In line 2 of the printed bill, after “firearms” insert “; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 166.270 and 166.435”.

Delete lines 4 through 9 and insert:

“SECTION 1. ORS 166.270 is amended to read:

“166.270. (1) Any person who has been convicted of a felony under the law of this state or any other state, or who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Government of the United States, who owns or has in the person’s possession or under the person’s custody or control any firearm commits the crime of felon in possession of a firearm.

“(2) Any person who has been convicted of a felony under the law of this state or any other state, or who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Government of the United States, who owns or has in the person’s possession or under the person’s custody or control any instrument or weapon having a blade that projects or swings into position by force of a spring or by centrifugal force or any blackjack, slungshot, sandclub, sandbag, sap glove, metal knuckles or an Electro-Muscular Disruption Technology device as defined in ORS 165.540, or who carries a dirk, dagger or stiletto, commits the crime of felon in possession of a restricted weapon.

“(3) For the purposes of this section, a person ‘has been convicted of a felony’ if, at the time of conviction for an offense, that offense was a felony under the law of the jurisdiction in which it was committed. Such conviction shall not be deemed a conviction of a felony if:

“(a) The court declared the conviction to be a misdemeanor at the time of judgment; or

“(b) The offense was possession of marijuana and the conviction was prior to January 1, 1972.

“(4) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to any person who has been:

“(a) Convicted of only one felony under the law of this state or any other state, or who has been convicted of only one felony under the laws of the United States, which felony did not involve criminal homicide, as defined in ORS 163.005, or the possession or use of a firearm or a weapon having a blade that projects or swings into position by force of a spring or by centrifugal force, and who has been discharged from imprisonment, parole or probation for said offense for a period of 15 years prior to the date of alleged violation of subsection (1) of this section; or

“(b) Granted relief from the disability under 18 U.S.C. 925(c) or ORS 166.274 or has had the person’s record expunged under the laws of this state or equivalent laws of another jurisdiction.

“(5) Felon in possession of a firearm is a Class C felony. Felon in possession of a restricted weapon is a Class A misdemeanor.

“(6) The Oregon Criminal Justice Commission shall classify the crime of felon in possession of a firearm as crime category 8 of the sentencing guidelines grid of the commission.

“SECTION 2. ORS 166.435, as amended by section 7, chapter 1, Oregon Laws 2023, is amended
to read:

“166.435. (1) As used in this section:

(a) ‘Transfer’ means the delivery of a firearm from a transferor to a transferee, including, but not limited to, the sale, gift, loan or lease of the firearm. ‘Transfer’ does not include the temporary provision of a firearm to a transferee if the transferor has no reason to believe the transferee is prohibited from possessing a firearm or intends to use the firearm in the commission of a crime, and the provision occurs:

(A) At a shooting range, shooting gallery or other area designed for the purpose of target shooting, for use during target practice, a firearms safety or training course or class or a similar lawful activity;

(B) For the purpose of hunting, trapping or target shooting, during the time in which the transferee is engaged in activities related to hunting, trapping or target shooting;

(C) Under circumstances in which the transferee and the firearm are in the presence of the transferor;

(D) To a transferee who is in the business of repairing firearms, for the time during which the firearm is being repaired;

(E) To a transferee who is in the business of making or repairing custom accessories for firearms, for the time during which the accessories are being made or repaired; or

(F) For the purpose of preventing imminent death or serious physical injury, and the provision lasts only as long as is necessary to prevent the death or serious physical injury.

(b) ‘Transferee’ means a person who is not a gun dealer or licensed as a manufacturer or importer under 18 U.S.C. 923 and who intends to receive a firearm from a transferor.

(c) ‘Transferor’ means a person who is not a gun dealer or licensed as a manufacturer or importer under 18 U.S.C. 923 and who intends to deliver a firearm to a transferee.

(2) Except as provided in ORS 166.436 and 166.438 and subsection (4) of this section, a transferor may not transfer a firearm to a transferee unless the transfer is completed through a gun dealer as described in subsection (3) of this section.

(3)(a) A transferor may transfer a firearm to a transferee only as provided in this section. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, prior to the transfer both the transferor and the transferee must appear in person before a gun dealer, with the firearm and a valid permit-to-purchase issued to the transferee under section 4, chapter 1, Oregon Laws 2023, and request that the gun dealer perform a criminal background check on the transferee.

(b) If the transferor and the transferee reside over 40 miles from each other, the transferor may ship or deliver the firearm to a gun dealer located near the transferee or a gun dealer designated by the transferee, and the transferor need not appear before the gun dealer in person.

(c) A gun dealer who agrees to complete a transfer of a firearm under this section shall request a criminal history record check on the transferee as described in ORS 166.412 and shall comply with all requirements of federal law.

(d) If, upon completion of a criminal background check, the gun dealer:

(A) Receives a unique approval number from the Department of State Police indicating that the transferee is qualified to complete the transfer, the gun dealer shall notify the transferor, enter the firearm into the gun dealer’s inventory and transfer the firearm to the transferee.

(B) Receives notification that the transferee is prohibited by state or federal law from possessing or receiving the firearm or that the department is unable to determine if the transferee is qualified or disqualified from completing the transfer, the gun dealer shall notify the transferor and
neither the transferor nor the gun dealer shall transfer the firearm to the transferee. If the
transferor shipped or delivered the firearm to the gun dealer pursuant to paragraph (b) of this sub-
section, the gun dealer shall comply with federal law when returning the firearm to the transferor.

“(e) A gun dealer may charge a reasonable fee for facilitating a firearm transfer pursuant to this
section.

“(4) The requirements of subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not apply to:
(a) The transfer of a firearm by or to a law enforcement agency, or by or to a law enforcement
officer, private security professional or member of the Armed Forces of the United States, while that
person is acting within the scope of official duties.

“(b) The transfer of a firearm as part of a firearm turn-in or buyback event, in which a law
enforcement agency receives or purchases firearms from members of the public.

“(c) The transfer of a firearm to:
(A) A transferor's spouse or domestic partner;
(B) A transferor's parent or stepparent;
(C) A transferor's child or stepchild;
(D) A transferor's sibling;
(E) A transferor's grandparent;
(F) A transferor's grandchild;
(G) A transferor's aunt or uncle;
(H) A transferor's first cousin;
(I) A transferor's niece or nephew; or
(J) The spouse or domestic partner of a person specified in subparagraphs (B) to (I) of this
paragraph.

“(d) The transfer of a firearm that occurs because of the death of the firearm owner, provided
that:
(A) The transfer is conducted or facilitated by a personal representative, as defined in ORS
111.005, or a trustee of a trust created in a will; and
(B) The transferee is related to the deceased firearm owner in a manner specified in paragraph
(c) of this subsection.

“(e) The transfer of a firearm to a transferee who is a certified participant in the Address
Confidentiality Program under ORS 192.820 to 192.868.

“(5)(a) A transferor who fails to comply with the requirements of this section commits a Class
A misdemeanor.

“(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, a transferor who fails to comply with the
requirements of this section commits a Class B felony if the transferor has a previous conviction
under this section at the time of the offense.

“SECTION 3. The amendments to ORS 166.435 by section 2 of this 2023 Act apply to
firearm transfers occurring on or after the effective date of this 2023 Act.”.

/s/ Dennis Linthicum
Senator

/s/ Kim Thatcher
Senator