House Bill 2805

Sponsored by Representatives SOSA, NERON, MORGAN (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Provides that use of serial electronic written communication or use of intermediaries to communicate may constitute meeting of governing body subject to public meetings law if other specified conditions are satisfied. Provides that public meetings law does not apply to communications that are purely factual or educational, that are unrelated to any matter that governing body could foreseeably deliberate on or decide or that are nonsubstantive in nature.

Requires Oregon Government Ethics Commission to provide, or arrange for other organization to provide, annual training on requirements of public meetings law and best practices to enhance compliance with public meetings law. Requires members of governing bodies with total fiscal year expenditures above threshold amount to attend training at least once per term of public office. Excludes state government governing bodies from training requirements.

Expands duties of commission to conduct investigations, make findings and impose penalties for violations of public meetings law. Authorizes any person to file complaint with commission alleging that meetings were not in compliance with public meetings law. Requires complainant to have first made written grievance with public body whose governing body is alleged to have violated public meetings law so as to provide governing body opportunity to cure decisions made in violation of public meetings law.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

Ţ	A BILL FOR AN ACT
2	Relating to public meetings; creating new provisions; amending ORS 192.610, 192.680, 192.685
3	192.690, 244.255, 244.260, 244.270, 244.290 and 244.350; and prescribing an effective date.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
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6	PUBLIC MEETINGS
7	(Scope of public meetings law)
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9	SECTION 1. ORS 192.610 is amended to read:
10	192.610. As used in ORS 192.610 to 192.690:
11	(1) "Convening" means:
12	(a) Gathering in a physical location;
13	(b) Using electronic, video or telephonic technology to be able to communicate
14	contemporaneously among participants;
15	(c) Using serial electronic written communication among participants; or
16	(d) Using an intermediary to communicate among participants.
17	[(1)] (2) "Decision" means any determination, action, vote or final disposition upon a motion
18	proposal, resolution, order, ordinance or measure on which a vote of a governing body is required
19	at any meeting at which a quorum is present.
20	(3) "Deliberation" means discussion or communication that is part of a decision-making

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

[(2)] (4) "Executive session" means any meeting or part of a meeting of a governing body which

process.

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is closed to certain persons for deliberation on certain matters.

- [(3)] (5) "Governing body" means the members of any public body which consists of two or more members, with the authority to make decisions for or recommendations to a public body on policy or administration.
- [(4)] (6) "Public body" means the state, any regional council, county, city or district, or any municipal or public corporation, or any board, department, commission, council, bureau, committee or subcommittee or advisory group or any other agency thereof.
- [(5)] (7)(a) "Meeting" means the convening of a governing body of a public body for which a quorum is required in order to make a decision or to deliberate toward a decision on any matter.
- (b) "Meeting" does not include any on-site inspection of any project or program[. "Meeting" also does not include] or the attendance of members of a governing body at any national, regional or state association to which the public body or the members belong.

SECTION 2. ORS 192.690 is amended to read:

- 192.690. (1) ORS 192.610 to 192.690 do not apply to any of the following:
- (a) [the] Deliberations of the Psychiatric Security Review Board[,] or the State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision[,].
- (b) Deliberations of state agencies conducting hearings on contested cases in accordance with the provisions of ORS chapter 183[,].
- (c) **Deliberations of** [The review by] the Workers' Compensation Board or the Employment Appeals Board of similar hearings on contested cases[,].
- (d) Meetings of the state lawyers assistance committee operating under the provisions of ORS 9.568[,].
- (e) Meetings of the personal and practice management assistance committees operating under the provisions of ORS 9.568[,].
- (f) Meetings of [the] county child abuse multidisciplinary teams required to review child abuse cases in accordance with the provisions of ORS 418.747[,].
- (g) Meetings of [the] child fatality review teams required to review child fatalities in accordance with the provisions of ORS 418.785[,].
- (h) **Meetings of** [the] peer review committees in accordance with the provisions of ORS 441.055[,].
 - (i) Mediation conducted under ORS 36.252 to 36.268[,].
 - (j) Any judicial proceeding[,].
- (k) Meetings of the Oregon Health and Science University Board of Directors or its designated committee regarding candidates for the position of president of the university or regarding sensitive business, financial or commercial matters of the university not customarily provided to competitors related to financings, mergers, acquisitions or joint ventures or related to the sale or other disposition of, or substantial change in use of, significant real or personal property, or related to health system strategies[,].
 - (L) [or to] Oregon Health and Science University faculty or staff committee meetings.
 - (m) Communications between or among members of a governing body that are:
- (A) Purely factual or educational in nature and that convey no deliberation or decision on any matter that might reasonably come before the governing body;
- (B) Not related to any matter that, at any time, could reasonably be foreseen to come before the governing body for deliberation and decision; or
 - (C) Nonsubstantive in nature, such as communication relating to scheduling, leaves of

absence and other similar matters.

(2) Because of the grave risk to public health and safety that would be posed by misappropriation or misapplication of information considered during such review and approval, ORS 192.610 to 192.690 shall not apply to review and approval of security programs by the Energy Facility Siting Council pursuant to ORS 469.530.

(Training on public meetings law)

- SECTION 3. (1)(a) The Oregon Government Ethics Commission shall annually prepare training on the requirements of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 and best practices to enhance compliance with those requirements. The commission may delegate the preparation and presentation of trainings to another organization, except that the commission must approve the content of training prepared by another organization prior to presentation of the training.
- (b) At the discretion of the commission, trainings prepared under this section may be presented in live sessions or be made available for viewing online. Training sessions may be presented to multiple governing bodies at any one time and may be presented in a prerecorded format.
- (2)(a) Every member of a governing body of a public body with total expenditures for a fiscal year of \$1 million or more shall attend or view training prepared under this section at least once during the member's term of office and shall verify the member's attendance using the method prescribed by the commission.
- (b) A member of a governing body who, under paragraph (a) of this subsection, is not required to attend training is nevertheless encouraged to attend training given under this section.
- (3) The commission shall, at least once every five years, adjust the expenditure threshold for mandatory training described in subsection (2)(a) of this section to account for changes in inflation and shall by rule establish a new threshold, rounded to the nearest \$100,000, for mandatory training attendance under this section.
- (4) This section does not apply to governing bodies of state government, as defined in ORS 174.111.

SECTION 4. Section 3 of this 2023 Act becomes operative on January 1, 2024.

(Expansion of Oregon Government Ethics Commission oversight of public meetings law)

- SECTION 5. (1) A person who believes that a governing body has acted in violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 may, within 30 days of the alleged violation, file a written grievance with the public body whose governing body is alleged to have violated ORS 192.610 to 192.690, setting forth the specific facts and circumstances that the person asserts amounted to a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690. The grievance must state the identity of the person filing the grievance and any other information required by the Oregon Government Ethics Commission by rule.
- (2) A public body receiving a written grievance filed under this section shall, within 21 days of the receipt of the grievance, provide a written response to the person:
 - (a) Acknowledging receipt of the grievance; and

- (b)(A) Denying that the facts and circumstances as set forth in the grievance accurately reflect the conduct of the governing body and setting forth the facts and circumstances as determined by the public body and the reasons why those facts and circumstances do not amount to a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690;
- (B) Admitting that the facts and circumstances as set forth in the grievance accurately reflect the conduct of the governing body but denying that those facts and circumstances amount to a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690; or
- (C) Admitting that the conduct of the governing body amounted to a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 and setting forth the steps the governing body will take to cure the violation, including but not limited to:
- (i) Rescinding the decision taken by the governing body in violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690; or
- (ii) Acknowledging in a properly noticed and conducted public meeting held within 45 days of the governing body's original decision that:
 - (I) The original decision was made in violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690;
 - (II) Good cause exists for the governing body to not rescind the decision; and
- (III) The governing body's practices will be modified to ensure future violations of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 do not occur.
- (3) The public body shall send a copy of the written grievance and the public body's response under this section to the Oregon Government Ethics Commission at the time the public body responds to the person who filed the grievance.

SECTION 6. ORS 192.685 is amended to read:

- 192.685. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 192.680, complaints of violations of [ORS 192.660] any provision of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 alleged to have been committed by public officials may be made to the Oregon Government Ethics Commission for review and investigation as provided by ORS 244.260 and for possible imposition of civil penalties as provided by ORS 244.350.
- (2) A complainant may not file a complaint with the commission under this section unless the complainant has complied with the written grievance procedures described in section 5 of this 2023 Act and:
- (a) Has received a response from the public body that denies that a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 occurred;
- (b) Has received a response from the public body that admits that a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 occurred that the public body has failed to take adequate steps to cure; or
- (c) Has not received a response from the public body within the time prescribed for a response under section 5 of this 2023 Act.
- (3) A complainant shall submit documentation of the complainant's actions taken under section 5 of this 2023 Act and the public body's response as described in subsection (2) of this section, if any. The commission shall dismiss any complaint filed under this section that does not satisfy the requirements of subsection (2) of this section.
- [(2)] (4) If a complaint satisfies the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, the commission may interview witnesses, review minutes and other records and [may] obtain and consider any other information pertaining to [executive sessions] meetings of the governing body of a public body for purposes of determining whether a violation of ORS [192.660] 192.610 to 192.690 occurred. Information related to an executive session conducted for a purpose authorized by ORS 192.660 shall be made available to the Oregon Government Ethics Commission for its investigation

but shall be excluded from public disclosure.

[(3)] (5) If the commission chooses not to pursue a complaint of a violation brought under subsection (1) of this section at any time before conclusion of a contested case hearing, the public official against whom the complaint was brought may be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable costs and attorney fees by the public body to which the official's governing body has authority to make recommendations or for which the official's governing body has authority to make decisions.

SECTION 7. ORS 244.260 is amended to read:

244.260. (1)(a) Any person may file with the Oregon Government Ethics Commission a signed or electronically signed written complaint alleging that there has been a violation of either:

- (A) Any provision of this chapter or of any rule adopted by the commission under this chapter. The complaint shall state the person's reason for believing that a violation occurred and include any evidence relating to the alleged violation.
- (B) ORS 192.610 to 192.690. The complaint shall state the particulars of meetings of a governing body that were not in compliance with ORS 192.610 to 192.690 and shall state the person's reason for believing that a violation occurred. The person shall include any evidence relating to the alleged violation with the complaint.
- (b) If at any time the commission has reason to believe that there has been a violation of a provision of this chapter or of a rule adopted by the commission under this chapter, the commission may proceed under this section on its own motion as if the commission had received a complaint.
- (2)(a) Not later than two business days after receiving a complaint under this section, the commission shall notify the person who is the subject of the complaint.
- (b) Before approving a motion to proceed under this section without a complaint, the commission shall provide notice to the person believed to have committed the violation of the time and place of the hearing at which the motion will be discussed. If the commission decides to proceed on its own motion, the commission shall give notice to the person not later than two business days after the motion is approved.
- (c) The commission shall give notice of the complaint or motion under paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection. The notice must describe the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must include copies of all materials submitted with a complaint. If the commission will consider a motion to proceed without a complaint, the notice must provide copies of all materials that the commission will consider at the hearing on the motion.
- (d) Information that the commission considers before approving a motion to proceed on its own motion under this section and any correspondence regarding the motion or potential violation is confidential. The executive director of the commission and the commission members and staff may not make any public comment or publicly disclose any materials relating to the motion pending the commission's approval to proceed. A person who intentionally violates this paragraph is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000. Any person aggrieved as a result of a violation of this paragraph by the executive director or a member of the commission or its staff may file a petition in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the petitioner resides in order to enforce the civil penalty provided in this paragraph.
- (3) After the commission receives a complaint or decides to proceed on its own motion, the executive director of the commission shall undertake action in the Preliminary Review Phase to determine whether there is cause to undertake an investigation. If the person who is the subject of the action is a member of the Legislative Assembly, the executive director shall determine whether the alleged violation involves conduct protected by Article IV, section 9, of the Oregon

Constitution.

(4)(a) The Preliminary Review Phase begins on the date the complaint is filed or the date the commission decides to proceed on its own motion and ends on the date the executive director completes the statement of the facts determined during the phase under paragraph (d) of this subsection. The Preliminary Review Phase may not exceed 60 days unless a complaint is filed under this section with respect to a person who is a candidate for elective public office, the complaint is filed within 61 days before the date of an election at which the person is a candidate for nomination or election and a delay is requested in writing by the candidate. If the candidate makes a request under this paragraph, the Preliminary Review Phase must be completed not later than 60 days after the date of the election.

- (b) During the Preliminary Review Phase, the executive director of the commission may seek, solicit or otherwise obtain any books, papers, records, memoranda or other additional information, administer oaths and take depositions necessary to determine whether there is cause to undertake an investigation or whether the alleged violation involves conduct protected by Article IV, section 9, of the Oregon Constitution.
- (c) The Preliminary Review Phase is confidential. The executive director of the commission and any commission members and staff may acknowledge receipt of a complaint but may not make any public comment or publicly disclose any materials relating to a case during the Preliminary Review Phase. A person who intentionally violates this paragraph is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000. Any person aggrieved as a result of a violation of this paragraph by the executive director or a member of the commission or its staff may file a petition in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the petitioner resides in order to enforce the civil penalty provided in this paragraph.
- (d)(A) At the end of the Preliminary Review Phase, the executive director of the commission shall prepare a statement of the facts determined during the phase, including appropriate legal citations and relevant authorities. Before presentation to the commission, the executive director's statement shall be reviewed by legal counsel to the commission.
- (B) Following the conclusion of the Preliminary Review Phase, the executive director of the commission shall attend an executive session of the commission where the executive director shall present the statement of the facts and summarize the results of the Preliminary Review Phase to the commission and recommend to the commission whether there is cause to undertake an investigation or whether the commission should instead dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion.
- (C) At the executive session, the commission shall consider the recommendation of the executive director and make the final determination as to whether there is cause to undertake an investigation or whether the commission should instead dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion.
- (D) All case related materials and proceedings shall be open to the public after the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation, dismisses a complaint or rescinds a motion.
- (e) The time limit imposed in this subsection and the commission's inquiry are suspended if a court has enjoined the executive director or the commission from continuing the inquiry.
- (5)(a) If the commission determines that there is not cause to undertake an investigation or that the alleged violation of this chapter involves conduct protected by Article IV, section 9, of the Oregon Constitution, the commission shall dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion and formally enter the dismissal or rescission in its records. If the commission considers the recommendation of the executive director in an executive session but the commission does not affirmatively vote to undertake an investigation, dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion, the nonaction taken by the

commission shall be considered a dismissal of the complaint or a rescission of its motion. The commission shall notify the person who is the subject of action under this section of the dismissal or rescission. After dismissal or rescission, the commission may not take further action involving the person unless a new and different complaint is filed or action on the commission's own motion is undertaken based on different conduct.

- (b) If the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation, the commission shall undertake action in the Investigatory Phase. The commission shall notify the person who is the subject of the investigation, identify the issues to be examined and confine the investigation to those issues. If the commission finds reason to expand the investigation, the commission shall move to do so, record in its minutes the issues to be examined before expanding the scope of its investigation and formally notify the complainant, if any, and the person who is the subject of the investigation of the expansion and the scope of the investigation.
- (6)(a) The Investigatory Phase begins on the date the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation and ends on the date the commission dismisses the complaint, rescinds its own motion, issues a settlement order, moves to commence a contested case proceeding or takes other action justified by the findings. Except as provided in this subsection, the Investigatory Phase may not exceed 180 days unless a delay is stipulated to by both the person who is the subject of action under this section and the commission with the commission reserving a portion of the delay period to complete its actions.
- (b) During the Investigatory Phase, the commission may seek any additional information, administer oaths, take depositions and issue subpoenas to compel attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, memoranda or other information necessary to complete the investigation. If any person fails to comply with any subpoena issued under this paragraph or refuses to testify on any matters on which the person may be lawfully interrogated, the commission shall follow the procedure described in ORS 183.440 to compel compliance.
 - (c) The time limit imposed in this subsection and the commission's investigation:
- (A) May be suspended if there is a pending criminal investigation that relates to the issues arising out of the underlying facts or conduct at issue in the matter before the commission and the commission determines that it cannot adequately complete its investigation until the pending criminal investigation is complete; [or]
- (B) May be suspended if a suit is commenced under ORS 192.680 concerning the same meetings of a governing body that are the subject of the investigation by the commission, until a final adjudication of the suit has been made; or
 - [(B)] (C) Are suspended if a court has enjoined the commission from continuing its investigation.
- (d) At the end of the Investigatory Phase, the commission shall take action by order. The action may include:
 - (A) Dismissal, with or without comment;
- (B) Continuation of the investigation for a period not to exceed 30 days for the purpose of additional fact-finding;
 - (C) Moving to a contested case proceeding;
 - (D) Entering into a negotiated settlement; or
 - (E) Taking other appropriate action if justified by the findings.
- (e) The commission may move to a contested case proceeding if the commission determines that the information presented to the commission is sufficient to make a preliminary finding of:
 - (A) A violation of any provision of this chapter or of any rule adopted by the commission under

this chapter; or

- (B) A violation of any provision of ORS 192.610 to 192.690.
- (7) A person conducting any inquiry or investigation under this section shall:
- (a) Conduct the inquiry or investigation in an impartial and objective manner; and
- (b) Provide to the executive director or the commission all favorable and unfavorable information the person collects.
- (8) The commission shall report the findings of any inquiry or investigation in an impartial manner. The commission shall report both favorable and unfavorable findings and shall make the findings available to:
 - (a) The person who is the subject of the inquiry or investigation;
 - (b) The appointing authority, if any;
 - (c) The Attorney General, if the findings relate to a state public official;
 - (d) The appropriate district attorney, if the findings relate to a local public official; [and]
 - (e) The Commission on Judicial Fitness and Disability, if the findings relate to a judge; and
- (f) The governing body of a public body, if the inquiry or investigation concerns an alleged violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 and the person who is the subject of the inquiry or investigation is a member of that governing body.
- (9) Hearings conducted under this chapter must be held before an administrative law judge assigned from the Office of Administrative Hearings established under ORS 183.605. The procedure shall be that for a contested case under ORS chapter 183.
- (10) The Oregon Government Ethics Commission may not inquire into or investigate any conduct that occurred more than four years before a complaint is filed or a motion is approved under subsection (1) of this section.
- (11) This section does not prevent the commission and the person alleged to have violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted by the commission under this chapter from stipulating to a finding of fact concerning the violation and consenting to an appropriate penalty. The commission shall enter an order based on the stipulation and consent.
- (12) At any time during proceedings conducted under this section, the commission may enter into a negotiated settlement with the person who is the subject of action under this section.
 - (13) As used in this section:
- (a) "Cause" means that there is a substantial, objective basis for believing that an offense or violation may have been committed and the person who is the subject of an inquiry may have committed the offense or violation.
 - (b) "Governing body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 192.610.
- [(b)] (c) "Pending" means that a prosecuting attorney is either actively investigating the factual basis of the alleged criminal conduct, is preparing to seek or is seeking an accusatory instrument, has obtained an accusatory instrument and is proceeding to trial or is in trial or in the process of negotiating a plea.

SECTION 8. ORS 192.680 is amended to read:

- 192.680. (1) A decision made by a governing body of a public body in violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 shall be voidable. The decision shall not be voided if the governing body of the public body reinstates the decision while in compliance with ORS 192.610 to 192.690. A decision that is reinstated is effective from the date of its initial adoption.
- (2) Any person affected by a decision of a governing body of a public body may commence a suit in the circuit court for the county in which the governing body ordinarily meets, for the purpose

of requiring compliance with, or the prevention of violations of ORS 192.610 to 192.690, by members of the governing body, or to determine the applicability of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 to matters or decisions of the governing body.

- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, if the court finds that the public body made a decision while in violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690, the court shall void the decision of the governing body if the court finds that the violation was the result of intentional disregard of the law or willful misconduct by a quorum of the members of the governing body, unless other equitable relief is available. The court may order such equitable relief as it deems appropriate in the circumstances. The court may order payment to a successful plaintiff in a suit brought under this section of reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal, by the governing body, or public body of which it is a part or to which it reports.
- (4) If the court makes a finding that a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 has occurred under subsection (2) of this section and that the violation is the result of willful misconduct by any member or members of the governing body, that member or members shall be jointly and severally liable to the governing body or the public body of which it is a part for the amount paid by the body under subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) Any suit brought under subsection (2) of this section must be commenced within 60 days following the date that the decision becomes public record.
- (6) The provisions of this section shall be the exclusive remedy for an alleged violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690, except that this subsection does not apply to proceedings of the Oregon Government Ethics Commission.

SECTION 9. ORS 244.255 is amended to read:

244.255. (1) The Oregon Government Ethics Commission shall estimate in advance the expenses that it will incur during a biennium in carrying out the provisions of ORS 171.725 to 171.785, [and] 171.992 and 192.610 to 192.690 and this chapter. The commission shall also determine what percentage of the expenses should be borne by the following two groups of public bodies:

- (a) Public bodies in state government; and
- (b) Local governments, local service districts and special government bodies that are subject to the Municipal Audit Law.
- (2) The commission shall charge each public body for the public body's share of the expenses described in subsection (1) of this section for the biennium. The amount to be charged each public body shall be determined as follows:
- (a) The commission shall determine the rate to be charged public bodies in state government. The same rate shall be applied to each public body described in this paragraph. To determine the amount of the charge for each public body, the commission shall multiply the rate determined under this paragraph by the number of public officials serving the public body.
- (b) The commission shall set the charge for local governments, local service districts and special government bodies that are subject to the Municipal Audit Law so that each local government, local service district or special government body described in this paragraph pays an amount of the total expenses for the group that bears the same proportion to the total expenses that the amount charged to the local government, local service district or special government body for the municipal audit fee under ORS 297.485 bears to the total amount assessed for the municipal audit fee.
- (3) Each public body shall pay to the credit of the commission the charge described in this section as an administrative expense from funds or appropriations available to the public body in the same manner as other claims against the public body are paid.

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- (4) All moneys received by the commission under this section shall be credited to the Oregon Government Ethics Commission Account established under ORS 244.345.
- (5) The commission shall adopt rules specifying the methods for calculating and collecting the rates and charges described in this section.
 - (6) As used in this section:

- 6 (a) "Local government" and "local service district" have the meanings given those terms in ORS 174.116.
 - (b) "Public body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109.
 - (c) "Public official," notwithstanding ORS 244.020 (15), means any person who, on the date the commission charges the public body under this section, is serving the public body as an officer or employee.
 - (d) "Special government body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.117.
 - (e) "State government" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.111.
 - **SECTION 10.** ORS 244.270 is amended to read:
 - 244.270. (1) If the Oregon Government Ethics Commission finds that an appointed public official has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter, or has violated any provision of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 with intentional disregard of the law or willful misconduct, the finding is prima facie evidence of unfitness where removal is authorized for cause either by law or pursuant to section 6, Article VII (Amended) of the Oregon Constitution.
 - (2) If the commission finds that a public official has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter, or has violated any provision of ORS 192.610 to 192.690, the commission shall notify the public body, as defined in ORS 174.109, that the public official serves. The notice shall describe the violation and any action taken by the commission. The commission shall provide the notice not later than 10 business days after the date the commission takes final action against the public official.

SECTION 11. ORS 244.290 is amended to read:

- 244.290. (1) The Oregon Government Ethics Commission shall:
- (a) Prescribe forms for statements required by this chapter and provide the forms to persons required to file the statements under this chapter or pursuant to a resolution adopted under ORS 244.160.
- 31 (b) Develop a filing, coding and cross-indexing system consistent with the purposes of this 32 chapter.
 - (c) Prepare and publish reports the commission finds are necessary.
 - (d) Accept and file any information voluntarily supplied that exceeds the requirements of this chapter.
 - (e) Make statements and other information filed with the commission available for public inspection and copying during regular office hours, and make copying facilities available at a charge not to exceed actual cost.
 - (f) Not later than February 1 of each odd-numbered year, report to the Legislative Assembly any recommended changes to provisions of ORS 171.725 to 171.785 or this chapter.
 - (2) The commission shall adopt rules necessary to carry out its duties under ORS 171.725 to 171.785, 171.992[, 192.660 and 192.685] and 192.610 to 192.690 and this chapter, including rules to:
 - (a) Create a procedure under which items before the commission may be treated under a consent calendar and voted on as a single item;
- 45 (b) Exempt a public official who is otherwise required to file a statement pursuant to ORS

- 244.050 from filing the statement if the regularity, number and frequency of the meetings and actions of the body over which the public official has jurisdiction are so few or infrequent as not to warrant the public disclosure;
 - (c) Establish an administrative process whereby a person subpoenaed by the commission may obtain a protective order;
 - (d) List criteria and establish a process for the commission to use prosecutorial discretion to decide whether to proceed with an inquiry or investigation;
 - (e) Establish a procedure under which the commission shall conduct accuracy audits of a sample of reports or statements filed with the commission under this chapter or ORS 171.725 to 171.785;
- (f) Describe the application of provisions exempting items from the definition of "gift" in ORS 244.020;
- (g) Specify when a continuing violation is considered a single violation or a separate and distinct violation for each day the violation occurs; and
 - (h) Set criteria for determining the amount of civil penalties that the commission may impose.
 - (3) The commission may adopt rules that:

- (a) Limit the minimum size of, or otherwise establish criteria for or identify, the smaller classes that qualify under the class exception from the definition of "potential conflict of interest" under ORS 244.020;
- (b) Require the disclosure and reporting of gifts or other compensation made to or received by a public official or candidate;
- (c) Establish criteria for cases in which information relating to notices of actual or potential conflicts of interest shall, may not or may be provided to the commission under ORS 244.130; or
- (d) Allow the commission to accept the filing of a statement containing less than all of the information required under ORS 244.060 and 244.070 if the public official or candidate certifies on the statement that the information contained on the statement previously filed is unchanged or certifies only as to any changed material.
 - (4) Not less frequently than once each calendar year, the commission shall:
- (a) Consider adoption of rules the commission deems necessary to implement or interpret provisions of this chapter relating to issues the commission determines are of general interest to public officials or candidates or that are addressed by the commission or by commission staff on a recurring basis; and
- (b) Review rules previously adopted by the commission to determine whether the rules have continuing applicability or whether the rules should be amended or repealed.
- (5) The commission shall adopt by rule an electronic filing system under which statements required to be filed under ORS 244.050 and 244.217 must be filed, without a fee, with the commission in an electronic format.
- (6) The commission shall make available in a searchable format for review by the public using the Internet:
 - (a) Statements filed under ORS 244.050 and 244.217;
 - (b) Advisory opinions issued by the commission or the executive director of the commission;
- (c) Findings issued by the commission under ORS 244.260 in instances where the commission determines that there has been a violation of a provision of this chapter or of any rule adopted by the commission under this chapter. Nothing in this paragraph requires the commission to make publicly available materials that are otherwise exempt from public disclosure or that are required to be kept confidential by the commission; and

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(d) Lobbyist registration statements and revisions and updates to lobbyist registration statements filed under ORS 171.740. The information required under this paragraph must be available in a searchable format for review by the public using the Internet not later than one calendar day after the lobbyist files the information with the commission.

SECTION 12. ORS 244.350 is amended to read:

244.350. (1) The Oregon Government Ethics Commission may impose civil penalties not to exceed:

- (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of this subsection, \$5,000 for violation of any provision of this chapter or any resolution adopted under ORS 244.160.
 - (b) \$25,000 for violation of ORS 244.045.
 - (c) \$10,000 for willfully violating ORS 244.040.
- (d) Two times the amount of the penalty provision for violating a nondisclosure agreement that is contained within each nondisclosure agreement entered into in violation of ORS 244.049.
- (2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the commission may impose civil penalties not to exceed \$1,000 for violation of any provision of ORS [192.660] 192.610 to 192.690.
- (b) A civil penalty may not be imposed under this subsection if the violation occurred as a result of the governing body of the public body acting upon the advice of the public body's counsel.
- (3) The commission may impose civil penalties not to exceed \$250 for violation of ORS 293.708. A civil penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to and not in lieu of a civil penalty that may be imposed under subsection (1) of this section.
- (4)(a) The commission may impose civil penalties on a person who fails to file the statement required under ORS 244.050 or 244.217. In enforcing this subsection, the commission is not required to follow the procedures in ORS 244.260 before finding that a violation of ORS 244.050 or 244.217 has occurred.
- (b) Failure to file the required statement in timely fashion is prima facie evidence of a violation of ORS 244.050 or 244.217.
- (c) The commission may impose a civil penalty of \$10 for each of the first 14 days the statement is late beyond the date set by law, or by the commission under ORS 244.050, and \$50 for each day thereafter. The maximum penalty that may be imposed under this subsection is \$5,000.
- (5) In lieu of or in conjunction with finding a violation of law or any resolution or imposing a civil penalty under this section, the commission may issue a written letter of reprimand, explanation or education.
- (6)(a) A civil penalty imposed under this section for a violation of ORS 192.610 to 192.690 is a personal liability of each member of the governing body on whom the penalty is imposed and may not be paid for or indemnified by the governing body or public body that the member is associated with.
- (b) As used in this subsection, "governing body" and "public body" have the meanings given those terms in ORS 192.610.

MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION 13. Sections 3 and 5 of this 2023 Act and ORS 192.695 are added to and made a part of ORS 192.610 to 192.690.

SECTION 14. The unit captions used in this 2023 Act are provided only for the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any

1	legislative intent in the enactment of this 2023 Act.
2	
3	EFFECTIVE DATE
4	
5	SECTION 15. This 2023 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2023
6	regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.
7	