

DLCD



Farm Forest Report 2022-2023

January 21, 2025

Hilary Foote Farm Forest Specialist

Farm and Forest Land Use Report 2022-2023



- Overview of the Farm and Forest Conservation Program
- 2. Benefits of Protecting Working Lands
- 3. Conversion of Working Lands
- 4. EFU Land Use Approvals 2022-2023 and Historically
- Forest Land Use Approvals 2022-2023 and Historically
- 6. Detailed Data Tables & Appendices

Oregon Agriculture

- Over 225 commodities produced
- \$28.9 billion economic footprint
- \$22.9 billion in sales of goods and services
- 15% of Oregon's economy
- 12% of jobs or 1 in every 8 jobs
- Farm gate value over \$5 billion

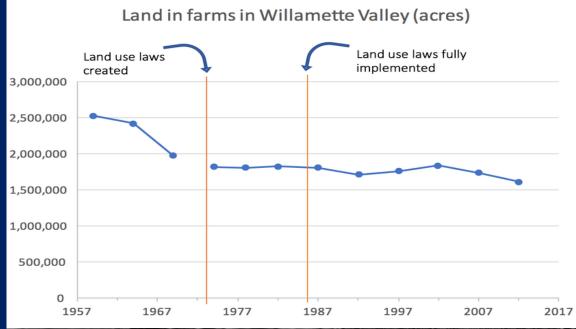


Goals 3 and 4 protect the land base required to support our resource industries



- Oregon's lumber output of 6.1 billion board feet in 2021 accounted for about 16.5% of total U.S. production
- Oregon plywood mills accounted for ~28% of total U.S. plywood production in 2021

Historical Context for Farmland Preservation



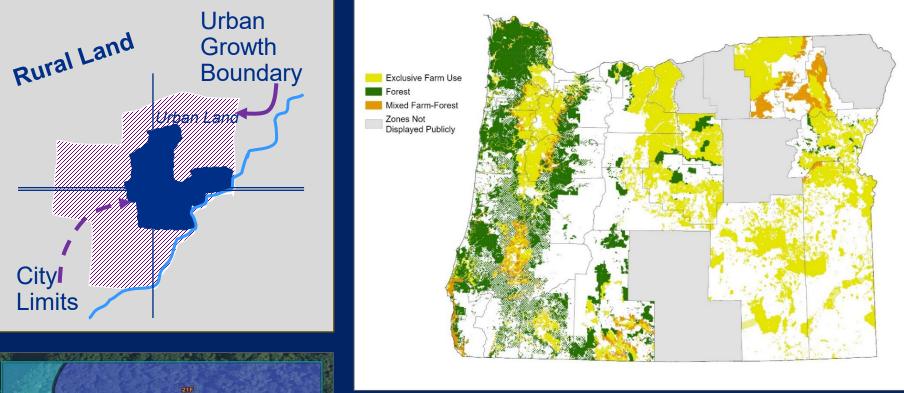


Year	Milestone
1899	Oregon legislature declares 30 miles of beach as a public highway from Columbia River to south line of Clatsop County.
1913	Legislature amends 1899 law, and declares all beaches as a state highway.
1919	Legislature permits city to zone private land.
1947	Legislature permits counties to zone private land.
1961	Legislature allows special farm tax assessment program
1963	Legislature creates Exclusive Farm Use (EFU) zone (ORS Chapter 215).
1971	Oregon Legislature adopts Senate Bill 10. Most cities and counties do not develop plans.
1973	SB 100 approved creating LCDC and DLCD. SB101 creates statewide protections for farmland by further

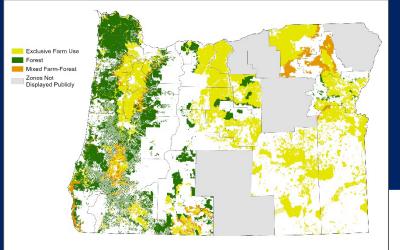
amendments to the EFU zone (ORS

215).

Farm and Forest lands are primarily identified based on sound, scientific soils data

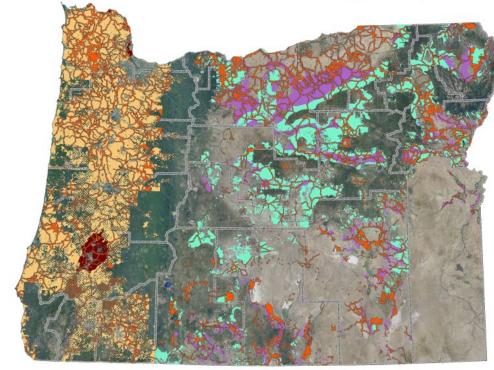






There are several co-benefits of preserving working lands

Priority Wildlife Connectivity Areas within Protected Zones
Eastern Oregon Elk Winter Range within Protected Zones
Eastern Oregon Deer Winter Range within Protected Zones
Columbian Whitetailed Deer within Protected Zones
Western Oregon Deer and Elk within Protected Zones



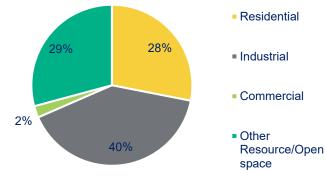
"There is distinct value in maintaining the integrity and functionality of the region's resource lands to ensure that the benefits they provide persist. This interest is challenged as significant regional population growth threatens to fragment resource lands and disrupt the continuity requisite to their ecological health, productivity, and functionality." 2020 Oregon **Department of Forestry**

To assess conversion of resource land, the Report looks at:

1) land *zoned* farm and forest

43,000 acres removed from farm *zoning* and 10,000 acres removed from Forest *zoning* since 1987

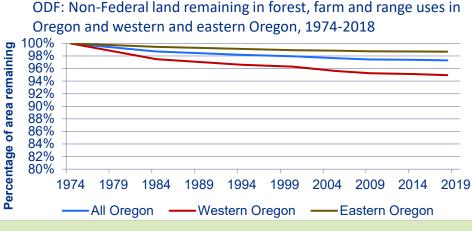
Zone change from resource to type, 2018-2023





2) land in farm and forest *cover*

ODF: **182,000 acres** of farm and range *land cover* were converted, and 172,000 acres of forest *land cover* were converted 1984-2014



3) land reported in farm *use*

USDA: the amount of land in *farm use* in Oregon has decreased by **2.4 million acres** 1997-2022

Over 60 non-farm commercial, industrial and public uses are allowable in farm zones



Sub-2 Uses Must Determine no impacts May be more restrictive or not offer

Limited 'Other Uses' e.g. Agri-Tourism Events and Log Truck Parking

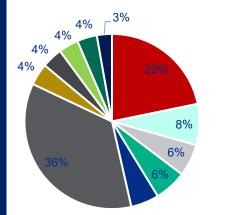
Top five nonfarm, nonresidential approvals on EFU 1993-2023 60 50 40 30 20 10 $\begin{array}{c} 1993\\ 1995\\ 1995\\ 1995\\ 1995\\ 1995\\ 1996\\ 1996\\ 1999\\ 1999\\ 2000\\$ Aggregate Mining Processing Crushing -Commercial activity w farm use Commercial power generating facility Communications Facilities

Home occupation

Examples of uses approved through various permitting paths in EFU zones

Use Type	Chapter 215	CACFU	Home Occupation
Wineries	201	76	9
Cideries	6	7	1
Breweries	1	7	6
Farm Stand	112	21	3
Events	103	13	29

Home Occupation by Specific Use, 1993-2023



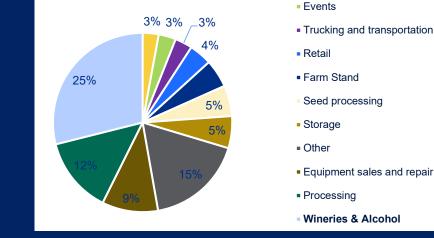
Lodging

- Cottage industry
- Automotive sales, maintenance and repair

Fertilizer and amendment manufacturing

- Construction and trade services
- Food processing
- Other
- Home office
- Firearms
- Events
- Personal services

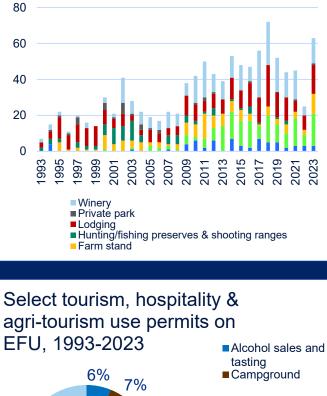
CACFU Approvals by Specific Use



Uses are often permitted as Commercial Activities in Conjunction w Farm Use (CACFU) and Home Occupations when they do not meet standards for a specific use in statute Table 19, non-exhaustive examples of agri-tourism uses allowed on EFU without a farm impacts test

		Allowable Use								
		Farm Use	Dog testing Trials	Farm Stands	Outdoor Mass Gathering or Temporary Use Permits	Expedited AT Events Permit	Wineries, Brewerles & Cider Businesses			
		ORS 215.203	ORS 215.283(1)(x)	ORS 215.283(1)(o)	ORS 433.735 to 433.770	ORS 215.283(4)(b)	ORS 215.449, 215.541, 215.452, 215.453			
Type of Activity	Recreation				Open-ended					
	Education	Farm tours, demonstrations		Farm product demonstratio ns and classes	Open-ended	Farm skills classes	Wine, beer or cider tasting, tours			
	Agri- tainment	Horse training clinics and schooling shows	Dog Trials	Corn mazes, hay rides, harvest festivals, petting zoos, etc.	Open-ended	Seasonal festivals & farm-related events	Open-ended: concerts, dances, etc. up to 18 days at small winery, up to 25 days at large winery			
	Food Service			Farm-to-fork dinners, tastings	Catered food	Farm-to-fork dinners	Some food service for events and tasting rooms, 2 meals for B&B guests			
	Lodging						B&B			
	Sales	Products grown and harvested on-site: U- picks, U-cuts, CSA pick-up		Raw & processed farm products, limited other retail sales			Wine, beer or cider and incidentals			
	Celebratory Events			Farm- themed birthdays or picnics	Concerts, festivals, fairs, carnivals, etc.		Weddings, retreats, concerts, etc.			

Select tourism, hospitality & agritourism use permits on EFU, 1993-2023



27%

3%

16%

13%

8%



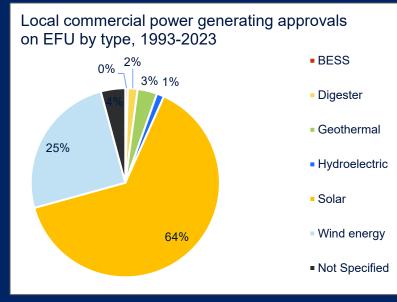
Farm stand

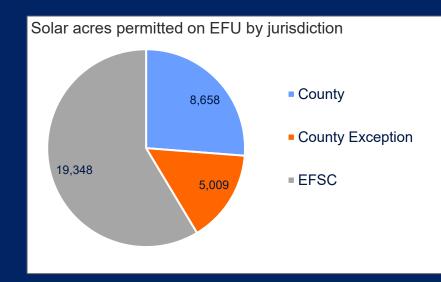
Winery

Hunting fishing shooting
 Lodging

[■] Private park

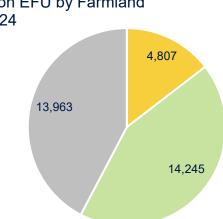
33,015 acres of farmland permitted for solar since 2011





Solar Acres Permitted on EFU by Farmland Classification, 2011-2024

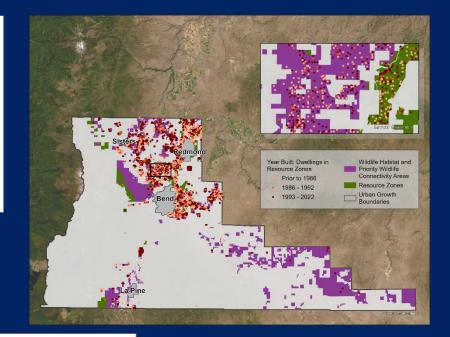
- Acres high value farmland
- Acres arable farmland
- Acres nonarable farmland

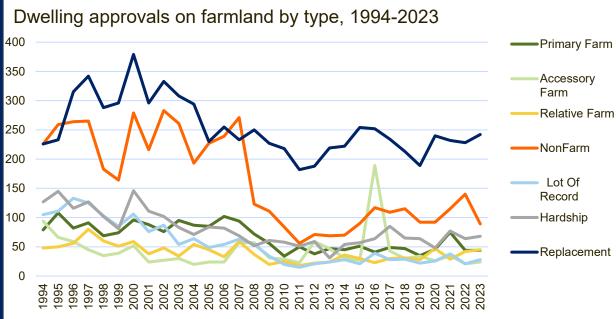


EFU dwelling approvals, 1994-2023 Primary Farm Accessory Farm Relative Farm NonFarm Lot Of Record Hardship

11%

Replacement





dwellings: 23%

27,600 dwellings approved on farmland 1984-2023

More than 10,200 dwellings have been approved in forest zones since 1994.

1600

1400

1200

1000

800

600

400

200

0

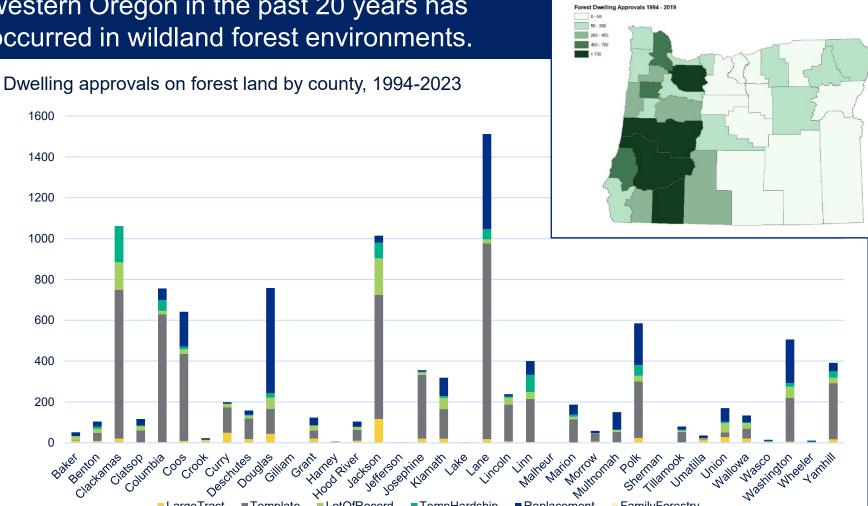
Baker

LargeTract

Template

LotOfRecord

The largest increase in built structures in rural western Oregon in the past 20 years has occurred in wildland forest environments.



TempHardship

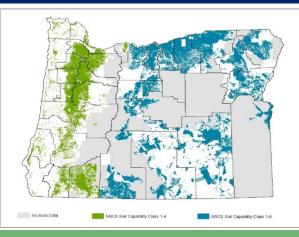
Replacement

Legend

FamilyForestry

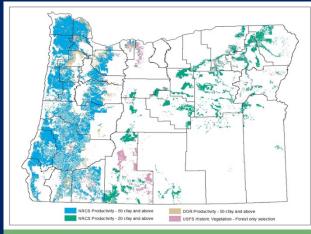
Non-Resource Lands

Correction of mapping errors has been carried out parcel by parcel rather than programmatically



Agricultural lands OAR 660-033-0020(1)

- Carrying capacity
- Infrastructure requirements
- Availability/cost of water and other public services
- Transportation
- Environmental factors
- Habitat impacts
- Hazards
- Rural character and open space



Forest lands OAR 660-006-0010(2)





DLCD

Department of Land Conservation & Development



Thank you!

Farm and Forest Report:

https://www.oregon.gov/lcd/FF /Documents/Farm_Forest_Re port_2022_2023.pdf

Presentation to LCDC:

Hilary Foote, Farm and Forest Lands Specialist Hilary.Foote@DLCD.Oregon.gov / 971-301-1849

https://www.youtube.com/watc h?v=3EFZ6hhzSKk&t=5780s