House Bill 3447
Sponsored by Representative EVANS (at the request of ORCOPS)

SUMMARY
The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Prohibits law enforcement unit from disciplining police officer because officer's name has been placed on list maintained by prosecutor's office of recurring witnesses for whom there is known potential impeachment information, or because officer's name may otherwise be subject to disclosure pursuant to Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963).

Requires district attorney to develop and adopt written protocol addressing potential impeachment disclosures.

A BILL FOR AN ACT
Relating to disclosures of impeachment information by prosecutors.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. (1) As used in this section and section 2 of this 2023 Act:
   (a) “Law enforcement unit” has the meaning given that term in ORS 181A.355.
   (b) “Police officer” has the meaning given that term in ORS 181A.355.

(2) A law enforcement unit may not take disciplinary action or any other adverse employment action against a police officer solely because:
   (a) The officer's name has been placed on a list maintained by a prosecutor's office of recurring witnesses for whom there is known potential impeachment information; or
   (b) The officer's name may otherwise be subject to disclosure pursuant to Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963).

(3) This section does not prohibit a law enforcement unit from taking disciplinary action or any other adverse employment action against a police officer based on the underlying acts or omissions for which the officer's name was placed on a list maintained by a prosecutor's office of recurring witnesses for whom there is known potential impeachment information, or for which the officer's name is otherwise subject to disclosure pursuant to Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), if the actions taken by the law enforcement unit otherwise conform to the rules and procedures adopted by the law enforcement unit as determined through collective bargaining.

SECTION 2. (1) Each district attorney shall develop and adopt a written protocol addressing potential impeachment disclosures pursuant to Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), and subsequent case law. The protocol must provide guidance including, but not limited to:
   (a) The types of conduct that should be recognized as potentially exculpatory or as creating potential impeachment material;
   (b) Provisions for written notice to a police officer when the district attorney proposes to place the officer on a list of potential impeachment disclosures and an opportunity for the officer to respond in person or in writing;

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted.
New sections are in boldfaced type.

LC 3880
(c) Provisions for written notice to the officer of the district attorney’s final decision to place the officer on a list of potential impeachment disclosures;

(d) How information about an officer or an officer’s conduct should be shared and maintained; and

(e) Under what circumstances an officer’s information or name may be removed from a list of potential impeachment disclosures.

(2) A district attorney shall consult with agencies representing police officers and local law enforcement units that will be impacted in developing the protocol under this section.