SENATE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 871

By COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

April 12

1	In line 2 of the	printed bill,	after "buildings'	' insert "; cr	reating new	provisions;	amending	ORS
2	279A.010, 279A.065,	469.754 and	469.756; and pre	scribing an	effective date	e".		

Delete lines 4 through 9 and insert:

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- "SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2023 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 279C.
- 5 "SECTION 2. (1) As used in this section:
 - "(a) 'Cost effective' means that over the useful life of an energy conservation measure the present value of a reduction in costs to a contracting agency associated with energy use in a public improvement is greater than the net present value, discounted at the cost of public borrowing, of the costs to the contracting agency of constructing or installing, maintaining and operating the energy conservation measure that provides the reduction in energy use.
 - "(b) 'Energy conservation measure' means equipment, a fixture or a furnishing that a qualified energy service company identifies, evaluates, recommends, designs and constructs or installs for or in a public improvement as a means for reducing energy consumption and related costs of energy use in the public improvement, including reductions and cost savings associated with using electrical energy, thermal energy and water, reductions in generated waste, including greenhouse gas emissions, and reductions in costs associated with waste or disposing of waste.
 - "(c) 'Guarantee' means an enforceable agreement between a contracting agency and a qualified energy service company that:
 - "(A) Allocates responsibilities between the contracting agency and the qualified energy service company for achieving specific energy savings or performance from an energy conservation measure in a public improvement; and
 - "(B) Provides remedies to a contracting agency, including damages and appropriate equitable relief, if an energy conservation measure the qualified energy service company identifies, evaluates, recommends, designs, constructs or installs for or in a public improvement fails to achieve the energy savings or performance specified in an energy savings performance contract.
 - "(d) 'Qualified energy service company' means a person that:
 - "(A) Has demonstrated a technical, operational, financial and managerial capability for, and a prior record of success in, identifying, evaluating, recommending, designing and constructing or installing an energy conservation measure;
 - "(B) Has developed expertise in measuring and verifying energy use and reductions in energy use in buildings and other structures; and
 - "(C) Has prequalified with the State Department of Energy as provided under rules the

department adopts under ORS 276.915.

- "(2) An energy savings performance contract must:
- "(a) Permit a contracting agency to purchase or finance the costs of an energy conservation measure with any combination of:
 - "(A) Financing that a qualified energy service company provides;
 - "(B) Tax-exempt lease purchase agreements;
 - "(C) Municipal lease financing;
- "(D) Financing from financial institutions or other parties; or
 - "(E) Other financing that the State Treasurer approves;
- "(b) Permit the contracting agency to pay the costs of an energy conservation measure and any costs of financing the energy conservation measure from:
- "(A) Energy cost savings, reductions in utility costs or savings in operating or maintaining the public improvement;
- "(B) Proceeds from grants or gifts, incentives from utilities, refinancing or other financing; or
- "(C) Other funding sources, including appropriations, the contracting agency's capital budget or other funds that the contracting agency may lawfully use for the purpose set forth in this paragraph;
- "(c) Provide that the contracting agency may purchase or finance an energy conservation measure as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection if the utility cost savings that will result from the energy conservation measure is sufficient to pay, within the useful life of the energy conservation measure, the cost of the energy conservation measure and the costs of financing the energy conservation measure;
- "(d) Provide that a contracting agency may finance the costs of all energy conservation measures for a public improvement as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection if the aggregated utility cost savings that will result from all energy conservation measures is sufficient to pay, within the useful life of the energy conservation measures, the cost of the energy conservation measures and the costs of financing the energy conservation measures; and
- "(e) Provide a guarantee to the contracting agency of a specific and measurable reduction in energy use and utility costs as a consequence of installing and operating the energy conservation measures that are the subject of the energy savings performance contract.
- "(3) A contracting agency may enter into only those energy savings performance contracts that are cost effective.
- "(4) A contracting agency may choose only a qualified energy service company as a contractor for an energy savings performance contract. The exemption set forth in ORS 279C.335 (1)(f) exempts the contracting agency from any requirement to issue a request for proposals or otherwise conduct a competitive procurement. In soliciting an energy savings performance contract, the contracting agency may use any lawful process that complies with the contracting agency's rules and policies.
- "SECTION 3. (1) As used in this section, 'state agency' has the meaning given that term in ORS 278.005.
- "(2)(a) The Oregon Department of Administrative Services, in cooperation with the State Department of Energy, shall develop a methodology and work plan for state agencies to implement a comprehensive assessment of energy use and greenhouse gas emissions of state-

owned buildings. At a minimum, the assessments must:

- "(A) Examine and quantify each building's greenhouse gas emissions, using where feasible existing data such as energy use reporting for existing state-owned buildings that state agencies submitted to the State Department of Energy and data from other existing programs and contracts;
- "(B) Identify equipment or usage that contributes to greenhouse gas emissions from each building; and
- "(C) Determine and quantify the useful life of equipment in each building that contributes to greenhouse gas emissions.
- "(b) The Oregon Department of Administrative Services may direct state agencies to conduct the assessments described in paragraph (a) of this subsection in phases or stages and may specify a minimum building size that is subject to an assessment.
- "(c) The Oregon Department of Administrative Services may procure and make available to state agencies services from a private contractor to conduct the assessments described in paragraph (a) of this subsection throughout the state.
- "(3) All agencies of state government shall cooperate with and assist the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, or the department's contractor, in conducting the assessments and shall timely provide relevant information to the department, or the department's contractor, in accordance with methodology the department specifies.
- "(4) The Oregon Department of Administrative Services, with support from the State Department of Energy, shall create a searchable and modifiable database with the data that the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, or the department's contractor, collects from state agency assessments described in subsection (2) of this section. State agencies shall use baseline data from the database as a tool for planning energy use reduction and greenhouse gas emissions reduction targets in capital projects.
- "(5)(a) The Oregon Department of Administrative Services, in collaboration with the Department of Environmental Quality and the State Department of Energy, shall oversee all capital projects in which:
 - "(A) A state agency constructs or performs a major renovation on a state building; and
 - "(B) The estimated contract price for the capital project exceeds \$1 million.
- "(b) In performing the oversight described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the Oregon Department of Administrative Services shall:
 - "(A) Develop and implement guidelines for sustainable design that:
- "(i) Apply to all state agencies and all capital projects described in paragraph (a) of this subsection;
- "(ii) Take into account the building's life cycle and the life cycle of all of the building's systems, components, materials, operations and maintenance; and
 - "(iii) Consider each building's size, cost or purpose;
- "(B) Provide guidance and technical expertise to each state agency with respect to construction methods, materials, energy conservation measures, greenhouse gas emissions reduction methods, green building construction and renovation and other techniques and technologies that will aid in achieving the state's green building, energy efficiency and greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals; and
- "(C) Use existing work the State Department of Energy performed in connection with the United States Department of Energy's Standard Energy Efficiency Data program, data from

other existing programs and contracts and, where appropriate, data from the database described in subsection (4) of this section.

- "(c) Each state agency shall report regularly to the Oregon Department of Administrative Services concerning progress on a capital project described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, with an emphasis on progress toward meeting the goals described in paragraph (b)(B) of this subsection. A state agency may combine a report under this paragraph with a report from another state agency.
- "(6) The Oregon Department of Administrative Services and the State Department of Energy shall participate on behalf of the state in the National Building Performance Standards Coalition.
 - "SECTION 4. ORS 279A.010 is amended to read:
- "279A.010. (1) As used in the Public Contracting Code, unless the context or a specifically applicable definition requires otherwise:
 - "(a) 'Bidder' means a person that submits a bid in response to an invitation to bid.
- "(b) 'Contracting agency' means a public body authorized by law to conduct a procurement. 'Contracting agency' includes, but is not limited to, the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services and any person authorized by a contracting agency to conduct a procurement on the contracting agency's behalf. 'Contracting agency' does not include the judicial department or the legislative department.
- 20 "(c) 'Days' means calendar days.

- "(d) 'Department' means the Oregon Department of Administrative Services.
- "(e) 'Director' means the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services or a person designated by the director to carry out the authority of the director under the Public Contracting Code.
 - "(f) 'Emergency' means circumstances that:
- "(A) Could not have been reasonably foreseen;
- "(B) Create a substantial risk of loss, damage or interruption of services or a substantial threat to property, public health, welfare or safety; and
 - "(C) Require prompt execution of a contract to remedy the condition.
- "[(g) 'Energy savings performance contract' means a public contract between a contracting agency and a qualified energy service company for the identification, evaluation, recommendation, design and construction of energy conservation measures, including a design-build contract, that guarantee energy savings or performance.]
- "(g) 'Energy savings performance contract' means a public contract between a contracting agency and a qualified energy service company, as defined in section 2 of this 2023 Act, including a design-build contract as defined in rules the Attorney General or a contracting agency adopts under ORS 279A.065, in which the qualified energy service company:
- "(A) Identifies, evaluates, recommends, designs and constructs or installs an energy conservation measure for use in a public improvement; and
- "(B) Guarantees that the energy conservation measure will provide a specified level or amount of energy savings or reduction in utility costs.
 - "(h) 'Executive department' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.112.
- "(i) 'Goods' includes supplies, equipment, materials, personal property, including any tangible, intangible and intellectual property and rights and licenses in relation thereto, and combinations of any of the items identified in this paragraph.

"(j) 'Goods and services' or 'goods or services' includes combinations of any of the items identified in the definitions of 'goods' and 'services.'

"(k)(A) 'Grant' means:

- "(i) An agreement under which a contracting agency receives moneys, property or other assistance, including but not limited to federal assistance that is characterized as a grant by federal law or regulations, loans, loan guarantees, credit enhancements, gifts, bequests, commodities or other assets, from a grantor for the purpose of supporting or stimulating a program or activity of the contracting agency and in which no substantial involvement by the grantor is anticipated in the program or activity other than involvement associated with monitoring compliance with the grant conditions; or
- "(ii) An agreement under which a contracting agency provides moneys, property or other assistance, including but not limited to federal assistance that is characterized as a grant by federal law or regulations, loans, loan guarantees, credit enhancements, gifts, bequests, commodities or other assets, to a recipient for the purpose of supporting or stimulating a program or activity of the recipient and in which no substantial involvement by the contracting agency is anticipated in the program or activity other than involvement associated with monitoring compliance with the grant conditions.
- "(B) 'Grant' does not include a public contract for a public improvement, for public works, as defined in ORS 279C.800, or for emergency work, minor alterations or ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a public improvement, when under the public contract a contracting agency pays, in consideration for contract performance intended to realize or to support the realization of the purposes for which grant funds were provided to the contracting agency, moneys that the contracting agency has received under a grant.
- "(L) 'Industrial oil' means any compressor, turbine or bearing oil, hydraulic oil, metal-working oil or refrigeration oil.
 - "(m) 'Judicial department' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.113.
 - "(n) 'Legislative department' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.114.
- "(o) 'Local contract review board' means a local contract review board described in ORS 279A.060.
- "(p) 'Local contracting agency' means a local government or special government body authorized by law to conduct a procurement. 'Local contracting agency' includes any person authorized by a local contracting agency to conduct a procurement on behalf of the local contracting agency.
 - "(q) 'Local government' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.116.
 - "(r) 'Lowest responsible bidder' means the lowest bidder who:
- "(A) Has substantially complied with all prescribed public contracting procedures and requirements;
 - "(B) Has met the standards of responsibility set forth in ORS 279B.110 or 279C.375;
- 38 "(C) Has not been debarred or disqualified by the contracting agency under ORS 279B.130 or 279C.440; and
- 40 "(D) If the advertised contract is a public improvement contract, is not on the list created by 41 the Construction Contractors Board under ORS 701.227.
 - "(s) 'Lubricating oil' means any oil intended for use in an internal combustion crankcase, transmission, gearbox or differential or an automobile, bus, truck, vessel, plane, train, heavy equipment or machinery powered by an internal combustion engine.
 - "(t) 'Person' means a natural person capable of being legally bound, a sole proprietorship, a

corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company or partnership, a limited partnership, a forprofit or nonprofit unincorporated association, a business trust, two or more persons having a joint or common economic interest, any other person with legal capacity to contract or a public body.

- "(u) 'Post-consumer waste' means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item. 'Post-consumer waste' does not include manufacturing waste.
- "(v) 'Price agreement' means a public contract for the procurement of goods or services at a set price with:
 - "(A) No guarantee of a minimum or maximum purchase; or

- "(B) An initial order or minimum purchase combined with a continuing contractor obligation to provide goods or services in which the contracting agency does not guarantee a minimum or maximum additional purchase.
- "(w) 'Procurement' means the act of purchasing, leasing, renting or otherwise acquiring goods or services. 'Procurement' includes each function and procedure undertaken or required to be undertaken by a contracting agency to enter into a public contract, administer a public contract and obtain the performance of a public contract under the Public Contracting Code.
 - "(x) 'Proposer' means a person that submits a proposal in response to a request for proposals.
 - "(y) 'Public body' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109.
- "(z) 'Public contract' means a sale or other disposal, or a purchase, lease, rental or other acquisition, by a contracting agency of personal property, services, including personal services, public improvements, public works, minor alterations, or ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a public improvement. 'Public contract' does not include grants.
- "(aa) 'Public contracting' means procurement activities described in the Public Contracting Code relating to obtaining, modifying or administering public contracts or price agreements.
 - "(bb) 'Public Contracting Code' or 'code' means ORS chapters 279A, 279B and 279C.
- "(cc) 'Public improvement' means a project for construction, reconstruction or major renovation on real property by or for a contracting agency. 'Public improvement' does not include:
- "(A) Projects for which no funds of a contracting agency are directly or indirectly used, except for participation that is incidental or related primarily to project design or inspection; or
- "(B) Emergency work, minor alteration, ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a public improvement.
- "(dd) 'Public improvement contract' means a public contract for a public improvement. 'Public improvement contract' does not include a public contract for emergency work, minor alterations, or ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a public improvement.
- "(ee) 'Recycled material' means any material that would otherwise be a useless, unwanted or discarded material except for the fact that the material still has useful physical or chemical properties after serving a specific purpose and can, therefore, be reused or recycled.
- "(ff) 'Recycled oil' means used oil that has been prepared for reuse as a petroleum product by refining, reclaiming, reprocessing or other means, provided that the preparation or use is operationally safe, environmentally sound and complies with all laws and regulations.
 - "(gg) 'Recycled paper' means a paper product with not less than:
 - "(A) Fifty percent of its fiber weight consisting of secondary waste materials; or
- "(B) Twenty-five percent of its fiber weight consisting of post-consumer waste.
- 44 "(hh) 'Recycled PETE' means post-consumer polyethylene terephthalate material.
 - "(ii) 'Recycled product' means all materials, goods and supplies, not less than 50 percent of the

total weight of which consists of secondary and post-consumer waste with not less than 10 percent of its total weight consisting of post-consumer waste. 'Recycled product' includes any product that could have been disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item, but otherwise is refurbished for reuse without substantial alteration of the product's form.

- "(jj) 'Secondary waste materials' means fragments of products or finished products of a manufacturing process that has converted a virgin resource into a commodity of real economic value. 'Secondary waste materials' includes post-consumer waste. 'Secondary waste materials' does not include excess virgin resources of the manufacturing process. For paper, 'secondary waste materials' does not include fibrous waste generated during the manufacturing process such as fibers recovered from waste water or trimmings of paper machine rolls, mill broke, wood slabs, chips, sawdust or other wood residue from a manufacturing process.
- "(kk) 'Services' mean services other than personal services designated under ORS 279A.055, except that, for state contracting agencies with procurement authority under ORS 279A.050 or 279A.140, 'services' includes personal services as designated by the state contracting agencies.
 - "(LL) 'Special government body' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.117.
- "(mm) 'State agency' means the executive department, except the Secretary of State and the State Treasurer in the performance of the duties of their constitutional offices.
- "(nn) 'State contracting agency' means an executive department entity authorized by law to conduct a procurement.
 - "(00) 'State government' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.111.
 - "(pp) 'Used oil' has the meaning given that term in ORS 459A.555.
- "(qq) 'Virgin oil' means oil that has been refined from crude oil and that has not been used or contaminated with impurities.
- "(2) Other definitions appearing in the Public Contracting Code and the sections in which they appear are:

28	(a)	"Administering contracting
29		agency"ORS 279A.200
30	(b)	"Affirmative action"ORS 279A.100
31	(c)	"Architect"ORS 279C.100
32	(d)	"Architectural,
33		engineering, photogram-
34		metric mapping,
35		transportation planning
36		or land surveying
37		services"ORS 279C.100
38	(e)	"Bid documents"ORS 279C.400
39	(f)	"Bidder"ORS 279B.415
40	(g)	"Bids"ORS 279C.400
41	(h)	"Brand name"ORS 279B.405
42	(i)	"Brand name or equal
43		specification"ORS 279B.200
44	(j)	"Brand name
45		specification"ORS 279B.200

1	(k)	"Class special
2	(K)	procurement"ORS 279B.085
3	(L)	"Consultant"ORS 279C.115
4	(E) (m)	"Contract-specific
5	(111)	special procurement"ORS 279B.085
6	(n)	"Cooperative
	(11)	procurement"ORS 279A.200
7	(0)	"Cooperative procurement
8	(0)	group"ORS 279A.200
9	(2)	"Donee"ORS 279A.250
10	(p)	
11	(q)	"Engineer"ORS 279C.100
12	(r)	"Findings"ORS 279C.330
13	(s)	"Fire protection
14		equipment"ORS 279A.190
15	(t)	"Fringe benefits"ORS 279C.800
16	(u)	"Funds of a public
17		agency"ORS 279C.810
18	(v)	"Good cause"ORS 279C.585
19	(w)	"Good faith dispute" ORS 279C.580
20	(x)	"Goods"ORS 279B.115
21	(y)	"Housing"ORS 279C.800
22	(z)	"Interstate cooperative
23		procurement"ORS 279A.200
24	(aa)	"Invitation to bid"ORS 279B.005
25		and 279C.400
26	(bb)	"Joint cooperative
27		procurement"ORS 279A.200
28	(cc)	"Labor dispute"ORS 279C.650
29	(dd)	"Land surveyor"ORS 279C.100
30	(ee)	"Legally flawed"ORS 279B.405
31	(ff)	"Locality"ORS 279C.800
32	(gg)	"Nonprofit
33		organization"ORS 279C.810
34	(hh)	"Nonresident bidder"ORS 279A.120
35	(ii)	"Not-for-profit
36	, ,	organization"ORS 279A.250
37	(jj)	"Original contract"ORS 279A.200
38	(kk)	"Permissive cooperative
39	(1111)	procurement"ORS 279A.200
40	(LL)	"Person"ORS 279C.500
41	(LL)	and 279C.815
42	(mm)	"Personal services"ORS 279C.100
	, ,	
43	(nn)	"Photogrammetric
44	(-)	mapping"ORS 279C.100
45	(00)	"Photogrammetrist"ORS 279C.100

1	(pp)	"Prevailing rate of
2		wage"ORS 279C.800
3	(qq)	"Procurement
4		description"ORS 279B.005
5	(rr)	"Property"ORS 279A.250
6	(ss)	"Public agency"ORS 279C.800
7	(tt)	"Public contract"ORS 279A.190
8	(uu)	"Public works"ORS 279C.800
9	(vv)	"Purchasing contracting
10		agency"ORS 279A.200
11	(ww)	"Regularly organized fire
12		department"ORS 279A.190
13	(xx)	"Related services"ORS 279C.100
14	(yy)	"Request for
15		proposals"ORS 279B.005
16	(zz)	"Resident bidder"ORS 279A.120
17	(aaa)	"Responsible bidder"ORS 279A.105
18		and 279B.005
19	(bbb)	"Responsible
20		proposer"ORS 279B.005
21	(ccc)	"Responsive bid"ORS 279B.005
22	(ddd)	"Responsive
23		proposal"ORS 279B.005
24	(eee)	"Retainage"ORS 279C.550
25	(fff)	"Special
26		procurement"ORS 279B.085
27	(ggg)	"Specification"ORS 279B.200
28	(hhh)	"State agency"ORS 279A.250
29	(iii)	"Substantial
30		completion"ORS 279C.465
31	(jjj)	"Surplus property"ORS 279A.250
32	(kkk)	"Transportation
33		planning services"ORS 279C.100
34	(LLL)	"Unnecessarily
35		restrictive"ORS 279B.405
36 "		

"SECTION 5. ORS 279A.065 is amended to read:

"279A.065. (1) The Attorney General shall prepare and maintain model rules that specify procedures for public contracting under the Public Contracting Code and that are appropriate for all contracting agencies to use. The Attorney General may devise and publish forms for use with the model rules. The Attorney General shall adopt the model rules in accordance with ORS chapter 183. Before adopting or amending a model rule, the Attorney General shall consult with the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the Director of Transportation, representatives of county governments, representatives of city governments, representatives of school boards and

other knowledgeable persons.

"(2) The Attorney General shall adopt model rules [that] to specify procedures for all contracting agencies to use to enter into energy savings performance contracts that are consistent with the requirements of section 2 of this 2023 Act. Before adopting or amending a rule under this subsection, the Attorney General shall consult with the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the State Department of Energy, local contracting agencies and other knowledgeable persons. The Attorney General may develop standard contract forms for use with energy savings performance contracts.

"(3)(a) The Attorney General shall adopt model rules that specify procedures for all contracting agencies to use to procure construction manager/general contractor services. Before adopting or amending a rule under this subsection, the Attorney General shall consult with the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the Director of Transportation, local contracting agencies, construction contractors, construction subcontractors and other knowledgeable persons.

- "(b) Notwithstanding subsection (6) of this section, a contracting agency may not adopt the contracting agency's own rules for procuring construction manager/general contractor services.
- "(4) After each legislative session, the Attorney General shall review all laws the Legislative Assembly passed that affect public contracting to determine if the Attorney General should amend or repeal a model rule prepared under this section or adopt a new rule. If the Attorney General determines that a modification of the model rules is necessary, the Attorney General shall prepare the modification within such time as to allow the modification to take effect no later than 120 days after the effective date of the legislation that caused the Attorney General to modify the rule. The Attorney General may prepare a modification to take effect 121 or more days after the effective date of the legislation if the Attorney General, in a notice to the state agencies and persons listed in subsection (1) of this section, specifies when the modification will take effect.
- "(5) A contracting agency that has not adopted the contracting agency's own rules of procedure in accordance with subsection (6) of this section is subject to the model rules the Attorney General adopts under this section, including all modifications to the model rules that the Attorney General may adopt.
- "(6)(a) A contracting agency may adopt the contracting agency's own rules of procedure for public contracts that:
- "(A) Specifically state that the model rules the Attorney General adopts under this section do not apply to the contracting agency; and
- "(B) Prescribe the rules of procedure that the contracting agency will use for public contracts, which may include portions of the model rules the Attorney General adopts.
- "(b) A contracting agency that adopts rules under this subsection shall review the rules each time the Attorney General modifies the model rules under this section to determine whether the contracting agency should modify the contracting agency's rules to ensure compliance with statutory changes.

"SECTION 6. ORS 469.754 is amended to read:

"469.754. (1) State agencies [are authorized to] may enter into such contractual and other arrangements as [may be] are necessary or convenient to design, develop, operate and finance projects on-site at state owned or state rented facilities. [In developing such projects, state agencies shall offer a right of first refusal of two months for conservation and direct use renewable resources and three months for cogeneration and generating renewable resources to each local utility providing utility service to the agency to jointly develop, finance, operate and otherwise act together in the development and

operation of such projects. The State Department of Energy shall adopt rules to establish the procedure by which the right of first refusal shall be administered. In adopting the rules, the department shall insure that the local utility providing utility service to the state agency is entitled to the first right to negotiate with the state agency and that the utility is entitled to match any offer made by any other entity to participate in the project. The department also shall adopt procedures that insure that the right to first negotiate and the right to match any offer applies to the sale of electrical or steam output from the project.]

- "(2)(a) For as long as a project established under ORS 469.752 to 469.756 produces savings:
- "(A) A state agency's budget [shall] **may** not be cut because of savings due to the project; and "(B) A state agency shall retain [50] **100** percent of the net savings to the state agency after any project debt service.
- "(b) Savings from a project [shall] **must** be deposited in a revolving fund administered by the state agency.
- "(3) A state agency shall spend the savings under subsection (2) of this section to increase productivity through:
 - "(a) Energy efficiency projects;

- "(b) High-tech improvements, such as the purchase or installation of new desktop or laptop computers or the linkage of computers into systems or networks; or
 - "(c) Infrastructure improvements.
- "(4) The moneys credited to the revolving fund may be invested and reinvested as provided in ORS 293.701 to 293.790. Notwithstanding ORS 293.105 (3) or any other provision of law, interest or other earnings on moneys in the revolving fund [shall] **must** be credited to the revolving fund.
- "[(5) The remaining 50 percent of net savings to the state agency after any project debt service shall be deposited in the General Fund.]
- "[(6)] (5) [Nothing in] ORS 469.752 to 469.756 [authorizes] do not authorize a state agency to sell electricity to an entity other than an investor owned utility, a publicly owned utility, an electric cooperative utility or the Bonneville Power Administration.
- "[(7)] **(6)** [Nothing in] ORS 469.752 to 469.756 [limits] **do not limit** the authority of a state agency conferred by any other provision of law, or [affects] **affect** any authority, including the authority of a municipality, to regulate utility service under existing law.

"SECTION 7. ORS 469.756 is amended to read:

"469.756. The State Department of Energy in consultation with other state agencies and utilities shall adopt rules, guidelines and procedures that are necessary to establish savings for projects and to implement other provisions of ORS 469.752 to 469.756[, including, but not limited to, rules prescribing the procedures to be followed by an agency in negotiating with local utilities to develop agreements suitable for the joint development of projects, and procedures to determine which local utility, if any, shall be chosen to jointly develop the project]. The department may enter into agreements under ORS chapter 190 with state agencies to provide technical assistance in selecting appropriate projects and to evaluate and determine energy and cost savings.

"SECTION 8. (1) Section 2 of this 2023 Act and the amendments to ORS 279A.010 and 279A.065 by sections 4 and 5 of this 2023 Act apply to procurements for energy savings performance contracts that a contracting agency enters into on and after the operative date specified in section 9 of this 2023 Act.

"(2) The amendments to ORS 469.754 and 469.756 by sections 6 and 7 of this 2023 Act apply to projects that a state agency commences, and to contracts for energy sales into which the

state agency enters, on and after the operative date specified in section 9 of this 2023 Act.

"SECTION 9. (1) Sections 2 and 3 of this 2023 Act and the amendments to ORS 279A.010, 279A.065, 469.754 and 469.756 by sections 4 to 7 of this 2023 Act become operative on January 1, 2024.

"(2) The Attorney General, the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the Director of Transportation, the Director of the State Department of Energy, a contracting agency that adopts rules under ORS 279A.065 and a state agency that commences a project under ORS 469.752 to 469.756 may adopt rules and take any other action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the Attorney General, the directors, the contracting agency or the state agency to undertake and exercise all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the Attorney General, the directors, the contracting agency or the state agency by sections 2 and 3 of this 2023 Act and the amendments to ORS 279A.010, 279A.065, 469.754 and 469.756 by sections 4 to 7 of this 2023 Act.

"SECTION 10. This 2023 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2023 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.".

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