

# Senate Bill 1506

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## SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**. The statement includes a measure digest written in compliance with applicable readability standards.

Digest: The Act tells the Oregon Health Authority to pay a pharmacist who tests or treats a person for a virus. Lets a pharmacist test for and treat a virus. Starts on October 1, 2024, and ends on June 30, 2026. (Flesch Readability Score: 62.3).

Allows a pharmacist to test for and treat a certain virus. Requires the Oregon Health Authority medical assistance program to reimburse a pharmacist for testing and treatment of the virus.

Sunsets June 30, 2026.

Takes effect on the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

1  
2 Relating to pharmacy; creating new provisions; amending ORS 689.005; and prescribing an effective  
3 date.

4 **Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

5 **SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2024 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 414.**

6 **SECTION 2. The Oregon Health Authority shall reimburse a pharmacist or pharmacy for  
7 testing and treatment, as described in section 4 of this 2024 Act, performed or provided by  
8 the pharmacist.**

9 **SECTION 3. Section 4 of this 2024 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 689.**

10 **SECTION 4. (1) Consistent with the protocols adopted by the State Board of Pharmacy  
11 by rule, as recommended by the Public Health and Pharmacy Formulary Advisory Commit-  
12 tee, a pharmacist may test and provide treatment, including drug therapy, for severe acute  
13 respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2).**

14 **(2) When testing for SARS-CoV-2, a pharmacist may use:**

15 **(a) A screening procedure that can be safely performed by a pharmacist; or**

16 **(b) A test that:**

17 **(A) Guides the pharmacist's clinical decision-making;**

18 **(B) Is determined by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to qualify as a  
19 waived test under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (P.L. 100-578,  
20 42 U.S.C. 201 and 263a) or federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Clinical Laboratory  
21 Improvement Amendments of 1988; and**

22 **(C) Is approved by the board by rule for use under this section.**

23 **(3) A pharmacist may delegate to a pharmacy technician or an intern under the  
24 pharmacist's supervision the administrative and technical tasks of performing a task de-  
25 scribed in subsection (2) of this section.**

26 **(4) The board may adopt rules as necessary to carry out this section.**

27 **SECTION 5. ORS 689.005 is amended to read:**

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter *[italic and bracketed]* is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 689.005. As used in this chapter:

2 (1) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug or device whether by injection,  
3 inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:

4 (a) A practitioner or the practitioner's authorized agent; or

5 (b) The patient or research subject at the direction of the practitioner.

6 (2) "Approved continuing pharmacy education program" means those seminars, classes,  
7 meetings, workshops and other educational programs on the subject of pharmacy approved by the  
8 State Board of Pharmacy.

9 (3) "Clinical pharmacy agreement" means an agreement between a pharmacist or pharmacy and  
10 a health care organization or a physician as defined in ORS 677.010 or a naturopathic physician as  
11 defined in ORS 685.010 that permits the pharmacist to engage in the practice of clinical pharmacy  
12 for the benefit of the patients of the health care organization, physician or naturopathic physician.

13 (4) "Continuing pharmacy education" means:

14 (a) Professional, pharmaceutical post-graduate education in the general areas of socio-economic  
15 and legal aspects of health care;

16 (b) The properties and actions of drugs and dosage forms; and

17 (c) The etiology, characteristics and therapeutics of the disease state.

18 (5) "Continuing pharmacy education unit" means the unit of measurement of credits for ap-  
19 proved continuing education courses and programs.

20 (6) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer of a drug or  
21 device other than by administration from one person to another, whether or not for a consideration.

22 (7) "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro  
23 reagent or other similar or related article, including any component part or accessory, which is re-  
24 quired under federal or state law to be prescribed by a practitioner and dispensed by a pharmacist.

25 (8) "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the preparation and delivery of a prescription drug pur-  
26 suant to a lawful order of a practitioner in a suitable container appropriately labeled for subsequent  
27 administration to or use by a patient or other individual entitled to receive the prescription drug.

28 (9) "Distribute" means the delivery of a drug other than by administering or dispensing.

29 (10) "Drug" means:

30 (a) Articles recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official National  
31 Formulary, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia, other drug compendium or any supplement to any  
32 of them;

33 (b) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of dis-  
34 ease in a human or other animal;

35 (c) Articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of hu-  
36 mans or other animals; and

37 (d) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in paragraph (a), (b) or (c)  
38 of this subsection.

39 (11) "Drug order" means a written order, in a hospital or other inpatient care facility, for an  
40 ultimate user of any drug or device issued and signed by a practitioner, or an order transmitted by  
41 other means of communication from a practitioner, that is immediately reduced to writing by a  
42 pharmacist, licensed nurse or other practitioner.

43 (12) "Drug outlet" means a pharmacy, nursing home, shelter home, convalescent home, extended  
44 care facility, drug abuse treatment center, penal institution, hospital, family planning clinic, student  
45 health center, retail store, wholesaler, manufacturer, mail-order vendor or other establishment with

1 facilities located within or out of this state that is engaged in dispensing, delivery or distribution  
2 of drugs within this state.

3 (13) "Drug room" means a secure and lockable location within an inpatient care facility that  
4 does not have a licensed pharmacy.

5 (14) "Electronically transmitted" or "electronic transmission" means a communication sent or  
6 received through technological apparatuses, including computer terminals or other equipment or  
7 mechanisms linked by telephone or microwave relays, or similar apparatus having electrical, digital,  
8 magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic or similar capabilities.

9 (15) "Injectable hormonal contraceptive" means a drug composed of a hormone or a combination  
10 of hormones that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration to prevent preg-  
11 nancy and that a health care practitioner administers to the patient by injection.

12 (16) "Institutional drug outlet" means hospitals and inpatient care facilities where medications  
13 are dispensed to another health care professional for administration to patients served by the hos-  
14 pitals or facilities.

15 (17) "Intern" means a person who is enrolled in or has completed a course of study at a school  
16 or college of pharmacy approved by the board and who is licensed with the board as an intern.

17 (18) "Internship" means a professional experiential program approved by the board under the  
18 supervision of a licensed pharmacist registered with the board as a preceptor.

19 (19) "Labeling" means the process of preparing and affixing of a label to any drug container  
20 exclusive, however, of the labeling by a manufacturer, packer or distributor of a nonprescription  
21 drug or commercially packaged legend drug or device.

22 (20) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion  
23 or processing of a device or a drug, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of  
24 natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction  
25 and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substances or labeling or  
26 relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding  
27 of a drug by an individual for their own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling  
28 of a drug:

29 (a) By a practitioner as an incident to administering or dispensing of a drug in the course of  
30 professional practice; or

31 (b) By a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorization under supervision of the practitioner  
32 for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale.

33 (21) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the manufacture of drugs.

34 (22) "Nonprescription drug outlet" means a business or other establishment that is open to the  
35 general public for the sale or nonprofit distribution of nonprescription drugs and is registered under  
36 ORS 689.305.

37 (23) "Nonprescription drugs" means drugs that may be sold without a prescription and that are  
38 prepackaged for use by the consumer and labeled in accordance with the requirements of the stat-  
39 utes and regulations of this state and the federal government.

40 (24) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association or other legal entity.

41 (25) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed by this state to engage in the practice of phar-  
42 macy or to engage in the practice of clinical pharmacy.

43 (26) "Pharmacy" means a place that meets the requirements of rules of the board, is licensed  
44 and approved by the board where the practice of pharmacy may lawfully occur and includes  
45 apothecaries, drug stores, dispensaries, hospital outpatient pharmacies, pharmacy departments and

1 prescription laboratories but does not include a place used by a manufacturer or wholesaler.

2 (27) "Pharmacy technician" means a person licensed by the board who assists in the practice  
3 of pharmacy pursuant to rules of the board.

4 (28) "Practice of clinical pharmacy" means:

5 (a) The health science discipline in which, in conjunction with the patient's other practitioners,  
6 a pharmacist provides patient care to optimize medication therapy and to promote disease pre-  
7 vention and the patient's health and wellness;

8 (b) The provision of patient care services, including but not limited to post-diagnostic disease  
9 state management services; and

10 (c) The practice of pharmacy by a pharmacist pursuant to a clinical pharmacy agreement.

11 (29) "Practice of pharmacy" means:

12 (a) The interpretation and evaluation of prescription orders;

13 (b) The compounding, dispensing and labeling of drugs and devices, except labeling by a man-  
14 ufacturer, packer or distributor of nonprescription drugs and commercially packaged legend drugs  
15 and devices;

16 (c) The prescribing and administering of vaccines and immunizations and the providing of pa-  
17 tient care services pursuant to ORS 689.645;

18 (d) The administering of drugs and devices to the extent permitted under ORS 689.655;

19 (e) The participation in drug selection and drug utilization reviews;

20 (f) The proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and the maintenance of proper records re-  
21 garding the safe storage of drugs and devices;

22 (g) The responsibility for advising, where necessary or where regulated, of therapeutic values,  
23 content, hazards and use of drugs and devices;

24 (h) The monitoring of therapeutic response or adverse effect to drug therapy;

25 (i) The optimizing of drug therapy through the practice of clinical pharmacy;

26 (j) Patient care services, including medication therapy management and comprehensive  
27 medication review;

28 (k) The offering or performing of those acts, services, operations or transactions necessary in  
29 the conduct, operation, management and control of pharmacy;

30 (L) The prescribing and administering of injectable hormonal contraceptives and the prescribing  
31 and dispensing of self-administered hormonal contraceptives pursuant to ORS 689.689;

32 (m) The prescribing and dispensing of emergency refills of insulin and associated insulin-related  
33 devices and supplies pursuant to ORS 689.696;

34 (n) The prescribing, dispensing and administering of preexposure prophylactic antiretroviral  
35 therapies and post-exposure prophylactic antiretroviral therapies, pursuant to ORS 689.704 and rules  
36 adopted by the board under ORS 689.645 and 689.704; *[and]*

37 (o) The delegation of tasks to other health care providers who are appropriately trained and  
38 authorized to perform the delegated tasks[.]; **and**

39 **(p) The testing and treatment of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2**  
40 **(SARS-CoV-2) pursuant to section 4 of this 2024 Act and rules adopted by the board pursuant**  
41 **to section 4 of this 2024 Act.**

42 (30) "Practitioner" means a person licensed and operating within the scope of such license to  
43 prescribe, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer drugs in the course of profes-  
44 sional practice or research:

45 (a) In this state; or

1 (b) In another state or territory of the United States if the person does not reside in Oregon and  
 2 is registered under the federal Controlled Substances Act.

3 (31) “Preceptor” means a pharmacist or a person licensed by the board to supervise the  
 4 internship training of a licensed intern.

5 (32) “Prescription drug” or “legend drug” means a drug that is:

6 (a) Required by federal law, prior to being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled with either of  
 7 the following statements:

8 (A) “Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription”; or

9 (B) “Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed  
 10 veterinarian”; or

11 (b) Required by any applicable federal or state law or regulation to be dispensed on prescription  
 12 only or is restricted to use by practitioners only.

13 (33) “Prescription” or “prescription drug order” means a written, oral or electronically trans-  
 14 mitted direction, given by a practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs, for the preparation and use  
 15 of a drug. When the context requires, “prescription” also means the drug prepared under such  
 16 written, oral or electronically transmitted direction.

17 (34) “Retail drug outlet” means a place used for the conduct of the retail sale, administering or  
 18 dispensing or compounding of drugs or chemicals or for the administering or dispensing of pre-  
 19 scriptions and licensed by the board as a place where the practice of pharmacy may lawfully occur.

20 (35) “Self-administered hormonal contraceptive” means a drug composed of a hormone or a  
 21 combination of hormones that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration to  
 22 prevent pregnancy and that the patient to whom the drug is prescribed may administer to oneself.  
 23 “Self-administered hormonal contraceptive” includes, but is not limited to, hormonal contraceptive  
 24 patches and hormonal contraceptive pills.

25 (36) “Third-party logistics provider” means an entity that:

26 (a) Provides or coordinates warehousing of, or other logistics services for, a product in inter-  
 27 state commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale distributor or dispenser of the product; and

28 (b) Does not take ownership of, or have responsibility to direct the sale or disposition of, the  
 29 product.

30 (37) “Unit dose” means a sealed single-unit container so designed that the contents are admin-  
 31 istered to the patient as a single dose, direct from the container. Each unit dose container must bear  
 32 a separate label, be labeled with the name and strength of the medication, the name of the man-  
 33 ufacturer or distributor, an identifying lot number and, if applicable, the expiration date of the  
 34 medication.

35 (38) “Wholesale distributor drug outlet” means a person, other than a manufacturer,  
 36 manufacturer’s colicensed partner, third-party logistics provider or repackager, as defined in 21  
 37 U.S.C. 360eee(16), that is engaged in wholesale distribution, as defined in 21 U.S.C. 353(e)(4).

38 **SECTION 6.** ORS 689.005, as amended by section 5 of this 2024 Act, is amended to read:

39 689.005. As used in this chapter:

40 (1) “Administer” means the direct application of a drug or device whether by injection,  
 41 inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:

42 (a) A practitioner or the practitioner’s authorized agent; or

43 (b) The patient or research subject at the direction of the practitioner.

44 (2) “Approved continuing pharmacy education program” means those seminars, classes,  
 45 meetings, workshops and other educational programs on the subject of pharmacy approved by the

1 State Board of Pharmacy.

2 (3) "Clinical pharmacy agreement" means an agreement between a pharmacist or pharmacy and  
3 a health care organization or a physician as defined in ORS 677.010 or a naturopathic physician as  
4 defined in ORS 685.010 that permits the pharmacist to engage in the practice of clinical pharmacy  
5 for the benefit of the patients of the health care organization, physician or naturopathic physician.

6 (4) "Continuing pharmacy education" means:

7 (a) Professional, pharmaceutical post-graduate education in the general areas of socio-economic  
8 and legal aspects of health care;

9 (b) The properties and actions of drugs and dosage forms; and

10 (c) The etiology, characteristics and therapeutics of the disease state.

11 (5) "Continuing pharmacy education unit" means the unit of measurement of credits for ap-  
12 proved continuing education courses and programs.

13 (6) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer of a drug or  
14 device other than by administration from one person to another, whether or not for a consideration.

15 (7) "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro  
16 reagent or other similar or related article, including any component part or accessory, which is re-  
17 quired under federal or state law to be prescribed by a practitioner and dispensed by a pharmacist.

18 (8) "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the preparation and delivery of a prescription drug pur-  
19 suant to a lawful order of a practitioner in a suitable container appropriately labeled for subsequent  
20 administration to or use by a patient or other individual entitled to receive the prescription drug.

21 (9) "Distribute" means the delivery of a drug other than by administering or dispensing.

22 (10) "Drug" means:

23 (a) Articles recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official National  
24 Formulary, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia, other drug compendium or any supplement to any  
25 of them;

26 (b) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of dis-  
27 ease in a human or other animal;

28 (c) Articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of hu-  
29 mans or other animals; and

30 (d) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in paragraph (a), (b) or (c)  
31 of this subsection.

32 (11) "Drug order" means a written order, in a hospital or other inpatient care facility, for an  
33 ultimate user of any drug or device issued and signed by a practitioner, or an order transmitted by  
34 other means of communication from a practitioner, that is immediately reduced to writing by a  
35 pharmacist, licensed nurse or other practitioner.

36 (12) "Drug outlet" means a pharmacy, nursing home, shelter home, convalescent home, extended  
37 care facility, drug abuse treatment center, penal institution, hospital, family planning clinic, student  
38 health center, retail store, wholesaler, manufacturer, mail-order vendor or other establishment with  
39 facilities located within or out of this state that is engaged in dispensing, delivery or distribution  
40 of drugs within this state.

41 (13) "Drug room" means a secure and lockable location within an inpatient care facility that  
42 does not have a licensed pharmacy.

43 (14) "Electronically transmitted" or "electronic transmission" means a communication sent or  
44 received through technological apparatuses, including computer terminals or other equipment or  
45 mechanisms linked by telephone or microwave relays, or similar apparatus having electrical, digital,

1 magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic or similar capabilities.

2 (15) "Injectable hormonal contraceptive" means a drug composed of a hormone or a combination  
3 of hormones that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration to prevent preg-  
4 nancy and that a health care practitioner administers to the patient by injection.

5 (16) "Institutional drug outlet" means hospitals and inpatient care facilities where medications  
6 are dispensed to another health care professional for administration to patients served by the hos-  
7 pitals or facilities.

8 (17) "Intern" means a person who is enrolled in or has completed a course of study at a school  
9 or college of pharmacy approved by the board and who is licensed with the board as an intern.

10 (18) "Internship" means a professional experiential program approved by the board under the  
11 supervision of a licensed pharmacist registered with the board as a preceptor.

12 (19) "Labeling" means the process of preparing and affixing of a label to any drug container  
13 exclusive, however, of the labeling by a manufacturer, packer or distributor of a nonprescription  
14 drug or commercially packaged legend drug or device.

15 (20) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion  
16 or processing of a device or a drug, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of  
17 natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction  
18 and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substances or labeling or  
19 relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding  
20 of a drug by an individual for their own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling  
21 of a drug:

22 (a) By a practitioner as an incident to administering or dispensing of a drug in the course of  
23 professional practice; or

24 (b) By a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorization under supervision of the practitioner  
25 for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale.

26 (21) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the manufacture of drugs.

27 (22) "Nonprescription drug outlet" means a business or other establishment that is open to the  
28 general public for the sale or nonprofit distribution of nonprescription drugs and is registered under  
29 ORS 689.305.

30 (23) "Nonprescription drugs" means drugs that may be sold without a prescription and that are  
31 prepackaged for use by the consumer and labeled in accordance with the requirements of the stat-  
32 utes and regulations of this state and the federal government.

33 (24) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association or other legal entity.

34 (25) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed by this state to engage in the practice of phar-  
35 macy or to engage in the practice of clinical pharmacy.

36 (26) "Pharmacy" means a place that meets the requirements of rules of the board, is licensed  
37 and approved by the board where the practice of pharmacy may lawfully occur and includes  
38 apothecaries, drug stores, dispensaries, hospital outpatient pharmacies, pharmacy departments and  
39 prescription laboratories but does not include a place used by a manufacturer or wholesaler.

40 (27) "Pharmacy technician" means a person licensed by the board who assists in the practice  
41 of pharmacy pursuant to rules of the board.

42 (28) "Practice of clinical pharmacy" means:

43 (a) The health science discipline in which, in conjunction with the patient's other practitioners,  
44 a pharmacist provides patient care to optimize medication therapy and to promote disease pre-  
45 vention and the patient's health and wellness;

1 (b) The provision of patient care services, including but not limited to post-diagnostic disease  
 2 state management services; and

3 (c) The practice of pharmacy by a pharmacist pursuant to a clinical pharmacy agreement.

4 (29) "Practice of pharmacy" means:

5 (a) The interpretation and evaluation of prescription orders;

6 (b) The compounding, dispensing and labeling of drugs and devices, except labeling by a man-  
 7 ufacturer, packer or distributor of nonprescription drugs and commercially packaged legend drugs  
 8 and devices;

9 (c) The prescribing and administering of vaccines and immunizations and the providing of pa-  
 10 tient care services pursuant to ORS 689.645;

11 (d) The administering of drugs and devices to the extent permitted under ORS 689.655;

12 (e) The participation in drug selection and drug utilization reviews;

13 (f) The proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and the maintenance of proper records re-  
 14 garding the safe storage of drugs and devices;

15 (g) The responsibility for advising, where necessary or where regulated, of therapeutic values,  
 16 content, hazards and use of drugs and devices;

17 (h) The monitoring of therapeutic response or adverse effect to drug therapy;

18 (i) The optimizing of drug therapy through the practice of clinical pharmacy;

19 (j) Patient care services, including medication therapy management and comprehensive  
 20 medication review;

21 (k) The offering or performing of those acts, services, operations or transactions necessary in  
 22 the conduct, operation, management and control of pharmacy;

23 (L) The prescribing and administering of injectable hormonal contraceptives and the prescribing  
 24 and dispensing of self-administered hormonal contraceptives pursuant to ORS 689.689;

25 (m) The prescribing and dispensing of emergency refills of insulin and associated insulin-related  
 26 devices and supplies pursuant to ORS 689.696;

27 (n) The prescribing, dispensing and administering of preexposure prophylactic antiretroviral  
 28 therapies and post-exposure prophylactic antiretroviral therapies, pursuant to ORS 689.704 and rules  
 29 adopted by the board under ORS 689.645 and 689.704; **and**

30 (o) The delegation of tasks to other health care providers who are appropriately trained and  
 31 authorized to perform the delegated tasks[; *and*]

32 [*p*] *The testing and treatment of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2)*  
 33 *pursuant to section 4 of this 2024 Act and rules adopted by the board pursuant to section 4 of this 2024*  
 34 *Act*].

35 (30) "Practitioner" means a person licensed and operating within the scope of such license to  
 36 prescribe, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer drugs in the course of profes-  
 37 sional practice or research:

38 (a) In this state; or

39 (b) In another state or territory of the United States if the person does not reside in Oregon and  
 40 is registered under the federal Controlled Substances Act.

41 (31) "Preceptor" means a pharmacist or a person licensed by the board to supervise the  
 42 internship training of a licensed intern.

43 (32) "Prescription drug" or "legend drug" means a drug that is:

44 (a) Required by federal law, prior to being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled with either of  
 45 the following statements:

1 (A) “Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription”; or

2 (B) “Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed  
3 veterinarian”; or

4 (b) Required by any applicable federal or state law or regulation to be dispensed on prescription  
5 only or is restricted to use by practitioners only.

6 (33) “Prescription” or “prescription drug order” means a written, oral or electronically trans-  
7 mitted direction, given by a practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs, for the preparation and use  
8 of a drug. When the context requires, “prescription” also means the drug prepared under such  
9 written, oral or electronically transmitted direction.

10 (34) “Retail drug outlet” means a place used for the conduct of the retail sale, administering or  
11 dispensing or compounding of drugs or chemicals or for the administering or dispensing of pre-  
12 scriptions and licensed by the board as a place where the practice of pharmacy may lawfully occur.

13 (35) “Self-administered hormonal contraceptive” means a drug composed of a hormone or a  
14 combination of hormones that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration to  
15 prevent pregnancy and that the patient to whom the drug is prescribed may administer to oneself.  
16 “Self-administered hormonal contraceptive” includes, but is not limited to, hormonal contraceptive  
17 patches and hormonal contraceptive pills.

18 (36) “Third-party logistics provider” means an entity that:

19 (a) Provides or coordinates warehousing of, or other logistics services for, a product in inter-  
20 state commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale distributor or dispenser of the product; and

21 (b) Does not take ownership of, or have responsibility to direct the sale or disposition of, the  
22 product.

23 (37) “Unit dose” means a sealed single-unit container so designed that the contents are admin-  
24 istered to the patient as a single dose, direct from the container. Each unit dose container must bear  
25 a separate label, be labeled with the name and strength of the medication, the name of the man-  
26 ufacturer or distributor, an identifying lot number and, if applicable, the expiration date of the  
27 medication.

28 (38) “Wholesale distributor drug outlet” means a person, other than a manufacturer,  
29 manufacturer’s colicensed partner, third-party logistics provider or repackager, as defined in 21  
30 U.S.C. 360eee(16), that is engaged in wholesale distribution, as defined in 21 U.S.C. 353(e)(4).

31 **SECTION 7. The amendments to ORS 689.005 by section 6 of this 2024 Act become oper-  
32 ative on June 30, 2026.**

33 **SECTION 8. Sections 2 and 4 of this 2024 Act are repealed on June 30, 2026.**

34 **SECTION 9. (1) Sections 2 and 4 of this 2024 Act and the amendments to ORS 689.005 by  
35 section 5 of this 2024 Act become operative on October 1, 2024.**

36 **(2) The Oregon Health Authority and the State Board of Pharmacy may take any action  
37 before the operative date specified in this section that is necessary to enable the authority  
38 and the board to exercise, on or after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this  
39 section, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the authority and the board by  
40 sections 2 and 4 of this 2024 Act and the amendments to ORS 689.005 by section 5 of this 2024  
41 Act.**

42 **SECTION 10. This 2024 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2024  
43 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.**