House Bill 2795

Sponsored by Representatives HIEB, MORGAN; Representative LEVY B (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Prohibits local governments from including lands used for golf courses in inventory of buildable lands for purposes of urban planning.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to buildable lands; amending ORS 197.296 and 197A.300. 2

3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 197.296 is amended to read:

197.296. (1)(a) The provisions of subsections (2) to (9) of this section apply to metropolitan ser-5 6 vice district regional framework plans and local government comprehensive plans for lands within 7 the urban growth boundary of a city that is located outside of a metropolitan service district and 8 has a population of 25,000 or more.

9 (b) The Land Conservation and Development Commission may establish a set of factors under which additional cities are subject to the provisions of this section. In establishing the set of factors 10 required under this paragraph, the commission shall consider the size of the city, the rate of popu-11 lation growth of the city or the proximity of the city to another city with a population of 25,000 or 12 more or to a metropolitan service district. 13

(2)(a) A local government shall demonstrate that its comprehensive plan or regional framework 14 plan provides sufficient buildable lands within the urban growth boundary established pursuant to 15statewide planning goals to accommodate estimated housing needs for 20 years: 16

17 (A) At periodic review under ORS 197.628 to 197.651;

(B) As scheduled by the commission: 18

19 (i) At least once each eight years for local governments that are not within a metropolitan 20 service district; or

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(ii) At least once each six years for a metropolitan service district; or

22(C) At any other legislative review of the comprehensive plan or regional framework plan that concerns the urban growth boundary and requires the application of a statewide planning goal re-2324 lating to buildable lands for residential use.

25(b) The 20-year period shall commence on the date initially scheduled for completion of the re-26view under paragraph (a) of this subsection.

27(3) In performing the duties under subsection (2) of this section, a local government shall:

28 (a) Inventory the supply of buildable lands within the urban growth boundary and determine the housing capacity of the buildable lands; and 29

(b) Conduct an analysis of existing and projected housing need by type and density range, in 30 accordance with all factors under ORS 197.303 and statewide planning goals and rules relating to 31

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housing, to determine the number of units and amount of land needed for each needed housing type 1 2 for the next 20 years. 3 (4)(a) For the purpose of the inventory described in subsection (3)(a) of this section []: (A) "Buildable lands" includes: 4 [(A)] (i) Vacant lands planned or zoned for residential use; 5 [(B)] (ii) Partially vacant lands planned or zoned for residential use: 6 [(C)] (iii) Lands that may be used for a mix of residential and employment uses under the ex-7 isting planning or zoning; and 8 9 [(D)] (iv) Lands that may be used for residential infill or redevelopment. (B) "Buildable lands" does not include lands used for golf courses. 10 (b) For the purpose of the inventory and determination of housing capacity described in sub-11 12 section (3)(a) of this section, the local government must demonstrate consideration of: 13 (A) The extent that residential development is prohibited or restricted by local regulation and ordinance, state law and rule or federal statute and regulation; 14 15 (B) A written long term contract or easement for radio, telecommunications or electrical facili-16 ties, if the written contract or easement is provided to the local government; and (C) The presence of a single family dwelling or other structure on a lot or parcel. 17 18 (c) Except for land that may be used for residential infill or redevelopment, a local government 19 shall create a map or document that may be used to verify and identify specific lots or parcels that 20have been determined to be buildable lands. (5)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, the determination of 2122housing capacity pursuant to subsection (3)(a) of this section must be based on data relating to land 23within the urban growth boundary that has been collected since the last review under subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section. The data shall include: 2425(A) The number, density and average mix of housing types of urban residential development that have actually occurred; 2627(B) Trends in density and average mix of housing types of urban residential development; (C) Market factors that may substantially impact future urban residential development; and 28(D) The number, density and average mix of housing types that have occurred on the buildable 2930 lands described in subsection (4)(a) of this section. 31 (b) A local government shall make the determination described in paragraph (a) of this subsection using a shorter time period than the time period described in paragraph (a) of this subsection 32if the local government finds that the shorter time period will provide more accurate and reliable 33 34 data related to housing capacity. The shorter time period may not be less than three years. (c) A local government shall use data from a wider geographic area or use a time period longer 35 than the time period described in paragraph (a) of this subsection if the analysis of a wider ge-36 37 ographic area or the use of a longer time period will provide more accurate, complete and reliable 38 data relating to trends affecting housing need than an analysis performed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection. The local government must clearly describe the geographic area, time frame and 39

40 source of data used in a determination performed under this paragraph.

(6) If the housing need determined pursuant to subsection (3)(b) of this section is greater than
the housing capacity determined pursuant to subsection (3)(a) of this section, the local government
shall take one or both of the following actions to accommodate the additional housing need:

(a) Amend its urban growth boundary to include sufficient buildable lands to accommodate
 housing needs for the next 20 years. As part of this process, the local government shall consider the

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effects of measures taken pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection. The amendment shall include 1 sufficient land reasonably necessary to accommodate the siting of new public school facilities. The 2 need and inclusion of lands for new public school facilities shall be a coordinated process between 3 the affected public school districts and the local government that has the authority to approve the 4 urban growth boundary. $\mathbf{5}$

(b) Amend its comprehensive plan, regional framework plan, functional plan or land use regu-6 lations to include new measures that demonstrably increase the likelihood that residential develop-7 ment will occur at densities sufficient to accommodate housing needs for the next 20 years without 8 9 expansion of the urban growth boundary. A local government or metropolitan service district that 10 takes this action shall adopt findings regarding the density expectations assumed to result from measures adopted under this paragraph based upon the factors listed in ORS 197.303 (2) and data 11 12 in subsection (5)(a) of this section. The density expectations may not project an increase in resi-13 dential capacity above achieved density by more than three percent without quantifiable validation of such departures. For a local government located outside of a metropolitan service district, a 14 15 quantifiable validation must demonstrate that the assumed housing capacity has been achieved in 16 areas that are zoned to allow no greater than the same authorized density level within the local jurisdiction or a jurisdiction in the same region. For a metropolitan service district, a quantifiable 17 18 validation must demonstrate that the assumed housing capacity has been achieved in areas that are 19 zoned to allow no greater than the same authorized density level within the metropolitan service 20district.

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(c) As used in this subsection, "authorized density level" has the meaning given that term in 22ORS 227.175.

23(7) Using the housing need analysis conducted under subsection (3)(b) of this section, the local government shall determine the overall average density and overall mix of housing types at which 2425residential development of needed housing types must occur in order to meet housing needs over the next 20 years. If that density is greater than the actual density of development determined under 2627subsection (5)(a)(A) of this section, or if that mix is different from the actual mix of housing types determined under subsection (5)(a)(A) of this section, the local government, as part of its periodic 28review, shall adopt measures that demonstrably increase the likelihood that residential development 2930 will occur at the housing types and density and at the mix of housing types required to meet housing 31 needs over the next 20 years.

32(8)(a) A local government outside a metropolitan service district that takes any actions under subsection (6) or (7) of this section shall demonstrate that the comprehensive plan and land use 33 34 regulations comply with goals and rules adopted by the commission and implement ORS 197.286 to 197.314. 35

(b) A local government shall determine the density and mix of housing types anticipated as a 36 37 result of actions taken under subsections (6) and (7) of this section and monitor and record the ac-38 tual density and mix of housing types achieved following the adoption of these actions. The local government shall compare actual and anticipated density and mix. The local government shall sub-39 mit its comparison to the commission at the next review of its urban growth boundary under sub-40 section (2)(a) of this section. 41

42(9) In establishing that actions and measures adopted under subsections (6) and (7) of this section demonstrably increase the likelihood of higher density residential development, the local gov-43 ernment shall at a minimum ensure that land zoned for needed housing is in locations appropriate 44 for the housing types identified under subsection (3) of this section, is zoned at density ranges that 45

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are likely to be achieved by the housing market using the analysis in subsection (3) of this section 1 2 and is in areas where sufficient urban services are planned to enable the higher density development to occur over the 20-year period. Actions or measures, or both, may include but are not limited to: 3 (a) Increases in the permitted density on existing residential land; 4 5 (b) Financial incentives for higher density housing; (c) Provisions permitting additional density beyond that generally allowed in the zoning district 6 in exchange for amenities and features provided by the developer; 7 (d) Removal or easing of approval standards or procedures; 8 9 (e) Minimum density ranges; (f) Redevelopment and infill strategies; 10 (g) Authorization of housing types not previously allowed by the plan or regulations; 11 12 (h) Adoption of an average residential density standard; and 13 (i) Rezoning or redesignation of nonresidential land. (10)(a) The provisions of this subsection apply to local government comprehensive plans for 14 15 lands within the urban growth boundary of a city that is located outside of a metropolitan service district and has a population of less than 25,000. 16 (b) As required under paragraph (c) of this subsection, a city shall, according to rules of the 17 18 commission: (A) Determine the estimated housing needs within the jurisdiction for the next 20 years; 19 (B) Inventory the supply of buildable lands available within the urban growth boundary to ac-20commodate the estimated housing needs determined under this subsection; and 2122(C) Adopt measures necessary to accommodate the estimated housing needs determined under this subsection. 23(c) The actions required under paragraph (b) of this subsection shall be undertaken: 24(A) At periodic review pursuant to ORS 197.628 to 197.651; 25(B) On a schedule established by the commission for cities with a population greater than 10,000, 2627not to exceed once each eight years; or (C) At any other legislative review of the comprehensive plan that requires the application of 28a statewide planning goal relating to buildable lands for residential use. 2930 (d) For the purpose of the inventory described in this subsection, "buildable lands" includes 31 those lands described in subsection (4)(a) of this section. (11) If a city with a population of 10,000 or less conducts an inventory of the supply of buildable 32lands or an estimate of housing need, it must satisfy the requirements of subsection (10) of this 33 34 section. SECTION 2. ORS 197A.300 is amended to read: 35 197A.300. As used in ORS 197A.300 to 197A.325: 36 37 (1)(a) "Buildable lands" means land in urban or urbanizable areas that are suitable for urban uses. 38 (b) "Buildable lands" does not include lands used for golf courses. 39 (2) "Serviceable" means, with respect to land, that: 40 (a) Adequate sewer, water and transportation capacity for planned urban development is avail-41 able or can be either provided or made subject to committed financing; or 42(b) Committed financing can be in place to provide adequate sewer, water and transportation 43 capacity for planned urban development. 44 45