LC 3538 2025 Regular Session 11/8/24 (JLM/ps)

# DRAFT

#### SUMMARY

Digest: The Act changes the process for setting aside offense convictions and dismissals and contempt findings. The Act makes some of the same changes for setting aside GEI judgments. (Flesch Readability Score: 62.7).

Modifies the process for setting aside convictions, dismissals, contempt of court findings and guilty except for insanity judgments. Increases the waiting period for setting aside certain types of contempt of court findings. Modifies when the court is required to hold a hearing on and grant motions to set aside. Requires that the court enter an order within 120 days of granting a motion to set aside. Specifies a process for when a person has outstanding financial obligations and authorizes the court to waive such obligations under specified circumstances. Provides that the required time period prior to filing the motion, during which the person is required to have no convictions, applies to motions to set aside convictions and certain arrests, charges and citations only. Provides that the dismissal of a traffic violation citation may not be set aside.

Directs the Judicial Department to annually submit a report to the interim committees of the Legislative Assembly related to the judiciary concerning motions to set aside.

#### 1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to expungements; creating new provisions; and amending ORS

3 137.223 and 137.225.

## 4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

5 <u>SECTION 1.</u> ORS 137.225, as amended by section 55, chapter 70, Oregon
6 Laws 2024, is amended to read:

137.225. (1)(a) At any time after the person becomes eligible as described
in paragraph (b) of this subsection, any person convicted of an offense, or
found in contempt of court, who has fully complied with and performed
the sentence of the court for the offense or contempt finding, and whose

1 conviction or finding is described in subsection (5) of this section, by motion may apply to the court where the conviction or finding was entered for  $\mathbf{2}$ entry of an order setting aside the conviction or finding. A person who is 3 still under supervision or who has outstanding compensatory fines or 4 restitution as part of the sentence for the offense that is the subject of the 5motion has not fully complied with or performed the sentence of the court. 6 The fact that a person has outstanding financial obligations, other 7 than compensatory fines and restitution, that are part of the sentence 8 for the offense or finding that is the subject of the motion may not 9 be considered when determining whether the person has fully complied 10 with or performed the sentence of the court. 11

(b) A person is eligible to file a motion under paragraph (a) of this sub-section:

(A) For a Class B felony, seven years from the date of conviction or the
release of the person from imprisonment for the conviction sought to be set
aside, whichever is later.

(B) For a Class C felony or a finding of a person in contempt of court for violating an order related to abuse or a person crime, five years from the date of conviction or finding or the release of the person from imprisonment for the conviction or finding sought to be set aside, whichever is later.

(C) For a Class A misdemeanor, three years from the date of conviction or the release of the person from imprisonment for the conviction sought to be set aside, whichever is later.

(D) For a Class B or Class C misdemeanor, a violation or [*the*] **a** finding of a person in contempt of court **not described in subparagraph** (**B**) of this **paragraph**, one year from the date of conviction or finding or the release of the person from imprisonment for the conviction or finding sought to be set aside, whichever is later.

30 (c) If no accusatory instrument is filed, at any time after 60 days from the 31 date the prosecuting attorney indicates that the state has elected not to

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proceed with a prosecution or contempt proceeding, an arrested, cited or
 charged person may apply to the court in the county in which the person
 was arrested, cited or charged, for entry of an order setting aside the record
 of the arrest, citation or charge.

5 (d) At any time after an acquittal or a dismissal other than a dismissal 6 described in paragraph (c) of this subsection, an arrested, cited or charged 7 person may apply to the court in the county in which the person was ar-8 rested, cited or charged, for entry of an order setting aside the record of the 9 arrest, citation or charge.

(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of this subsection, a person whose sentence of probation was revoked may not apply to the court for entry of an order setting aside the conviction **or finding** for which the person was sentenced to probation for a period of three years from the date of revocation or until the person becomes eligible as described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, whichever occurs later.

(f) If the offense classification of a conviction has been reduced by the court, the applicable time period under paragraph (b) of this subsection is the time period associated with the reduced offense classification, calculated from the date of conviction or the release of the person from imprisonment for the conviction sought to be set aside, whichever is later.

[(*f*)] (**g**) A person filing a motion under this section is not required to pay the filing fee established under ORS 21.135.

(2)(a) A copy of the motion shall be served upon the office of the prose-24cuting attorney who prosecuted the offense or charge of contempt, or who 25had authority to prosecute the charge if there was no accusatory instrument 26filed. The prosecuting attorney may [object] file an objection to a motion 27filed under subsection (1)(a) of this section [and shall notify the court and the 28person of the objection] within 120 days of the date the motion was filed with 29the court. The prosecuting attorney shall notify the court and the per-30 son of the objection upon filing, and shall indicate in the objection 31

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whether the objection is based on the circumstances and behavior of the person. If the objection is not based on the circumstances and behavior of the person, the prosecuting attorney shall further notify the person that the person has 33 calendar days from the date of the filing of the objection to request a hearing.

(b) When a prosecuting attorney is served with a copy of a motion to set 6 aside a conviction or finding under subsection (1)(a) of this section, the 7 prosecuting attorney shall provide a copy of the motion and notice of the 8 hearing date to the victim, if any, [of the offense] by mailing a copy of the 9 motion and notice to the victim's last-known address. If the prosecuting 10 attorney filed an objection under paragraph (a) of this subsection that 11 12is not based on the circumstances and behavior of the person, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim that the victim has 33 13 calendar days from the date of the filing of the objection to request a 14 hearing. 15

16 (c) When a person makes a motion under this section, the person shall 17 forward to the Department of State Police a full set of the person's finger-18 prints on a fingerprint card or in any other manner specified by the depart-19 ment.

(d) When a person makes a motion under subsection (1)(a) of this section, 20the person must pay a fee to the Department of State Police for the purpose 21of the department performing a criminal record check. The department shall 22establish a fee in an amount not to exceed the actual cost of performing the 23criminal record check. If the department is required to perform only one 24criminal record check for the person, the department may only charge one 25fee, regardless of the number of counties in which the person is filing a 26motion to set aside a conviction, finding arrest, charge or citation under 27this section. The department shall provide a copy of the results of the crim-28inal record check to the prosecuting attorney. 29

30 (e) The prosecuting attorney may not charge the person a fee for per-31 forming the requirements described in this section.

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1 (3)(a) If an objection based on the circumstances or behavior of the person is received to a motion filed under subsection (1)(a) of this section,  $\mathbf{2}$ or upon the request of the person or the victim, the court shall hold a 3 hearing, and may require the filing of such affidavits and may require the 4 taking of such proofs as the court deems proper. The court shall allow the 5victim to make a statement at the hearing. If the person is otherwise eligible 6 for relief under this section, the court shall [grant the motion and enter an 7 order as described in paragraph (b)] proceed to a financial obligation 8 waiver determination under paragraph (d) of this subsection or, if 9 there are no outstanding financial obligations on the offense or find-10 ing, proceed to paragraph (e) of this subsection unless the court makes 11 12written findings, by clear and convincing evidence, that the circumstances and behavior of the person, from the date of the conviction or finding the 13 person is seeking to set aside to the date of the hearing on the motion, do 14 not warrant granting the motion due to the circumstances and behavior 15 creating a risk to public safety. When determining whether the person's cir-16 cumstances and behavior create a risk to public safety, the court may only 17consider criminal behavior, or violations of regulatory law or administrative 18 rule enforced by civil penalty or other administrative sanction that relate 19 to the character of the conviction or finding sought to be set aside. The 2021court may not consider nonpunitive civil liability, monetary obligations and motor vehicle violations. [Upon granting the motion, the court shall enter an 22appropriate order containing the original arrest or citation charge, the con-23viction charge, if different from the original, the date of charge, the submitting 24agency and the disposition of the charge. Upon the entry of the order, the 25person for purposes of the law shall be deemed not to have been previously 26convicted, and the court shall issue an order sealing the record of conviction 27and other official records in the case, including the records of arrest, citation 28or charge.] 29

30 (b) If the court receives an objection to a motion filed under sub-31 section (1)(a) of this section that is not based on the circumstances

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and behavior of the person and no request for a hearing is received,
 the court shall deny the motion.

3 (c) If no objection to a motion filed under subsection (1)(a) of this 4 section is received, the court shall proceed to a financial obligation 5 waiver determination under paragraph (d) of this subsection or, if 6 there are no outstanding financial obligations on the offense or find-7 ing, proceed to paragraph (e) of this subsection.

8 (d) When conducting a financial obligation waiver determination
9 under this subsection, the court shall proceed as follows:

(A) The court may waive any remaining financial obligations owed
 by the person on the offense or finding, other than compensatory fines
 or restitution.

(B) The court shall waive any remaining financial obligations owed
by the person on the offense or finding, other than compensatory fines
or restitution, if the date of the conviction or finding occurred more
than 10 years prior to the filing of the motion and the court is setting
aside all convictions, findings, arrests, citations or charges within the
case.

(C) If the person has outstanding compensatory fines or restitution on the offense, or the court decides not to waive any other remaining financial obligations owed by the person on the offense, the court shall deny the motion.

(e) If the court waives financial obligations under paragraph (d)(A) 23or (B) of this subsection, or if there are no outstanding financial ob-24ligations on the offense or finding, the court shall grant the motion 25and shall, within 120 days after the date of the hearing, or if no ob-26jection was received, within 120 days after the conclusion of the time 27period during which the prosecuting attorney may object under sub-28section (2)(a) of this section, enter an appropriate order containing the 29original arrest or citation charge, the conviction or contempt charge, 30 if different from the original, the date of charge, the submitting 31

agency and the disposition of the charge. Upon the entry of the order, the person for purposes of the law shall be deemed not to have been previously convicted, and the court shall issue an order sealing the record of conviction or contempt finding and other official records in the case, including the records of arrest, citation or charge.

[(b)] (f) The court shall grant a motion filed under subsection (1)(c) or (d) 6 of this section[, or under subsection (1)(a) of this section if no objection to the 7 motion is received,] and shall, within 120 days after the date the motion 8 was filed with the court, enter an appropriate order containing the original 9 arrest or citation charge, [the conviction charge, if applicable and different 10 from the original,] the date of charge, the submitting agency and the dispo-11 12sition of the charge. Upon the entry of the order, the person for purposes of the law shall be deemed not to have been previously [convicted,] arrested, 13 cited or charged, and the court shall issue an order sealing all official re-14 cords in the case, including the records of arrest, citation or charge, whether 15 or not the arrest, citation or charge resulted in a further criminal proceed-16 ing. 17

(4) The clerk of the court shall forward a certified copy of the order to
such agencies as directed by the court. A certified copy must be sent to the
Department of Corrections when the order concerns a conviction. Upon entry
of the order, the conviction, arrest, citation, charge or other proceeding shall
be deemed not to have occurred, and the person may answer accordingly any
questions relating to its occurrence.

(5) The provisions of subsection (1)(a) of this section apply to [a conviction *for*] the following convictions and findings:

(a) A Class B felony, except for a violation of ORS 166.429 or any crime
classified as a person felony as defined in the rules of the Oregon Criminal
Justice Commission.

(b) Any misdemeanor, Class C felony or felony punishable as a
misdemeanor pursuant to ORS 161.705.

31 (c) An offense constituting a violation under state law or local ordinance.

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1 (d) An offense committed before January 1, 1972, that, if committed after 2 that date, would qualify for an order under this section.

3 (e) The finding of a person in contempt of court.

4 (6) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, the provisions of sub-5 section (1)(a) of this section do not apply to a conviction for:

6 (a) Criminal mistreatment in the second degree under ORS 163.200 if the 7 victim at the time of the crime was 65 years of age or older.

8 (b) Criminal mistreatment in the first degree under ORS 163.205 if the 9 victim at the time of the crime was 65 years of age or older, or when the 10 offense constitutes child abuse as defined in ORS 419B.005.

(c) Endangering the welfare of a minor under ORS 163.575 (1)(a), when the
 offense constitutes child abuse as defined in ORS 419B.005.

(d) Criminally negligent homicide under ORS 163.145, when that offensewas punishable as a Class C felony.

15 (e) Assault in the third degree under ORS 163.165 (1)(h).

16 (f) Any sex crime, unless:

17 (A) The sex crime is listed in ORS 163A.140(1)(a) and:

(i) The person has been relieved of the obligation to report as a sex
offender pursuant to a court order entered under ORS 163A.145 or 163A.150;
and

(ii) The person has not been convicted of, found guilty except for insanity of or found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court based on a crime for which the court is prohibited from setting aside the conviction under this section; or

25 (B) The sex crime constitutes a Class C felony and:

26 (i) The person was under 16 years of age at the time of the offense;

27 (ii) The person is:

28 (I) Less than two years and 180 days older than the victim; or

(II) At least two years and 180 days older, but less than three years and 180 days older, than the victim and the court finds that setting aside the conviction is in the interests of justice and of benefit to the person and the

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1 community;

2 (iii) The victim's lack of consent was due solely to incapacity to consent
3 by reason of being less than a specified age;

4 (iv) The victim was at least 12 years of age at the time of the offense;

5 (v) The person has not been convicted of, found guilty except for insanity 6 of or found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court based on a 7 crime for which the court is prohibited from setting aside the conviction 8 under this section; and

9 (vi) Each conviction or finding described in this subparagraph involved 10 the same victim.

11 (7)(**a**) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, the provisions of 12 subsection (1)(**a**) of this section do not apply to:

13 [(a)] (A) A conviction for a state or municipal traffic offense.

[(b)] (B) A person convicted[, within the following applicable time period 14 immediately preceding the filing of the motion pursuant to subsection (1) of 15this section,] of any other offense, excluding motor vehicle violations and 16 unlawful possession of a controlled substance constituting a drug enforce-17ment misdemeanor as described in section 35, chapter 70, Oregon Laws 2024, 18 or found in contempt of court for violating an order related to abuse 19 or a person crime, within the following applicable time period imme-20diately preceding the filing of the motion pursuant to subsection (1)(a)21of this section, whether or not the other conviction is for conduct associ-22ated with the same criminal episode that caused the [arrest, citation, charge 23or] conviction, or with the same course of conduct that caused the 24finding, that is sought to be set aside: 25

26 [(A)] (i) For a motion concerning a Class B felony, seven years.

[(B)] (ii) For a motion concerning a Class C felony or a finding of a person in contempt of court for violating an order related to abuse or a person crime, five years.

30 [(C)] (iii) For a motion concerning a Class A misdemeanor, three years.
31 [(D)] (iv) For a motion concerning a Class B or Class C misdemeanor a

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violation or a finding of contempt of court not described in sub subparagraph (ii) of this subparagraph, one year.

3 (C) A person who at the time the motion described in this section 4 is pending before the court is under charge of commission of any 5 crime or contempt of court for violating an order related to abuse or 6 a person crime.

7 [(c)] (b) A single violation, other than a motor vehicle violation, within 8 the time period specified in paragraph [(b)] (a)(B) of this subsection is not 9 a conviction under this subsection. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this 10 section, a conviction that has been set aside under this section shall be 11 considered for the purpose of determining whether paragraph [(b)] (a)(B) of 12 this subsection is applicable.

13 [(d) A person who at the time the motion authorized by subsection (1) of 14 this section is pending before the court is under charge of commission of any 15 crime.]

16 (8) The provisions of subsection (1)(c) or (d) of this section do not apply17 to:

(a) An arrest or citation for driving while under the influence of
intoxicants if the charge is dismissed as a result of the person's successful
completion of a diversion agreement described in ORS 813.200.

21 (b) The dismissal of a citation for a traffic violation.

(c) A person who at the time the motion described in this section
is pending before the court is under charge of commission of any
crime or contempt of court for violating an order related to abuse or
a person crime.

(d) For a motion concerning an arrest, citation or charge for a crime constituting domestic violence, a sex crime or any other person felony or person Class A misdemeanor, as those terms are defined in the rules of the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission, a person convicted of any other offense, excluding motor vehicle violations, or found in contempt of court for violating an order related to abuse or

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a person crime, within the three years immediately preceding the filing of the motion pursuant to subsection (1)(c) or (d) of this section, whether or not the other conviction or finding is for conduct associated with the same criminal episode that caused the arrest, citation or charge that is sought to be set aside.

6 (9) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section apply to convictions, 7 **findings,** arrests, citations and charges that occurred before, as well as 8 those that occurred after, September 9, 1971. There is no time limit for 9 making an application.

(10) For purposes of any civil action in which truth is an element of a claim for relief or affirmative defense, the provisions of subsection (3) of this section providing that the conviction, **finding,** arrest, citation, charge or other proceeding be deemed not to have occurred do not apply and a party may apply to the court for an order requiring disclosure of the official records in the case as may be necessary in the interest of justice.

(11)(a) Upon motion of any prosecutor or defendant in a case involving records sealed under this section, supported by affidavit showing good cause, the court with jurisdiction may order the reopening and disclosure of any records sealed under this section for the limited purpose of assisting the investigation of the movant. However, such an order has no other effect on the orders setting aside the conviction **or finding**, or the arrest, citation or charge record.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, when an arrest, ci-23tation or charge described in subsection (1)(c) of this section is set aside, a 24prosecuting attorney may, for the purpose of initiating a criminal proceeding 25within the statute of limitations, unseal the records sealed under this section 26by notifying the court with jurisdiction over the charge, record of arrest or 27citation. The prosecuting attorney shall notify the person who is the subject 28of the records of the unsealing under this paragraph by sending written no-29tification to the person's last known address. 30

31 (12) The State Court Administrator shall create forms to be used

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throughout the state for motions and proposed orders described in this sec-tion.

3 (13) As used in this section:

4 (a) "Affidavit" includes a declaration under penalty of perjury.

5 (b) "Domestic violence" has the meaning given that term in ORS
6 135.230.

7 (c) "Order related to abuse or a person crime" means:

8 (A) A court order issued under ORS 107.095 (1)(c) or (d), 107.700 to
9 107.735, 124.005 to 124.040, 133.035, 135.247 or 163.760 to 163.777; or

10 (B) A court order arising from a criminal case involving a crime 11 constituting domestic violence, a sex crime or any other person felony 12 or person Class A misdemeanor, as those terms are defined in the 13 rules of the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission.

14 [(b)] (d) "Sex crime" has the meaning given that term in ORS 163A.005.

15 **SECTION 2.** ORS 137.223 is amended to read:

16 137.223. (1) A person who has been found guilty except for insanity of an 17 offense for which, if convicted, the person could apply for entry of an order 18 setting aside the conviction pursuant to ORS 137.225, may by motion apply 19 to the court for entry of an order setting aside the judgment finding the 20 person guilty except for insanity of the offense.

(2)(a) A person described in subsection (1) of this section may file the motion to set aside a judgment of guilty except for insanity any time after the following time periods:

(A) For a judgment of guilty except for insanity on a Class B felony,
seven years from the date of entry of the judgment or the date the person
is no longer under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board,
whichever is later.

(B) For a judgment of guilty except for insanity on a Class C felony, five years from the date of entry of the judgment or the date the person is no longer under the jurisdiction of the board, whichever is later.

31 (C) For a judgment of guilty except for insanity on a Class A

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misdemeanor, three years from the date of entry of the judgment or the date
the person is no longer under the jurisdiction of the board, whichever is
later.

4 (D) For a judgment of guilty except for insanity on a Class B or Class 5 C misdemeanor, one year from the date of entry of the judgment or the date 6 the person is no longer under the jurisdiction of the board, whichever is 7 later.

8 (b) A person is eligible to have a judgment of guilty except for insanity 9 set aside under this section if the person has no other findings of guilty ex-10 cept for insanity and no convictions for offenses other than motor vehicle 11 violations within the following time periods prior to filing the motion:

(A) For a motion concerning a judgment of guilty except for insanity on
a Class B felony, seven years.

(B) For a motion concerning a judgment of guilty except for insanity ona Class C felony, five years.

(C) For a motion concerning a judgment of guilty except for insanity on
 a Class A misdemeanor, three years.

(D) For a motion concerning a judgment of guilty except for insanity on
a Class B or Class C misdemeanor, one year.

(3)(a) A copy of the motion shall be served upon the office of the prose-2021cuting attorney who prosecuted the offense. The prosecuting attorney may [object] file an objection to the motion [filed and shall notify the court and 22the person of the objection] within 120 days of [receiving the motion] the date 23the motion was filed with the court. The prosecuting attorney shall 24notify the court and the person of the objection upon filing, and shall 25indicate in the objection whether the objection is based on the cir-26cumstances and behavior of the person. If the objection is not based 27on the circumstances and behavior of the person, the prosecuting at-28torney shall further notify the person that the person has 33 calendar 29days from the date of the filing of the objection to request a hearing. 30 31 (b) When a prosecuting attorney is served with a copy of a motion to set

1 aside a judgment of guilty except for insanity under this section, the prosecuting attorney shall provide a copy of the motion and notice of the hearing  $\mathbf{2}$ date to the victim, if any, of the offense by mailing a copy of the motion and 3 notice to the victim's last-known address. If the prosecuting attorney filed 4 an objection under paragraph (a) of this subsection that is not based 5on the circumstances and behavior of the person, the prosecuting at-6 torney shall notify the victim that the victim has 33 calendar days 7 from the date of the filing of the objection to request a hearing. 8

(c) When a person files a motion under this section, the person must pay 9 a fee to the Department of State Police for the purpose of the department 10 performing a criminal record check, and shall forward to the department a 11 12full set of the person's fingerprints on a fingerprint card or in any other manner specified by the department. The department shall establish a fee in 13 an amount not to exceed the actual cost of performing the criminal record 14 check. If the department is required to perform only one criminal record 15 check for the person, the department may only charge one fee, regardless of 16 the number of counties in which the person is filing a motion to set aside 17 a conviction, arrest, charge or citation under this section. The department 18 shall provide a copy of the results of the criminal record check to the pros-19 ecuting attorney. 20

(d) A person filing a motion under this section is not required to pay the
filing fee established under ORS 21.135.

(4)(a) If an objection based on the circumstances or behavior of the 23**person** is received to a motion filed under this section, or upon the request 24of the person or the victim, the court shall hold a hearing, and may re-25quire the filing of such affidavits and may require the taking of such proofs 26as the court deems proper. The court shall allow the victim to make a 27statement at the hearing. If the person is otherwise eligible for relief under 28this section, the court shall grant the motion and, within 120 days after 29 the date of the hearing, enter an order as described in paragraph [(b)] (d) 30 31 of this subsection unless the court makes written findings, by clear and

1 convincing evidence, that the circumstances and behavior of the person, from the date of the judgment the person is seeking to set aside to the date of the  $\mathbf{2}$ hearing on the motion, do not warrant granting the motion due to the cir-3 cumstances and behavior creating a risk to public safety. When determining 4 whether the person's circumstances and behavior create a risk to public 5safety, the court may only consider criminal behavior, or violations of regu-6 latory law or administrative rule enforced by civil penalty or other admin-7 istrative sanction that relate to the character of the conviction sought to 8 be set aside. The court may not consider nonpunitive civil liability, mone-9 tary obligations and motor vehicle violations. 10

(b) If no objection to the motion filed under this section is received, the court shall grant the motion and, within 120 days after the conclusion of the time period during which the prosecuting attorney may object under subsection (3)(a) of this section, enter an order as described in paragraph (d) of this subsection.

(c) If the court receives an objection that is not based on the cir cumstances and behavior of the person and no request for a hearing
 is received, the court shall deny the motion.

[(b)] (d) An order entered under this subsection shall state the original arrest charge and the charge for which the person was found guilty except for insanity. The order shall further state that positive identification has been established by the Department of State Police and further identified as to Department of State Police number or submitting agency number.

(5)(a) Upon the entry of an order under subsection (4) of this section:
(A) The person, for purposes of the law, shall be deemed not to have been
previously found guilty except for insanity, and the court shall issue an or-

der sealing the records of the case, including the records of arrest, whether or not the arrest resulted in a further criminal proceeding.

(B) The court shall inform the person that the person's right to possess,
purchase or otherwise acquire a firearm remains prohibited under federal
law.

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1 (b) For purposes of this subsection, records of the case do not include 2 medical records that are in the possession of the Psychiatric Security Review 3 Board, including medical evaluations and reports submitted from other 4 agencies concerning the status or compliance of the person.

5 (6) The clerk of the court shall forward a certified copy of the order en-6 tered under subsection (5) of this section to such agencies as directed by the 7 court. A certified copy shall be sent to the Psychiatric Security Review 8 Board. Upon entry of the order, the judgment of guilty except for insanity 9 shall be deemed not to have been entered, and the person may answer ac-10 cordingly any questions relating to its occurrence.

(7) For purposes of any civil action in which truth is an element of a claim for relief or affirmative defense, the provisions of subsection (6) of this section providing that the judgment of guilty except for insanity be deemed not to have been entered do not apply and a party may apply to the court for an order requiring disclosure of the official records in the case as may be necessary in the interests of justice.

(8) Upon motion of any prosecutor or defendant in a case involving records sealed under this section, supported by affidavit showing good cause, the court with jurisdiction may order the reopening and disclosure of any records sealed under this section for the limited purpose of assisting the investigation of the movant. However, such an order has no other effect on the orders setting aside the judgment of guilty except for insanity.

(9) A prosecuting attorney may not condition an agreement not to object
to the entry of a judgment of guilty except for insanity on an agreement by
a person to waive the ability to set aside the judgment under this section.

(10) As used in this section, "affidavit" includes a declaration under pen-alty of perjury.

28 <u>SECTION 3.</u> No later than January 1, 2027, and annually thereafter, 29 the Judicial Department shall submit a report to the interim commit-30 tees of the Legislative Assembly related to the judiciary, in the man-31 ner described in ORS 192.245, concerning the setting aside of arrests,

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citations, charges, convictions and contempt of court findings under
 ORS 137.225 and judgments of guilty except for insanity under ORS
 137.223. The report may include a description of additional resources
 the department requires in order to fulfill the department's duties
 under ORS 137.223 and 137.225.

<u>SECTION 4.</u> The amendments to ORS 137.223 and 137.225 by sections
1 and 2 of this 2025 Act apply to motions filed on or after the effective
date of this 2025 Act.

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