A-Engrossed

Senate Bill 847

Ordered by the Senate April 10
Including Senate Amendments dated April 10

Sponsored by Senator JAMA

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

[Freezes tax assessed value for certain new residential construction for five property tax years. Applies to tax years beginning on or after July 1, 2023.]

Allows [residential uses] **affordable housing** on lands zoned for commercial uses within urban growth boundaries.

[ Limits Land Use Board of Appeals’ review of approved middle income developments and allows board to accept additional evidence upon which to review such approvals. Sunsets January 2, 2028.]

Allows local governments to extend decision-making period for application to develop residential structures within urban growth boundary or to reconsider land use decision for development of residential structures.

Makes permanent requirements that local governments allow siting of certain emergency shelters, conditioned upon latest estimates of percentage of individuals experiencing homelessness. Awards attorney fees for successful appeal of local government’s denial of emergency shelter application. **Becomes operative on passage.**

[Expands definition of “residential homes” and “residential facilities” that local governments must approve under same standards as other residential uses. Allows attorney fees for certain applicants whose approval is appealed.]

Requires Department of Consumer and Business Services to update Oregon Structural Specialty Code to allow additional single-exit residential occupancies.

Exempts certain affordable housing from Oregon Planned Community Act.

Restricts local governments’ ability to regulate condominium form of ownership.

Requires cities or counties to accept funding letters to affordable housing developers as sufficient assurances needed to approve subdivision plat.

[Exempts certain affordable housing projects from requirement to pay prevailing rate of wage.]

Requires local governments to allow certain single-room occupancies in residential zones. Amends definitions of “middle housing” and definition of “needed housing” to include single room occupancies.

Requires [all] more cities to allow duplexes on certain lands zoned to allow single-family dwellings. Updates deadlines for compliance by affected cities. Appropriates moneys from General Fund to Department of Land Conservation and Development to provide grants to affected cities.

[Adds Metro and special districts to surplus real property reporting requirements.]

Provides process and form by which associations may amend declarations and bylaws of planned community or condominium to remove unlawfully discriminatory provisions. Extends until December 31, 2024, deadline by which associations must review declarations and bylaws. **Becomes operative on passage.**

Allows Public Utility Commission to allow public utility to sell or convey real property for affordable housing.

Becomes operative January 1, 2024, except as otherwise provided. Declares emergency January 1, 2024.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to property; creating new provisions; amending ORS 92.090, 94.550, 100.015, 100.022, 100.105, 100.110, 100.115, 197.303, 197.758, 197.830, 215.427 and 227.178 and sections 3 and 4, chapter 639, Oregon Laws 2019, section 3, chapter 18, Oregon Laws 2021, sections 4 and 6, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, and section 23, chapter 13, Oregon Laws 2023 (Enrolled House Bill 2001); repealing section 4, chapter 18, Oregon Laws 2021; and declaring an emergency.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2023 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 197.286 to 197.314.

SECTION 2. (1) Notwithstanding an acknowledged comprehensive plan or land use regulations, within an urban growth boundary a local government shall allow, on lands zoned to allow only commercial uses and not industrial uses, the siting and development of:
   (a) Residential structures subject to an affordable housing covenant as provided in ORS 456.270 to 456.295 making each unit affordable to a household with income less than or equal to 60 percent of the area median income as defined in ORS 456.270; or
   (b) Mixed use structures with ground floor commercial units and residential units subject to an affordable housing covenant as provided in ORS 456.270 to 456.295 making the properties affordable to moderate income households, as defined in ORS 456.270.

(2) The local government may only apply those approval standards, conditions and procedures under ORS 197.307, that would be applicable to the residential zone of the local government that is most comparable in density to the allowed commercial uses.

(3) Development under this section does not:
   (a) Trigger any requirement that a local government consider or update an analysis as required by a statewide planning goal relating to economic development.
   (b) Apply on lands where the local government determines that:
      (A) The development on the property cannot be adequately served by water, sewer, storm water drainage or streets, or will not be adequately served at the time that development on the lot is complete;
      (B) The property contains a slope of 25 percent or greater;
      (C) The property is within a 100-year floodplain; or
      (D) The development of the property is constrained by land use regulations based on statewide land use planning goals relating to:
         (i) Natural disasters and hazards; or
         (ii) Natural resources, including air, water, land or natural areas, but not including open spaces.
   (c) Apply on lands that are vacant or that were added to the urban growth boundary within the last 15 years.

SECTION 3. ORS 215.427 is amended to read:

215.427. (1) Except as provided in subsections (3), (5) and (10) of this section, for land within an urban growth boundary and applications for mineral aggregate extraction, the governing body of a county or its designee shall take final action on an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change, including resolution of all appeals under ORS 215.422, within 120 days after the application is deemed complete. The governing body of a county or its designee shall take final action on all other applications for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change, including resolution of all appeals under ORS 215.422, within 150 days after the application is deemed complete, except as provided in subsections (3), (5) and (10) of this section.

(2) If an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change is incomplete, the
governing body or its designee shall notify the applicant in writing of exactly what information is missing within 30 days of receipt of the application and allow the applicant to submit the missing information. The application shall be deemed complete for the purpose of subsection (1) of this section and ORS 197.311 upon receipt by the governing body or its designee of:

(a) All of the missing information;
(b) Some of the missing information and written notice from the applicant that no other information will be provided; or
(c) Written notice from the applicant that none of the missing information will be provided.

(3)(a) If the application was complete when first submitted or the applicant submits additional information, as described in subsection (2) of this section, within 180 days of the date the application was first submitted and the county has a comprehensive plan and land use regulations acknowledged under ORS 197.251, approval or denial of the application shall be based upon the standards and criteria that were applicable at the time the application was first submitted.

(b) If the application is for industrial or traded sector development of a site identified under section 12, chapter 800, Oregon Laws 2003, and proposes an amendment to the comprehensive plan, approval or denial of the application must be based upon the standards and criteria that were applicable at the time the application was first submitted, provided the application complies with paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(4) On the 181st day after first being submitted, the application is void if the applicant has been notified of the missing information as required under subsection (2) of this section and has not submitted:
(a) All of the missing information;
(b) Some of the missing information and written notice that no other information will be provided; or
(c) Written notice that none of the missing information will be provided.

(5) The period set in subsection (1) of this section or the 100-day period set in ORS 197.311 may be extended for a specified period of time at the written request of the applicant. The total of all extensions, except as provided in subsection (10) of this section for mediation, may not exceed 215 days.

(6) The period set in subsection (1) of this section applies:
(a) Only to decisions wholly within the authority and control of the governing body of the county; and
(b) Unless the parties have agreed to mediation as described in subsection (10) of this section or ORS 197.319 (2)(b).

(7) Notwithstanding subsection (6) of this section, the period set in subsection (1) of this section and the 100-day period set in ORS 197.311 do not apply to:
(a) A decision of the county making a change to an acknowledged comprehensive plan or a land use regulation that is submitted to the Director of the Department of Land Conservation and Development under ORS 197.610[.]; or
(b) A decision of a county involving an application for the development of residential structures within an urban growth boundary, where the county has tentatively approved the application and extends these periods by no more than seven days in order to assure the sufficiency of its final order.

(8) Except when an applicant requests an extension under subsection (5) of this section, if the governing body of the county or its designee does not take final action on an application for a
permit, limited land use decision or zone change within 120 days or 150 days, as applicable, after
the application is deemed complete, the county shall refund to the applicant either the unexpended
portion of any application fees or deposits previously paid or 50 percent of the total amount of such
fees or deposits, whichever is greater. The applicant is not liable for additional governmental fees
incurred subsequent to the payment of such fees or deposits. However, the applicant is responsible
for the costs of providing sufficient additional information to address relevant issues identified in
the consideration of the application.

(9) A county may not compel an applicant to waive the period set in subsection (1) of this sec-

tion or to waive the provisions of subsection (8) of this section or ORS 197.311 or 215.429 as a

case for taking any action on an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone
change except when such applications are filed concurrently and considered jointly with a plan

amendment.

(10) The periods set forth in subsections (1) and (5) of this section and ORS 197.311 may be ex-
tended by up to 90 additional days, if the applicant and the county agree that a dispute concerning
the application will be mediated.

SECTION 4. ORS 227.178 is amended to read:

227.178. (1) Except as provided in subsections (3), (5) and (11) of this section, the governing body
of a city or its designee shall take final action on an application for a permit, limited land use de-
cision or zone change, including resolution of all appeals under ORS 227.180, within 120 days after
the application is deemed complete.

(2) If an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change is incomplete, the
governing body or its designee shall notify the applicant in writing of exactly what information is
missing within 30 days of receipt of the application and allow the applicant to submit the missing
information. The application shall be deemed complete for the purpose of subsection (1) of this sec-
tion or ORS 197.311 upon receipt by the governing body or its designee of:

(a) All of the missing information;

(b) Some of the missing information and written notice from the applicant that no other infor-
mation will be provided; or

(c) Written notice from the applicant that none of the missing information will be provided.

(3)(a) If the application was complete when first submitted or the applicant submits the re-
quested additional information within 180 days of the date the application was first submitted and
the city has a comprehensive plan and land use regulations acknowledged under ORS 197.251, ap-
proval or denial of the application shall be based upon the standards and criteria that were appli-
cable at the time the application was first submitted.

(b) If the application is for industrial or traded sector development of a site identified under
section 12, chapter 800, Oregon Laws 2003, and proposes an amendment to the comprehensive plan,
approval or denial of the application must be based upon the standards and criteria that were ap-
licable at the time the application was first submitted, provided the application complies with
paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(4) On the 181st day after first being submitted, the application is void if the applicant has been
notified of the missing information as required under subsection (2) of this section and has not sub-
mitted:

(a) All of the missing information;

(b) Some of the missing information and written notice that no other information will be pro-
vided; or
(c) Written notice that none of the missing information will be provided.

(5) The 120-day period set in subsection (1) of this section or the 100-day period set in ORS 197.311 may be extended for a specified period of time at the written request of the applicant. The total of all extensions, except as provided in subsection (11) of this section for mediation, may not exceed 245 days.

(6) The 120-day period set in subsection (1) of this section applies:

(a) Only to decisions wholly within the authority and control of the governing body of the city;

(b) Unless the parties have agreed to mediation as described in subsection (11) of this section or ORS 197.319 (2)(b).

(6) The 120-day period set in subsection (1) of this section applies:

(a) Only to decisions wholly within the authority and control of the governing body of the city;

(b) Unless the parties have agreed to mediation as described in subsection (11) of this section or ORS 197.319 (2)(b).

(7) Notwithstanding subsection (6) of this section, the 120-day period set in subsection (1) of this section and the 100-day period set in ORS 197.311 do not apply to:

(a) A decision of the city making a change to an acknowledged comprehensive plan or a land use regulation that is submitted to the Director of the Department of Land Conservation and Development under ORS 197.610[;]

(b) A decision of a city involving an application for the development of residential structures within an urban growth boundary, where the city has tentatively approved the application and extends these periods by no more than seven days in order to assure the sufficiency of its final order.

(8) Except when an applicant requests an extension under subsection (5) of this section, if the governing body of the city or its designee does not take final action on an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change within 120 days after the application is deemed complete, the city shall refund to the applicant, subject to the provisions of subsection (9) of this section, either the unexpended portion of any application fees or deposits previously paid or 50 percent of the total amount of such fees or deposits, whichever is greater. The applicant is not liable for additional governmental fees incurred subsequent to the payment of such fees or deposits. However, the applicant is responsible for the costs of providing sufficient additional information to address relevant issues identified in the consideration of the application.

(9)(a) To obtain a refund under subsection (8) of this section, the applicant may either:

(A) Submit a written request for payment, either by mail or in person, to the city or its designee;

(B) Include the amount claimed in a mandamus petition filed under ORS 227.179. The court shall award an amount owed under this section in its final order on the petition.

(b) Within seven calendar days of receiving a request for a refund, the city or its designee shall determine the amount of any refund owed. Payment, or notice that no payment is due, shall be made to the applicant within 30 calendar days of receiving the request. Any amount due and not paid within 30 calendar days of receipt of the request shall be subject to interest charges at the rate of one percent per month, or a portion thereof.

(c) If payment due under paragraph (b) of this subsection is not paid within 120 days after the city or its designee receives the refund request, the applicant may file an action for recovery of the unpaid refund. In an action brought by a person under this paragraph, the court shall award to a prevailing applicant, in addition to the relief provided in this section, reasonable attorney fees and costs at trial and on appeal. If the city or its designee prevails, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs at trial and on appeal if the court finds the petition to be frivolous.

(10) A city may not compel an applicant to waive the 120-day period set in subsection (1) of this
section or to waive the provisions of subsection (8) of this section or ORS 197.311 or 227.179 as a condition for taking any action on an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change except when such applications are filed concurrently and considered jointly with a plan amendment.

(11) The periods set forth in subsections (1) and (5) of this section and ORS 197.311 may be extended by up to 90 additional days, if the applicant and the city agree that a dispute concerning the application will be mediated.

SECTION 5. ORS 197.830 is amended to read:

ORS 197.830. (1) Review of land use decisions or limited land use decisions under ORS 197.830 to 197.845 shall be commenced by filing a notice of intent to appeal with the Land Use Board of Appeals.

(2) Except as provided in ORS 197.620, a person may petition the board for review of a land use decision or limited land use decision if the person:

(a) Filed a notice of intent to appeal the decision as provided in subsection (1) of this section; and

(b) Appeared before the local government, special district or state agency orally or in writing.

(3) If a local government makes a land use decision without providing a hearing, except as provided under ORS 215.416 (11) or 227.175 (10), or the local government makes a land use decision that is different from the proposal described in the notice of hearing to such a degree that the notice of the proposed action did not reasonably describe the local government's final actions, a person adversely affected by the decision may appeal the decision to the board under this section:

(a) Within 21 days of actual notice where notice is required; or

(b) Within 21 days of the date a person knew or should have known of the decision where no notice is required.

(4) If a local government makes a land use decision without a hearing pursuant to ORS 215.416 (11) or 227.175 (10):

(a) A person who was not provided notice of the decision as required under ORS 215.416 (11)(c) or 227.175 (10)(c) may appeal the decision to the board under this section within 21 days of receiving actual notice of the decision.

(b) A person who is not entitled to notice under ORS 215.416 (11)(c) or 227.175 (10)(c) but who is adversely affected or aggrieved by the decision may appeal the decision to the board under this section within 21 days after the expiration of the period for filing a local appeal of the decision established by the local government under ORS 215.416 (11)(a) or 227.175 (10)(a).

(c) A person who receives notice of a decision made without a hearing under ORS 215.416 (11) or 227.175 (10) may appeal the decision to the board under this section within 21 days of receiving actual notice of the nature of the decision, if the notice of the decision did not reasonably describe the nature of the decision.

(d) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, a person who receives notice of a decision made without a hearing under ORS 215.416 (11) or 227.175 (10) may not appeal the decision to the board under this section.

(5) If a local government makes a limited land use decision which is different from the proposal described in the notice to such a degree that the notice of the proposed action did not reasonably describe the local government's final actions, a person adversely affected by the decision may appeal the decision to the board under this section:

(a) Within 21 days of actual notice where notice is required; or
(b) Within 21 days of the date a person knew or should have known of the decision where no notice is required.

(6) The appeal periods described in subsections (3), (4) and (5) of this section:

(a) May not exceed three years after the date of the decision, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection.

(b) May not exceed 10 years after the date of the decision if notice of a hearing or an administrative decision made pursuant to ORS 197.195 or 197.797 is required but has not been provided.

(7)(a) Within 21 days after a notice of intent to appeal has been filed with the board under subsection (1) of this section, any person described in paragraph (b) of this subsection may intervene in and be made a party to the review proceeding by filing a motion to intervene and by paying a filing fee of $100.

(b) Persons who may intervene in and be made a party to the review proceedings, as set forth in subsection (1) of this section, are:

(A) The applicant who initiated the action before the local government, special district or state agency; or

(B) Persons who appeared before the local government, special district or state agency, orally or in writing.

(c) Failure to comply with the deadline or to pay the filing fee set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall result in denial of a motion to intervene.

(8) If a state agency whose order, rule, ruling, policy or other action is at issue is not a party to the proceeding, it may file a brief with the board as if it were a party. The brief shall be due on the same date the respondent’s brief is due and shall be accompanied by a filing fee of $100.

(9) A notice of intent to appeal a land use decision or limited land use decision shall be filed not later than 21 days after the date the decision sought to be reviewed becomes final. A notice of intent to appeal plan and land use regulation amendments processed pursuant to ORS 197.610 to 197.625 shall be filed not later than 21 days after notice of the decision sought to be reviewed is mailed or otherwise submitted to parties entitled to notice under ORS 197.615. Failure to include a statement identifying when, how and to whom notice was provided under ORS 197.615 does not render the notice defective. Copies of the notice of intent to appeal shall be served upon the local government, special district or state agency and the applicant of record, if any, in the local government, special district or state agency proceeding. The notice shall be served and filed in the form and manner prescribed by rule of the board and shall be accompanied by a filing fee of $300. If a petition for review is not filed with the board as required in subsections (10) and (11) of this section, the board shall award the filing fee to the local government, special district or state agency.

(10)(a) Within 21 days after service of the notice of intent to appeal, the local government, special district or state agency shall transmit to the board the original or a certified copy of the entire record of the proceeding under review. By stipulation of all parties to the review proceeding the record may be shortened. The board may require or permit subsequent corrections to the record; however, the board shall issue an order on a motion objecting to the record within 60 days of receiving the motion. If the board denies a petitioner’s objection to the record, the board may establish a new deadline for the petition for review to be filed that may not be less than 14 days from the later of the original deadline for the brief or the date of denial of the petitioner’s record objection.

(b) Within 10 days after service of a notice of intent to appeal, the board shall provide notice to the petitioner and the respondent of their option to enter into mediation pursuant to ORS 197.860. Any person moving to intervene shall be provided such notice within seven days after a motion to

[7]
intervene is filed. The notice required by this paragraph shall be accompanied by a statement that
mediation information or assistance may be obtained from the Department of Land Conservation and
Development.

(11) A petition for review of the land use decision or limited land use decision and supporting
brief shall be filed with the board as required by the board under subsection (13) of this section.
(12) The petition shall include a copy of the decision sought to be reviewed and shall state:
(a) The facts that establish that the petitioner has standing.
(b) The date of the decision.
(c) The issues the petitioner seeks to have reviewed.
(13)(a) The board shall adopt rules establishing deadlines for filing petitions and briefs and for
oral argument.
(b) The local government or state agency may withdraw its decision for purposes of re-
consideration at any time:
(A) Subsequent to the filing of a notice of intent; and
(B) Prior to:
   (i) The date set for filing the record[,]; or[,]  
   (ii) On appeal of a decision under ORS 197.610 to 197.625 or relating to the development of
       a residential structure, [prior to] the filing of the respondent's brief[, the local government or state
       agency may withdraw its decision for purposes of reconsideration].
(c) If a local government or state agency withdraws an order for purposes of reconsideration, it
shall, within such time as the board may allow, affirm, modify or reverse its decision. If the
petitioner is dissatisfied with the local government or agency action after withdrawal for purposes
of reconsideration, the petitioner may refile the notice of intent and the review shall proceed upon
the revised order. An amended notice of intent is not required if the local government or state
agency, on reconsideration, affirms the order or modifies the order with only minor changes.
(14) The board shall issue a final order within 77 days after the date of transmittal of the record.
If the order is not issued within 77 days the applicant may apply in Marion County or the circuit
court of the county where the application was filed for a writ of mandamus to compel the board to
issue a final order.
(15) Upon entry of its final order, the board:
(a) May, in its discretion, award costs to the prevailing party including the cost of preparation
   of the record if the prevailing party is the local government, special district or state agency whose
decision is under review.
(b) Shall award reasonable attorney fees and expenses to the prevailing party against any other
   party who the board finds presented a position or filed any motion without probable cause to believe
   the position or motion was well-founded in law or on factually supported information.
(c) Shall award costs and attorney fees to a party as provided in ORS 197.843.
(16) Orders issued under this section may be enforced in appropriate judicial proceedings.
(17)(a) The board shall provide for the publication of its orders that are of general public in-
terest in the form it deems best adapted for public convenience. The publications shall constitute
the official reports of the board.
(b) Any moneys collected or received from sales by the board shall be paid into the Board
Publications Account established by ORS 197.832.
(18) Except for any sums collected for publication of board opinions, all fees collected by the
board under this section that are not awarded as costs shall be paid over to the State Treasurer to
be credited to the General Fund.

(19) The board shall track and report on its website:

(a) The number of reviews commenced, as described in subsection (1) of this section, the number of reviews commenced for which a petition is filed under subsection (2) of this section and, in relation to each of those numbers, the rate at which the reviews result in a decision of the board to uphold, reverse or remand the land use decision or limited land use decision. The board shall track and report reviews under this paragraph in categories established by the board.

(b) A list of petitioners, the number of reviews commenced and the rate at which the petitioner’s reviews have resulted in decisions of the board to uphold, reverse or remand the land use decision or limited land use decision.

(c) A list of respondents, the number of reviews involving each respondent and the rate at which reviews involving the respondent have resulted in decisions of the board to uphold, reverse or remand the land use decision or limited land use decision. Additionally, when a respondent is the local government that made the land use decision or limited land use decision, the board shall track whether the local government appears before the board.

(d) A list of reviews, and a brief summary of the circumstances in each review, under which the board exercises its discretion to require a losing party to pay the attorney fees of the prevailing party.

EMERGENCY SHELTER SITING

SECTION 6. Section 4, chapter 18, Oregon Laws 2021, as amended by section 3, chapter 47, Oregon Laws 2022, is repealed.

SECTION 7. Section 3, chapter 18, Oregon Laws 2021, is amended to read:

Sec. 3. (1) A local government shall approve an application for the development or use of land for an emergency shelter, as defined in [section 2 of this 2021 Act] ORS 197.782, on any property, notwithstanding this chapter or ORS chapter 195, [197,] 197A, 215 or 227 or any statewide [plan] land use planning goal, rule of the Land Conservation and Development Commission or local land use regulation, zoning ordinance, regional framework plan, functional plan or comprehensive plan, if the emergency shelter:

(a) Includes sleeping and restroom facilities for clients;

(b) Will comply with applicable building codes;

(c) Is located inside an urban growth boundary or in an area zoned for rural residential use as defined in ORS 215.501;

(d) Will not result in the development of a new building that is sited within an area designated under a statewide planning goal relating to natural disasters and hazards, including flood plains or mapped environmental health hazards, unless the development complies with regulations directly related to the hazard;

(e) Has adequate transportation access to commercial and medical services; and

(f) Will not pose any unreasonable risk to public health or safety.

(2) An emergency shelter allowed under this section must be operated by:

(a) A local government as defined in ORS 174.116;

(b) An organization with at least two years’ experience operating an emergency shelter using best practices that is:

(A) A local housing authority as defined in ORS 456.375;
(B) A religious corporation as defined in ORS 65.001; or

(C) A public benefit corporation, as defined in ORS 65.001, whose charitable purpose includes
the support of homeless individuals, that has been recognized as exempt from income tax under
section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code [on or before January 1, 2018] for at least three years
before the date of the application for a shelter; or

(c) A nonprofit corporation partnering with any other entity described in this subsection.

(3) An emergency shelter approved under this section:

(a) May provide on-site for its clients and at no cost to the clients:

(A) Showering or bathing;

(B) Storage for personal property;

(C) Laundry facilities;

(D) Service of food prepared on-site or off-site;

(E) Recreation areas for children and pets;

(F) Case management services for housing, financial, vocational, educational or physical or be-
havioral health care services; or

(G) Any other services incidental to shelter.

(b) May include youth shelters, winter or warming shelters, day shelters and family violence
shelter homes as defined in ORS 409.290.

(4) An emergency shelter approved under this section may also provide additional services not
described in subsection (3) of this section to individuals who are transitioning from unsheltered
homeless status. An organization providing services under this subsection may charge a fee of no
more than $300 per month per client and only to clients who are financially able to pay the fee and
who request the services.

(5)(a) The approval or denial of an emergency shelter under this section may be made without
a hearing. Whether or not a hearing is held, the approval or denial is not a land use decision
and is subject to review only under ORS 34.010 to 34.100.

(b) A reviewing court shall award attorney fees to:

(A) A local government, and any intervening applicant, that prevails on the appeal of a
local government’s approval; and

(B) An applicant that prevails on an appeal of a local government’s denial.

(6) An application for an emergency shelter is not subject to approval under this section
if, at the time of filing, the most recently completed point-in-time count, as reported to the
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under 24 C.F.R. part 578, indi-
cated that the total sheltered and unsheltered homeless population was less than 0.18 per-
cent of the state population, based on the latest estimate from the Portland State University
Population Research Center.

SINGLE EXIT MULTIFAMILY DWELLINGS

SECTION 8. On or before October 1, 2025, the Department of Consumer and Business
Services shall review and adopt updates to the State of Oregon Structural Specialty Code
through the Building Codes Structures Board established under ORS 455.132 to allow a resi-
dential occupancy to be served by a single exit, consistent with the following policies of this
state:

(1) The reduction, to the extent practicable, of costs and barriers to the construction of
midsize multifamily dwellings, including those offering family-size housing with sprinklers on smaller lots, while maintaining safety, public health and the general welfare with respect to construction and occupancy.

(2) Encouraging a variety of less expensive housing types that allow single-exit residential buildings under certain circumstances consistent with other adopted building codes, including those codes adopted in Seattle, Washington.

PLANNED COMMUNITY ACT EXEMPTIONS

SECTION 9. ORS 94.550 is amended to read:

94.550. As used in ORS 94.550 to 94.783:

(1) “Assessment” means any charge imposed or levied by a homeowners association on or against an owner or lot pursuant to the provisions of the declaration or the bylaws of the planned community or provisions of ORS 94.550 to 94.783.

(2) “Blanket encumbrance” means a trust deed or mortgage or any other lien or encumbrance, mechanic’s lien or otherwise, securing or evidencing the payment of money and affecting more than one lot in a planned community, or an agreement affecting more than one lot by which the developer holds such planned community under an option, contract to sell or trust agreement.

(3) “Class I planned community” means a planned community that:

(a) Contains at least 13 lots or in which the declarant has reserved the right to increase the total number of lots beyond 12; and

(b) Has an estimated annual assessment, including an amount required for reserves under ORS 94.595, exceeding $10,000 for all lots or $100 per lot based on:

(A) For a planned community created on or after January 1, 2002, the initial estimated annual assessment, including a constructive assessment based on a subsidy of the association through a contribution of funds, goods or services by the declarant; or

(B) For a planned community created before January 1, 2002, a reasonable estimate of the cost of fulfilling existing obligations imposed by the declaration, bylaws or other governing document as of January 1, 2002.

(4) “Class II planned community” means a planned community that:

(a) Is not a Class I planned community;

(b) Contains at least five lots; and

(c) Has an estimated annual assessment exceeding $1,000 for all lots based on:

(A) For a planned community created on or after January 1, 2002, the initial estimated annual assessment, including a constructive assessment based on a subsidy of the association through a contribution of funds, goods or services by the declarant; or

(B) For a planned community created before January 1, 2002, a reasonable estimate of the cost of fulfilling existing obligations imposed by the declaration, bylaws or other governing document as of January 1, 2002.

(5) “Class III planned community” means a planned community that is not a Class I or II planned community.

(6) “Common expenses” means expenditures made by or financial liabilities incurred by the homeowners association and includes any allocations to the reserve account under ORS 94.595.

(7) “Common property” means any real property or interest in real property within a planned community which is owned, held or leased by the homeowners association or owned as tenants in
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(8) “Condominium” means property submitted to the provisions of ORS chapter 100.
(9) “Declarant” means any person who creates a planned community under ORS 94.550 to 94.783.
(10) “Declarant control” means any special declarant right relating to administrative control of a homeowners association, including but not limited to:
(a) The right of the declarant or person designated by the declarant to appoint or remove an officer or a member of the board of directors;
(b) Any weighted vote or special voting right granted to a declarant or to units owned by the declarant so that the declarant will hold a majority of the voting rights in the association by virtue of such weighted vote or special voting right; and
(c) The right of the declarant to exercise powers and responsibilities otherwise assigned by the declaration or bylaws or by the provisions of ORS 94.550 to 94.783 to the association, officers of the association or board of directors of the association.
(11) “Declaration” means the instrument described in ORS 94.580 which establishes a planned community, and any amendments to the instrument.
(12) “Electric vehicle charging station” or “charging station” means a facility designed to deliver electrical current for the purpose of charging one or more electric motor vehicles.
(13) “Electronic meeting” means a meeting that is conducted through telephone, teleconference, video conference, web conference or any other live electronic means where at least one participant is not physically present.
(14) “Governing document” means articles of incorporation, bylaws, a declaration or a rule, regulation or resolution that was properly adopted by the homeowners association or any other instrument or plat relating to common ownership or common maintenance of a portion of a planned community that is binding upon lots within the planned community.
(15) “Governing entity” means an incorporated or unincorporated association, committee, person or any other entity that has authority under a governing document to maintain commonly maintained property, to impose assessments on lots or to act on matters of common concern on behalf of lot owners within the planned community.
(16) “Homeowners association” or “association” means the organization of owners of lots in a planned community, created under ORS 94.625, required by a governing document or formed under ORS 94.574.
(17) “Majority” or “majority of votes” or “majority of owners” means more than 50 percent of the votes in the planned community.
(18) “Mortgagee” means any person who is:
(a) A mortgagee under a mortgage;
(b) A beneficiary under a trust deed; or
(c) The vendor under a land sale contract.
(19) “Owner” means the owner of any lot in a planned community, unless otherwise specified, but does not include a person holding only a security interest in a lot.
(20) “Percent of owners” or “percentage of owners” means the owners representing the specified voting rights as determined under ORS 94.658.
(21)(a) “Planned community” means any subdivision under ORS 92.010 to 92.192 that results in a pattern of ownership of real property and all the buildings, improvements and rights located on or belonging to the real property, in which the owners collectively are responsible for the mainte-
nance, operation, insurance or other expenses relating to any property within the planned commu-

(b) “Planned community” does not mean:

(A) A condominium under ORS chapter 100;

(B) A subdivision that is exclusively commercial or industrial; or

(C) A timeshare plan under ORS 94.803 to 94.945.

(D) A development established on or after January 1, 2024, in which each residential unit

is either:

(i) Subject to an affordability restriction, including an affordable housing covenant, as
defined in ORS 456.270; or

(ii) Owned by a public benefit or religious nonprofit corporation.

(22) “Purchaser” means any person other than a declarant who, by means of a voluntary trans-

fer, acquires a legal or equitable interest in a lot, other than as security for an obligation.

(23) “Purchaser for resale” means any person who purchases from the declarant more than two

lots for the purpose of resale whether or not the purchaser for resale makes improvements to the

lots before reselling them.

(24) “Recorded declaration” means an instrument recorded with the recording officer of the

county in which the planned community is located that contains covenants, conditions and re-

strictions that are binding upon lots in the planned community or that impose servitudes on the real

property.

(25) “Special declarant rights” means any rights, in addition to the rights of the declarant as a

lot owner, reserved for the benefit of the declarant under the declaration or ORS 94.550 to 94.783,

including but not limited to:

(a) Constructing or completing construction of improvements in the planned community which

are described in the declaration;

(b) Expanding the planned community or withdrawing property from the planned community

under ORS 94.580 (3) and (4);

(c) Converting lots into common property;

(d) Making the planned community subject to a master association under ORS 94.695; or

(e) Exercising any right of declarant control reserved under ORS 94.600.

(26) “Successor declarant” means the transferee of any special declarant right.

(27) “Turn over” means the act of turning over administrative responsibility pursuant to ORS

94.609 and 94.616.

(28) “Unit” means a building or portion of a building located upon a lot in a planned community

and designated for separate occupancy or ownership, but does not include any building or portion

of a building located on common property.

(29) “Votes” means the votes allocated to lots in the declaration under ORS 94.580 (2).

REGULATION OF CONDOMINIUMS

SECTION 10. ORS 100.015 is amended to read:

100.015. The Real Estate Commissioner has the exclusive right to regulate the submission

of property to the provisions of this chapter and may adopt such rules as are necessary for the

administration of this chapter.

[13]
SECTION 11. ORS 100.022 is amended to read:

100.022. [(1)] Except as provided under ORS 100.015 or explicitly required or allowed under this chapter, a zoning, subdivision, building code or other [real property law,] regulation by a public body, agency rule or local ordinance or regulation may not [prohibit]:

(1) Have the effect of prohibiting or restricting the condominium form of ownership; or

(2) Impose any restriction or requirement upon a structure, property or development that is submitted or proposed to be submitted to the condominium form of ownership under this chapter that it would not impose upon a structure or development under a different form of ownership[,]

including:

(a) Any charge, tax or fee;

(b) A review or approval process by any person of a declaration, bylaw, plat, articles of incorporation, regulation, resolution or any other document relating to the condominium or the submission of the property or development to the condominium form of ownership;

(c) Any additional permitting requirements or conditions of approval of the property or development; or

(d) Any other requirements.

[(2) Except as set forth in this section, no provision of this chapter invalidates or modifies any provision of any zoning, subdivision, building code or other real property use law, ordinance or regulation.]

[(3) Subsection (1) of This section does not prohibit any governmental approval required under this chapter.]

SECTION 12. ORS 100.110 is amended to read:

100.110. (1)(a) Before a declaration, supplemental declaration or an amendment thereto may be recorded, it must be approved as provided in this section by the county assessor of the county in which the property is located and the Real Estate Commissioner.

(b) Before a declaration, supplemental declaration or, if required under subsection (3) of this section, an amendment thereto may be recorded, it must be approved by the tax collector of the county in which the property is located.

(c) A declaration, supplemental declaration or amendment thereto may not be approved unless the requirements of subsections (2) to (7) of this section are met. Approval must be evidenced by execution of the declaration or amendment or by a written approval attached thereto.

(d) If the requirements of subsections (2) to (7) of this section are met, the commissioner, county assessor and tax collector, if applicable,[;]

[(A)] shall approve the declaration, supplemental declaration or amendment[; and]

[(B) May not impose additional requirements not specified in subsections (2) to (7) of this section].

(2) The county assessor of the county in which the property is located shall approve a declaration, supplemental declaration or amendment thereto if:

(a) The name complies with ORS 100.105 (5) and (6); and

(b) The plat complies with the requirements of ORS 100.115 or the plat amendment complies with ORS 100.116.

(3) The tax collector of the county in which the property is located shall approve the declaration or supplemental declaration, or an amendment that adds property to the condominium, changes the boundary of a unit or creates an additional unit from all or parts of other units or from all or parts of other units and common elements for which a plat amendment is required under ORS 100.116, if:

(a) All ad valorem taxes, special assessments, fees, or other charges required by law to be placed
upon the tax roll for the affected units that have or will become a lien upon the property during the
tax year have been paid;

(b) Advance payment of ad valorem taxes, special assessments, fees or other charges for the af-
fected units that are not on the tax roll and for which payment is required under paragraph (a) of
this subsection has been made to the tax collector utilizing the procedures contained in ORS 92.095
and 311.370; and

(c) The additional taxes, penalty, and any interest attributable thereto, required because of dis-
qualification of the affected units from any special assessment have been paid.

(4) Subject to subsection (6) of this section, the commissioner shall approve the declaration or
amendment thereto if:

(a) The declaration or the amendment thereto complies with the requirements of ORS 100.105
and 100.135 and other provisions of this chapter;

(b) The bylaws adopted under ORS 100.410 comply with the requirements of ORS 100.410 and
100.415 and other provisions of this chapter;

(c) The plat complies with the requirements of ORS 100.115 or the plat amendment complies with
ORS 100.116 and other provisions of this chapter;

(d) The declaration is for a conversion condominium and the declarant has submitted:

(A) An affidavit that the notice of conversion was given in accordance with ORS 100.305 and
that the notice period has expired;

(B) An affidavit that the notice of conversion was given in accordance with ORS 100.305 and
copies of the written consent of any tenants as provided in ORS 100.305 (6) or a signed statement
that no tenants were entitled to notice under ORS 100.305; or

(C) Any applicable combination of the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this para-
graph;

(e) A copy of the plat executed by the declarant and prepared in conformance with ORS 100.115
or plat amendment prepared in conformance with ORS 100.116 is submitted;

(f) A certification of plat execution, on a form prescribed and furnished by the commissioner, is:

(A) Executed by the declarant, the professional land surveyor who signed the surveyor’s certif-
icate on the plat, the attorney for the declarant, a representative of the title insurance company that
issued the information required under ORS 100.640 (1)(e) or 100.668 (2)(d) or another person au-
thorized by the declarant in writing to execute the certification; and

(B) Submitted stating that the copy is a true copy of the plat signed by the declarant; and

(g) A copy of a reserve study has been submitted, if a disclosure statement was issued under
ORS 100.655 and the reserve study was not included pursuant to ORS 100.640 (1)(g).

(5) The commissioner shall approve a supplemental declaration if:

(a) The supplemental declaration complies with the requirements of ORS 100.120 and other pro-
visions of this chapter;

(b) The supplemental plat complies with the requirements of ORS 100.115;

(c) The supplemental declaration is for a conversion condominium and the declarant has com-
plied with the requirements of subsection (4)(d) of this section; and

(d) A copy of the supplemental plat and a certification of plat execution described in subsection
(4)(e) and (f) of this section have been submitted.

(6) Approval by the commissioner is not required for an amendment to a declaration transferring
the right of use of a limited common element pursuant to ORS 100.515 (5).

(7) Before the commissioner approves the declaration, supplemental declaration or amendment
hereto under this section:

(a) The declarant or other person requesting approval shall pay to the commissioner a fee determined by the commissioner under ORS 100.670; and

(b) For an amendment or supplemental declaration, the Condominium Information Report and the Annual Report described in ORS 100.260 must be designated current by the Real Estate Agency as provided in ORS 100.255 and the fee required under ORS 100.670 must be paid.

(8) If the declaration, supplemental declaration or amendment thereto approved by the commissioner under subsection (4) or (5) of this section is not recorded in accordance with ORS 100.115 within one year from the date of approval by the commissioner, the approval automatically expires and the declaration, supplemental declaration or amendment thereto must be resubmitted for approval in accordance with this section. The commissioner’s approval must set forth the date on which the approval expires.

SECTION 13. ORS 100.115 is amended to read:

ORS 100.115. (1) A plat of the land described in the declaration or a supplemental plat described in a supplemental declaration, complying with ORS 92.050, 92.060 (1) and (2), 92.080 and 92.120, shall be recorded simultaneously with the declaration or supplemental declaration. The plat or supplemental plat shall be titled in accordance with subsection (3) of this section and shall:

(a) Show the location of:

(A) All buildings and public roads. The location shall be referenced to a point on the boundary of the property; and

(B) For a condominium containing units described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(C) or (D), the moorage space or floating structure. The location shall be referenced to a point on the boundary of the upland property regardless of a change in the location resulting from a fluctuation in the water level or flow.

(b) Show the designation, location, dimensions and area in square feet of each unit including:

(A) For units in a building described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(A), the horizontal and vertical boundaries of each unit and the common elements to which each unit has access. The vertical boundaries shall be referenced to a known benchmark elevation or other reference point as approved by the city or county surveyor;

(B) For a space described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(B), the horizontal boundaries of each unit and the common elements to which each unit has access. If the space is located within a structure, the vertical boundaries also shall be shown and referenced to a known benchmark elevation or other reference point as approved by the city or county surveyor;

(C) For a moorage space described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(C), the horizontal boundaries of each unit and the common elements to which each unit has access; and

(D) For a floating structure described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(D), the horizontal and vertical boundaries of each unit and the common elements to which each unit has access. The vertical boundaries shall be referenced to an assumed elevation of an identified point on the floating structure even though the assumed elevation may change with the fluctuation of the water level where the floating structure is moored.

(c) Identify and show, to the extent feasible, the location and dimensions of all limited common elements described in the declaration. The plat may not include any statement indicating to which unit the use of any noncontiguous limited common element is reserved.

(d) Include a statement, including signature and official seal, of a registered architect, registered professional land surveyor or registered professional engineer certifying that the plat fully and ac-
curately depicts the boundaries of the units of the building and that construction of the units and
buildings as depicted on the plat has been completed, except that the professional land surveyor who
prepared the plat need not affix a seal to the statement.

(e) Include a surveyor's certificate, complying with ORS 92.070, that includes information in the
declaration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (1)(a) and a metes and bounds description or other de-
scription approved by the city or county surveyor.

(f) Include a statement by the declarant that the property and improvements described and de-
picted on the plat are subject to the provisions of ORS 100.005 to 100.627.

[(g) Include such signatures of approval as may be required by local ordinance or regulation.]

[(h)] (g) Include any other information or data not inconsistent with the declaration that the
declarant desires to include.

[(i)] (h) If the condominium is a flexible condominium, show the location and dimensions of all
variable property identified in the declaration and label the variable property as
"WITHDRAWABLE VARIABLE PROPERTY" or "NONWITHDRAWABLE VARIABLE
PROPERTY," with a letter different from those designating a unit, building or other tract of vari-
able property. If there is more than one tract, each tract shall be labeled in the same manner.

(2) The supplemental plat required under ORS 100.150 (1) shall be recorded simultaneously with
the supplemental declaration. The supplemental plat shall be titled in accordance with subsection
(3) of this section and shall:

(a) Comply with ORS 92.050, 92.060 (1), (2) and (4), 92.080, 92.120 and subsection (3) of this sec-
tion.

(b) If any property is withdrawn:

(A) Show the resulting perimeter boundaries of the condominium after the withdrawal; and

(B) Show the information required under subsection [(1)(i)] (1)(h) of this section as it relates to
any remaining variable property.

(c) If any property is reclassified, show the information required under subsection (1)(a) to (d)
of this section.

(d) Include a "Declarant's Statement" that the property described on the supplemental plat is
reclassified or withdrawn from the condominium and that the condominium exists as described and
depicted on the plat.

(e) Include a surveyor's certificate complying with ORS 92.070.

(3) The title of each supplemental plat described in ORS 100.120 shall include the complete name
of the condominium, followed by the additional language specified in this subsection and the appro-
priate reference to the stage being annexed or tract of variable property being reclassified. Each
supplemental plat for a condominium recorded on or after January 1, 2002, shall be numbered se-
quentially and shall:

(a) If property is annexed under ORS 100.125, include the words “Supplemental Plat No.
______: Annexation of Stage ______”; or

(b) If property is reclassified under ORS 100.150, include the words “Supplemental Plat No.
______: Reclassification of Variable Property, Tract ______.”

(4) Upon request of the county surveyor or assessor, the person offering a plat or supplemental
plat for recording shall also file an exact copy, certified by the surveyor who made the plat to be
an exact copy of the plat, with the county assessor and the county surveyor. The exact copy shall
be made on suitable drafting material having the characteristics of strength, stability and transpar-
ency required by the county surveyor.
(5) Before a plat or a supplemental plat may be recorded, it must be approved by the city or county surveyor as provided in ORS 92.100. Before approving the plat as required by this section, the city or county surveyor shall:

(a) Check the boundaries of the plat and units and take measurements and make computations necessary to determine that the plat complies with this section.

(b) Determine that the name complies with ORS 100.105 (5) and (6).

(c) Determine that the following are consistent:

(A) The designation and area in square feet of each unit shown on the plat and the unit designations and areas contained in the declaration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (1)(d);

(B) Limited common elements identified on the plat and the information contained in the declaration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (7)(c).

(6) The person offering the plat or supplemental plat for approval shall:

(a) Submit a copy of the proposed declaration and bylaws or applicable supplemental declaration at the time the plat is submitted; and

(b) Submit the original or a copy of the executed declaration and bylaws or the applicable supplemental declaration approved by the commissioner if required by law prior to approval.

(7) For performing the services described in subsection (5)(a) to (c) of this section, the city surveyor or county surveyor shall collect from the person offering the plat for approval a fee of $150 plus $25 per building. The governing body of a city or county may establish a higher fee by resolution or order.

SECTION 14. ORS 100.105 is amended to read:

100.105. (1) A declaration must contain:

(a) A description of the property, including property on which a unit or a limited common element is located, whether held in fee simple, leasehold, easement or other interest or combination thereof, that is being submitted to the condominium form of ownership and that conforms to the description in the surveyor's certificate provided under ORS 100.115 (1).

(b) Subject to subsection (11) of this section, a statement of the interest in the property being submitted to the condominium form of ownership, whether fee simple, leasehold, easement or other interest or combination thereof.

(c) Subject to subsections (5) and (6) of this section, the name by which the property is known and a general description of each unit and the building or buildings, including the number of stories and basements of each building, the total number of units and the principal materials of which they are constructed.

(d) The unit designation, a statement that the location of each unit is shown on the plat, a description of the boundaries and area in square feet of each unit and any other data necessary for proper identification. The area of a unit must be the same as shown for that unit on the plat described in ORS 100.115 (1).

(e) A notice in substantially the following form in at least 12-point type in all capitals or bold-face:
NOTICE

THE SQUARE FOOTAGE AREAS STATED IN THIS DECLARATION AND THE PLAT ARE BASED ON THE BOUNDARIES OF THE UNITS AS DESCRIBED IN THIS DECLARATION AND MAY VARY FROM THE AREA OF UNITS CALCULATED FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

(f) A description of the general common elements.
(g) An allocation to each unit of an undivided interest in the common elements in accordance with ORS 100.515 and the method used to establish the allocation.
(h) The designation of any limited common elements including:
   (A) A general statement of the nature of the limited common element;
   (B) A statement of the unit to which the use of each limited common element is reserved, provided the statement is not a reference to an assignment of use specified on the plat; and
   (C) The allocation of use of any limited common element appertaining to more than one unit.
(i) The method of determining liability for common expenses and right to common profits in accordance with ORS 100.530.
(j) The voting rights allocated to each unit in accordance with ORS 100.525 or, in the case of condominium units committed as property in a timeshare plan defined in ORS 94.803, the voting rights allocated in the timeshare instrument.
(k) A statement of the general nature of use, residential or otherwise, for which the building or buildings and each of the units is intended.
(l) A statement that the designated agent to receive service of process in cases provided in ORS 100.550 (1) is named in the Condominium Information Report which will be filed with the Real Estate Agency in accordance with ORS 100.250 (1)(a).
(m) The method of amending the declaration and the percentage of voting rights required to approve an amendment of the declaration in accordance with ORS 100.135.
(n) A statement as to whether or not the association of unit owners pursuant to ORS 100.405 (5) and (8) has authority to grant leases, easements, rights of way, licenses and other similar interests affecting the general and limited common elements of the condominium and consent to vacation of roadways within and adjacent to the condominium.
(o) If the condominium contains a floating structure described in ORS 100.020 (3), a statement regarding the authority of the board of directors of the association, subject to ORS 100.410, to temporarily relocate the floating structure without a majority vote of affected unit owners.
(p) Any restrictions on alienation of units. Any such restrictions created by documents other than the declaration may be incorporated by reference in the declaration to the official records of the county in which the property is located.
(q) Any other details regarding the property that the person executing the declaration considers desirable. However, if a provision required to be in the bylaws under ORS 100.415 is included in the declaration, the voting requirements for amending the bylaws also govern the amendment of the provision in the declaration.

(2) In the event the declarant proposes to annex additional property to the condominium under ORS 100.125, the declaration also must contain a general description of the plan of development, including:
   (a) The maximum number of units to be included in the condominium.
(b) The date after which any right to annex additional property will terminate.

c) A general description of the nature and proposed use of any additional common elements
which declarant proposes to annex to the condominium, if such common elements might substantially
increase the proportionate amount of the common expenses payable by existing unit owners.

d) A statement that the method used to establish the allocation of undivided interest in the
common elements, the method used to determine liability for common expenses and right to common
profits and the method used to allocate voting rights for each unit annexed is as stated in the dec-
laration in accordance with subsection (1)(g), (i) and (j) of this section.

e) Such other information as the Real Estate Commissioner requires in order to carry out the
purposes of this chapter.

3) Unless expressly prohibited by the declaration and subject to the requirements of ORS
100.135 (2) and subsections (9) and (10) of this section:

a) Not later than two years following the termination date specified in subsection (2)(b) of this
section, the termination date may be extended for a period not exceeding five years.

b) Before the termination date specified in the declaration or supplemental declaration under
subsection (7)(d) of this section, the termination date may be extended for a period not exceeding
five years.

c) The general description under subsection (2)(c) of this section and the information included
in the declaration or supplemental declaration in accordance with subsection (7)(c), (g) and (h) of
this section may be changed by an amendment to the declaration or supplemental declaration and
plat or supplemental plat.

4) The information included in the declaration or supplemental declaration in accordance with
subsection (2)(a) and (d) of this section and subsection (7)(a), (b), (e), (f) and (k) of this section may
not be changed unless all owners agree to the change and an amendment to the declaration or
supplemental declaration and, if applicable, the plat or supplemental plat are recorded in accordance
with this chapter.

5) The name of the property shall include the word “condominium” or “condominiums” or the
words “a condominium.”

6) A condominium may not bear a name which is the same as or deceptively similar to the name
of any other, different condominium located in the same county.

7) If the condominium is a flexible condominium containing variable property, the declaration
shall also contain a general description of the plan of development, including:

a) A statement that the rights provided for under ORS 100.150 (1) are being reserved.

b) A statement:

(A) Of any limitations on rights reserved under ORS 100.150 (1), including whether the consent
of any unit owner is required, and if so, a statement of the method by which the consent is ascer-
tained; or

(B) That there are no limitations on rights reserved under ORS 100.150 (1).

c) A statement of the total number of tracts of variable property within the condominium, in-
cluding:

(A) A designation of each tract as withdrawable variable property or nonwithdrawable variable
property;

(B) Identification of each variable tract by a label in accordance with ORS 100.115 [(1)(i)]
(1)(h);

(C) A statement of the method of labeling each tract depicted on the plat in accordance with
ORS 100.115 [(1)(i)] (1)(h); and

(D) A statement of the total number of tracts of each type of variable property.

(d) The termination date, which is the date after which any right reserved under ORS 100.150 (1) will terminate, and a statement of the circumstances, if any, that will terminate any right on or before the date specified. Subject to ORS 100.120, the termination date from the date of recording of the conveyance of the first unit in the condominium to a person other than the declarant may not exceed:

(A) Twenty years, only if a condominium consists, or may consist if the condominium is a flexible condominium, exclusively of units to be used for nonresidential purposes; or

(B) Seven years.

(e) The maximum number of units that may be created.

(f) A statement that the method used to establish the allocations of undivided interest in the common elements, the method used to determine liability for common expenses and right to common profits and the method used to allocate voting rights as additional units are created is the same as stated in the declaration in accordance with subsection (1)(g), (i) and (j) of this section.

(g) A general description of all existing improvements and the nature and proposed use of any improvements that may be made on variable property if the improvements might substantially increase the proportionate amount of the common expenses payable by existing unit owners.

(h) A statement of whether or not the declarant reserves the right to create limited common elements within any variable property, and if so, a general description of the types that may be created.

(i) A statement that the plat shows the location and dimensions of all withdrawable variable property that is labeled “WITHDRAWABLE VARIABLE PROPERTY.”

(j) A statement that if by the termination date all or a portion of the withdrawable variable property has not been withdrawn or reclassified, the withdrawable variable property is automatically withdrawn from the condominium as of the termination date.

(k) A statement of the rights of the association under ORS 100.155 (2).

(L) A statement of whether or not all or any portion of the variable property may not be withdrawn from the condominium and, if so, with respect to the nonwithdrawable variable property:

(A) A statement that the plat shows the location and dimensions of all nonwithdrawable variable property that is labeled “NONWITHDRAWABLE VARIABLE PROPERTY.”

(B) A description of all improvements that may be made and a statement of the intended use of each improvement.

(C) A statement that, if by the termination date all or a portion of the variable property designated as “nonwithdrawable variable property” has not been reclassified, the property is automatically reclassified as of the termination date as a general common element of the condominium and any interest in the property held for security purposes is automatically extinguished by the classification.

(D) A statement of the rights of the association under ORS 100.155 (3).

(m) A statement by the local governing body or appropriate department thereof that the withdrawal of any variable property designated as “withdrawable variable property” in the declaration in accordance with paragraph (L) of this subsection, will not violate any applicable planning or zoning regulation or ordinance. The statement may be attached as an exhibit to the declaration.

(8) The plan of development for any variable property included in the declaration or any supplemental declaration of any stage in accordance with subsection (7) of this section is subject to any
plan of development included in the declaration in accordance with subsection (2) of this section, except that the time limitation specified in subsection (7)(d) of this section governs any right reserved under ORS 100.150 (1) with respect to any variable property.

(9) The information included in the declaration in accordance with subsection (7)(j), (k) and (m) of this section may not be deleted by amendment.

(10)(a) Approval by the unit owners is not required for a declarant to redesignate withdrawable variable property as “nonwithdrawable variable property” under ORS 100.150 (1) by supplemental declaration and supplemental plat, for any reason, including if the redesignation is required by the local governing body to comply with any planning or zoning regulation or ordinance.

(b) If as a result of a redesignation under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the information required to be included in the supplemental declaration under subsection (7)(L)(B) of this section is inconsistent with the information included in the declaration or supplemental declaration in accordance with subsection (7)(g) of this section, an amendment to the declaration or supplemental declaration and plat or supplemental plat approved by at least 75 percent of owners is required.

(11) The statement of an interest in property other than fee simple submitted to the condominium form of ownership and any easements, rights or appurtenances belonging to property submitted to the condominium form of ownership, whether leasehold or fee simple, must include:

(a) A reference to the recording index numbers and date of recording of the instrument creating the interest; or

(b) A reference to the law, administrative rule, ordinance or regulation that creates the interest if the interest is created under law, administrative rule, ordinance or regulation and not recorded in the office of the recording officer of the county in which the property is located.

SUBDIVIDING FOR DEVELOPMENT OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING

SECTION 15. ORS 92.090 is amended to read:

92.090. (1) Subdivision plat names shall be subject to the approval of the county surveyor or, in the case where there is no county surveyor, the county assessor. No tentative subdivision plan or subdivision plat of a subdivision shall be approved which bears a name similar to or pronounced the same as the name of any other subdivision in the same county, unless the land platted is contiguous to and platted by the same party that platted the subdivision bearing that name or unless the party files and records the consent of the party that platted the contiguous subdivision bearing that name. All subdivision plats must continue the lot numbers and, if used, the block numbers of the subdivision plat of the same name last filed. On or after January 1, 1992, any subdivision submitted for final approval shall not use block numbers or letters unless such subdivision is a continued phase of a previously recorded subdivision, bearing the same name, that has previously used block numbers or letters.

(2) No tentative plan for a proposed subdivision and no tentative plan for a proposed partition shall be approved unless:

(a) The streets and roads are laid out so as to conform to the plats of subdivisions and partitions already approved for adjoining property as to width, general direction and in all other respects unless the city or county determines it is in the public interest to modify the street or road pattern.

(b) Streets and roads held for private use are clearly indicated on the tentative plan and all reservations or restrictions relating to such private roads and streets are set forth thereon.

(c) The tentative plan complies with the applicable zoning ordinances and regulations and the
ordinances or regulations adopted under ORS 92.044 that are then in effect for the city or county
within which the land described in the plan is situated.

(3) No plat of a proposed subdivision or partition shall be approved unless:

(a) Streets and roads for public use are dedicated without any reservation or restriction other
than reversionary rights upon vacation of any such street or road and easements for public or pri-
vate utilities.

(b) Streets and roads held for private use and indicated on the tentative plan of such subdivision
or partition have been approved by the city or county.

(c) The subdivision or partition plat complies with any applicable zoning ordinances and regu-
lations and any ordinance or regulation adopted under ORS 92.044 that are then in effect for the
city or county within which the land described in the subdivision or partition plat is situated.

(d) The subdivision or partition plat is in substantial conformity with the provisions of the ten-
tative plan for the subdivision or partition, as approved.

(e) The subdivision or partition plat contains a donation to the public of all common improve-
ments, including but not limited to streets, roads, parks, sewage disposal and water supply systems,
the donation of which was made a condition of the approval of the tentative plan for the subdivision
or partition.

(f) Explanations of all common improvements required as conditions of approval of the tentative
plan of the subdivision or partition have been recorded and referenced on the subdivision or parti-
tion plat.

(4) Subject to any standards and procedures adopted pursuant to ORS 92.044, no plat of a sub-
division shall be approved by a city or county unless the city or county has received and accepted:

(a) A certification by a city-owned domestic water supply system or by the owner of a privately
owned domestic water supply system, subject to regulation by the Public Utility Commission of
Oregon, that water will be available to the lot line of each and every lot depicted in the proposed
subdivision plat;

(b) A bond, irrevocable letter of credit, contract or other assurance by the subdivider to the city
or county that a domestic water supply system will be installed by or on behalf of the subdivider
to the lot line of each and every lot depicted in the proposed subdivision plat; and the amount of
any such bond, irrevocable letter of credit, contract or other assurance by the subdivider shall be] in
an amount determined by a registered professional engineer, subject to any change in such amount
as determined necessary by the city or county; or

(c) [In lieu of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection.] A statement that no domestic water
supply facility will be provided to the purchaser of any lot depicted in the proposed subdivision plat,
even though a domestic water supply source may exist. A copy of any such statement, signed by the
subdivider and indorsed by the city or county, shall be filed by the subdivider with the Real Estate
Commissioner and shall be included by the commissioner in any public report made for the subdivi-
sion under ORS 92.385. If the making of a public report has been waived or the subdivision is oth-
erwise exempt under the Oregon Subdivision Control Law, the subdivider shall deliver a copy of the
statement to each prospective purchaser of a lot in the subdivision at or prior to the signing by the
purchaser of the first written agreement for the sale of the lot. The subdivider shall take a signed
receipt from the purchaser upon delivery of such a statement, shall immediately send a copy of the
receipt to the commissioner and shall keep any such receipt on file in this state, subject to in-
spection by the commissioner, for a period of three years after the date the receipt is taken.

(5) Subject to any standards and procedures adopted pursuant to ORS 92.044, no plat of a sub-
division shall be approved by a city or county unless the city or county has received and accepted:

(a) A certification by a city-owned sewage disposal system or by the owner of a privately owned sewage disposal system that is subject to regulation by the Public Utility Commission of Oregon that a sewage disposal system will be available to the lot line of each and every lot depicted in the proposed subdivision plat;

(b) A bond, irrevocable letter of credit, contract or other assurance by the subdivider to the city or county that a sewage disposal system will be installed by or on behalf of the subdivider to the lot line of each and every lot depicted on the proposed subdivision plat; and the amount of such bond, irrevocable letter of credit, contract or other assurance shall be in an amount determined by a registered professional engineer, subject to any change in such amount as the city or county considers necessary; or

(c) [In lieu of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection.] A statement that no sewage disposal facility will be provided to the purchaser of any lot depicted in the proposed subdivision plat, where the Department of Environmental Quality has approved the proposed method or an alternative method of sewage disposal for the subdivision in its evaluation report described in ORS 454.755 (1)(b). A copy of any such statement, signed by the subdivider and indorsed by the city or county shall be filed by the subdivider with the Real Estate Commissioner and shall be included by the commissioner in the public report made for the subdivision under ORS 92.385. If the making of a public report has been waived or the subdivision is otherwise exempt under the Oregon Subdivision Control Law, the subdivider shall deliver a copy of the statement to each prospective purchaser of a lot in the subdivision at or prior to the signing by the purchaser of the first written agreement for the sale of the lot. The subdivider shall take a signed receipt from the purchaser upon delivery of such a statement, shall immediately send a copy of the receipt to the commissioner and shall keep any such receipt on file in this state, subject to inspection by the commissioner, for a period of three years after the date the receipt is taken.

(6) A city or county shall accept as other assurance, as used in subsections (4)(b) and (5)(b) of this section, one or more award letters from public funding sources made to a subdivider who is subdividing the property to develop affordable housing, that is or will be subject to an affordability restriction as defined in ORS 456.250 or an affordable housing covenant as defined in ORS 456.270, if the awards total an amount greater than the project cost.

[(6)] (7) Subject to any standards and procedures adopted pursuant to ORS 92.044, no plat of a subdivision or partition located within the boundaries of an irrigation district, drainage district, water control district, water improvement district or district improvement company shall be approved by a city or county unless the city or county has received and accepted a certification from the district or company that the subdivision or partition is either entirely excluded from the district or company or is included within the district or company for purposes of receiving services and subjecting the subdivision or partition to the fees and other charges of the district or company.

SINGLE ROOM OCCUPANCIES

SECTION 16. Section 17 of this 2023 Act and ORS 197.758 are added to and made a part of ORS 197.286 to 197.314.

SECTION 17. (1) As used in this section “single room occupancy” means a residential development with no fewer than four attached units that are independently rented, lockable
and provide living and sleeping space for the exclusive use of an occupant, but require that
the occupant share sanitary or food preparation facilities with other units in the occupancy.

(2) Within an urban growth boundary, each local government shall allow the development
of a single room occupancy:

(a) With up to six units on each lot or parcel zoned to allow for the development of a
detached single-family dwelling; and

(b) With the number of units consistent with the density standards of a lot or parcel
zoned to allow for the development of a residential dwellings with five or more units.

SECTION 18. ORS 197.303, as amended by section 27, chapter 13, Oregon Laws 2023 (Enrolled
House Bill 2001), is amended to read:

197.303. (1) As used in ORS 197.296 and this section, “needed housing” means all housing on land
zoned for residential use or mixed residential and commercial use that is determined to meet the
need shown for housing within an urban growth boundary at price ranges and rent levels that are
affordable to households within the county with a variety of incomes, including but not limited to
households with low incomes, very low incomes and extremely low incomes, as those terms are de-
finite by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under 42 U.S.C. 1437a.

“Needed housing” includes the following housing types:

(a) Attached and detached single-family housing, middle housing types as described in ORS
197.758 and multiple family housing for both owner and renter occupancy;

(b) Government assisted housing;

(c) Mobile home or manufactured dwelling parks as provided in ORS 197.475 to 197.490;

(d) Manufactured homes on individual lots planned and zoned for single-family residential use
that are in addition to lots within designated manufactured dwelling subdivisions;

(e) Agriculture workforce housing;

(f) Housing for individuals with a variety of disabilities related to mobility or communications
that require accessibility features;

(g) Housing for older persons, as defined in ORS 659A.421; [and]

(h) Housing for college or university students, if relevant to the region.; and

(i) Single room occupancies as defined in section 17 of this 2023 Act.

The purpose for estimating housing needs, as described in ORS 197.296 (3)(b), Metro shall
adopt findings and perform an analysis that estimates each of the following factors:

(a) Projected needed housing units over the next 20 years;

(b) Current housing underproduction;

(c) Housing units needed for people experiencing homelessness; and

(d) Housing units projected to be converted into vacation homes or second homes during the
next 20 years.

(3) At the time Metro performs the analysis under subsection (2) of this section, Metro shall
allocate a housing need for each city within Metro.

(4) In making an allocation under subsection (3) of this section, Metro shall consider:

(a) The forecasted population growth under ORS 195.033 or 195.036;

(b) The forecasted regional job growth;

(c) An equitable statewide distribution of housing for income levels described in section 2 (4),
chapter 13, Oregon Laws 2023 (Enrolled House Bill 2001) [of this 2023 Act].

(d) The estimates made under subsection (2) of this section; and

(e) The purpose of the Oregon Housing Needs Analysis under section 1 (1), chapter 13, Oregon
(5) Metro shall make the estimate described in subsection (2) of this section using a shorter time period than since the last review under ORS 197.296 (2)(a)(B) if Metro finds that the shorter time period will provide more accurate and reliable data related to housing need. The shorter time period may not be less than three years.

(6) Metro shall use data from a wider geographic area or use a time period longer than the time period described in subsection (2) of this section if the analysis of a wider geographic area or the use of a longer time period will provide more accurate, complete and reliable data relating to trends affecting housing need than an analysis performed pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. Metro must clearly describe the geographic area, time frame and source of data used in an estimate performed under this subsection.

(7) Subsection (1)(a) and (d) of this section does not apply to a city with a population of less than 2,500.

(8) Metro may take an exception under ORS 197.732 to the definition of “needed housing” in subsection (1) of this section in the same manner that an exception may be taken under the goals.

SECTION 19. Section 23, chapter 13, Oregon Laws 2023 (Enrolled House Bill 2001), is amended to read:

Sec. 23. (1) As used in ORS 197.286 to 197.314, and except as provided in subsection (2) of this section:

(a) “Needed housing” means housing by affordability level, as described in section 2 (4), chapter 13, Oregon Laws 2023 (Enrolled House Bill 2001) [of this 2023 Act], type, characteristics and location that is necessary to accommodate the city’s allocated housing need over the 20-year planning period in effect when the city’s housing capacity is determined.

(b) “Needed housing” includes the following housing types:

(A) Detached single-family housing, middle housing types as described in ORS 197.758 and multifamily housing that is owned or rented;

(B) Government assisted housing;

(C) Mobile home or manufactured dwelling parks as provided in ORS 197.475 to 197.490;

(D) Manufactured homes on individual lots planned and zoned for single-family residential use that are in addition to lots within designated manufactured dwelling subdivisions;

(E) Housing for agricultural workers;

(F) Housing for individuals with a variety of disabilities, related to mobility or communications that require accessibility features;

(G) Housing for older persons, as defined in ORS 659A.421; [and]

(H) Housing for college or university students, if relevant to the region[.]; and

(I) Single room occupancies as defined in section 17 of this 2023 Act.

(2) Subsection (1)(b)(A) and (D) of this section does not apply to:

(a) A city with a population of less than 2,500.

(b) A county with a population of less than 15,000.

(3) At the time that a city is required to inventory its buildable lands under ORS 197.297 (1) or section 21 or 22, chapter 13, Oregon Laws 2023 (Enrolled House Bill 2001) [of this 2023 Act], the city shall determine its needed housing under this section.

(4) In determining needed housing the city must demonstrate that the projected housing types, characteristics and locations are:

(a) Attainable for the allocated housing need by income, including consideration of publicly
supported housing;
(b) Appropriately responsive to current and projected market trends; and
(c) Responsive to the factors in ORS 197.290 (2)(b) to (d).

SITING DUPLEXES

SECTION 20. ORS 197.758 is amended to read:

ORS 197.758. (1) As used in this section:
(a) “Cottage clusters” means groupings of no fewer than four detached housing units per acre
with a footprint of less than 900 square feet each and that include a common courtyard.
(b) “Middle housing” means:
(A) Duplexes;
(B) Triplexes;
(C) Quadplexes;
(D) Cottage clusters; and
(E) Townhouses.
(c) “Townhouses” means a dwelling unit constructed in a row of two or more attached units,
where each dwelling unit is located on an individual lot or parcel and shares at least one common
wall with an adjacent unit.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, each city with a population of 25,000 or
more and each county or city within a metropolitan service district shall allow the development of:
(a) All middle housing types in areas zoned for residential use that allow for the development
of detached single-family dwellings; and
(b) A duplex on each lot or parcel zoned for residential use that allows for the development of
detached single-family dwellings.
(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, each city not within a metropolitan
service district with a population of more than 10,000 shall allow the development of:
(a) Cities with a population of 1,000 or fewer;
(b) Lands not within an urban growth boundary;
(c) Lands that are not incorporated and also lack sufficient urban services, as defined in ORS
195.065;
(d) Lands that are not zoned for residential use, including lands zoned primarily for commercial,
industrial, agricultural or public uses; or
(e) Lands that are not incorporated and are zoned under an interim zoning designation that
maintains the land’s potential for planned urban development.
(4) This section does not apply to:
(a) Cities with a population of 1,000 or fewer;
(b) Lands not within an urban growth boundary;
(c) Lands that are not incorporated and also lack sufficient urban services, as defined in ORS
195.065;
(d) Lands that are not zoned for residential use, including lands zoned primarily for commercial,
industrial, agricultural or public uses; or
(e) Lands that are not incorporated and are zoned under an interim zoning designation that
maintains the land’s potential for planned urban development.
(5) Local governments may regulate siting and design of middle housing required to be permitted
under this section, provided that the regulations do not, individually or cumulatively, discourage the
development of all middle housing types permitted in the area through unreasonable costs or delay.
Local governments may regulate middle housing to comply with protective measures adopted pur-
suant to statewide land use planning goals.
(6) This section does not prohibit local governments from permitting:
(a) Single-family dwellings in areas zoned to allow for single-family dwellings; or
(b) Middle housing in areas not required under this section.

(7) A local government that amends its comprehensive plan or land use regulations relating to allowing additional middle housing is not required to consider whether the amendments significantly affect an existing or planned transportation facility.

SECTION 21. Section 3, chapter 639, Oregon Laws 2019, is amended to read:

Sec. 3. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 197.646, a local government shall adopt land use regulations or amend its comprehensive plan to implement [section 2 of this 2019 Act] ORS 197.758 no later than:
(a) June 30, 2021, for each city subject to [section 2 (3) of this 2019 Act; or] ORS 197.758 (3) (2021 Edition);
(b) June 30, 2022, for each local government subject to [section 2 (2) of this 2019 Act.] ORS 197.758 (2); or
(c) June 30, 2025, for each city subject to ORS 197.758 (3), as amended by section 20 of this 2023 Act.

(2) The Land Conservation and Development Commission, with the assistance of the Building Codes Division of the Department of Consumer and Business Services, shall develop a model middle housing ordinance no later than December 31, 2020.

(3) A local government that has not acted within the time provided under subsection (1) of this section shall directly apply the model ordinance developed by the commission under subsection (2) of this section under ORS 197.646 (3) until the local government acts as described in subsection (1) of this section.

(4) In adopting regulations or amending a comprehensive plan under this section, a local government shall consider ways to increase the affordability of middle housing by considering ordinances and policies that include but are not limited to:
(a) Waiving or deferring system development charges;
(b) Adopting or amending criteria for property tax exemptions under ORS 307.515 to 307.523, 307.540 to 307.548 or 307.651 to 307.687 or property tax freezes under ORS 308.450 to 308.481; and
(c) Assessing a construction tax under ORS 320.192 and 320.195.

(5) When a local government makes a legislative decision to amend its comprehensive plan or land use regulations to allow middle housing in areas zoned for residential use that allow for detached single-family dwellings, the local government is not required to consider whether the amendments significantly affect an existing or planned transportation facility.

SECTION 22. Section 4, chapter 639, Oregon Laws 2019, is amended to read:

Sec. 4. (1) [Notwithstanding section 3 (1) or (3) of this 2019 Act.] The Department of Land Conservation and Development may grant to a local government that is subject to [section 2 of this 2019 Act] ORS 197.758 an extension of the time allowed to adopt land use regulations or amend its comprehensive plan under section 3, chapter 639, Oregon Laws 2019 [of this 2019 Act].

(2) An extension under this section may be applied only to specific areas where the local government has identified water, sewer, storm drainage or transportation services that are [either] significantly deficient [or are expected to be significantly deficient before December 31, 2023] and for which the local government has established a plan of actions that will remedy the deficiency in those services that is approved by the department. The extension may not extend beyond the date that the local government intends to correct the deficiency under the plan.

(3) In areas where the extension under this section does not apply, the local government shall apply its own land use regulations consistent with section 3 (1), chapter 639, Oregon Laws 2019,
[of this 2019 Act] or the model ordinance developed under section 3 (2), chapter 639, Oregon Laws 2019 [of this 2019 Act].

(4) A request for an extension by a local government must be filed with the department no later than:
(a) December 31, 2020, for a city subject to [section 2 (3) of this 2019 Act. ORS 197.758 (3) (2021 Edition).
(b) June 30, 2021, for a local government subject to [section 2 (2) of this 2019 Act. ORS 197.758 (2).
(c) June 30, 2024, for each city subject to ORS 197.758 (3), as amended by section 20 of this 2023 Act.

(5) The department shall grant or deny a request for an extension under this section:
(a) Within 90 days of receipt of a complete request from a city subject to [section 2 (3) of this 2019 Act. ORS 197.758 (3).
(b) Within 120 days of receipt of a complete request from a local government subject to [section 2 (2) of this 2019 Act. ORS 197.758 (2).

(6) The department shall adopt rules regarding the form and substance of a local government’s application for an extension under this section. The department may include rules regarding:
(a) Defining the affected areas;
(b) Calculating deficiencies of water, sewer, storm drainage or transportation services;
(c) Service deficiency levels required to qualify for the extension;
(d) The components and timing of a remediation plan necessary to qualify for an extension;
(e) Standards for evaluating applications; and
(f) Establishing deadlines and components for the approval of a plan of action.

SECTION 23. In addition to and not in lieu of any other appropriation, there is appropriated to the Department of Land Conservation and Development, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, out of the General Fund, the amount of $1,250,000, to provide grants to local governments to assist them in amending their comprehensive plans as required under section 3 (1)(c), chapter 639, Oregon Laws 2019.

REMOVING RECORDED DISCRIMINATORY PROVISIONS

SECTION 24. Section 25 of this 2023 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 93.

SECTION 25. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 94.590, 94.625, 100.110, 100.135, 100.411 or 100.413 or any requirement of the declaration or bylaws, an amendment to the declaration or bylaws of a planned community or condominium is effective and may be made and recorded in the county clerk’s office of a county in which any portion of the property is situated without the vote of the owners or the board members and without the prior approval of the Real Estate Commissioner, county assessor or any other person if:
(a) The amendment is made to conform the declarations or bylaws to the requirements of ORS 93.270 (2); and
(b) The amendment is signed by the president and secretary of the homeowners association.

(2) The first page or cover sheet of an instrument amending the declaration or bylaws must comply with the recording requirements of ORS chapter 205 and must be in substantially the following form:
AMENDMENT OF [DECLARATION/BYLAWS]
TO COMPLY WITH ORS 93.270 (2).

Pursuant to this section, the undersigned states:

1. The undersigned are the president and secretary for the [homeowners/condominium owners] association ________________ (name) in ________________ County.

2. This document amends the [declaration/bylaws] of the association.

3. The [declaration was/bylaws were] first recorded under instrument number (or book and page number) ________________ recorded on ____________.

4. The [declaration was/bylaws were] most recently amended or restated, if ever, under instrument number (or book and page number) ________________ recorded on ____________.

5. The undersigned have determined that the current [declarations/bylaws] of the [planned community/condominium], as last amended or revised, may fail to comply with ORS 93.270. The following amendments to the [declaration/bylaws] remove provisions that are not allowed and are unenforceable under ORS 93.270 (2). No other changes to the document are being made except as may be necessary to correct scriveners’ errors or to conform format and style.

6. Under this section, a vote of the association is not required.

7. The description of the real property in ________________ County affected by this document is:

   ________________________________
   ________________________________

Dated this _____ day of ____________ 20___.

Name: ________________________________
President, ________________ (association name)
Address: ________________________________
Phone No.: ________________

Dated this _____ day of ____________ 20___.

Name: ________________________________
Secretary, ________________ (association name)
Address: ________________________________
Phone No.: ________________

STATE OF OREGON )
 ) ss.
County of ________

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this ____ day of ________
20____ by __________________ and __________________.

________________________
                           Notary Public for Oregon

                           My commission expires: ____________

(3) If an instrument recorded under this section affects a condominium, the condominium
association shall file a copy of the recorded instrument with the Real Estate Commissioner.

SECTION 26. Section 4, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, as amended by section 5b, chapter 367,
Oregon Laws 2021, is amended to read:

Sec. 4. (1) On or before December 31, [2022] 2024, each homeowners association of a planned
community first established before September 1, 2021, shall review [each governing document
currently binding on the planned community, or the lots or the lot owners within] the declaration and
bylaws of the planned community and shall:

(a) Amend [or restate] each document as necessary to remove all restrictions against the use of
the community or the lots not allowed under ORS 93.270 (2) as provided under section 25 of this
2023 Act; or

(b) Execute and record a [declaration] certification that the homeowners association has re-
viewed the [governing documents binding on] declaration and bylaws of the planned community and
that the documents do not contain any restriction, rule or regulation against the use of the com-
munity or the lots by a person or group of persons because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual ori-
etation, gender identity, national origin, marital status, familial status, source of income, disability
or the number of individuals, including family members, persons of close affinity or unrelated per-
sons, who are simultaneously occupying a dwelling unit within occupancy limits.

(2) [Notwithstanding ORS 94.590 or 94.625 or any requirement of the declaration or bylaws, an
amendment to or a restatement of the declaration or bylaws under subsection (1)(a) of this section is
effective and] A certification under subsection (1)(b) of this section:

(a) May be recorded without the vote of the owners or the board members [if the amendment
or restatement includes a certification signed by the president and secretary of the homeowners asso-
ciation that the amended or restated declaration or bylaws does not change that document except as
required under this section and as may be necessary to correct scriveners’ errors or to conform format
and style.]; and

(b) Must be in substantially the following form:

Pursuant to section 4, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, the undersigned states:

1. The undersigned are the president and secretary for the homeowners association
   _________________ (name) in _________________ County.

2. The declaration was first recorded under instrument number (or book and page num-
   ber) _________________, recorded on _________________. The declaration was most re-
   cently amended or restated, if ever, under instrument number _______________ recorded
   on _________________.

[31]
3. The bylaws were first recorded, if ever, under instrument number (or book and page number) ______________ recorded on ______________. The bylaws were most recently amended or restated, if ever, under instrument number ______________ recorded on ______________.

4. The undersigned have determined that the current declarations and bylaws of the planned community, as last amended or revised, conform with ORS 93.270 (2) and that there are no provisions that would restrict the use of the community or the lots or units of the community because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, marital status, familial status, source of income, disability or the number of individuals, including family members, persons of close affinity or unrelated persons, who are simultaneously occupying a dwelling unit within occupancy limits. Any such provision that may inadvertently remain is void and unenforceable.

5. Under this section, a vote of the association is not required.

6. The description of the real property in ______________ County affected by this document is:

    ______________

    ______________

Dated this _____ day of ___________ 20____.

Name: __________________________
President, ____________________ (association name)
Dated this _____ day of ___________ 20____.

Name: __________________________
Secretary, ____________________ (association name)

STATE OF OREGON   )
) ss.
County of ________  )

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this ___ day of ______
20____ by ______________________ and __________________.

________________________________________
Notary Public for Oregon

My commission expires: ____________

SECTION 27. Section 6, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, as amended by section 5c, chapter 367, Oregon Laws 2021, is amended to read:

Sec. 6. (1) On or before December 31, [2022] 2024, each association of a condominium first estabished before September 1, 2021, that includes units used for residential purposes shall review [each governing document currently binding on the condominium or the units or unit owners within] the declaration and bylaws of the condominium and shall:

(a) Amend [or restate] each document as necessary to remove all restrictions against the use of the condominium or the units not allowed under ORS 93.270 (2) as provided under section 25 of
this 2023 Act; or
(b) Execute and record a [declaration] certification that the association has reviewed the [governing documents binding on] declaration and bylaws of the condominium and that the documents do not contain any restriction, rule or regulation against the use of the condominium or the units by a person or group of persons because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, marital status, familial status, source of income, disability or the number of individuals, including family members, persons of close affinity or unrelated persons, who are simultaneously occupying a dwelling unit within occupancy limits.

(2) [Notwithstanding ORS 100.110, 100.135, 100.413 or any requirement of the declaration or bylaws, an amendment to or a restatement of the declaration or bylaws under this section, upon submission and approval of the Real Estate Commissioner under ORS 100.123, 100.125, 100.668 and 100.675, is effective and] A certification under subsection (1)(b) of this section:
(a) May be recorded without the vote of the owners or the board members if the amended or restated declaration or bylaws includes a certification signed by the president and secretary of the association that the amended or restated declaration or bylaws does not change that document except as required under this section and as may be necessary to correct scriveners' errors or to conform format and style.; and
(b) Must be in substantially the following form:

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH ORS 93.270 (2).

Pursuant to section 6, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, the undersigned states:
1. The undersigned are the president and secretary for the condominium owners association ________________ (name) in ________________ County.
2. The declaration was first recorded under instrument number (or book and page number) ________________ recorded on ________________. The declaration was most recently amended or restated, if ever, under instrument number ________________ recorded on ________________.
3. The bylaws were first recorded, if ever, under instrument number (or book and page number) ________________ recorded on ________________. The bylaws were most recently amended or restated, if ever, under instrument number ________________ recorded on ________________.
4. The undersigned have determined that the current declarations and bylaws of the condominium, as last amended or revised, conform with ORS 93.270 (2) and that there are no provisions that would restrict the use of the community or the lots or units of the community because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, marital status, familial status, source of income, disability or the number of individuals, including family members, persons of close affinity or unrelated persons, who are simultaneously occupying a dwelling unit within occupancy limits. Any such provision that may inadvertently remain is void and unenforceable.
5. Under this section, a vote of the association is not required.
6. The description of the real property in ________________ County affected by this document is:


[33]
SECTION 28. (1) The amendments to sections 4 and 6, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, by sections 26 and 27 of this 2023 Act are intended to extend the deadline for compliance with those sections and to clarify the process by which associations may comply with those sections.

(2) Sections 4 and 6, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, as amended by sections 26 and 27 of this 2023 Act, do not apply to a planned community or condominium that:

(a) Was established on or after September 1, 2021; or

(b) Complied with the requirements of section 4 or 6, chapter 67, Oregon Laws 2021, that were in effect before the effective date of this 2023 Act, notwithstanding the former deadline for compliance of December 31, 2022.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING ON PUBLIC UTILITY LANDS

SECTION 29. (1) As used in this section, “affordable housing” means affordable housing as defined in ORS 197.308 or publicly supported housing as defined in ORS 456.250.

(2)(a) To facilitate the development of affordable housing in this state, the Public Utility Commission may allow a public utility to sell, or convey at below market price or as a gift, the public utility's interest in real property for the purpose of the real property being used for the development of affordable housing.

(b) The instrument that conveys, or contracts to convey, the public utility's interest in the real property must include an affordable housing covenant as provided in ORS 456.270 to 456.295.

(3) A public utility may not recover costs from customers for selling, or conveying at below market price or as a gift, the public utility's interest in real property under this sec-
UNIT CAPTIONS

SECTION 30. The unit captions used in this 2023 Act are provided only for the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any legislative intent in the enactment of this 2023 Act.

OPERATIVE AND EFFECTIVE DATES

SECTION 31. Sections 2, 17, 25 and 29 of this 2023 Act and the amendments to ORS 92.090, 94.550, 100.015, 100.022, 100.105, 100.110, 100.115, 197.303, 197.830, 215.427 and 227.178 and section 23, chapter 13, Oregon Laws 2023 (Enrolled House Bill 2001), by sections 3 to 5, 9 to 15, 18 and 19 of this 2023 Act become operative on January 1, 2024.

SECTION 32. This 2023 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2023 Act takes effect on its passage.