conditional release.

(c) The court shall specify in the order whether any person who would be considered a victim as defined in ORS 131.007 of the act described in paragraph (a)(C) of this subsection, if the act had been criminally prosecuted, requests notification of any order or hearing, conditional release, discharge or escape of the person committed under this section.

(d) The court shall be fully advised of all drugs and other treatment known to have been administered to the alleged extremely dangerous person with mental illness that may substantially affect the ability of the person to prepare for, or to function effectively at, the hearing.

(e) The provisions of ORS 40.230, 40.235, 40.240, 40.250 and 179.505 do not apply to the use of
the examiner's report and the court may consider the report as evidence.

(4) The findings of the court that a person committed an act described in subsection (3)(a)(C)
of this section may not be admitted in a criminal prosecution.

(5)(a) If the court commits a person under this section and the person has pending criminal charges at the time of the hearing, the court shall dismiss the criminal charges without prejudice, and if the person is further committed to a state hospital under this section, the dismissal shall not take effect until the person's transportation to the state hospital.

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(b) If the court commits a person to the state hospital under this section and:

(A) The person is in a setting other than a state hospital, the court may additionally order that
the person remain in that placement until the person can be safely transported to a state hospital
pursuant to the order. Any order of the court concerning the placement of the person under this
subparagraph must be in accordance with the person's constitutional right to due process.

(B) The person is at a state hospital at the time of the hearing, the person may remain at thestate hospital under the commitment.

(c) A person committed under this section shall remain under the jurisdiction of the board for
 a maximum of 24 months unless the board conducts a hearing and makes the findings described in
 subsection (6)(d) of this section.

(6)(a) The board shall hold a hearing six months after the initial commitment described in subsection (3) of this section, and thereafter six months after a further commitment described in ORS 426.702, to determine the placement of the person and whether the person is eligible for conditional release or early discharge. The board shall provide written notice of the hearing to the person, the person's legal counsel and the office of the district attorney who filed the initial petition under subsection (2) of this section within a reasonable time prior to the hearing. The board shall further notify the person of the following:

43 (A) The nature of the hearing and possible outcomes;

44 (B) The right to appear at the hearing and present evidence;

45 (C) The right to be represented by legal counsel and, if the person is without funds to retain

1 legal counsel, the right to have the court appoint legal counsel;

2 (D) The right to subpoena witnesses;

3 (E) The right to cross-examine witnesses who appear at the hearing; and

4 (F) The right to examine all reports, documents and information that the board considers, in-5 cluding the right to examine the reports, documents and information prior to the hearing if avail-6 able.

7 (b) If the board determines at the hearing that the person still suffers from a qualifying mental 8 disorder that is resistant to treatment and continues to be extremely dangerous, and that the person 9 cannot be controlled in the community with proper care, medication, supervision and treatment if 10 conditionally released, the person shall remain committed to a state hospital.

(c) If the board determines at the hearing that the person still suffers from a qualifying mental disorder that is resistant to treatment and continues to be extremely dangerous, but finds that the person can be controlled in the community with proper care, medication, supervision and treatment if conditionally released, the board shall conditionally release the person.

(d) If the board determines at the hearing that the person no longer suffers from a qualifying mental disorder that is resistant to treatment or is no longer extremely dangerous, the board shall discharge the person. The discharge of a person committed under this section does not preclude commitment of the person pursuant to ORS 426.005 to 426.390.

19 (7)(a) At any time during the commitment to a state hospital, the superintendent of the state 20 hospital may request a hearing to determine the status of the person's commitment under the juris-21 diction of the board. The request shall be accompanied by a report setting forth the facts supporting 22 the request. If the request is for conditional release, the request shall be accompanied by a verified 23 conditional release plan. The hearing shall be conducted as described in subsection (6) of this sec-24 tion.

(b) The board may make the findings described in subsection (6)(c) of this section and conditionally release the person without a hearing if the office of the district attorney who filed the initial petition under subsection (2) of this section does not object to the conditional release.

(c) At any time during conditional release, a state or local mental health facility providing
treatment to the person may request a hearing to determine the status of the person's commitment
under the jurisdiction of the board. The hearing shall be conducted as described in subsection (6)
of this section.

(8)(a) If the board orders the conditional release of a person under subsection (6)(c) of this section, the board shall order conditions of release that may include a requirement to report to any state or local mental health facility for evaluation. The board may further require cooperation with, and acceptance of, psychiatric or psychological treatment from the facility. Conditions of release may be modified by the board from time to time.

(b) When a person is referred to a state or local mental health facility for an evaluation under this subsection, the facility shall perform the evaluation and submit a written report of its findings to the board. If the facility finds that treatment of the person is appropriate, the facility shall include its recommendations for treatment in the report to the board.

(c) Whenever treatment is provided to the person by a state or local mental health facility under
this subsection, the facility shall furnish reports to the board on a regular basis concerning the
progress of the person.

(d) Copies of all reports submitted to the board pursuant to this subsection shall be furnished
 to the person and to the person's legal counsel, if applicable. The confidentiality of these reports is

1 determined pursuant to ORS [192.338, 192.345 and 192.355.] 192.311 to 192.478 and section 1 of this

2 **2025 Act.**

3 (e) The state or local mental health facility providing treatment to the person under this sub-4 section shall comply with the conditional release order and any modifications of the conditions or-5 dered by the board.

6 (9)(a) If at any time while the person is conditionally released it appears that the person has 7 violated the terms of the conditional release, the board may order the person returned to a state 8 hospital for evaluation or treatment. A written order of the board is sufficient warrant for any law 9 enforcement officer to take the person into custody. A sheriff, municipal police officer, parole or 10 probation officer or other peace officer shall execute the order, and the person shall be returned to 11 the state hospital as soon as practicable.

(b) The director of a state or local mental health facility providing treatment to a person under subsection (8) of this section may request that the board issue a written order for a person on conditional release to be taken into custody if there is reason to believe that the person can no longer be controlled in the community with proper care, medication, supervision and treatment.

16 (c) Within 30 days following the return of the person to a state hospital, the board shall conduct a hearing to determine if, by a preponderance of the evidence, the person is no longer fit for con-17 18 ditional release. The board shall provide written notice of the hearing to the person, the person's legal counsel and the office of the district attorney who filed the initial petition under subsection 19 20(2) of this section within a reasonable time prior to the hearing. The notice shall advise the person of the nature of the hearing, the right to have the court appoint legal counsel and the right to 2122subpoena witnesses, examine documents considered by the board and cross-examine all witnesses 23who appear at the hearing.

(10)(a) If the person had unadjudicated criminal charges at the time of the filing of the petition 2425for the person's initial commitment under this section and the state hospital or the state or local mental health facility providing treatment to the person intends to recommend discharge of the 2627person at an upcoming hearing, the superintendent of the state hospital or the director of the facility shall provide written notice to the board and the district attorney of the county where the 28criminal charges were initiated of the discharge recommendation at least 45 days before the hearing. 2930 The notice shall be accompanied by a report describing the person's diagnosis and the treatment the 31 person has received.

(b) Upon receiving the notice described in this subsection, the district attorney may request an order from the court in the county where the criminal charges were initiated for an evaluation to determine if the person is fit to proceed in the criminal proceeding. The court may order the state hospital or the state or local mental health facility providing treatment to the person to perform the evaluation. The hospital or facility shall provide copies of the evaluation to the district attorney, the person and the person's legal counsel, if applicable.

(c) The person committed under this section may not waive an evaluation ordered by the court
 to determine if the person is fit to proceed with the criminal proceeding as described in this sub section.

(11) The board shall make reasonable efforts to notify any person described in subsection (3)(c)
of this section of any order or hearing, conditional release, discharge or escape of the person committed under this section.

(12) Unless the court orders otherwise or either party objects, any party or witness may attend
 a hearing held under this section via simultaneous electronic transmission.

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- 1 (13) The board shall adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section and ORS 426.702.
- 2 (14) Any time limitation described in ORS 131.125 to 131.155 does not run during a commitment
- 3 described in this section or a further commitment described in ORS 426.702.
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