Carrier: Rep. Pham H, Rep. Javadi

HB 3008 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee On Behavioral Health and Health Care

Action Date: 03/22/23

Action: Do pass with amendments. (Printed A-Eng.)

Vote: 10-0-1-0

Yeas: 10 - Bowman, Conrad, Dexter, Diehl, Javadi, Morgan, Nelson, Nosse, Pham H, Tran

Exc: 1 - Goodwin

Fiscal: Fiscal impact issued **Revenue:** No revenue impact

Prepared By: Brian Nieubuurt, LPRO Analyst

Meeting Dates: 2/15, 3/22

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Limits ability for dental insurer to pay claim for reimbursement using credit card or electronic funds transfer method that imposes fee on provider to process payment. Imposes limitations and conditions on ability of dental carrier to contract with third party to provide access to services and discounted rates of provider network contract. Exempts dental insurer contracts with licensees or affiliates, the state medical assistance program, and dental insurers that rely only on employees to provide dental care.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Prevalence of provider network leasing and credit card fees
- Other states with dental practice transparency requirements
- National Council of Insurance Legislators (NCOIL) Model Law

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

Replaces the measure.

BACKGROUND:

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996 established a set of standardized transactions that health plans, clearinghouses, and providers must use when conducting business electronically to ensure uniformity in the communication of administrative information. The Affordable Care Act of 2010 required the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to adopt a series of regulations aimed at streamlining health care administrative transactions, encouraging greater use of standards by providers, and making existing standards work more efficiently. Beginning January 1, 2014, health insurers have been required to conduct electronic funds transfer (EFT) and electronic remittance advice (ERA) transactions according to the standards adopted by HHS. Despite this standardization, some insurers have utilized virtual credit cards to make one-time payments. Virtual credit card transactions can carry a fee, often a percentage of the transaction amount, that essentially reduce the providers' total reimbursement.

House Bill 3008 A places limitations on dental insurers' ability to reimburse providers using electronic funds transfer methods that impose a fee on the provider and lease provider network access and discounted rates.