

February 6th, 2024

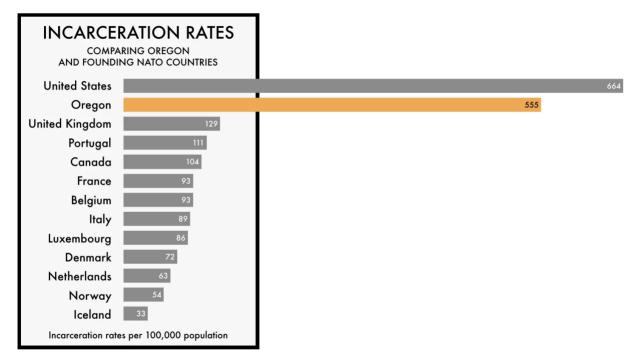
Re HB 4002: Oppose Recriminalization, Invest in Treatment

Co-Chairs Leiber and Kropf, Members of the Committee,

We all agree on the urgent need to address the crises of addiction and overdoses. And we owe it to our communities and future generations to focus on solutions that actually solve problems and save lives.

If criminalizing drug possession for personal use was effective in preventing addiction, connecting people to treatment, or preventing overdoses, Oregon would have solved these problems over the last 50 years of failed war on drugs policy.





founding NATO country including Canada, the United Kingdom, France or Italy.¹ At the same time, Oregon has been struggling with rising substance use disorder rates, lack of treatment capacity, and rising overdoses since 2015 fueled by deadly Fentanyl. **And many who seek community-based treatment still face barriers to access.**

¹Prison Policy Oregon Profile 2021: https://www.prisonpolicy.org/profiles/OR.html

We cannot afford to go back to regressive, expensive, and harmful drug policies.

- We don't have the state funding for both expanded treatment and for expanded criminalization.
- Enforcement and incarceration are expensive for taxpayers and in terms of intergenerational trauma. Drug criminalization has a documented track record of disproportionately harming Black and Brown families in Oregon² due to systemic racism in spite of similar rates of drug use across race and ethnicity.³
- Those most harmed by the war on drugs, and by the overdose crisis, cannot afford more years of being targeted by police while lacking meaningful access to treatment, housing, and legal representation.

We call on lawmakers to close current gaps in funding, capacity, and other barriers to treatment before considering a return to harmful, expensive, and ineffective criminalization policies. Just one example is the nearly 3,000 adult residential mental health and substance use treatment beds Oregon needs to close gaps in today's system of care and meet the state's future demand for treatment.⁴

This is not a time to sweep people out of sight, but to end decades of underinvestment in the full range of prevention and treatment strategies that actually save lives.

SO Health-E urges lawmakers to oppose any attempt to return to harmful and ineffective drug criminalization policies and instead to continue to invest in the life saving interventions that work.

Thank you for your service to Oregon,

Michelle Glass

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² Racial Disparities in Oregon Prison and Jail Incarceration Rates 2021: https://www.prisonpolicy.org/profiles/OR.html

³ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration 2022 Report: https://www.samhsa.gov/data/report/2022-nsduh-annual-national-report

⁴ Oregon Health Authority Behavioral Health Residential Facility Study 2024