SB 540 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

Senate Committee On Finance and Revenue

Action Date: 06/22/23

Action: Do pass with amendments. (Printed A-Eng.)

Vote: 4-1-0-0

Yeas: 4 - Boquist, Findley, Jama, Meek

Nays: 1 - Golden

Fiscal: Fiscal impact issued **Revenue:** Revenue impact issued **Prepared By:** Kyle Easton, Economist

Meeting Dates: 2/1, 3/22, 6/22

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Exempts from Oregon personal income tax, up to \$17,500 in retirement or pension income received for service in the Armed Forces of the United States. Defines terms. Specifies subtraction is available to taxpayer that has not attained 63 years of age before the close of the taxable year. Provides Department of Revenue rulemaking authority. Indexes subtraction limit to consumer price index beginning with tax year 2024. Applies to tax years 2023 through 2028.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Amendment expected relating to feedback from Department of Revenue and Public Employees Retirement System
- Proposed language defining pensions for military
- Recent changes to military retirement pensions
- Definition of "Armed forces of the United States"
- Existing law exclusion of Veterans Affairs benefits
- Average military pension amount
- U.S. Merchant Marines.

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

Modified age requirement. Added rule making authority for Department of Revenue. Indexed subtraction limit to consumer price index. Removed subtraction of retirement pay or pension received from sources not related to service in the Armed Forces.

BACKGROUND:

Measure defines "Armed Forces of the United States" to include the regular and reserve components of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard and Space Force of the United States and the National Guard.

Retirement benefits in the form of pension or annuity payments from an employer are generally subject to income taxation unless the payment is a qualified tax exempt distribution. If an individual did not contribute after-tax income amounts or the employer did not withhold after-tax contributions from the individual's salary, then the retirement income is generally taxable. Military retirement pay that is based on age or length of service is taxable and is required to be reported as pension income on a personal income tax return. By contrast, all benefits administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs are exempt from taxation including pension and disability compensation. Additionally, pension income attributable to federal employment prior to October 1, 1991, is exempt from the Oregon personal income tax under existing law.

Carrier: Sen. Sollman