Enrolled House Bill 3632

Sponsored by Representative KROPF, Senators HAYDEN, KNOPP; Representatives BOSHART DAVIS, CATE, GRAYBER, HIEB, HUDSON, Senators ANDERSON, BONHAM, GELSER BLOUIN, LIEBER, MANNING JR, MEEK, PATTERSON, SMITH DB

CHAPTER

AN ACT

Relating to statute of limitations; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 131.125.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 131.125 is amended to read:

131.125. (1) A prosecution for aggravated murder, murder, attempted murder or aggravated murder, conspiracy or solicitation to commit aggravated murder or murder or any degree of manslaughter may be commenced at any time after the commission of the attempt, conspiracy or solicitation to commit aggravated murder, or the death of the person killed.

(2) A prosecution for any of the following felonies may be commenced within [12] **20** years after the commission of the crime or, if the victim at the time of the crime was under 18 years of age, anytime before the victim attains 30 years of age, whichever occurs later:

- (a) Rape in the first degree under ORS 163.375.
- (b) Sodomy in the first degree under ORS 163.405.
- (c) Unlawful sexual penetration in the first degree under ORS 163.411.
- (d) Sexual abuse in the first degree under ORS 163.427.

(3) A prosecution for any of the following felonies may be commenced within six years after the commission of the crime or, if the victim at the time of the crime was under 18 years of age, anytime before the victim attains 30 years of age or within 12 years after the offense is reported to a law enforcement agency or the Department of Human Services, whichever occurs first:

- (a) Strangulation under ORS 163.187 (4).
- (b) Criminal mistreatment in the first degree under ORS 163.205.
- (c) Rape in the third degree under ORS 163.355.
- (d) Rape in the second degree under ORS 163.365.
- (e) Sodomy in the third degree under ORS 163.385.
- (f) Sodomy in the second degree under ORS 163.395.
- (g) Unlawful sexual penetration in the second degree under ORS 163.408.
- (h) Sexual abuse in the second degree under ORS 163.425.
- (i) Using a child in a display of sexual conduct under ORS 163.670.
- (j) Encouraging child sexual abuse in the first degree under ORS 163.684.
- (k) Incest under ORS 163.525.
- (L) Promoting prostitution under ORS 167.012.
- (m) Compelling prostitution under ORS 167.017.
- (n) Luring a minor under ORS 167.057.

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(4) A prosecution for any of the following misdemeanors may be commenced within four years after the commission of the crime or, if the victim at the time of the crime was under 18 years of age, anytime before the victim attains 22 years of age or within four years after the offense is reported to a law enforcement agency or the Department of Human Services, whichever occurs first:

- (a) Strangulation under ORS 163.187 (3).
- (b) Sexual abuse in the third degree under ORS 163.415.
- (c) Exhibiting an obscene performance to a minor under ORS 167.075.
- (d) Displaying obscene materials to minors under ORS 167.080.

(5) In the case of crimes described in subsection (3)(i) of this section, the victim is the child engaged in sexual conduct. In the case of the crime described in subsection (3)(k) of this section, the victim is the party to the incest other than the party being prosecuted. In the case of crimes described in subsection (3)(L) and (m) of this section, the victim is the child whose acts of prostitution are promoted or compelled.

(6) A prosecution for arson in any degree may be commenced within six years after the commission of the crime.

(7) A prosecution for any of the following felonies may be commenced within six years after the commission of the crime if the victim at the time of the crime was 65 years of age or older:

- (a) Theft in the first degree under ORS 164.055.
- (b) Aggravated theft in the first degree under ORS 164.057.
- (c) Extortion under ORS 164.075.
- (d) Robbery in the third degree under ORS 164.395.
- (e) Robbery in the second degree under ORS 164.405.
- (f) Robbery in the first degree under ORS 164.415.
- (g) Forgery in the first degree under ORS 165.013.
- (h) Fraudulent use of a credit card under ORS 165.055 (4)(b).
- (i) Identity theft under ORS 165.800.

(8) Except as provided in subsection (9) of this section or as otherwise expressly provided by law, prosecutions for other offenses must be commenced within the following periods of limitations after their commission:

- (a) For any other felony, three years.
- (b) For any misdemeanor, two years.
- (c) For a violation, six months.

(9) If the period prescribed in subsection (8) of this section has expired, a prosecution nevertheless may be commenced as follows:

(a) If the offense has as a material element either fraud or the breach of a fiduciary obligation, prosecution may be commenced within one year after discovery of the offense by an aggrieved party or by a person who has a legal duty to represent an aggrieved party and who is not a party to the offense, but in no case shall the period of limitation otherwise applicable be extended by more than three years;

(b) If the offense is based upon misconduct in office by a public officer or employee, prosecution may be commenced at any time while the defendant is in public office or employment or within two years thereafter, but in no case shall the period of limitation otherwise applicable be extended by more than three years; or

(c) If the offense is an invasion of personal privacy under ORS 163.700 or 163.701, prosecution may be commenced within one year after discovery of the offense by the person aggrieved by the offense, by a person who has a legal duty to represent the person aggrieved by the offense or by a law enforcement agency, but in no case shall the period of limitation otherwise applicable be extended by more than three years.

(10) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3) of this section, if the defendant is identified after the period described in subsection (2) or (3) of this section on the basis of DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) sample comparisons, a prosecution for:

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(a) Rape in the first degree, sodomy in the first degree, unlawful sexual penetration in the first degree or sexual abuse in the first degree may be commenced at any time after the commission of the crime.

(b) Rape in the second degree, sodomy in the second degree or unlawful sexual penetration in the second degree may be commenced within 25 years after the commission of the crime.

(11) Notwithstanding subsection (10) of this section, if a prosecution for a felony listed in subsection (10) of this section would otherwise be barred by subsection (2) or (3) of this section, the prosecution must be commenced within two years of the DNA-based identification of the defendant.

(12)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, if a prosecuting attorney obtains corroborating evidence of the crimes of rape in the first degree, sodomy in the first degree, unlawful sexual penetration in the first degree or sexual abuse in the first degree, after the period described in subsection (2) of this section, the prosecution may be commenced at any time after the commission of the crime.

(b) The corroborating evidence described in paragraph (a) of this subsection must consist of one of the following:

(A) Physical evidence other than a DNA sample, including but not limited to audio, video or other electronic recordings, text messages, guest book logs, telephone recordings and photographs.

(B) A confession, made by the defendant, to the crime the victim reported.

(C) An oral statement, made by the victim to another person in temporal proximity to the commission of the crime, corroborating the victim's report of the crime to a law enforcement agency.

(D) A written statement, created by the victim in temporal proximity to the commission of the crime and subsequently delivered to another person or to a law enforcement agency, corroborating the victim's report of the crime to a law enforcement agency.

(E) A report made by a different victim to a law enforcement agency, made either before or after the victim's report, alleging that the defendant committed another crime of the same or similar character such that the two crimes could be charged in the same charging instrument under ORS 132.560.

(13)(a) A prosecuting attorney commencing a prosecution pursuant to subsection (12) of this section shall present any evidence reasonably tending to negate the guilt of the defendant to the grand jury considering the indictment for the offense.

(b) The failure to present evidence reasonably tending to negate guilt as required by paragraph (a) of this subsection does not affect the validity of an indictment or prosecution.

SECTION 2. The amendments to ORS 131.125 by section 1 of this 2023 Act apply to offenses committed before, on or after the effective date of this 2023 Act but do not operate to revive a prosecution barred by the operation of ORS 131.125 before the effective date of this 2023 Act.

Passed by House June 23, 2023	Received by Governor:	
	M.,,	2023
Timothy G. Sekerak, Chief Clerk of House	Approved:	
	M.,	2023
Dan Rayfield, Speaker of House		
Passed by Senate June 25, 2023	Tina Kotek, Gove	
	Filed in Office of Secretary of State:	
Dah Warman Darailant of Courts	M.,,	2023
Rob Wagner, President of Senate		

Secretary of State