

HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 2306

By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

April 10

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, after “ORS” delete the rest of the line and delete line 3
2 and insert “51.020 and 106.120.”

3 Delete lines 5 through 24 and delete pages 2 through 9 and insert:

4 “**SECTION 1.** ORS 51.020 is amended to read:

5 “51.020. (1) The county court or board of county commissioners of every county may set off and
6 establish, or modify the boundaries of, justice of the peace districts within the county. No more than
7 six justice of the peace districts shall be set off or established or permitted to remain in existence
8 within any county. Except in the counties of Baker, Crook, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, **Marion**,
9 Morrow, Sherman, Tillamook and Wheeler, a justice of the peace district may not include any por-
10 tion of the city that is the county seat for the county or any portion of a city in which a circuit
11 court regularly holds court. In the counties of Baker, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Morrow, Sherman,
12 Tillamook and Wheeler, a justice of the peace district in existence on January 15, 1998, may include
13 any portion of the city that is the county seat for the county, or any portion of a city in which a
14 circuit court regularly holds court, until such time as the justice court ceases to provide judicial
15 services within the county seat or city. If the justice court ceases to provide judicial services within
16 the county seat or city, the district that includes portions of the county seat or city shall cease to
17 exist and may not thereafter be reestablished.

18 “(2) At the time that the county court or board of county commissioners of a county sets off and
19 establishes the boundaries of a justice of the peace district, the county court or board of county
20 commissioners may require as a qualification for the office that a person serving as justice of the
21 peace in the district be a member of the Oregon State Bar.

22 “(3) The prohibition of subsection (1) of this section on a justice of the peace district that in-
23 cludes any portion of the city that is the county seat for the county, or any portion of a city in
24 which a circuit court regularly holds court, does not prevent a justice of the peace from conducting
25 an arraignment for a person in custody in the city that is the county seat for the county, or in a
26 city in which a circuit court regularly holds court, if the accusatory instrument for the offense was
27 filed in the justice court and the offense was committed within the boundaries of the justice of the
28 peace district.

29 “**SECTION 2.** ORS 106.120 is amended to read:

30 “106.120. (1) As used in this section:

31 “(a) ‘Judicial officer’ means:

32 “(A) A judicial officer of this state as that term is defined in ORS 1.210 and includes but is not
33 limited to a judge of a municipal court and a justice of the peace.

34 “(B) An active judge of a federal court.

35 “(C) An active United States magistrate judge.

1 “(b) ‘Secular organization’ means an organization that occupies a place in the lives of the
2 organization’s members parallel to that filled by a church or particular religious authority.

3 “(2) Marriages may be solemnized by:

4 “(a) A judicial officer;

5 “(b) A county clerk;

6 “(c) Religious congregations or organizations as indicated in ORS 106.150 (2);

7 “(d) A clergyperson of any religious congregation or organization who is authorized by the re-
8 ligious congregation or organization to solemnize marriages;

9 “(e) Secular organizations as indicated in ORS 106.150 (2); or

10 “(f) A celebrant or officiant of any secular organization described in paragraph (e) of this sub-
11 section who is authorized by the secular organization to solemnize marriages.

12 “(3) A person authorized to solemnize marriages under subsection (2) of this section may
13 solemnize a marriage anywhere in this state.

14 “(4)(a) When a marriage is solemnized by a tax, appellate or circuit judge of this state, the clerk
15 of the court or the county clerk shall collect a fee of \$117 and deposit the fee in the Judicial De-
16 partment Operating Account established in ORS 1.009.

17 “(b) When a marriage is solemnized by a county clerk, the county clerk shall collect a fee of
18 \$117, as provided in ORS 205.320.

19 “(c) The fee described in this subsection may be collected only if:

20 “(A) The marriage is solemnized during normal working hours, excluding holidays;

21 “(B) The marriage is solemnized in court facilities or a county clerk’s office; or

22 “(C) More than a minimal amount of staff time or other court or county clerk’s office resources
23 are used in connection with the solemnization.

24 “(d) The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or the county clerk may establish a written pro-
25 cedure for waiver of the fee required under this subsection in exigent circumstances, including but
26 not limited to indigency of the parties to the marriage.

27 “(5)(a) In addition to any fee collected under subsection (4) of this section, a judicial officer of
28 this state and a county clerk may charge and accept an agreed upon personal payment not to exceed
29 [~~\$100~~] **\$200** plus actual costs for the solemnization of a marriage if that solemnization is performed:

30 “[~~(a)~~] **(A)** At a place other than the courthouse where the judicial officer or county clerk serves;
31 or

32 “[~~(b)~~] **(B)** Outside of the judicial officer’s or county clerk’s normal working hours.

33 “**(b) The State Court Administrator shall index the payment amount set forth in para-**
34 **graph (a) of this subsection each year on or before July 1 to reflect increases or decreases**
35 **in the cost of living for the previous calendar year, based on changes in the Consumer Price**
36 **Index for All Urban Consumers, West Region (All Items), as published by the Bureau of La-**
37 **bor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor or a successor agency. The State**
38 **Court Administrator shall publish the adjusted payment amount on the Judicial Department**
39 **website. In adjusting the payment amount, the State Court Administrator shall round to the**
40 **nearest \$1, but shall use unrounded adjusted amounts to calculate the payment amount**
41 **during the succeeding year. The new payment amount becomes effective on July 1 of the year**
42 **in which the State Court Administrator makes the adjustment.**

43 “(6) The charging and accepting of a personal payment by a judicial officer of this state or a
44 county clerk under subsection (5) of this section does not constitute a violation of any of the pro-
45 visions of ORS chapter 244.

1 “(7) The amount of actual costs charged by a judicial officer of this state or a county clerk
2 under subsection (5) of this section may not exceed:

3 “(a) Actual expenses for food and lodging as verified by receipts.

4 “(b) If travel is made by personal vehicle, the actual number of round-trip miles from the judicial
5 officer’s or county clerk’s home or office, whichever is greater, compensated at the rate of re-
6 imbursement then provided by the State of Oregon to its employees or, if travel is made by a com-
7 mercial carrier, reimbursement shall be made of the actual costs thereof, verified by receipts.

8 “(8) A judicial officer of this state or a county clerk shall maintain records of the amount of
9 personal payments received for performing marriages, of actual costs and the supporting documen-
10 tation related thereto for a period of four years.

11 “(9) The parties to a marriage solemnized by a tax, appellate or circuit judge of this state shall
12 show to the judge proof of payment of the fee required under subsection (4)(a) of this section before
13 solemnization. Except as provided in subsection (4)(d) of this section, the judge may not solemnize
14 a marriage without proof of payment of the fee.

15 “**SECTION 3. The amendments to ORS 106.120 by section 2 of this 2025 Act apply to**
16 **marriages solemnized on or after the effective date of this 2025 Act.**”.