HB 4130-4 (LC 9) 2/14/24 (DJ/ps)

Requested by Representative BOWMAN

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 4130

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, delete line 3 and insert "58.381, 60.754 and 2 63.074; and prescribing an effective date.".

3 After line 3, insert:

"Whereas the State of Oregon since 1947 has recognized that a conflict
exists between the economic imperatives of for-profit corporations and other
business entities and the need for patient-centered medical care; and

"Whereas an Oregon Supreme Court decision banned corporations from
owning medical practices, practicing medicine or employing physicians for
that reason; and

10 "Whereas many business entities have sought to circumvent the ban 11 through complex ownership structures, contracting practices and other 12 means, particularly in recent years; and

¹³ "Whereas the State of Oregon must protect the health, safety and welfare ¹⁴ of residents of this state by responding to initiatives that threaten to usurp ¹⁵ or have the effect of usurping the medical judgment of physicians and other ¹⁶ practitioners in this state in favor of cost-cutting and profit-making, often ¹⁷ at the expense of and in opposition to the best interests of patients; and

¹⁸ "Whereas some business entities have sought to silence criticism of their ¹⁹ operations and management practices through nondisclosure, noncompetition ²⁰ and nondisparagement agreements and other devices that stifle reporting of ²¹ and accountability for these operations and practices; and ¹ "Whereas to protect the best interests of patients in this state, and enable ² medical practitioners to exercise medical judgment free from interference ³ from those who are not licensed to practice medicine in this state, the Leg-⁴ islative Assembly must prohibit business entities from practicing medicine ⁵ or employing actively practicing physicians and other practitioners and us-⁶ ing noncompetition agreements, non-disclosure agreements and non-⁷ disparagement agreements to restrict reasonable and honest criticism; and

8 "Whereas the Legislative Assembly supports existing exemptions for pro-9 fessional corporations and hospitals that are organized specifically for the 10 purpose of practicing medicine or providing medical services, and are 11 majority-owned and managed by physicians and other practitioners who can 12 exercise medical judgment without interference; now, therefore,".

13 Delete lines 5 through 13 and delete pages 2 through 14 and insert:

14 "SECTION 1. ORS 58.375 is amended to read:

15 "58.375. (1) As used in this section, 'professional corporation' means 16 a professional corporation organized for the purpose of practicing 17 medicine or a foreign professional corporation with authority to 18 transact business in this state that is organized for the purpose of 19 practicing medicine.

"[(1)] (2) In a professional corporation [organized for the purpose of practicing medicine]:

"(a) Physicians who are licensed in this state to practice medicine must
 hold the majority of each class of shares that are entitled to vote.

"(b) Physicians who are licensed in this state to practice medicine mustbe a majority of the directors.

"(c) All officers except the secretary and treasurer, if any, must be physicians who are licensed in this state to practice medicine. The same person
may hold any two or more offices.

29 "(d) Except as otherwise provided by law, the Oregon Medical Board may 30 expressly require that physicians who are licensed in this state to practice medicine hold more than a majority of each class of shares that is entitledto vote.

"(e) Except as otherwise provided by law, the Oregon Medical Board may
expressly require that physicians who are licensed in this state to practice
medicine be more than a majority of the directors.

6 "(f)(A) A shareholder, director or officer of a professional corpo7 ration may not:

8 "(i) Own or control shares in, serve as a director or officer of, be 9 an employee of or an independent contractor with, or otherwise par-10 ticipate in managing both the professional corporation and a manage-11 ment services organization with which the professional corporation 12 has a contract; or

"(ii) Participate in hiring, terminating, evaluating the performance 13 of, setting work schedules or compensation for, or otherwise specifying 14 terms of employment of a physician that the professional corporation 15employs or may employ while at the same time owning or controlling 16 shares in, serving as a director of, being an employee of or an inde-17 pendent contractor with or otherwise participating in managing a 18 management services organization with which the professional corpo-19 ration has a contract. 20

"(B) Subparagraph (A) of this paragraph does not apply if the pro fessional corporation owns a majority of the interest in the manage ment services organization.

"(C) Subparagraph (A) of this paragraph does not apply if the pro fessional corporation is solely and exclusively:

"(i) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS
 677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(ii) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
organization;

1 "(iii) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

"(iv) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
a behavioral health services provider.

"(3)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a 4 professional corporation may not provide in the professional $\mathbf{5}$ corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, or by means of a 6 contract or other agreement or arrangement, for removing a director 7 described in subsection (2)(b) of this section from the professional 8 corporation's board of directors, or an officer described in subsection 9 (2)(c) of this section from an office of the professional corporation, 10 except by a majority vote of the shareholders described in subsection 11 (2)(a) of this section or, as appropriate, a majority vote of the directors 12 described in subsection (2)(b) of this section. 13

14 "(b) A professional corporation may remove a director or officer by 15 means other than a majority vote of the shareholders described in 16 subsection (2)(a) of this section or a majority vote of the directors 17 described in subsection (2)(b) of this section if the director or officer 18 that is subject to removal:

"(A) Violated a duty of care, a duty of loyalty or another fiduciary
 duty to the professional corporation;

"(B) Was the subject of a disciplinary proceeding by the Oregon
Medical Board in which the board suspended or revoked the director's
or officer's license to practice medicine in this state; or

"(C) Engaged in fraud, misfeasance or malfeasance with respect to
 the director's or officer's performance of duties for or on behalf of the
 professional corporation.

"(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, a professional corporation may not by means of a contract or other agreement or arrangement, by providing in the professional corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, by forming a subsidiary or affiliated entity or by other means relinquish control over or otherwise transfer de facto control over the professional corporation's assets, business operations, clinical practices or decisions or the clinical practices or decisions of a physician that the professional corporation employs or with whom the professional corporation has a contract.

"(b) Methods of relinquishing or transferring control over a professional corporation that are prohibited under paragraph (a) of this
subsection include, but are not limited to:

"(A) Selling, restricting the sale of, encumbering or transferring
 substantially all of the professional corporation's shares or assets;

"(B) Issuing shares of stock in the professional corporation, in a
 subsidiary of the professional corporation or an entity affiliated with
 the professional corporation, or paying dividends;

"(C) Controlling hiring or termination of, evaluations of perform ance of, setting of work schedules or compensation for, or otherwise
 specifying terms of employment of, employees who are licensed to
 practice medicine in this state or who are licensed in this state as
 physician assistants or nurse practitioners;

20 "(D) Controlling staffing levels for any location that serves pa-21 tients;

"(E) Advertising the professional corporation's services under the
 name of an entity that is not a professional corporation;

"(F) Controlling diagnostic coding decisions, establishing clinical
 standards directly or by suggestion or protocol or making policies for
 patient, client or customer billing and collection;

"(G) Limiting access to, taking control from or otherwise obscuring
 from a physician the prices, rates or amounts the professional corpo ration charges for the physician's services;

³⁰ "(H) Controlling the negotiation, execution, performance, enforce-

ment or termination of contracts with third-party payors or persons
 that are not employees of the professional corporation; or

"(I) Entering into noncompetition agreements, nondisclosure
agreements or nondisparagement agreements prohibited under section
16 of this 2024 Act.

"(c) A professional corporation may relinquish or transfer control
over the professional corporation's assets, business operations, clinical
practices or decisions only if:

9 "(A) The professional corporation executes a shareholder agreement 10 exclusively between or among and for the benefit of a majority of 11 shareholders who are physicians licensed in this state to practice 12 medicine and the shareholder agreement complies with the provisions 13 of ORS 60.265; or

14 "(B) The professional corporation is solely and exclusively:

"(i) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS
 677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(ii) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
 on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
 organization;

20 "(iii) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

"(iv) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
a behavioral health services provider.

"[(2)] (5) A professional corporation that is not organized for the purpose of practicing medicine may be a shareholder of a professional corporation organized for the purpose of practicing medicine solely for the purpose of effecting a reorganization as defined in the Internal Revenue Code.

"[(3)(a)] (6)(a) The provisions of subsections [(1) and] (2) to (4) of this section do not apply to:

"(A) A nonprofit corporation that is organized under [Oregon law] the
 laws of this state to provide medical services to migrant, rural, homeless

or other medically underserved populations under 42 U.S.C. 254b or 254c, as
 in effect on [January 1, 2018] the effective date of this 2024 Act;

"(B) A health center that is qualified under 42 U.S.C. 1396d(1)(2)(B), as
in effect on [*January 1, 2018*] the effective date of this 2024 Act, that operates in compliance with other applicable state or federal law; or

6 "(C) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a for-profit 7 or nonprofit business entity that is incorporated or organized under the laws 8 of this state, that provides the entirety of the business entity's medical ser-9 vices through one or more rural health clinics, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, 10 as in effect on [*January 1, 2018*] **the effective date of this 2024 Act**, and 11 that operates in compliance with state and federal laws that apply to rural 12 health clinics.

"(b) A business entity is exempt under this subsection for a period of up to one year after the business entity establishes a rural health clinic, even though the rural health clinic that the business entity establishes does not meet all of the elements of the definition set forth in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, as in effect on [*January 1, 2018*] **the effective date of this 2024 Act**, if during the one-year period an applicable certification for the rural health clinic is pending.

²⁰ "SECTION 2. ORS 58.376 is amended to read:

²¹ "58.376. (1) As used in this section[,]:

"(a) 'Licensee' means an individual who has a license as a physician or
a license as a physician assistant from the Oregon Medical Board or who
has a license as a nurse practitioner from the Oregon State Board of Nursing.

(b) 'Professional corporation' means a professional corporation that is organized for the purpose of allowing physicians, physician assistants and nurse practitioners to jointly render professional health care services or a foreign professional corporation with authority to transact business in this state that is organized for the purpose of allowing physicians, physician assistants and nurse practitioners to
 jointly render professional health care services.

"(2)(a) In a professional corporation [that is organized for the purpose of
allowing physicians, physician assistants and nurse practitioners to jointly
render professional health care services], licensees must:

6 "[(a)] (A) Hold a majority of each class of shares of the professional 7 corporation that is entitled to vote; and

8 "[(b)] (B) Be a majority of the directors of the professional corporation.

9 "(b) All officers of a professional corporation, except the secretary
10 and treasurer, if any, must be licensees. The same person may hold
11 any two or more offices.

"(3) An individual whom the professional corporation employs, or an individual who owns an interest in the professional corporation, may not direct or control the professional judgment of a licensee who is practicing within the professional corporation and within the scope of practice permitted under the licensee's license.

"(4) A licensee whom the professional corporation employs, or a licensee who owns an interest in the professional corporation, may not direct or control the services of another licensee who is practicing within the professional corporation unless the other licensee is also practicing within the scope of practice permitted under the licensee's license.

"(5)(a) A shareholder, director or officer of a professional corpo ration may not:

"(A) Own or control shares in, serve as a director or officer of, or
 otherwise participate in managing both the professional corporation
 and a management services organization with which the professional
 corporation has a contract; or

"(B) Participate in hiring, terminating, evaluating the performance
 of, setting work schedules or compensation for, or otherwise specifying
 terms of employment of a licensee that the professional corporation

employs or may employ while at the same time owning or controlling
shares in, serving as a director of, or otherwise participating in managing a management services organization with which the professional
corporation has a contract.

"(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply if the professional corporation owns a majority of the interest in the management
services organization.

"(c) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply if the professional corporation is solely and exclusively:

"(A) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS
 677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(B) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
 on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
 organization;

¹⁵ "(C) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

"(D) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
 a behavioral health services provider.

"(6)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a 18 professional corporation may not provide in the professional 19 corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, or by means of a 20contract or other agreement or arrangement, for removing a director 21described in subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section from the professional 22corporation's board of directors, or an officer described in subsection 23(2)(b) of this section from an office of the professional corporation, 24except by a majority vote of the shareholders described in subsection 25(2)(a)(A) of this section or, as appropriate, a majority vote of the di-26rectors described in subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section. 27

"(b) A professional corporation may remove a director or officer by
means other than a majority vote of the shareholders described in
subsection (2)(a)(A) of this section or a majority vote of the directors

described in subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section if the director or officer that is subject to removal:

"(A) Violated a duty of care, a duty of loyalty or another fiduciary
duty to the professional corporation;

"(B) Was the subject of a disciplinary proceeding by the regulatory
board that governs the director's or officer's practice as a licensee in
which the board suspended or revoked the director's or officer's license; or

9 "(C) Engaged in fraud, misfeasance or malfeasance with respect to
10 the director's or officer's performance of duties for or on behalf of the
11 professional corporation.

"(7)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, a 12 professional corporation may not by means of a contract or other 13agreement or arrangement, by providing in the professional 14 corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, by forming a sub-15sidiary or affiliated entity or by other means relinquish control over 16 otherwise transfer de facto control over the professional or 17 corporation's assets, business operations, clinical practices or deci-18 sions or the clinical practices or decisions of a physician, physician 19 assistant or nurse practitioner that the professional corporation em-20ploys or with whom the professional corporation has a contract. 21

"(b) Methods of relinquishing or transferring control over a professional corporation that are prohibited under paragraph (a) of this
subsection include, but are not limited to:

"(A) Selling, restricting the sale of, encumbering or transferring
 substantially all of the professional corporation's shares or assets;

"(B) Issuing shares of stock in the professional corporation, in a
 subsidiary of the professional corporation or an entity affiliated with
 the professional corporation, or paying dividends;

30 "(C) Controlling hiring or termination of, evaluations of perform-

ance of, setting of work schedules or compensation for, or otherwise specifying terms of employment of, employees who are licensed to practice medicine in this state or who are licensed in this state as physician assistants or nurse practitioners;

5 "(D) Controlling staffing levels for any location that serves pa-6 tients;

"(E) Advertising the professional corporation's services under the
name of an entity that is not a professional corporation;

9 "(F) Controlling diagnostic coding decisions, establishing clinical
 10 standards directly or by suggestion or protocol or making policies for
 11 patient, client or customer billing and collection;

"(G) Limiting access to, taking control from or otherwise obscuring
from a physician, physician assistant or nurse practitioner the prices,
rates or amounts the professional corporation charges for the
physician's, physician assistant's or nurse practitioner's services;

"(H) Controlling the negotiation, execution, performance, enforce ment or termination of contracts with third-party payors or persons
 that are not employees of the professional corporation; or

"(I) Entering into noncompetition agreements, nondisclosure
 agreements or nondisparagement agreements prohibited under section
 16 of this 2024 Act.

"(c) A professional corporation may relinquish or transfer control
 over the professional corporation's assets, business operations, clinical
 practices or decisions only if:

"(A) The professional corporation executes a shareholder agreement
exclusively between or among and for the benefit of a majority of
shareholders described in subsection (2)(a)(A) of this section and the
shareholder agreement complies with the provisions of ORS 60.265; or
"(B) The professional corporation is solely and exclusively:

³⁰ "(i) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS

1 677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(ii) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
organization;

⁵ "(iii) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

"(iv) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
a behavioral health services provider.

8 "[(5)] (8) A professional corporation that is subject to ORS 58.375 may 9 elect to become subject to this section by amending the professional 10 corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws.

11 "SECTION 3. ORS 58.381 is amended to read:

"58.381. (1)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, 12 a proxy to vote the shares of a professional corporation organized for the 13 purpose of practicing medicine may be given under the following conditions: 14 "[(a)] (A) If the shareholder granting the proxy is a physician licensed in 15this state to practice medicine, the proxy may be given only to a shareholder 16 of the same corporation who is also a physician licensed in this state to 17 practice medicine, or to an attorney licensed to practice law in this state or 18 another person similarly licensed. 19

²⁰ "[(b)] (**B**) If the shareholder granting the proxy is not a physician licensed ²¹ in this state to practice medicine, the proxy may be given only to another ²² shareholder of the same corporation, whether or not the other shareholder ²³ is a physician licensed in this state to practice medicine, or to an attorney ²⁴ licensed to practice law in this state or another person similarly licensed.

(b) A shareholder may not give a proxy to vote the shares of a professional corporation, or a foreign professional corporation with authority to transact business in this state, that is organized for the purpose of practicing medicine, for the purpose of allowing physicians, physician assistants and nurse practitioners to jointly render professional health care services, or for the purpose of practicing

naturopathic medicine if the shareholder is also a shareholder, director, member, officer or employee of a management services organization with which the professional corporation or foreign professional
corporation has a contract.

5 "(2) [No] A voting trust may **not** be created to vote the shares of a pro-6 fessional corporation organized for the purpose of practicing medicine.

"(3) Two or more shareholders of a professional corporation organized for the purpose of practicing medicine may enter into a voting agreement provided that the voting agreement does not transfer voting rights from a shareholder who is a physician licensed in this state to practice medicine to a shareholder who is not so licensed. Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection, voting rights may be transferred to an attorney licensed to practice law in this state or another person similarly licensed.

"<u>SECTION 4.</u> Sections 5, 6, 7 and 8 of this 2024 Act are added to and
 made a part of ORS chapter 58.

16 "SECTION 5. (1) As used in ORS 58.375, 58.376 and 58.381 and section 17 8 of this 2024 Act 'management services organization' means an entity 18 that under a written agreement, and in return for compensation, pro-19 vides any or all of the following management services to or on behalf 20 of a professional corporation:

21 **"(a) Payroll;**

22 "(b) Human resources;

23 "(c) Employment screening;

24 "(d) Employee relations; or

"(e) Any other administrative or business services that do not con stitute the practice of medicine.

"(2) As used in sections 6 and 7 of this 2024 Act, 'professional medical entity' means:

²⁹ "(a) A professional corporation, as defined in ORS 58.375;

30 "(b) A professional corporation, as defined in ORS 58.376;

"(c) A professional corporation, as defined in section 8 of this 2024
Act;

"(d) A limited liability company or foreign limited liability company
with authority to transact business in this state that is organized for
a medical purpose, as defined in ORS 63.074 (3)(a);

6 "(e) A partnership or foreign partnership with authority to transact 7 business in this state, or a limited liability partnership or foreign 8 limited liability partnership with authority to transact business in this 9 state, that is organized for a medical purpose, as defined in section 12 10 of this 2024 Act; or

"(f) A limited partnership or foreign limited partnership with au thority to transact business in this state that is organized for a med ical purpose, as defined in section 14 of this 2024 Act.

"SECTION 6. (1) The Oregon Health Authority or any person may 14 submit to the Secretary of State a complaint, and evidence concerning 15the complaint, that a professional medical entity violated the require-16 ments of ORS 58.375, 58.376, 58.381 or 63.074 (3) or section 8, 12, 14, 16, 17 17, 18, 20 or 22 of this 2024 Act. The Secretary of State may investigate 18 any violation that the complaint addresses. If the Secretary of State 19 finds that a violation has occurred, the Secretary of State may com-20mence a proceeding to, as appropriate: 21

"(a) Administratively dissolve the professional corporation or the
 limited liability company that engaged in the violation;

24 "(b) Revoke the registration of the limited partnership or limited
25 liability partnership that engaged in the violation; or

"(c) Revoke the authority to transact business for a foreign pro fessional corporation, a foreign limited liability company, a foreign
 limited partnership or a foreign limited liability partnership that en gaged in the violation.

30 "(2) For the purposes of a proceeding under ORS 60.651, 63.651, 67.660

or 70.435, a reinstatement under ORS 60.654, 63.654, 67.665 or 70.440, or
 an appeal under ORS 60.657, 63.657 or 67.670:

"(a) A violation of ORS 58.375, 58.376 or 58.381 or section 8 of this
2024 Act is grounds under ORS 60.647 or 63.647 for a proceeding to administratively dissolve:

6 "(A) A professional corporation organized for the purpose of prac-7 ticing medicine, a professional corporation organized for the purpose 8 of allowing physicians, physician assistants and nurse practitioners to 9 jointly render professional medical services or a professional corpo-10 ration organized for the purpose of practicing naturopathic medicine; 11 or

"(B) A limited liability company organized for a medical purpose,
 as defined in ORS 63.074 (3).

"(b) A violation of ORS 58.375, 58.376 or 58.381 or section 8 of this
2024 Act is grounds under ORS 67.655 for a proceeding to revoke the
registration of a limited liability partnership organized for a medical
purpose, as defined in section 12 of this 2024 Act.

"(c) A violation of ORS 58.375, 58.376 or 58.381 or section 8 of this
 2024 Act is grounds:

"(A) Under ORS 60.737 for the Secretary of State to revoke the au thority to transact business in this state of a foreign professional
 corporation organized for the purpose of practicing medicine;

"(B) Under ORS 63.737 for the Secretary of State to revoke the authority to transact business in this state of a foreign limited liability
company organized for a medical purpose, as defined in ORS 63.074 (3);
"(C) Under ORS 67.750 for the Secretary of State to revoke the authority to transact business in this state of a foreign limited liability
partnership organized for a medical purpose, as defined in section 12
of this 2024 Act; and

30 "(D) Under ORS 70.430 for the Secretary of State to revoke the au-

thority to transact business in this state of a foreign limited partnership organized for a medical purpose, as defined in section 14 of this
2024 Act.

"(d) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.375 or 58.376 or
section 8 of this 2024 Act is a corporation that is subject to the Secretary of State's administrative dissolution authority.

"(e) A limited liability company organized for a medical purpose or
a holding entity, as defined in ORS 63.074 (3)(a), is a limited liability
company that is subject to the Secretary of State's administrative
dissolution authority.

"(f) A limited liability partnership described in section 12 (2) of this
 2024 Act is subject to the Secretary of State's administrative dissol ution authority.

"(g) A limited partnership organized for a medical purpose, as defined in section 14 of this 2024 Act, is subject to the Secretary of State's authority to inactivate the limited partnership's certificate of registration.

"(h) A foreign professional corporation organized for the purpose 18 of practicing medicine, a foreign limited liability company organized 19 for a medical purpose, as defined in ORS 63.074 (3), a foreign limited 20liability partnership organized for a medical purpose, as defined in 21section 12 of this 2024 Act, and a foreign limited partnership organized 22for a medical purpose, as defined in section 14 of this 2024 Act, are 23each subject to the power of the Secretary of State to revoke the au-24thority to transact business in this state. 25

"(3) Notwithstanding the 45-day period set forth in ORS 60.651, 63.651, 67.660 and 70.435 within which a professional medical entity must take action to remove grounds for dissolution or a revocation of registration, the Secretary of State, within not more than seven years after the date of a complaint alleging a violation of ORS 58.375, 58.376 or 58.381 or section 8 of this 2024 Act, shall require the professional medical entity to remove the grounds set forth under this section for an administrative dissolution, a revocation of registration or
a revocation of authority to transact business in this state.

"(4)(a) If the Oregon Health Authority determines that a person's $\mathbf{5}$ merger with or acquisition of a professional corporation, limited li-6 ability company, limited liability partnership or limited partnership 7 has or will have the effect of violating ORS 58.375, 58.376, 58.381 or 8 63.074 (3) or section 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20 or 22 of this 2024 Act, as 9 appropriate, the authority may refer the matter to the Attorney Gen-10 eral. The Attorney General may apply to a circuit court of this state 11 for an order staying the merger or acquisition pending the Attorney 12 General's determination that the merger or acquisition does or does 13 not constitute a violation. 14

"(b) If the Attorney General determines during the period of the
 stay that the merger or acquisition does or will constitute a violation,
 the Attorney General may:

"(A) Seek an enforceable agreement from the parties involved to
modify the terms and conditions of the merger or acquisition to come
into compliance with ORS 58.375, 58.376, 58.381 or 63.074 (3) or section
8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20 or 22 of this 2024 Act, as appropriate; or

"(B) Petition the court to permanently enjoin the merger or acquisition if the parties are unable or unwilling to comply with ORS 58.375,
58.376, 58.381 or 63.074 (3) or section 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20 or 22 of this
2024 Act, as appropriate.

²⁶ "<u>SECTION 7.</u> (1) A professional medical entity shall disclose to the ²⁷ Oregon Health Authority, within 10 calendar days after any change in ²⁸ the ownership or control of more than 50 percent of the interest in the ²⁹ professional medical entity, the identity of each person that owns or ³⁰ controls: "(a) More than 50 percent of the outstanding shares of or interest
in the professional medical entity; or

"(b) Any of the three largest voting groups, as defined in ORS
60.001, in the professional corporation if a person described in paragraph (a) of this subsection does not exist.

6 "(2) The authority by rule shall prescribe the form, format, con-7 tents and manner of the disclosure required under this section and 8 may compel compliance with the requirements of this section as pro-9 vided in ORS chapter 183.

"(3) The authority shall make the information that a professional
 medical entity discloses under this section publicly available on the
 authority's website.

13 "<u>SECTION 8.</u> (1) As used in this section:

"(a) 'Naturopathic medicine' has the meaning given that term in
 ORS 685.010.

"(b) 'Naturopathic physician' has the meaning given that term in
 ORS 685.010.

"(c) 'Professional corporation' means a professional corporation organized for the purpose of practicing naturopathic medicine or a foreign professional corporation with authority to transact business in this state that is organized for the purpose of practicing naturopathic medicine.

"(2)(a) In a professional corporation, naturopathic physicians must:
 "(A) Hold a majority of each class of shares of the professional
 corporation that is entitled to vote; and

²⁶ "(B) Be a majority of the directors of the professional corporation.

"(b) All officers of a professional corporation, except the secretary
and treasurer, if any, must be naturopathic physicians. The same
person may hold any two or more offices.

30 "(3) An individual whom the professional corporation employs, or

an individual who owns an interest in the professional corporation, may not direct or control the professional judgment of a naturopathic physician who is practicing within the professional corporation and within the scope of practice permitted under the naturopathic physician's license.

6 "(4)(a) A shareholder, director or officer of a professional corpo-7 ration may not:

6 "(A) Own or control shares in, serve as a director or officer of, or 9 otherwise participate in managing both the professional corporation 10 and a management services organization with which the professional 11 corporation has a contract; or

(B) Participate in hiring, terminating, evaluating the performance of, setting work schedules or compensation for, or otherwise specifying terms of employment of a naturopathic physician that the professional corporation employs or may employ while at the same time owning or controlling shares in, serving as a director of, or otherwise participating in managing a management services organization with which the professional corporation has a contract.

"(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply if a professional
 corporation owns a majority of the interest in the management ser vices organization.

"(c) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply if the profes sional corporation is solely and exclusively:

"(A) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS
677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(B) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
 on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
 organization;

"(C) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or
"(D) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as

1 a behavioral health services provider.

"(5)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a $\mathbf{2}$ professional corporation may not provide in the professional 3 corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, or by means of a 4 contract or other agreement or arrangement, for removing a director $\mathbf{5}$ described in subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section from the professional 6 corporation's board of directors, or an officer described in subsection 7 (2)(b) of this section from an office of the professional corporation, 8 except by a majority vote of the shareholders described in subsection 9 (2)(a)(A) of this section or, as appropriate, a majority vote of the di-10 rectors described in subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section. 11

12 "(b) A professional corporation may remove a director or officer by 13 means other than a majority vote of the shareholders described in 14 subsection (2)(a)(A) of this section or a majority vote of the directors 15 described in subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section if the director or offi-16 cer that is subject to removal:

"(A) Violated a duty of care, a duty of loyalty or another fiduciary
 duty to the professional corporation;

"(B) Was the subject of a disciplinary proceeding by the Oregon
 Board of Naturopathic Medicine in which the board suspended or re voked the director's or officer's license; or

"(C) Engaged in fraud, misfeasance or malfeasance with respect to
 the director's or officer's performance of duties for or on behalf of the
 professional corporation.

"(6)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, a professional corporation may not by means of a contract or other agreement or arrangement, by providing in the professional corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, by forming a subsidiary or affiliated entity or by other means relinquish control over or otherwise transfer de facto control over the professional corporation's assets, business operations, clinical practices or decisions or the clinical practices or decisions of a physician that the professional corporation employs or with whom the professional corporation has a contract.

5 "(b) Methods of relinquishing or transferring control over a pro-6 fessional corporation that are prohibited under paragraph (a) of this 7 subsection include, but are not limited to:

"(A) Selling, restricting the sale of, encumbering or transferring
substantially all of the professional corporation's shares or assets;

"(B) Issuing shares of stock in the professional corporation, in a
 subsidiary of the professional corporation or an entity affiliated with
 the professional corporation, or paying dividends;

"(C) Controlling hiring or termination of, evaluations of perform ance of, setting of work schedules or compensation for, or otherwise
 specifying terms of employment of, employees who are licensed to
 practice naturopathic medicine in this state;

"(D) Controlling staffing levels for any location that serves pa tients;

"(E) Advertising the professional corporation's services under the
 name of an entity that is not a professional corporation;

"(F) Controlling diagnostic coding decisions, establishing clinical
 standards directly or by suggestion or protocol or making policies for
 patient, client or customer billing and collection;

"(G) Limiting access to, taking control from or otherwise obscuring
from a naturopathic physician the prices, rates or amounts the professional corporation charges for the naturopathic physician's services;

"(H) Controlling the negotiation, execution, performance, enforce ment or termination of contracts with third-party payors or persons
 that are not employees of the professional corporation; or

"(I) Entering into noncompetition agreements, nondisclosure
 agreements or nondisparagement agreements prohibited under section
 16 of this 2024 Act.

"(c) A professional corporation may relinquish or transfer control
over the professional corporation's assets, business operations, clinical
practices or decisions only if:

"(A) The professional corporation executes a shareholder agreement exclusively between or among and for the benefit of a majority of shareholders who are naturopathic physicians licensed in this state to practice naturopathic medicine and the shareholder agreement complies with the provisions of ORS 60.265; or

12 "(B) The professional corporation is solely and exclusively:

"(i) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS
 677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(ii) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
 on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
 organization;

¹⁸ "(iii) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

"(iv) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
a behavioral health services provider.

²¹ "SECTION 9. ORS 60.754 is amended to read:

"60.754. (1)(a) Notwithstanding ORS 60.074 (2), a corporation incorporated under ORS chapter 60 is a benefit company under ORS 60.750 to 60.770 if the corporation's articles of incorporation state that the corporation is a benefit company subject to ORS 60.750 to 60.770.

"(b) Notwithstanding ORS 63.074 [(3)] (4), a limited liability company organized under ORS chapter 63 is a benefit company under ORS 60.750 to 60.770 if the limited liability company's articles of organization state that the limited liability company is a benefit company subject to ORS 60.750 to 60.770. "(2)(a) A corporation that is incorporated under ORS chapter 60 may become a benefit company by amending the corporation's articles of incorporation to state, in addition to the requirements set forth in ORS 60.047, that the corporation is a benefit company subject to ORS 60.750 to 60.770. The amendment to the articles of incorporation must be approved by a minimum status vote.

"(b) A limited liability company that is organized under ORS chapter 63 may become a benefit company by amending the limited liability company's articles of organization to state, in addition to the requirements set forth in ORS 63.047, that the limited liability company is a benefit company subject to ORS 60.750 to 60.770. The amendment to the articles of organization must be approved by a minimum status vote.

"(3) A benefit company may be formed by means of a conversion if articles
 of conversion that state that the converted entity will be a benefit company
 that is subject to ORS 60.750 to 60.770 are approved by a minimum status
 vote.

"(4) An entity that is not a benefit company may become a benefit company by merging or exchanging equity interests with a benefit company if the shareholders or holders of equity interests of the entity that is not the benefit company approve, by a minimum status vote, a plan of merger or a plan for exchanging equity interests with a benefit company under which the surviving entity will be a benefit company.

"(5) A benefit company may become an entity other than a benefit company only if an action to remove from the articles of incorporation, articles of organization or articles of conversion the provision that states that the entity is a benefit company subject to ORS 60.750 to 60.770 is approved by a minimum status vote.

"(6)(a) A plan for a benefit company must be approved by a minimum
status vote if the plan would:

30 "(A) Merge the benefit company with an entity that is not a benefit

1 company, if the surviving entity would not be a benefit company;

"(B) Provide for exchanging equity interests with an entity that is not a
benefit company, if the exchange would create an entity that is not a benefit
company and that would hold substantially all of the benefit company's assets;

6 "(C) Convert the benefit company to an entity that is not a benefit com-7 pany; or

8 "(D) Otherwise cause ORS 60.750 to 60.770 not to apply to the benefit
9 company.

"(b) A sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all of a benefit company's assets must be approved by a minimum status vote unless the benefit company conducts the sale, lease, exchange or other disposition in the ordinary course of the benefit company's business.

"(7) A provision of a benefit company's articles of incorporation, articles 14 of organization, articles of conversion or plan described in subsection (6) of 15this section may be inconsistent with or supersede a provision of ORS 60.750 16 to 60.770 only to the extent that the provision in the articles of incorpo-17 ration, articles of organization, articles of conversion or plan imposes a more 18 stringent requirement on the benefit company, in keeping with the purposes 19 set forth in ORS 60.750 to 60.770, than a provision of ORS 60.750 to 60.770 20imposes. 21

²² "SECTION 10. ORS 63.074 is amended to read:

"63.074. (1) Except as otherwise provided by the laws of the state and in 23this section, a limited liability company formed under this chapter may 24conduct or promote any lawful business or purpose that a partnership, cor-25poration or professional corporation as defined in ORS 58.015 may conduct 26or promote, unless the articles of organization set forth a more limited pur-27pose. A person may not organize a limited liability company under this 28chapter for any illegal purpose or with an intent to fraudulently conceal any 29 business activity from another person or a governmental agency. 30

"(2)(a) Subject to the laws of the state, the rules and regulations of a regulatory board of a profession, if any, and the standards of professional conduct of the profession, if any, a limited liability company or members of the limited liability company may render professional service in this state.

5 "(b) Notwithstanding any other law, members of a limited liability com-6 pany, including members who are managers, and who are also professionals, 7 as defined in ORS 58.015, are personally liable as members of the limited li-8 ability company to the same extent and in the same manner as provided for 9 shareholders of a professional corporation in ORS 58.185 and 58.187 and as 10 otherwise provided in this chapter.

11 "(3)(a) As used in this subsection:

"(A) 'Holding entity' means a business entity that is organized for
 the purpose of holding or owning a majority of the ownership interests
 in:

"(i) A professional corporation, or foreign professional corporation,
 that is organized for the purpose of practicing medicine;

"(ii) A limited liability company, or foreign limited liability com pany, that is organized for a medical purpose;

"(iii) A limited liability partnership, or foreign limited liability
 partnership, that is organized for a medical purpose; or

"(iv) A limited partnership, or foreign limited partnership, that is
 organized for a medical purpose.

23 **"(B) 'Medical purpose' means, as appropriate:**

24 "(i) The purpose of practicing medicine;

"(ii) The purpose of allowing physicians, physician assistants and
 nurse practitioners to jointly render professional health care services;
 or

²⁸ "(iii) The purpose of practicing naturopathic medicine.

29 "(C) 'Professional corporation' means, as appropriate:

30 "(i) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.375;

1 "(ii) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.376; or

2 "(iii) A professional corporation described in section 8 of this 2024
3 Act.

"(b) A limited liability company, or foreign limited liability com-4 pany with authority to transact business in this state, that is organ- $\mathbf{5}$ ized for a medical purpose, or as a holding entity, is subject to ORS 6 58.375 or 58.376 or section 8 of this 2024 Act, as appropriate, and must 7 comply with the requirements specified for, and the limitations im-8 posed upon, a professional corporation and the shareholders, directors 9 and officers of a professional corporation, with respect to the limited 10 liability company's, foreign limited liability company's or holding 11 entity's ownership, control, governance and management and the 12 qualifications of the limited liability company's or foreign limited li-13 ability company's members or managers or the holding entity's 14 shareholders, members, directors, officers or managers. 15

16 "(c) For the purposes described in paragraph (b) of this subsection 17 and the purposes of determining the management and control of a 18 limited liability company, or a foreign limited liability company with 19 authority to transact business in this state, that is organized for a 20 medical purpose, or of a holding entity:

"(A) A member or manager of the limited liability company, or the
foreign limited liability company and a shareholder, member, director,
officer or manager of a holding entity, is equivalent to a shareholder
in a professional corporation; and

(B) The rights and obligations of a member or manager of the limited liability company, or foreign limited liability company and the rights of a shareholder, member, director, officer or manager in the holding entity, are equivalent to the rights and obligations of a shareholder, director or officer in a professional corporation.

(3) "[(3)] (4) A business that is subject to regulation under another statute

of the state may not be organized under this chapter if the business is required to be organized only under the other statute.

3 "SECTION 11. Section 12 of this 2024 Act is added to and made a
4 part of ORS chapter 67.

5 "SECTION 12. (1) As used in this section:

6 "(a) 'Holding entity' means a partnership or limited liability part-7 nership that is organized for the purpose of holding or owning a ma-8 jority of the ownership interests in:

9 "(A) A professional corporation;

"(B) A limited liability company that is organized for a medical
 purpose;

"(C) A partnership or limited liability partnership that is organized
 for a medical purpose; or

14 "(D) A limited partnership that is organized for a medical purpose.

15 **"(b) 'Medical purpose' means, as appropriate:**

16 "(A) The purpose of practicing medicine;

"(B) The purpose of allowing physicians, physician assistants and
 nurse practitioners to jointly render professional health care services;
 or

20 "(C) The purpose of practicing naturopathic medicine.

21 "(c) 'Professional corporation' means, as appropriate:

²² "(A) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.375;

23 "(B) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.376; or

24 "(C) A professional corporation described in section 8 of this 2024
25 Act.

"(2) A partnership, or a foreign partnership with authority to transact business in this state, a limited liability partnership, and a foreign limited liability partnership with authority to transact business in this state, if organized for a medical purpose, or as a holding entity, are each subject to ORS 58.375 or 58.376 or section 8 of this 2024

Act, as appropriate, and must comply with the requirements specified 1 for, and the limitations imposed upon, a professional corporation and $\mathbf{2}$ the shareholders, directors and officers of a professional corporation, 3 with respect to the partnership's, foreign partnership's, limited liabil-4 ity partnership's, foreign limited liability partnership's or holding $\mathbf{5}$ entity's ownership, control, governance and management and the 6 qualifications of the limited liability partnership's, foreign limited li-7 ability partnership's or holding entity's general partners. 8

9 "(3) For the purposes described in subsection (2) of this section and 10 the purposes of determining the management and control of a part-11 nership, foreign partnership, limited liability partnership or foreign 12 limited liability partnership organized for a medical purpose, or of a 13 holding entity:

"(a) A general partner in the limited liability partnership or foreign
 limited liability partnership, or a general partner in a holding entity,
 is equivalent to a shareholder in a professional corporation; and

"(b) A partner's or general partner's rights and obligations in the
limited liability partnership, foreign limited liability partnership or
holding entity are equivalent to the rights and obligations of a shareholder in a professional corporation.

²¹ "<u>SECTION 13.</u> Section 14 of this 2024 Act is added to and made a ²² part of ORS chapter 70.

23 "<u>SECTION 14.</u> (1) As used in this section:

"(a) 'Holding entity' means a limited partnership that is organized
for the purpose of holding or owning a majority of the ownership interests in:

27 **"(A) A professional corporation;**

"(B) A limited liability company that is organized for a medical
 purpose;

30 "(C) A partnership or limited liability partnership that is organized

1 for a medical purpose; or

² "(D) A limited partnership that is organized for a medical purpose.

3 "(b) 'Medical purpose' means, as appropriate:

4 "(A) The purpose of practicing medicine;

"(B) The purpose of allowing physicians, physician assistants and
 nurse practitioners to jointly render professional health care services;
 or

8 "(C) The purpose of practicing naturopathic medicine.

9 "(c) 'Professional corporation' means, as appropriate:

10 "(A) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.375;

11 "(B) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.376; or

"(C) A professional corporation described in section 8 of this 2024
 Act.

"(2) A limited partnership, and a foreign limited partnership with 14 authority to transact business in this state, if organized for a medical 15purpose, or as a holding entity, are each subject to ORS 58.375 or 58.376 16 or section 8 of this 2024 Act, as appropriate, and must comply with the 17 requirements specified for, and the limitations imposed upon, a pro-18 fessional corporation and the shareholders, directors and officers of a 19 professional corporation, with respect to the limited partnership's, 20foreign limited partnership's or holding entity's ownership, control, 21governance and management and the qualifications of the limited 22partnership's, foreign limited partnership's or holding entity's general 23partners. 24

"(3) For the purposes described in subsection (2) of this section and the purposes of determining the management and control of a limited partnership, or a foreign limited partnership, that is organized for a medical purpose, or of a holding entity:

"(a) A general partner in a limited partnership, or a foreign limited
 partnership, that is organized for a medical purpose, or a general

partner in a holding entity is equivalent to a shareholder in a professional corporation; and

"(b) A partner's or general partner's rights and obligations in the
limited partnership, foreign limited partnership or holding entity are
equivalent to the rights and obligations of a shareholder in a professional corporation.

"<u>SECTION 15.</u> Sections 16, 17 and 18 of this 2024 Act are added to
and made a part of ORS chapter 677.

9 "SECTION 16. (1) As used in this section and section 17 of this 2024
10 Act:

"(a) 'Disciplinary action' means discrimination, dismissal, de motion, transfer, reassignment, supervisory reprimand, warning of
 possible dismissal, or withholding of work, even if the action does not
 affect or will not affect a licensee's compensation.

15 "(b) 'Management services organization' means an entity that un-16 der a written agreement and in return for compensation provides to 17 or on behalf of a licensee business management services including, but 18 not limited to, payroll, human resources, employment screening, em-19 ployee relations and other similar or related services that do not con-10 stitute the practice of medicine.

"(c) 'Noncompetition agreement' means a written agreement be-21tween a licensee and another person under which the licensee agrees 22that the licensee, either alone or as an employee, associate or affiliate 23of a third person, will not compete with the other person in providing 24products, processes or services that are similar to the other person's 25products, processes or services for a period of time or within a speci-26fied geographic area after termination of employment or termination 27of a contract under which the licensee supplied goods to or performed 28services for the other person. 29

30 "(d) 'Nondisclosure agreement' means a written agreement under

the terms of which a licensee must refrain from disclosing partially, fully, directly or indirectly to any person, other than another party to the written agreement or to a person specified in the agreement as a third-party beneficiary of the agreement:

"(A) A policy or practice that a party to the agreement required the
licensee to use, in patient care, other than individually identifiable
health information that the licensee may not disclose under the Health
Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, P.L. 104-191, as
in effect on the effective date of this 2024 Act;

"(B) A policy, practice or other information about or associated
 with the licensee's employment, conditions of employment or rate or
 amount of pay or other compensation; or

"(C) Any other information the licensee possesses or to which the licensee has access by reason of the licensee's employment by, or provision of services for or on behalf of, a party to the agreement, other than information that is subject to protection under applicable law as a trade secret of, or as otherwise proprietary to, another party to the agreement or to a person specified in the agreement as a third-party beneficiary of the agreement.

"(e) 'Nondisparagement agreement' means a written agreement under which a licensee must refrain from making to a third party a statement about another party to the agreement or about another person specified in the agreement as a third-party beneficiary of the agreement, the effect of which causes or threatens to cause harm to the other party's or person's reputation, business relations or other economic interests.

- 27 "(f) 'Professional medical entity' means:
- ²⁸ "(A) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.375;
- ²⁹ "(B) A professional corporation described in ORS 58.376;
- 30 "(C) A professional corporation described in section 8 of this 2024

1 Act;

"(D) A limited liability company organized for a medical purpose,
as defined in ORS 63.074 (3)(a); or

4 "(E) A limited liability partnership organized for a medical purpose,
5 as defined in section 12 of this 2024 Act.

"(2)(a) Notwithstanding ORS 653.295 (1) and (2), and except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, a noncompetition
agreement between a licensee and another person is void and
unenforceable.

10 "(b) A noncompetition agreement that a licensee executes in con-11 nection with the licensee's sale, as owner, of a medical practice, or a 12 sale of all or substantially all of the operating assets of the medical 13 practice, is enforceable to the extent and under the terms provided in 14 ORS 653.295.

"(c) A noncompetition agreement between a licensee and another person is valid and enforceable to the extent and under the terms provided in ORS 653.295 if the licensee is a shareholder or member of the other person or otherwise owns or controls an ownership or membership interest that is equivalent to 25 percent or more of the entire ownership or membership interest that exists in the other person.

"(3)(a) A nondisclosure agreement or nondisparagement agreement
 between a licensee and a management services organization is void
 and unenforceable.

"(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not limit or otherwise
 affect any cause of action that:

"(A) A party to, or third-party beneficiary of, the agreement may
have with respect to a statement of a licensee that constitutes libel,
slander, a tortious interference with contractual relations or another
tort for which the party has a cause of action against the licensee; and

"(B) Does not depend upon or derive from a breach or violation of
an agreement described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

SECTION 17. (1) A management services organization or a professional medical entity may not take disciplinary action against a licensee as retaliation for, or as a consequence of, the licensee's violation of a nondisclosure agreement or nondisparagement agreement or because the licensee in good faith disclosed or reported information that the licensee believes is evidence of a violation of a federal or state law, rule or regulation.

10 "(2) A management services organization or professional medical 11 entity that takes disciplinary action against a licensee in the circum-12 stances described in subsection (1) of this section engages in an un-13 lawful employment practice, as defined in ORS 659A.001, that is subject 14 to enforcement under ORS chapter 659A.

"SECTION 18. A licensee may not practice medicine and a physician
 assistant may not collaborate in practicing medicine, or provide a
 medical service, as an employee of, or under contract with, another
 person that is not:

"(1) A hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015, or a limited liability
 company, limited liability partnership or clinic that the hospital owns
 for the purpose of practicing medicine or providing professional health
 care services;

"(2) A professional corporation organized under ORS 58.375 or 58.376;
 "(3) A limited liability company organized in accordance with the
 requirements of ORS 63.074 (3);

"(4) A partnership or limited liability partnership organized in ac cordance with the requirements of section 12 of this 2024 Act;

"(5) A limited partnership that is organized in accordance with the
 requirements of section 14 of this 2024 Act;

30 "(6) A professional corporation that is solely and exclusively:

"(a) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS
677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(b) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
organization;

6 "(c) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

"(d) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
a behavioral health services provider;

"(7) A nonprofit corporation that is organized under the laws of this
state to provide medical services to migrant, rural, homeless or other
medically underserved populations under 42 U.S.C. 254b or 254c, as in
effect on the effective date of this 2024 Act;

"(8) A health center that is qualified under 42 U.S.C. 1396d(1)(2)(B),
as in effect on the effective date of this 2024 Act, that operates in
compliance with other applicable state or federal law; or

"(9) A for-profit or nonprofit business entity that is incorporated 16 or organized under the laws of this state, that provides the entirety 17 of the business entity's medical services through one or more rural 18 health clinics, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, as in effect on the effec-19 tive date of this 2024 Act, and that operates in compliance with state 20and federal laws that apply to rural health clinics. A business entity 21qualifies under this subsection for a period of up to one year after the 22business entity establishes a rural health clinic, even if the rural 23health clinic that the business entity establishes does not meet all of 24the elements of the definition set forth in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, as in effect 25on the effective date of this 2024 Act, if during the one-year period an 26applicable certification for the rural health clinic is pending. 27

"SECTION 19. Section 20 of this 2024 Act is added to and made a
 part of ORS chapter 678.

30

"<u>SECTION 20.</u> A nurse practitioner may not practice nursing within

a nurse practitioner's scope of practice as an employee of, or under
contract with, another person that is not:

"(1) A hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015, or a limited liability
company, limited liability partnership or clinic that the hospital owns
for the purpose of practicing medicine or providing professional health
care services;

7 "(2) A professional corporation organized under ORS 58.375 or 58.376;

"(3) A limited liability company organized in accordance with the
requirements of ORS 63.074 (3);

"(4) A partnership or limited liability partnership organized in ac cordance with the requirements of section 12 of this 2024 Act;

"(5) A limited partnership that is organized in accordance with the
 requirements of section 14 of this 2024 Act;

14 "(6) A professional corporation that is solely and exclusively:

"(a) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS
 677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(b) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
organization;

20 "(c) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

"(d) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
 a behavioral health services provider;

"(7) A nonprofit corporation that is organized under the laws of this
 state to provide medical services to migrant, rural, homeless or other
 medically underserved populations under 42 U.S.C. 254b or 254c, as in
 effect on the effective date of this 2024 Act;

"(8) A health center that is qualified under 42 U.S.C. 1396d(1)(2)(B),
as in effect on the effective date of this 2024 Act, that operates in
compliance with other applicable state or federal law; or

30 "(9) A for-profit or nonprofit business entity that is incorporated

or organized under the laws of this state, that provides the entirety 1 of the business entity's medical services through one or more rural $\mathbf{2}$ health clinics, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, as in effect on the effec-3 tive date of this 2024 Act, and that operates in compliance with state 4 and federal laws that apply to rural health clinics. A business entity $\mathbf{5}$ qualifies under this subsection for a period of up to one year after the 6 business entity establishes a rural health clinic, even if the rural 7 health clinic that the business entity establishes does not meet all of 8 the elements of the definition set forth in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, as in effect 9 on the effective date of this 2024 Act, if during the one-year period an 10 applicable certification for the rural health clinic is pending. 11

"SECTION 21. Section 22 of this 2024 Act is added to and made a
 part of ORS chapter 685.

"<u>SECTION 22.</u> A naturopathic physician may not practice
 naturopathic medicine as an employee of, or under contract with, an other person that is not:

"(1) A hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015, or a limited liability
 company, limited liability partnership or clinic that the hospital owns
 for the purpose of practicing medicine or providing professional health
 care services;

"(2) A professional corporation organized under ORS 58.375 or 58.376
 or section 8 of this 2024 Act;

"(3) A limited liability company organized in accordance with the
 requirements of ORS 63.074 (3);

²⁵ "(4) A partnership or limited liability partnership organized in ac-²⁶ cordance with the requirements of section 12 of this 2024 Act;

"(5) A limited partnership that is organized in accordance with the
requirements of section 14 of this 2024 Act;

"(6) A professional corporation that is solely and exclusively:
"(a) Engaged in the practice of telemedicine, as defined in ORS

1 677.494, without a physical presence in this state;

"(b) A PACE organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. 460.6, as in effect
on the effective date of this 2024 Act, licensed in this state as a PACE
organization;

⁵ "(c) An affiliate of a hospital, as defined in ORS 442.015; or

6 "(d) A behavioral health services provider licensed in this state as
7 a behavioral health services provider;

"(7) A nonprofit corporation that is organized under the laws of this
state to provide medical services to migrant, rural, homeless or other
medically underserved populations under 42 U.S.C. 254b or 254c, as in
effect on the effective date of this 2024 Act;

"(8) A health center that is qualified under 42 U.S.C. 1396d(1)(2)(B),
as in effect on the effective date of this 2024 Act, that operates in
compliance with other applicable state or federal law; or

"(9) A for-profit or nonprofit business entity that is incorporated 15or organized under the laws of this state, that provides the entirety 16 of the business entity's medical services through one or more rural 17 health clinics, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, as in effect on the effec-18 tive date of this 2024 Act, and that operates in compliance with state 19 and federal laws that apply to rural health clinics. A business entity 20qualifies under this subsection for a period of up to one year after the 21business entity establishes a rural health clinic, even if the rural 22health clinic that the business entity establishes does not meet all of 23the elements of the definition set forth in 42 U.S.C. 1395x, as in effect 24on the effective date of this 2024 Act, if during the one-year period an 25applicable certification for the rural health clinic is pending. 26

²⁷ "<u>SECTION 23.</u> (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this sec-²⁸ tion, sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20 and 22 of this 2024 Act and ²⁹ the amendments to ORS 58.375, 58.376, 58.381, 60.754, and 63.074 by ³⁰ sections 1, 2, 3, 9 and 10 of this 2024 Act apply to contracts that a

person enters into or renews on and after the operative date specified
in section 24 of this 2024 Act.

"(2) Except as otherwise provided in section 16 of this 2024 Act, a 3 nondisclosure noncompetition agreement, agreement or 4 nondisparagement agreement, as those terms are defined in section $\mathbf{5}$ 16 of this 2024 Act, into which a licensee, as defined in ORS 677.010, 6 enters before, on or after the operative date specified in section 24 of 7 this 2024 Act may not be enforced. 8

9 "SECTION 24. (1) Sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20 and 22 of
10 this 2024 Act and the amendments to ORS 58.375, 58.376, 58.381, 60.754
11 and 63.074 by sections 1, 2, 3, 9 and 10 of this 2024 Act become operative
12 on January 1, 2025.

"(2) The Secretary of State, the Attorney General and the director 13of the Oregon Health Authority may adopt rules and take any other 14 action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this sec-15tion that is necessary to enable the Secretary of State, the Attorney 16 General and the authority, on and after the operative date specified 17 in subsection (1) of this section, to undertake and exercise all of the 18 duties, functions and powers conferred on the Secretary of State, the 19 Attorney General and the director of the Oregon Health Authority by 20sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20 and 22 of this 2024 Act and the 21amendments to ORS 58.375, 58.376, 58.381, 60.754 and 63.074 by sections 221, 2, 3, 9 and 10 of this 2024 Act. 23

"<u>SECTION 25.</u> This 2024 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the
 date on which the 2024 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative
 Assembly adjourns sine die.".

27