

# House Joint Resolution 27

Sponsored by Representative HIEB; Representative LEWIS

## SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Proposes amendment to Oregon Constitution prohibiting bail for controlled substances homicide when proof is evident or presumption of guilt is strong.

Refers proposed amendment to people for their approval or rejection at next regular general election.

## JOINT RESOLUTION

**Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:**

**PARAGRAPH 1.** Section 43, Article I of the Constitution of the State of Oregon, is amended to read:

**Sec. 43.** (1) To ensure that a fair balance is struck between the rights of crime victims and the rights of criminal defendants in the course and conduct of criminal proceedings, the following rights are hereby granted to victims in all prosecutions for crimes:

(a) The right to be reasonably protected from the criminal defendant or the convicted criminal throughout the criminal justice process and from the alleged youth offender or youth offender throughout the juvenile delinquency proceedings.

(b) The right to have decisions by the court regarding the pretrial release of a criminal defendant based upon the principle of reasonable protection of the victim and the public, as well as the likelihood that the criminal defendant will appear for trial. Murder, aggravated murder, **controlled substances homicide** and treason shall not be bailable when the proof is evident or the presumption strong that the person is guilty. Other violent felonies shall not be bailable when a court has determined there is probable cause to believe the criminal defendant committed the crime, and the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that there is danger of physical injury or sexual victimization to the victim or members of the public by the criminal defendant while on release.

(2) This section applies to proceedings pending or commenced on or after the effective date of this section. Nothing in this section abridges any right of the criminal defendant guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States, including the rights to be represented by counsel, have counsel appointed if indigent, testify, present witnesses, cross-examine witnesses or present information at the release hearing. Nothing in this section creates any cause of action for compensation or damages nor may this section be used to invalidate an accusatory instrument, conviction or adjudication or otherwise terminate any criminal or juvenile delinquency proceeding at any point after the case is commenced or on appeal. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of this section and in subsection (5) of this section, nothing in this section may be used to invalidate a ruling of a court or to suspend any criminal or juvenile delinquency proceedings at any point after the case is commenced. Except as otherwise specifically provided, this section supersedes any

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 conflicting section of this Constitution.

2 (3) As used in this section:

3 (a) "Victim" means any person determined by the prosecuting attorney or the court to have  
4 suffered direct financial, psychological or physical harm as a result of a crime and, in the case of  
5 a victim who is a minor, the legal guardian of the minor.

6 (b) "Violent felony" means a felony in which there was actual or threatened serious physical  
7 injury to a victim or a felony sexual offense.

8 (4)(a) The prosecuting attorney is the party authorized to assert the rights of the public estab-  
9 lished by this section.

10 (b) Upon the victim's request, the prosecuting attorney, in the attorney's discretion, may assert  
11 and enforce a right established in this section.

12 (5)(a) Every victim described in paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of this section shall have remedy  
13 by due course of law for violation of a right established in this section.

14 (b) A victim may assert a claim for a right established in this section in a pending case, by a  
15 mandamus proceeding if no case is pending or as otherwise provided by law.

16 (c) The Legislative Assembly may provide by law for further effectuation of the provisions of  
17 this subsection, including authorization for expedited and interlocutory consideration of claims for  
18 relief and the establishment of reasonable limitations on the time allowed for bringing such claims.

19 (d) No claim for a right established in this section shall suspend a criminal or juvenile delin-  
20 quency proceeding if such a suspension would violate a right of a criminal defendant or alleged  
21 youth offender guaranteed by this Constitution or the Constitution of the United States.

22 (6) In the event that no person has been determined to be a victim of the crime, the people of  
23 Oregon, represented by the prosecuting attorney, are considered to be the victims. In no event is it  
24 intended that the criminal defendant be considered the victim.

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26 **PARAGRAPH 2. The amendment proposed by this resolution shall be submitted to the**  
27 **people for their approval or rejection at the next regular general election held throughout**  
28 **this state.**