

HB 3380 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee On Behavioral Health and Health Care

Action Date: 04/04/23

Action: Do pass with amendments and be referred to Ways and Means. (Printed A-Eng.)

Vote: 9-1-1-0

Yeas: 9 - Bowman, Conrad, Diehl, Goodwin, Morgan, Nelson, Nosse, Pham H, Tran

Nays: 1 - Dexter

Exc: 1 - Javadi

Fiscal: Fiscal impact issued

Revenue: No revenue impact

Prepared By: Brian Nieuburt, LPRO Analyst

Meeting Dates: 3/27, 4/4

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Requires medical assistance to include continuous glucose monitor (CGM) prescribed for recipient under specified circumstances. Defines "continuous glucose monitor."

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Medicaid coverage of CGM in other states
- Improvements in diabetes control by individuals with CGM
- Cost savings experienced in other states that require coverage of CGMs

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

Replaces the measure.

BACKGROUND:

Continuous glucose monitors (CGMs) continuously monitor a person's blood glucose via a sensor just under the skin, giving real-time updates on those levels via a device that is attached to the person's body. CGMs can make it easier for a person diagnosed with diabetes to track blood glucose levels over time. In its 2015 Oregon Diabetes Report, the Oregon Health Authority's Public Health Division estimated that diabetes affects approximately 287,000 adult Oregonians, or nearly 1 in 10. The prevalence of diabetes has also steadily increased, more than doubling since 1990 and accounting for 3.5 percent of deaths in Oregon in 2012.

According to a 2022 report by the Center for Health Care Strategies, 40 states and the District of Columbia provide some level of Medicaid coverage of CGMs. Twenty states provide coverage as a durable medical equipment (DME) benefit; the other 20 states and the District of Columbia provide coverage as a pharmacy benefit.

House Bill 3380 A requires the state's medical assistance program to include coverage of continuous glucose monitors prescribed for recipients under specified circumstances.