Senate Bill 530

Sponsored by Senator DEMBROW, Representative MARSH, Senator GOLDEN, Representative NERON; Senators FREDERICK, PATTERSON, Representatives GAMBA, GOMBERG, HELM, HUDSON, PHAM K (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Establishes state policy regarding natural climate solutions.

Establishes Natural and Working Lands Fund and provides for transfer of moneys from fund to certain state agencies. Prescribes uses of moneys from fund and requires Oregon Global Warming Commission to report to legislature on uses of moneys from fund.

Directs State Department of Energy and commission to prepare baseline, activity-based metrics and community impact metrics for net carbon sequestration and storage in natural and working lands and establish carbon sequestration and storage goals.

Directs State Department of Energy, in coordination with commission, to study workforce training programs needed to support adoption of natural climate solutions and provide results to committees of Legislative Assembly related to environment no later than September 15, 2024.

Authorizes commission to appoint natural and working lands advisory committee.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

- 2 Relating to natural climate solutions; and prescribing an effective date.
- 3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
 - SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 10 of this 2023 Act:
 - (1) "Climate resilience" means the capability to anticipate, prepare for, respond to and recover from significant climate-related threats with minimum damage to social well-being, the economy and the environment.
 - (2) "Environmental justice community" has the meaning given that term in ORS 182.535.
 - (3) "Natural and working lands" means:
- 10 **(a) Lands:**

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- (A) Actively used by an agricultural owner or operator for an agricultural operation, including but not limited to active engagement in farming or ranching;
 - (B) Producing forest products;
- (C) Consisting of forests, woodlands, grasslands, sagebrush steppes, deserts, freshwater and riparian systems, wetlands, coastal and estuarine areas or the submerged and submersible lands within Oregon's territorial sea and marine habitats associated with those lands:
- (D) Used for recreational purposes, including, but not limited to, parks, trails, greenbelts and other similar open space lands; or
- (E) Consisting of trees, other vegetation and soils in urban and near-urban areas, including, but not limited to, urban watersheds, street trees, park trees, residential trees and riparian habitats; and
 - (b) Lands described in paragraph (a) of this subsection that are:
 - (A) Held in trust by the United States for the benefit of any of the nine federally recog-

nized Indian tribes in this state;

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- (B) Held in trust by the United States for the benefit of individual members of any of the nine federally recognized Indian tribes in this state;
- (C) Within the boundaries of the reservation of any of the nine federally recognized Indian tribes in this state; or
- (D) Otherwise owned or controlled by any of the nine federally recognized Indian tribes in this state.
- (4) "Natural climate solution" means an activity that enhances or protects the ability of natural and working lands to sequester and store carbon, or reduces greenhouse gas emissions from natural and working lands, while maintaining or increasing climate resilience, human well-being and biodiversity.

SECTION 2. The Legislative Assembly declares that it is the policy of this state to:

- (1) Implement strategies to advance natural climate solutions to mitigate the future impacts of climate change.
 - (2) Invest in research to improve our understanding of:
- (a) The effects of natural climate solutions on natural and working lands and the products produced by natural and working lands; and
- (b) The contributions of natural climate solutions to reducing greenhouse gas emissions, increasing net carbon sequestration and storage and strengthening climate resilience.
 - (3) Direct state agencies to incentivize and implement natural climate solutions by:
- (a) Securing and leveraging federal and private investments in natural climate solutions on natural and working lands;
 - (b) Prioritizing the use of existing programs to administer funds;
- (c) Ensuring equitable benefits of climate mitigation for environmental justice communities, landowners and land managers;
- (d) Ensuring that a diversity of landowners and managers are able to voluntarily participate in incentive-based programs for natural climate solutions and climate resilience;
- (e) Identifying resources to provide incentives to land managers interested in voluntarily adopting practices that optimize natural climate solutions;
 - (f) Strengthening land manager education, engagement and technical assistance efforts;
- (g) Providing financial assistance for tribal governments, local governments or nongovernmental organizations for the purpose of entering into voluntary transactions with willing landowners to acquire natural and working lands to enhance the local benefits of natural climate solutions;
- (h) Increasing and deploying natural climate solutions in and around our urban and built environment; and
- (i) Optimizing the social, health, ecological, climate resilience and economic benefits of natural climate solutions, including:
 - (A) Reducing heat island effects;
- 40 (B) Improving air quality;
 - (C) Improving flood control;
 - (D) Improving soil health and productivity;
 - (E) Improving wildfire resilience and community protection;
- 44 (F) Improving drought resilience and response;
- 45 (G) Improving wetland and riparian functionality for enhanced water quality and quan-

1 tity;

- (H) Increasing long-term fiber supplies;
- (I) Increasing the climate resilience of fish and wildlife; and
- (J) Increasing protection for coastal communities from the impacts of storm surge.
- (4) Direct state agencies to incorporate natural climate solutions into their missions, programmatic investments and performance metrics.
- (5) Direct state agencies to use metrics designed to track progress in implementing natural climate solutions.
- SECTION 3. (1) The Natural and Working Lands Fund is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Natural and Working Lands Fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys in the Natural and Working Lands Fund are continuously appropriated to State Department of Energy for the purposes described in this section and section 4 of this 2023 Act.
- (2) At the written request of the State Department of Energy, the State Treasurer shall transfer moneys from the balance available in the Natural and Working Lands Fund on August 1 of each year to the following funds in accordance with allocations established by the department by rule under subsection (3) of this section:
- (a) The Agriculture Natural Climate Solutions Fund established under section 11 of this 2023 Act.
- (b) The Forestry Natural Climate Solutions Fund established under section 12 of this 2023 Act.
- (c) The Watershed Natural Climate Solutions Fund established under section 13 of this 2023 Act.
- (d) The Fish and Wildlife Natural Climate Solutions Fund established under section 14 of this 2023 Act.
- (3) The State Department of Energy shall establish by rule the allocations under subsection (2) of this section. Allocations may be adjusted annually and must be based on the anticipated needs of the agency to which moneys are allocated. The department shall consult with the State Department of Agriculture, the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board before adopting or adjusting allocations under this subsection.
- SECTION 4. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, the State Department of Agriculture, the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board shall use moneys allocated from the Natural and Working Lands Fund to:
- (a) Provide incentives to help landowners, land managers and environmental justice communities adopt practices that support natural climate solutions; and
- (b) Provide financial assistance for technical support for landowners, land managers and environmental justice communities for the adoption of natural climate solutions.
- (2) The State Department of Energy, in consultation with the Oregon Global Warming Commission, the State Department of Agriculture, the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board, shall adopt rules to describe the areas of responsibility, in carrying out subsection (1) of this section, for each agency that receives an allocation from the Natural and Working Lands Fund.
 - (3) The State Department of Energy, the Oregon Global Warming Commission, the State

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- Department of Agriculture, the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board shall jointly:
- (a) Coordinate, to the maximum extent practicable, on the development and implementation of programs and activities related to natural climate solutions to reduce duplication and overlapping or redundant efforts;
- (b) Review, at regular intervals, progress made in implementing natural climate solutions and barriers to future implementation;
 - (c) Identify opportunities for cross-agency coordination on natural climate solutions; and
- (d) Identify opportunities for leveraging natural climate solution capacities across agencies.
- (4) Agencies that receive an allocation from the Natural and Working Lands Fund under section 3 of this 2023 Act shall provide to the Oregon Global Warming Commission an accounting of the uses of moneys from the fund by the agency.
- (5) The Oregon Global Warming Commission shall provide a summary of the uses of the Natural and Working Lands Fund, and identify additional funding needs, in a report to the committees of the Legislative Assembly related to the environment, in the manner provided by ORS 192.245, no later than September 15 of each year.
- SECTION 5. (1) No later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, the Oregon Global Warming Commission, in consultation with the State Department of Energy, the State Department of Agriculture, the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board, shall submit a report, in the manner provided by ORS 192.245, to the interim committees of the Legislative Assembly related to the environment and the Governor. The report shall include:
- (a) A list of projects funded by the Natural and Working Lands Fund during the previous 24 months and the amount expended for each project.
- (b) A summary of state, federal and private sources of funding for natural climate solutions.
- (c) An assessment of projects described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection in light of the baseline and metrics adopted under section 6 of this 2023 Act.
- (d) A list of projects, grants or other activities that are planned for the upcoming calendar year.
- (e) A summary of anticipated climate threats to Oregon's natural and working lands in the upcoming biennium.
- (f) An assessment of gaps in programs and authorities to better fulfill the policies described in section 2 of this 2023 Act.
- (g) An inventory and assessment of existing programs that relate to natural climate solutions.
- (2) Before finalizing the report under subsection (1) of this section, the commission shall solicit public comment on the report and include a summary of comments received in the final version of the report submitted to the Legislative Assembly and Governor.
- (3) The State Department of Energy shall provide staff support to the commission for the purpose of preparing the reports under this section and section 4 (5) of this 2023 Act. The department may contract with a third party to provide staff support services described in this subsection.
 - SECTION 6. (1) The State Department of Energy and the Oregon Global Warming Com-

mission shall, in coordination with the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Agriculture, the State Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board, and in consultation with relevant federal agencies, establish and maintain:

- (a) A net carbon sequestration and storage baseline for natural and working lands;
- (b) Activity-based metrics in accordance with subsection (2) of this section; and
- (c) Community impact metrics in accordance with subsection (3) of this section.
- (2) Activity-based metrics shall be used to evaluate progress toward increasing net carbon sequestration and storage in natural and working lands, as measured against the net carbon sequestration and storage baseline. Activity-based metrics may include, but need not be limited to, acres of lands for which certain management practices have been adopted.
- (3) Community impact metrics shall be used to evaluate the positive and negative effects, over time, of strategies for net carbon sequestration and storage in natural and working lands on landowners, land managers and communities. Community impact metrics may include, but need not be limited to:
- (a) Metrics to measure the effects of net carbon sequestration and storage strategies on jobs, local economies, environmental integrity and public health; and
- (b) Metrics to evaluate the accessibility of a diverse range of landowners to net carbon sequestration and storage programs.
- (4) The State Department of Energy and the Oregon Global Warming Commission, in consultation with the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Agriculture, the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board and the State Department of Fish and Wildlife, shall, no later than January 1, 2025, establish carbon sequestration and storage goals for Oregon's natural and working lands and update those goals as new information becomes available.
- (5) The State Department of Energy may contract with a third party to assist the department in performing its duties under this section.
- SECTION 7. (1) The State Department of Energy and the Oregon Global Warming Commission, in coordination with the State Forestry Department, the State Department of Agriculture, the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board, the Department of State Lands, the Department of Land Conservation and Development and federal land management partners, shall develop a natural and working lands net carbon sequestration and storage inventory. The inventory must:
- (a) Be based on the best available field-based and remote sensing data on carbon sequestration; and
- (b) To the greatest extent possible, be developed using methods consistent with methods used to assess greenhouse gas fluxes related to land use, land change and forestry for the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks.
- (2) The State Department of Energy shall update the inventory and submit a report describing the inventory to the Oregon Global Warming Commission no later than December 1 of each even-numbered year.
- (3) The State Department of Energy may contract with a third party to assist the department in performing its duties under this section.
- SECTION 8. (1) The State Department of Energy, in coordination with the Oregon Global Warming Commission, shall study the workforce and training programs needed to support adoption of natural climate solutions on natural and working lands.

- (2) The department shall provide the results of the study, and may include recommendations for legislation, in a report to the committees of the Legislative Assembly related to the environment, in the manner provided under ORS 192.245, no later than September 15, 2024.
- (3) The department may contract with a third party to assist the department in performing its duties under this section.
 - SECTION 9. Section 8 of this 2023 Act is repealed on January 2, 2025.
- 8 <u>SECTION 10.</u> (1) The Oregon Global Warming Commission may appoint a natural and 9 working lands advisory committee to advise the commission in the performance of the 10 commission's duties under sections 1 to 10 of this 2023 Act.
 - (2) The advisory committee shall consist of at least 14 members, including but not limited to representatives of:
 - (a) Tribal governments;

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- (b) Local governments;
- 15 (c) Forest products interests or organizations;
- 16 (d) Agricultural interests or organizations;
- 17 (e) Environmental justice interests;
 - (f) Conservation interests; and
- 19 (g) Technical service providers.
 - (3) The State Department of Energy shall provide staff support for the advisory committee. The department may contract with a third party to provide staff support services under this subsection.
 - SECTION 11. (1) The Agriculture Natural Climate Solutions Fund is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Agriculture Natural Climate Solutions Fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to State Department of Agriculture to:
 - (a) Provide incentives and financial assistance as described in section 4 (1) of this 2023 Act; and
 - (b) For the administrative expenses of the department in implementing section 4 of this 2023 Act, except that no more than 10 percent of moneys may be used for administrative expenses.
 - (2) The Agriculture Natural Climate Solutions Fund consists of moneys transferred to the fund under section 3 of this 2023 Act.
 - SECTION 12. (1) The Forestry Natural Climate Solutions Fund is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Forestry Natural Climate Solutions Fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the State Forestry Department to:
 - (a) Provide incentives and financial assistance as described in section 4 (1) of this 2023 Act; and
 - (b) For the administrative expenses of the department in implementing section 4 of this 2023 Act, except that no more than 10 percent of moneys may be used for administrative expenses.
 - (2) The Forestry Natural Climate Solutions Fund consists of moneys transferred to the fund under section 3 of this 2023 Act.
- 45 SECTION 13. (1) The Watershed Natural Climate Solutions Fund is established in the

- State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Watershed Natural Climate Solutions Fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board to:
- (a) Provide incentives and financial assistance as described in section 4 (1) of this 2023 Act; and
- (b) For the administrative expenses of the board in implementing section 4 of this 2023 Act, except that no more than 10 percent of moneys may be used for administrative expenses.
- (2) The Watershed Natural Climate Solutions Fund consists of moneys transferred to the fund under section 3 of this 2023 Act.
- SECTION 14. (1) The Fish and Wildlife Natural Climate Solutions Fund is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Fish and Wildlife Natural Climate Solutions Fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the State Department of Fish and Wildlife to:
- (a) Provide incentives and financial assistance as described in section 4 (1) of this 2023 Act; and
- (b) For the administrative expenses of the department in implementing section 4 of this 2023 Act, except that no more than 10 percent of moneys may be used for administrative expenses.
- (2) The Fish and Wildlife Natural Climate Solutions Fund consists of moneys transferred to the fund under section 3 of this 2023 Act.
- SECTION 15. This 2023 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2023 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.