Corrected

# SB 1502 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

# **Senate Committee On Education**

**Action Date:** 02/13/24

Action: Do pass with amendments and requesting subsequent referral to

Ways and Means be rescinded. (Printed A-Eng.)

**Vote:** 5-0-0-0

Yeas: 5 - Anderson, Dembrow, Frederick, Gelser Blouin, Weber

Fiscal: Has minimal fiscal impact

Revenue: No revenue impact

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**Meeting Dates:** 2/6, 2/13

## WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

The measure requires public education governing boards to post meeting recordings online. It does not apply to executive sessions or to school districts of less than 50 students. If a board's facilities lack broadband internet, then the measure permits the board to post audio recordings instead of video. Effective January 1, 2025.

# **Detailed Summary:**

Specifies that the measure applies to the governing boards of common or union high school districts, education service districts, community college districts, and public universities described in ORS 352.002, but does not apply to school districts of less than 50 students in resident average daily membership. Requires boards to post video or audio recordings of each meeting to the district, college, or university website or social media site within seven days of the meeting. Provides that if a board's facilities lack broadband internet, then the board may post audio instead of video on its website or social media site. Exempts from these requirements any meeting or portion of a meeting that is conducted in executive session. Effective January 1, 2025.

### **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Benefits of increased government transparency and access for public participation
- Ease and low cost of video recording and livestreaming for boards
- Provisions of amendment
- Concerns about involvement of individuals outside of school communities
- Potential for recordings to be reposted on social media
- Training for school board members
- · Date requirements for posted recording

#### **EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

The amendment removes the requirement that boards livestream meetings and the requirement that boards permit remote testimony if their meetings permit in-person testimony. The amendment provides that if a board's facilities lack broadband internet, then the board may post audio instead of video on its website or social media site. The amendment retains the measure's exemption for executive sessions. It adds an exemption for school districts of less than 50 students in resident average daily membership.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Oregon public education boards have a variety of practices regarding remote meeting participation and recordings. <a href="Meanton: Beaverton School Board">Beaverton School Board</a> allows public Zoom participation and posts video recordings. <a href="David Douglas School Board">David Douglas</a> School Board livestreams its meetings and posts video recordings. <a href="Klamath County School Board">Klamath County School Board</a> allows the public Zoom participation in board meetings. <a href="Roseburg School Board">Roseburg School Board</a> posts video recordings. <a href="Seaside School Board">Seaside School Board</a>

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permits virtual participation via Zoom.

Other state legislatures have recently passed or are currently considering bills to increase the public's online access to school board meetings. For example, <a href="Indiana's House Bill 1167">Indiana's House Bill 1167</a> (2023) requires all government meetings, including those of school boards, to be livestreamed starting in 2025, and <a href="New Mexico's Senate Bill 137">New Mexico's Senate Bill 137</a> (2024) would require school boards to livestream meetings and to make video recordings of meetings publicly available online.