

The Oregon Housing Preservation Project Preservation polices and practices

Senate Committee on Housing – June 7, 2023

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Certified nonprofit community development financial institution (CDFI)

Formed in 1990 by Oregon banks to finance multi-family affordable housing

\$350 million in loan capital administered across several loan programs

Loan types offered include permanent, short-term acquisition, predevelopment, and tax-exempt bonds

NOAH historic lending activities:

350 total loans made or committed 17,000 total units financed \$600 million in total combined loans

Affordable housing advocacy and policy including preservation of publicly supported housing and manufactured housing





America's Affordable Housing System

Public Housing – 1935 through 1974

1965 HUD created and privatization of affordable housing begins

1965-1980 HUD-FHA and USDA mortgage programs

1974 Congress creates project-based Section 8 programs

1986 Congress creates the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit

1990s - Contract expirations and HUD mortgage prepayments begin





Oregon Housing Preservation Project

Formed in 2007 by NOAH with affordable housing industry experts from the public, nonprofit, and private sectors

Key public sector partners included Oregon Housing and Community Services the City of Portland, HUD and Rural Development

Philanthropy provided critical support for the initiative:

Meyer Memorial Trust

Oregon Community Foundation

Collins Foundation

MacArthur Foundation





Five key strategies of the Oregon Housing Preservation Project:

- 1) Create a database of Oregon's federally assisted multifamily rental housing projects: PreserveOregonHousing.org
- 2) Offer short-term financing through the Oregon Housing Acquisition Fund 43 loans to date preserving 2,621 total units
- 3) Streamline housing agency processes Inter-Agency Working Groups, Steering Committee, national working groups
- 4) Build support in the legislature for ongoing investments in preservation
- 5) Propose preservation-focused legislation



Dedicated Preservation Funding Allocated by the Oregon Legislature 2007-2022

2007-08	8,000,000	General Fund
2008 Special Session	n 2,000,000	\$1 mil General Fund & \$1 mil from OHCS
2009-10	16,300,000	Lottery Backed Bond Revenue for subsidized properties
	3,100,000	LBB Manufactured Housing Park preservation
2011-12	5,000,000	LBB for subsidized properties & MH parks
2013-14	5,000,000	LBB for subsidized properties & MH parks
2014	2,500,000	LBB for subsidized properties & MH parks
2015	2,500,000	LBB for subsidized properties & MH parks
2016	2,500,000	LBB for subsidized properties & MH parks
2017	25,000,000	LBB for subsidized properties & MH parks
2019	25,000,000	LBB for subsidized properties *
	15,000,000	LBB for Manufactured Housing *
2020	15,000,000	LBB for subsidized properties & MH parks
2021	100,000,000	General Fund for subsidized properties & MH parks
2022	\$85,000,000	General Fund for subsidized properties & MH parks
2023**	\$140,000,000	LBB & GF for subsidized properties & MH parks (Requested)

Total 2007-2022: \$271,900,000

^{*} The 2019 approved lottery bond sale was cancelled due to COVID

^{**} Oregon Housing Alliance request. Governor Kotek has requested \$118 million for the 2023-25 biennium

Preservation Related Legislation Passed/Proposed 2015-2023

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Requires one-year Notice of mortgage maturity for Rural Development
properties
Preservation of Publicly Supported Housing, expands Notice requirements,
establishes opportunity to purchase and right of first refusal. Required
OHCS to create and maintain a state-wide database of affordable housing
Revise OAHTC to allow an LLC or an LP controlled by a nonprofit
organization to be an eligible purchaser of manufactured home parks
Preservation of Manufactured Housing, established Manufactured Housing
Community Preservation Fund, Manufactured Home replacement and
decommissioning grant and created Manufactured Housing Advisory
Committee
Required one-year notice of expiration of use restrictions to residents of
publicly supported housing
Would have created a state tenant protection voucher program for resident
of expiring rent restricted properties. Bill stalled but \$1 million secured to
assist residents at two expiring LIHTC properties
Extends Notice requirements and Right of First Refusal period. Establishes
3-year safe harbor period to protect residents impacted by transition to
market rent
Establishes a preservation tax credit to incentivize owners of affordable
housing to sell their property to a buyer willing to preserve it for an
additional 30 years



OHCS a key partner in the Oregon Housing Preservation Project

Administer the PuSH preservation regulations (HB 2002 – 2017):

Expiration notices, ROFR, maintains housing expiration data

Maintains set aside for preservation in the annual 9% LIHTC NOFA

Offer gap funds for preservation bond transactions – often

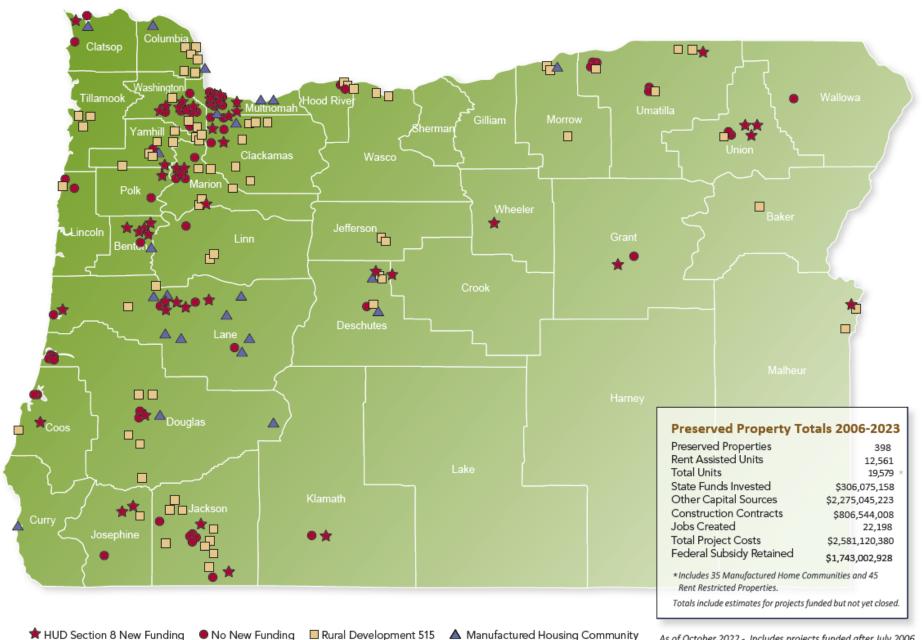
portfolios of scattered site, small rural projects

Annual Manufactured Housing Community Preservation NOFA

In 2022-23 OHCS preserved 48 total projects with 2,872 units



Preserved Housing in Oregon, 2006-2023





Preservation Challenges and Opportunities

Rapidly growing inventory of affordable housing properties coming to the end of their restricted use period

Rural Development maturing mortgages – preserve or lose permanently

Improve data and risk analysis of expiring portfolio

Permanent source of preservation funding

Extend affordability terms or adopt permanent affordability

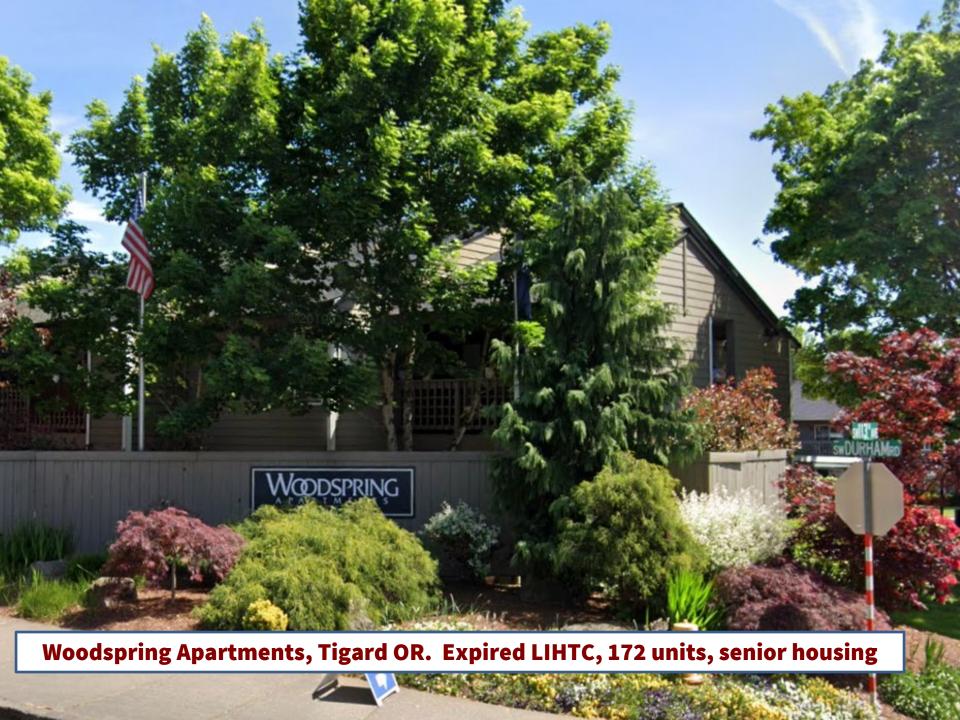
Training and capacity for rural organizations

Tenant protections during conversion to market housing













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