Oregon Health Authority Health Policy and Analytics

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Ali Hassoun, Interim Health Policy and Analytics Division Director Trilby de Jung, Health Policy and Analytics Division Deputy Director



OREGON HEALTH AUTHORITY Health Policy and Analytics Accessibility: You can get this document in other languages, large print, braille or a format you prefer free of charge. Contact Matthew Green at <u>matthew.green@oha.oregon.gov</u> or 503-983-8257. We accept all relay calls.

Governor Kotek's Budget Priorities

Build more housing and reduce homelessness Improve access to mental health and addiction services

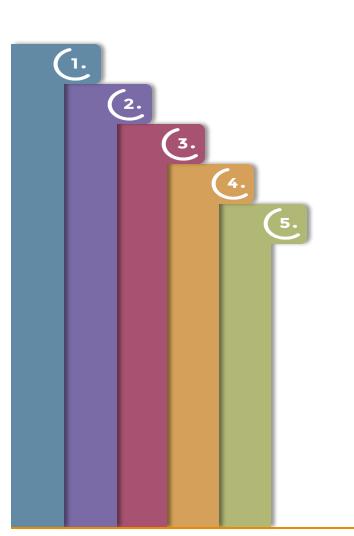
Ensure Oregon's children are better served by early literacy, child care, and K-12 investments



Health Policy in the Governor's Budget

- Supporting implementation of the Medicaid waiver and development of the Basic Health Plan, to maximize access to health coverage
- Transitioning to a state-based Marketplace, to better help people in Oregon obtain coverage
- Reviewing health care business deals in Oregon, to ensure that health care mergers and acquisitions improve health care cost, quality, access, and equity





Why Transform the Health Care System What HPA Does Strategies and Successes Challenges Proposed Budget



What We Have Heard From Community

Inequities and structural barriers

- People identify racism in our system and how it prevents them from being healthy
 Coverage
- People find transitions between systems or providers difficult to navigate
- Health insurance is hard to maintain

Access

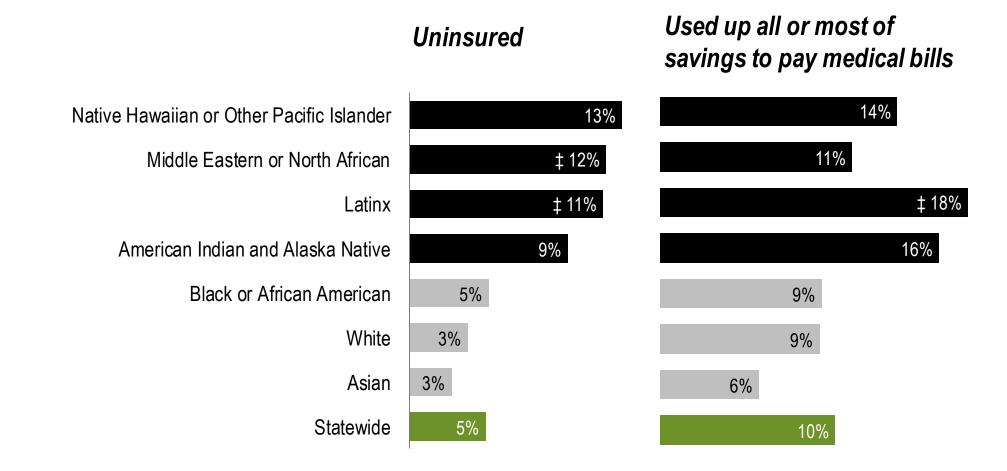
• People have trouble accessing care, and specifically culturally competent care, where and when they need it

Cost and funding

• People find medical care difficult to afford and want investment in the programs that support their health



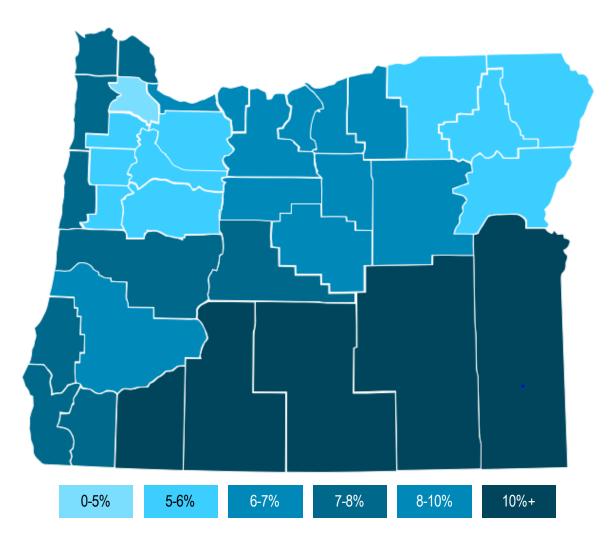
Inequities in Coverage and Cost



Health Authority

‡ May be statistically unreliable due to small numbers; interpret with caution. Data source: Oregon Health Insurance Survey (2021). Data shown are calculated using rarest race methodology

Rural Inequities

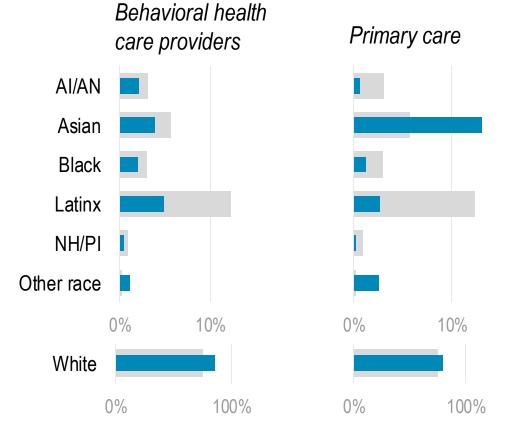


More than 1 in 10 people in southeastern Oregon report delaying care due to costs



The Health Care Workforce Needs Diversity

Oregon's health care workforce is **less racially and ethnically diverse** than the general population



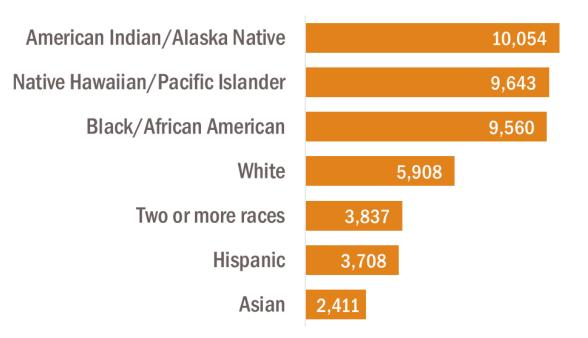
Data source: Oregon Health Care Workforce Reporting Program (2022)



Health Inequities Across the Health Care System

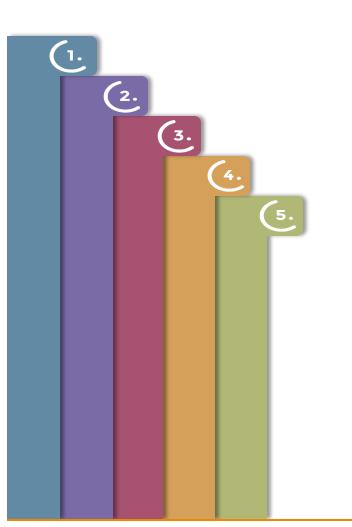
Many communities of color and Tribal Communities experience greater societal impact of early death

Years of potential life lost before age 75 (per 100,000 people):



 Leading causes of premature death include injury, cancer, heart disease, perinatal conditions, diabetes, chronic lower respiratory disease, and liver disease





Why Transform the Health Care System What HPA Does

Strategies and Successes Challenges Proposed Budget



OHA's Strategic Goal

Eliminate health inequities in Oregon by 2030



The Triple Aim

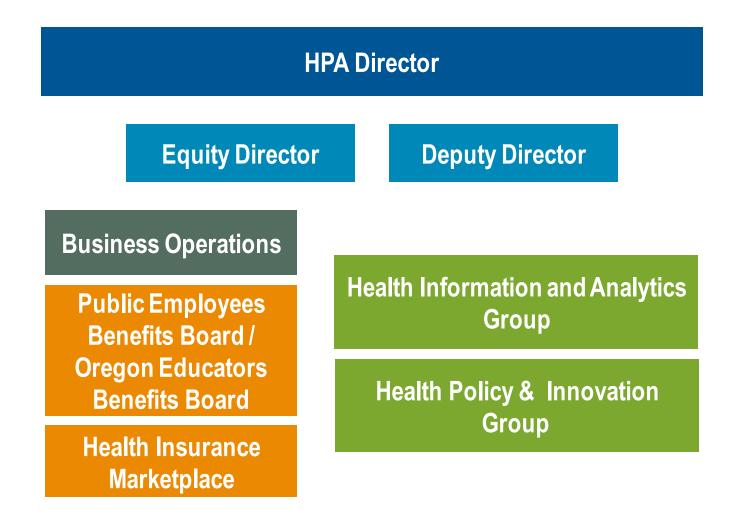








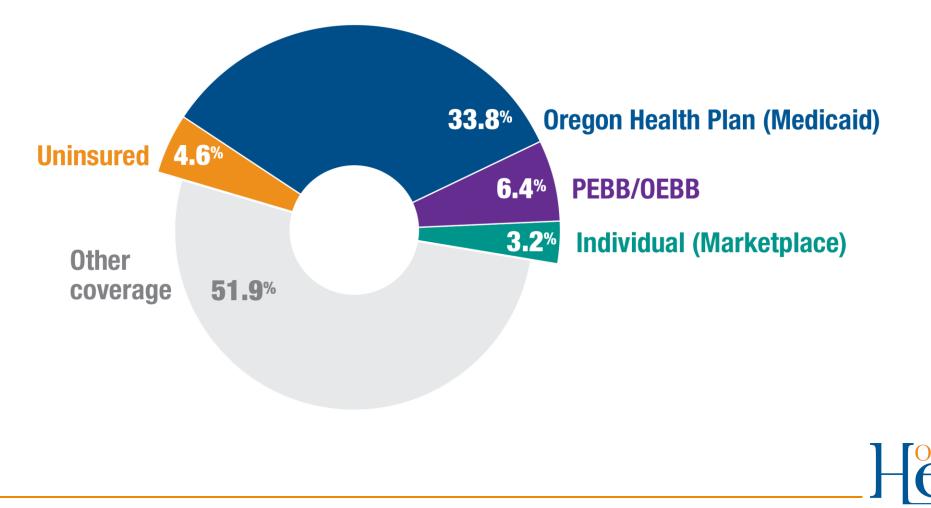
HPA Organizational Structure





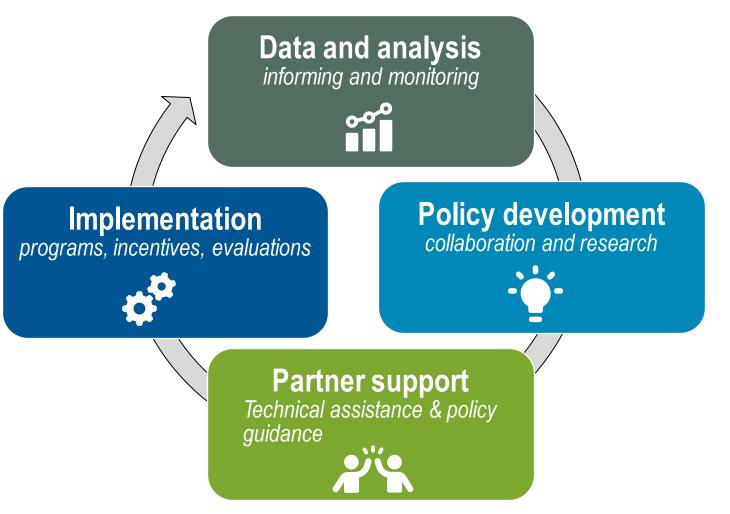
Purchasing Spreads Innovation Across Markets

• Roughly two in five people in Oregon get their health care coverage via OHA



What HPA Does

HPA's Work





REALD Data Illuminate Inequities

Hawaiian and Pacific Islanders were less likely than other populations to receive any dental service in 2021

> Hispanic and Latino/a/x Tongan Middle Eastern/North African Samoan Asian Other Pacific Islander† American Indian and Alaska Native Guamanian or Chamorro Black and African American Native Hawaiian White Marshallese 19% Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander 29% Comm of Micronesian Reg 16% Other/Multiracial 50% 0% 50% 0%

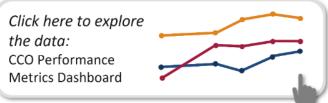
More granular data reveal **even deeper inequities:** Among COFA citizens, just 16 to 19 percent received any dental service

These Data and Analytics Inform Policy

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81st OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY2022 Regular Session	
Enrolled	
Senate Bill 1538	
Sponsored by Senators BEYER, MANNING JR, Representative SMITH G, Senators HANSELL, KENNEMER, Representatives HAYDEN, WILDE; Senators DEMBROW, FREDERICK, GELSER BLOUIN, GORSEK, PATTERSON, Representatives ALONSO LEON, DEXTER, EVANS, FAHEY, HIEB, MEEK, NOSSE, PRUSAK, REARDON, REYNOLDS, SCHOUTEN, ZIKA (Pre- session filed.)	
CHAPTER	
AN ACT	
Relating to dental care for Pacific Islanders legally residing in Oregon under the Compact of Free Association; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 413.032 and 413.612.	



Interactive Dashboards Promote Data Transparency



Any dental service





Regular Reports Support Legislative Policymaking

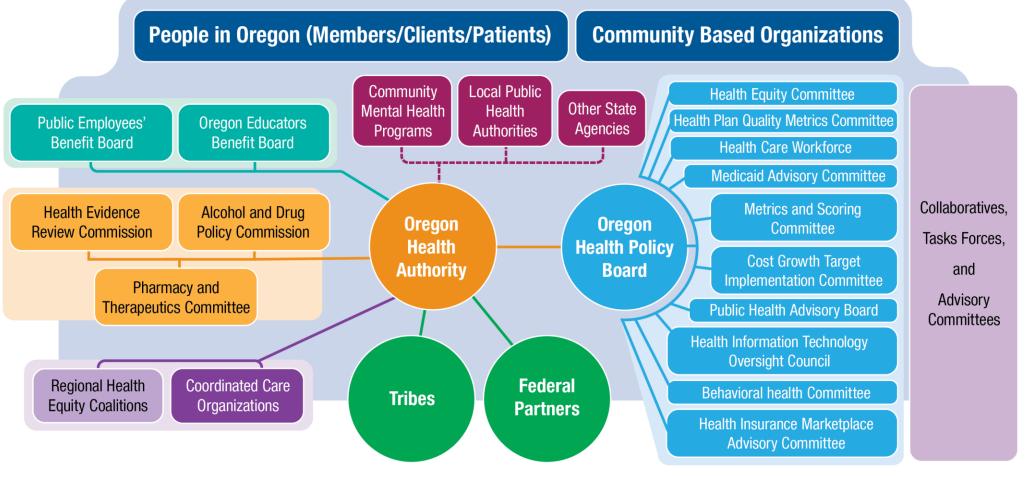
Healthier Oregon: Better Care for More People	Impact of Health People in Oregon		Evaluation of the Effer Health Care Provider Programs in Oregon		
Handback of the entry of the en	April 2022	Health	February 2023	Health	
	System Transformation rics 2021 Final Report	Discharge for Behav Crisis Car	cy Department e Practices ioral Health re: A Statewide THospitals eport	Status of the new	entation Report hospital community benefit program, al assistanco, and new medical debt
MIAAUREMENT PERIOD Californity sur 2021 Positioned Anguar 2022 - Sanganizari et al. 2022 - Sanganizari et al. 2021 1 Exatudre summary	and Agast 29, 2022.	ł	[ealth		Health



What HPA Does

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Community & Partner Engagement Drives Innovation





Building Capacity

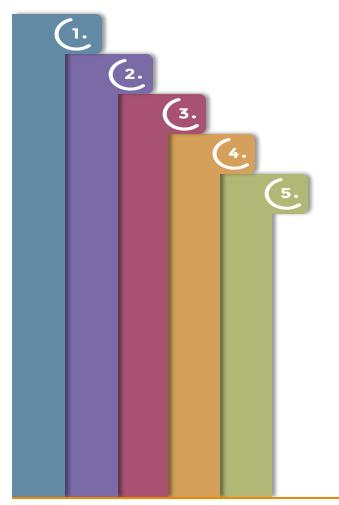
HPA provides technical assistance, multi-partner learning events, and webinars on innovations in health care

> 742 activities

21,700 participants



Why Transform the Health Care System What HPA Does Strategies and Successes Challenges Proposed Budget





HPA's Three Major Reform Buckets





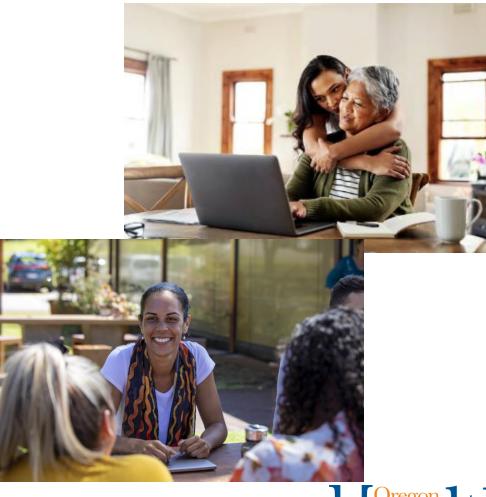




Oregon's Health Insurance Marketplace

How we measure success:

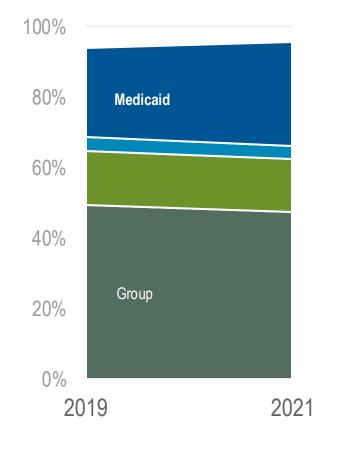
- **141,963** people signed up for a private health insurance plan
 - **80%** received tax credits to help pay for premiums
 - **\$489** average premium tax credit
 - 688 outreach events
 - **292** community-based organizations engaged as Marketplace assisters
 - **277** insurance agents engaged to provide Marketplace plan advice and enrollment assistance





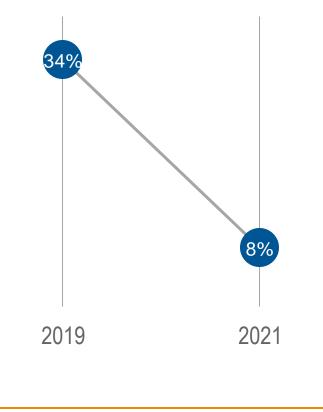
Increased Medicaid Coverage During Pandemic

Medicaid drove increases



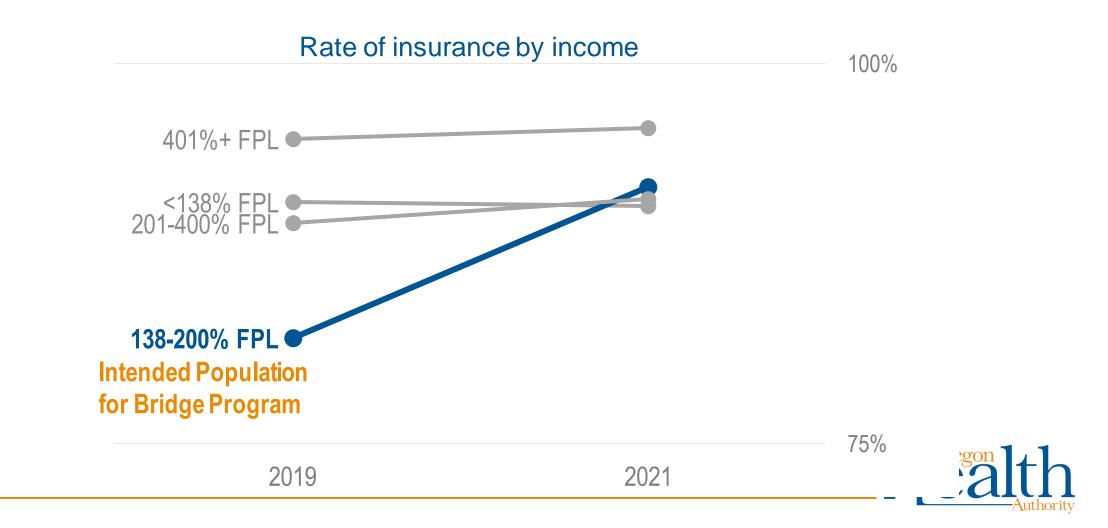
"Churn" decreased for OHP members during the Public Health Emergency

Expressed as percent of OHP members returning after less than a year



Who Benefited from these Coverage Gains?

• The largest coverage gains were among low-income adults not already covered by Medicaid



Maintaining Coverage Gains – "Bridge Program"

- In the 2022 session, the legislature created a taskforce charged with mapping out a plan for minimizing coverage losses (HB 4035)
- The taskforce recommended creating a Basic Health Program for Oregon, capturing federal funding for people at 138-200% FPL
- The temporary Medicaid expansion will maintain coverage for this population until the Basic Health Program launches





Automatic OHP Coverage Ends when PHE Ends

Most continue in OHP





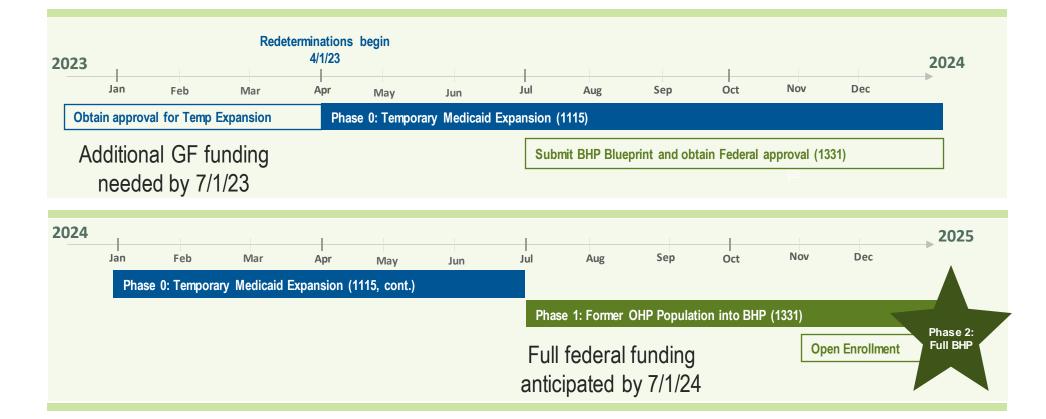
1.485 Million Current OHP Population

Those who lose OHP: Goal is to maximize transitions to other types of coverage

- Temporary Medicaid expansion
- Basic Health Program
- Oregon Health Insurance Marketplace
- Other coverage (Medicare, employer)



DRAFT Timeline: Temporary Medicaid Expansion and Basic Health Program





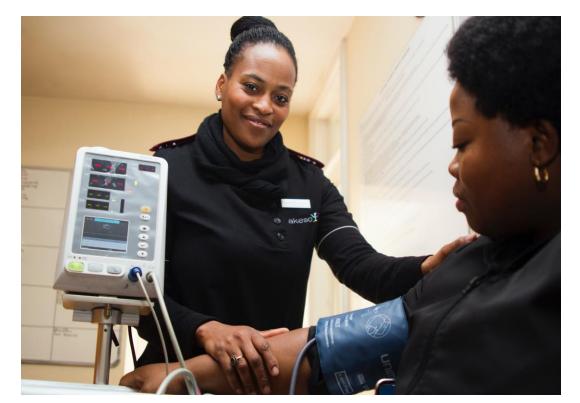




Investing in the Workforce

The Healthcare Workforce Committee oversees spending for the Oregon's Health Care Workforce Incentive Program

- About 3,600 participants joined Oregon's health care workforce
- 34% of program recipients who reported race/ethnicity identify as people of color or Tribal members
- Over a million hours of patient care provided to approximately 430,000 patients





Improving Children's Care Through the Medicaid Waiver



Recent progress includes:

- Continuous coverage from birth through age 6
- Full Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) benefits for all youth
- Expanded benefits for youth with special health care needs up to age 26



Improving Children's Care Through the Medicaid Waiver

Public-private partnership continues to expand upon Health Information Exchange (HIE), to build Community Information Exchange (CIE):

- Improving data sharing between health & social systems, such as medications, health conditions, hospitalizations, treatment underway, to ensure continuity of care
- Identifying members with health-related social needs like food, housing, transportation
- Closed-loop referrals to social services and community-based organizations (CBOs) based on outcomes of screening, including linking individuals to culturally responsive and trauma informed services to address unmet social needs



Centering Equity in the CCO Quality Incentive Program

Shifting decision-making power to the people the incentive program was designed to serve

Partnering with community to develop new "upstream" measures:

Upstream

Root causes of health inequities. These metrics focus on things like socioeconomic factors and institutional racism. For example: *Meaningful Language Access to Culturally Responsive Care*.

Downstream

Medical model. These metrics focus on things like injury and disease. For example: Controlling High Blood Pressure or Emergency Department Utilization.



Building a System of Quality Care

Pharmacy initiatives **improve equitable access** to prescription drugs

- Developing resources to help pharmacies meet language and translation needs
- Creating critical access pharmacies



The Health Evidence Review Commission (HERC) reviews clinical evidence & community input to promote equitable care

 One example of a recent decision with community support was covering special vests that help people with certain diseases clear mucous from their lungs



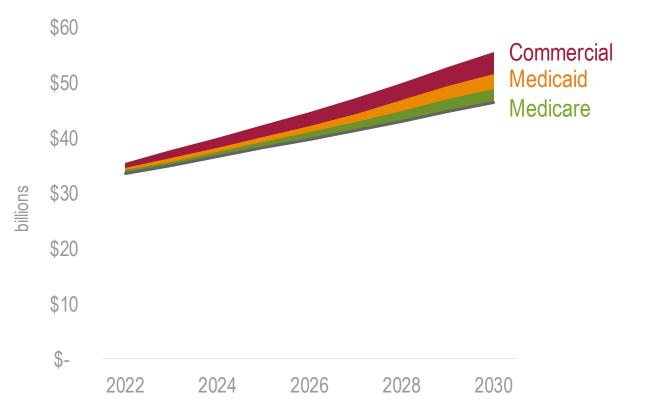




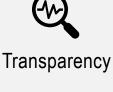


Oregon Could Save \$31 Billion by 2030

Projected savings by market, when compared to CMS' projected per person cost growth If 3.4% growth until 2025, then 3.0% growth



Oregon's Approach to Accountability





Performance Improvement Plans



Financial Penalties



Ongoing conversations to understand cost drivers and reasons for exceeding the target in a given year

Health Care Market Oversight: Promoting Transparency and Monitoring Consumer Impacts

Through the Health Care Market Oversight program, OHA reviews proposed business deals between health care companies to make sure they will help – and not hurt – Oregon's shared goals of:



Better Care



Health Equity



Improved Access

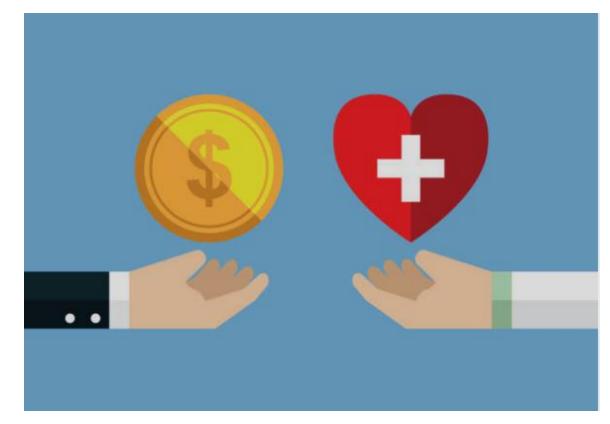


Lower Consumer Costs



Value–Based Payments: Changing How We Pay For Health Care

Value-Based Payments (VBP) link provider payments to improved quality and performance instead of to the volume of services



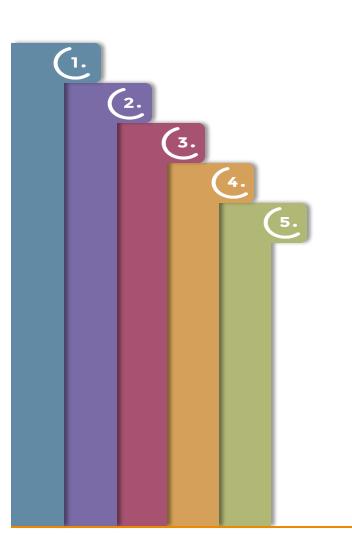


Maximizing Investments in Social Determinants of Health

- Maximizing investments by hospitals through Community Benefit spending
- Maximizing investments by CCOs through Health-Related Services and the SHARE Initiative (Supporting Health for All through REinvestment)
- Meaningfully engaging community in decisions to focus these investments







Why Transform the Health Care System What HPA Does Strategies and Successes Challenges Proposed Budget



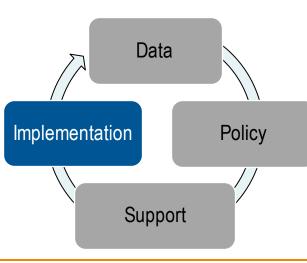
Resources for 1115 Waiver Implementation

We know that people in Oregon experience...

- Trouble accessing care where and when they need it.
- Difficulty navigating between systems or providers.
- Lack of investments that support their health

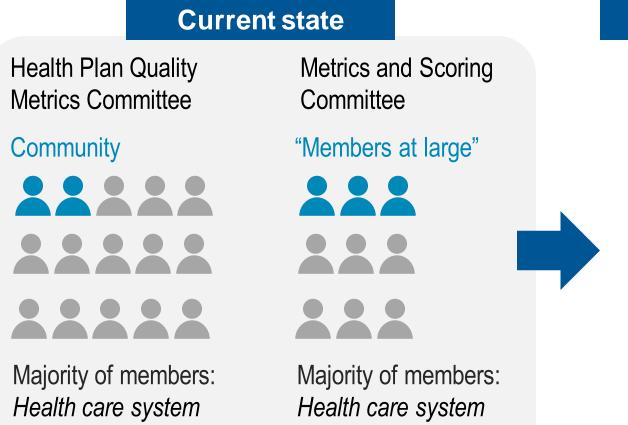
Major policy "wins" in Oregon's 1115 Medicaid waiver:

- Expanded access and improved care for children
- Investing in peoples' social determinants of health
- Connecting people to resources through CIE





Shifting Decision-Making Power to the People Served

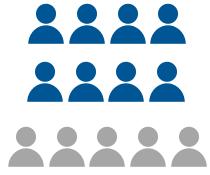


employees

Future state

Health Equity Metrics Committee

Majority community



Remaining members: *Equity and metrics experts, providers CCOs*



employees

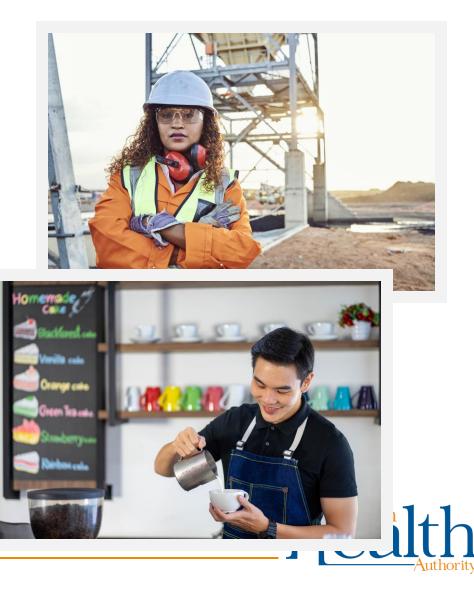
Challenges

Coverage Losses During Redeterminations

In 2019, before the PHE, 35 percent of uninsured Oregonians said they were uninsured because they **lost OHP coverage**

This spring, without the temporary Medicaid expansion and a Basic Health Plan, **people with incomes from 138-200% of FPL** will lose their OHP coverage again

OHA estimates this group to be about **55,000 people** living in Oregon



The Federally Facilitated Marketplace Does Not Meet the Needs of Oregonians

- Federal enrollment system and state eligibility verifications are **not well-coordinated**
- No access to real-time enrollment and demographic data to inform education and enrollment assistance
- No ability to customize open and special enrollment periods to address the unique needs of Oregonians
- No ability to modify systems to improve customer service experience



Challenges

Consolidation in Health Care Must be Monitored to Protect Against:

Higher prices

- Consolidation can lead to higher prices for products & services, higher insurance premiums
- Example: Curto et al, Health Affairs, 2022

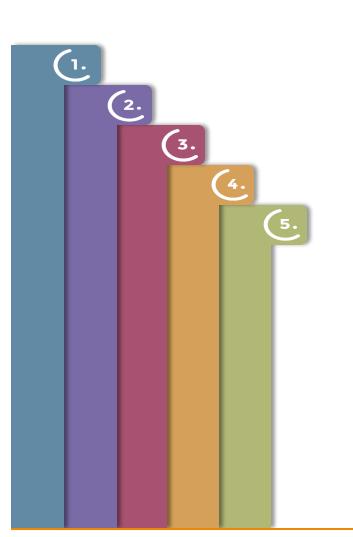
Erosion of progress on quality and/or outcomes

- Consolidation may reduce quality of care in some cases, e.g., by increasing use of low-value procedures
- Example: Young et al, Health Affairs, 2021

Changes that decrease access to services

- Consolidation can impact the type, location, and staffing of services, particularly in rural areas
- Example: Mosher Henke et al, Health Affairs, 2021



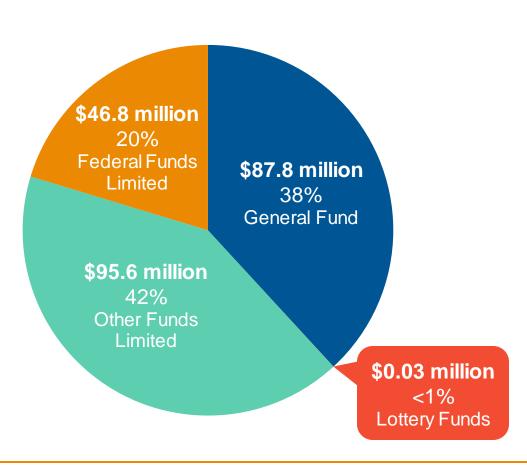


Why Transform the Health Care System What HPA Does Strategies and Successes Challenges Proposed Budget



2023-25 Governor's Budget

• Health Policy and Analytics, by fund



\$230.2 million Total Funds

2023-25 Major Budget Drivers and Risks

Budget drivers

- Health Equity
- Expanding Community Engagement and Feedback in decision making
- Health care cost containment
- Equitable access to health care and prescriptions
- REALD/SOGI data collection
- Medicaid Redeterminations and Basic Health Plan

Risks

- Staffing shortage due to hiring delays
- Increasing health care costs and access to care
- Decreased funding



2023-25 Major HPA Program Changes

Additions:

- Governor's additional investment in the Healthcare Provider Incentive Program
- Operations for PEBB and OEBB have been added to HPA
- HRSA Oral Health Grant
- PEBB OEBB Benefits Management System Replacement

Reductions

- Administrative and position reductions
- Medicaid Redeterminations reductions
- American Rescue Plan Act (COVID-19 funding)



POP 201: 1115 Medicaid Waiver

- Oregon's 2022-2027 1115 Medicaid Demonstration Waiver aims at eliminating health inequities by 2030
- HPA's portion of POP 201 funds support:
 - Implementation of new transition-related services
 - Technology initiatives to help connect people to services during life transitions (ex. Community Information Exchanges)
 - Launching the Health Equity Quality Metrics Committee (HEQMC)
 - Waiver evaluation
 - Business Operations support for contracting

	General Fund	Total Funds	Positions
POP 201	\$128.8 M	\$978.6 M	131
			Period Period

POP 202: Basic Health Plan

- Continues ongoing development of both a temporary expansion to Medicaid eligibility and a Basic Health Plan (BHP) to provide health coverage for people in Oregon with incomes of 138-200% of the federal poverty level
- Supports development of a new coverage option for approximately 57,000 people currently in Oregon Health Plan (OHP)
- Lays the foundation for a BHP, pending federal approval

	General Fund	Total Funds	Positions
POP 202	\$3.0M	\$3.0M	0
			1 Oregon 1+1-

POP 416: Transition to a State-Based Marketplace

- Enables OHA to transition Oregon to a state-based marketplace (SBM), through which people in Oregon will enroll in health plans for the 2027 plan year
- Will allow Oregon to access real-time data and to design targeted and flexible enrollment strategies to ensure everyone has access to high-quality, affordable health care.
- Lays the foundation for the state to be able to operationalize a variety of health policy and program innovations

	General Fund	Total Funds	Positions
POP 416	\$0	\$2.1M	4
			Legalth

Proposed Budget

POP 430: Health Care Market Oversight

- The Legislature created the Health Care Market Oversight (HCMO) program through the passage of HB 2362 (2021
- Through the program, OHA reviews health care business deals in Oregon, ensuring that health care mergers and acquisitions support statewide goals related to cost, quality, access, and equity
- This request:

Proposed Budget

- Enables HPA to maintain the permanent positions and program expenses to keep the HCMO program operational
- Enables Oregon to continue to lead the way on cost growth control and equity

	General Fund	Total Funds	Positions
POP 430	\$1.2M	\$1.2M	4
			L ^{Oregon} 1+1-

POP 434: Strengthen Outreach and Program Support for the Marketplace

- Addresses the additional reporting and contracting requirements for the Marketplace that were not fully recognized when the program was integrated with OHA
 - Provides outreach staff to meet the needs of community and to provide timely service
 - Provides to support the program, its grants, and federal reporting requirements
- Enables more people to have access to the most effective assistance available to potentially free or very low-cost health care
- Minimize losses in coverage for Oregon, by coordinating outreach and enrollment assistance during redeterminations and beyond

	General Fund	Total Funds	Positions
POP 434	\$0	\$0	3
			Legalth

Proposed Budget



