## SB 728 -1 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

# Senate Committee On Veterans, Emergency Management, Federal and World Affairs

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**Sub-Referral To:** Joint Committee On Tax Expenditures

Meeting Dates: 1/26, 2/9

# WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Establishes an income tax credit for qualifying volunteer firefighters of up to \$1,000 per tax year. Applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, and before January 1m 2030. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

# **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Important role played by volunteer firefighters in Oregon
- Factors affecting the ability to recruit and retain volunteer firefighters
- Time commitment required to be volunteer firefighter
- Similar tax credits for other types of first responders

## **EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

-1 Reduces tax credit from \$1,000 to \$250. Sets income limit for eligibility at \$100,000 for single filers or \$200,000 for joint filers. Deletes language preventing rolling over tax credit and adds provisions related to refundable amounts.

## **BACKGROUND:**

According to numbers provided by the State Fire Marshal, roughly 60 percent of Oregon's firefighters serve in a volunteer capacity, compared to 40 percent career firefighters. Nearly two-thirds of volunteer firefighters serve in fire protection districts, many of them rural districts, while about two-thirds of career firefighters serve in fire departments.

Senate Bill 728 creates a tax credit for eligible Oregon volunteer firefighters. To qualify, a firefighter must provide volunteer service to a fire department, fire protection district, or municipal corporation ad meet at least two additional qualifiers: related to number of calls taken, training hours, certification, or community engagement. Firefighters who already claim a similar tax credit for volunteer emergency medical services providers may not also qualify for the volunteer firefighter tax credit during the same year.