# Advanced Nuclear Energy

Oregon House Interim Committee on Climate, Energy and Environment

December 10, 2024

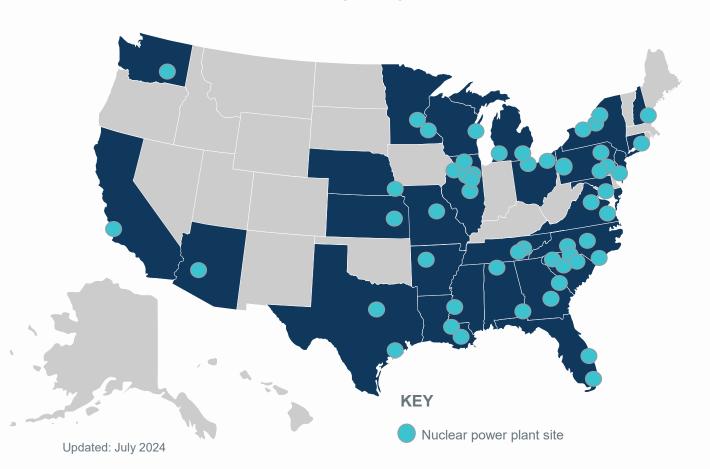
Kati Austgen Senior PM, New Nuclear





### Nuclear Provides Majority of Emissions Free Electricity



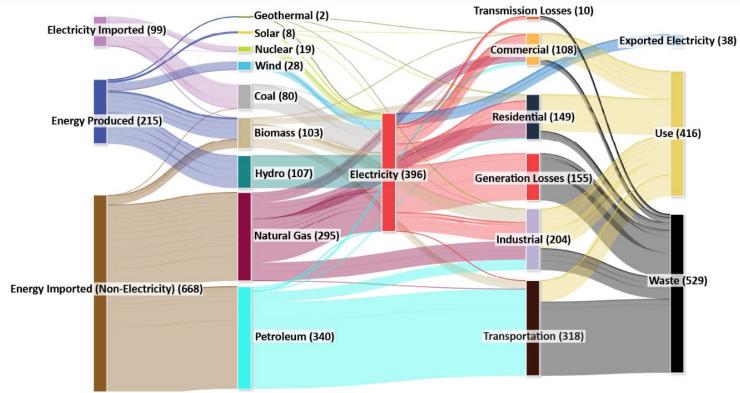


U.S. Clean Generation (2023)

**47.8%** NUCLEAR

26.2% WIND 14.8% HYDRO 10.2% SOLAR 1% GEOTHERMAL

# Energy in Oregon



Numbers represent trillions of Btu of energy.

# Advanced Nuclear Designer Members





















































# Types of Advanced Reactors

NEI

### Range of sizes and features to meet diverse market needs

Water Cooled





Reactors

Molten Salt Reactors Both











Westinghouse AP1000® (shown)
ABWR

GEH BWRX-300(shown)

NuScale

Holtec SMR-300

Westinghouse AP300

X-energy (shown)

TerraPower Natrium<sup>™</sup> (shown)

Kairos Hermes (shown)

Oklo (shown)
Last Energy
Radiant
Westinghouse eVinci

Large ~1000 MWe

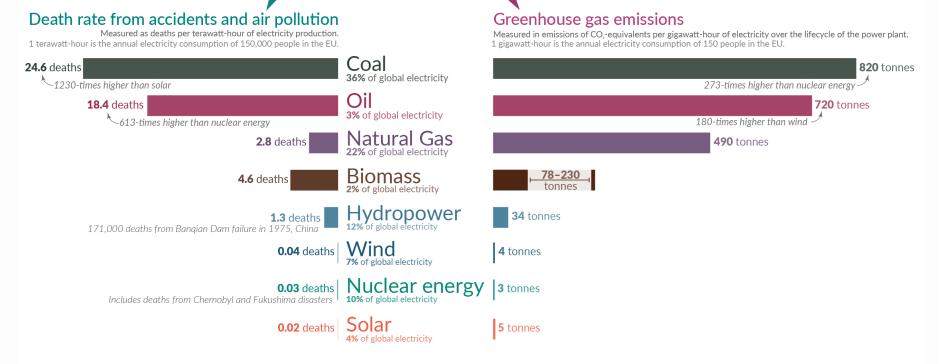
Small Modular Reactors < 300 MWe

Micro < 50 MWe



### What are the safest and cleanest sources of energy?





Death rates from fossil fuels and biomass are based on state-of-the art plants with pollution controls in Europe, and are based on older models of the impacts of air pollution on health. This means these death rates are likely to be very conservative. For further discussion, see our article: OurWorldinData.org/safest-sources-of-energy. Electricity shares are given for 2021. Data sources: Markandya & Wilkinson (2007); UNSCEAR (2008; 2018); Sovacool et al. (2016); IPCC AR5 (2014); Pehl et al. (2017); Ember Energy (2021).

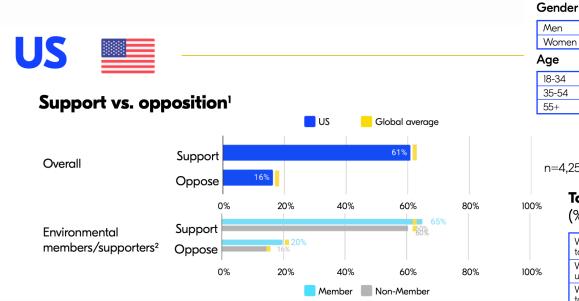
OurWorldinData.org - Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems.

Licensed under CC-BY by the authors Hannah Ritchie and Max Roser.

Source: https://ourworldindata.org/safest-sources-of-energy

# Strong Public Support for Nuclear Energy





### Support by...

#### Income **73**%

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vvomen	50 /0
Age	
18-34	58%
35-54	62%
55+	62%

	Low income (under 50k USD)	<b>52</b> %
	Medium income (50k-100k USD)	60%
	High income	70%

#### Political Affiliation

Democrat	61%
Independent	60%
Republican	66%

n=4.250

### Top 5 nuclear sentiments<sup>3</sup>

(100k+ USD)

(% agree)

We need nuclear energy in the mix, along with renewables, if we are to meet our climate goals  60	eed a way to produce more and more energy for our econd op growing	<sup>ny</sup> <b>76</b> %
to meet our climate goals		63%
Leguing purplear waste behind is just wrong, however safe it is		are 60%
Leaving fracted waste behind is just wrong, however sale it is	ng nuclear waste behind is just wrong, however safe it is	<b>59</b> %
We should use advanced nuclear energy to reduce our dependence on other countries		ce <b>58</b> %

**70**%

# States Taking Action for Nuclear





Exploring Nuclear Technology with Studies, Working Groups, Commissions and Task Forces

Connecticut, Florida, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Texas



Recognizing Nuclear as a Clean Energy Resource

Idaho, Michigan, Minnesota, North Carolina, Tennessee, Utah, and Virginia



Removing Barriers and Signaling Support

Repealing Nuclear Moratoriums: Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Montana, West Virginia, and Wisconsin Signaling Regulatory Support: Indiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, and South Dakota



Incentivizing Nuclear Technology and Supply Chain

Kentucky, Michigan, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington, and Wyoming

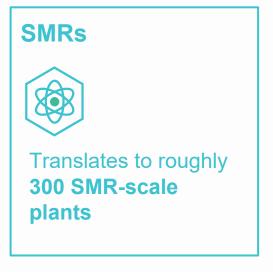
# Recent Survey of NEI's U.S. Utilities

NEI

Nuclear power's potential role in meeting their company's decarbonization goals:

>90% of fleet expects to operate to at least 80 years





NEI utility member companies produce nearly half of all US electricity.

More than half have more interest than in 2022 (prior survey year)

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# Growth Rates Increasing Almost Everywhere

From 2022 to 2023, the 5-year national forecast for peak demand shot up by about 50% – from 0.63% annual growth to 0.93%.

Annual growth rates are measured using the Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR). The CAGR represents the rate at which the initial load forecast or current load needs to grow annually to match the forecasted load in the final year assuming an annually compounded growth rate.

CAGRs can be useful to compare forecasted load growth of different utilities regardless of the size of the utility.

The only region where the CAGR decreased in 2023 is MISO. However, as discussed in the MISO profile, expedited new load projects are flooding MISO's planning process and should drive an increase in future load forecasts.

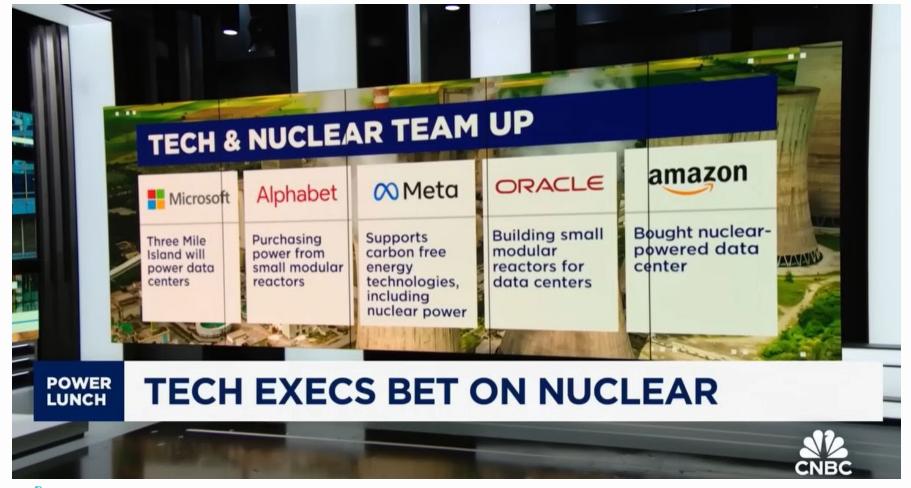
NOTE | The "Southwest" region includes some utilities that might be characterized as central western.

#### 2023 Forecast Regional 5-year CAGR





27





## Advanced Nuclear Deployment Plans

Projects that may be in operation by early 2030s



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Updated 09/25/2024





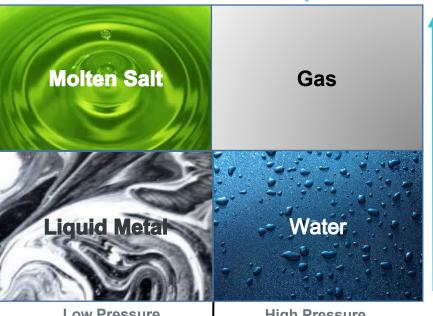
# Technology and Temperature



### pressure vessel cost

High
Temperature
1000 – 2000 °F
~538 – 1093 °C

Medium
Temperature
500 – 1000 °F
~260 – 538 °C



Low Pressure ~0 psi - 30 psi

High Pressure 700 psi – 2000 psi

# ermodynamic efficiency

licy	H <sub>2</sub> Production (HTSE, S-I)	90
כפווכופווכ	Steam Reforming of Natural Gas	70
mermodynamic	Ammonia Production	50
	Thermal Desalination	30
_	District Energy	10

**High Temperature Gas Reactors Molten Salt** Reactors **Liquid Metal Fast Reactors Light Water** Reactors

°C

°C

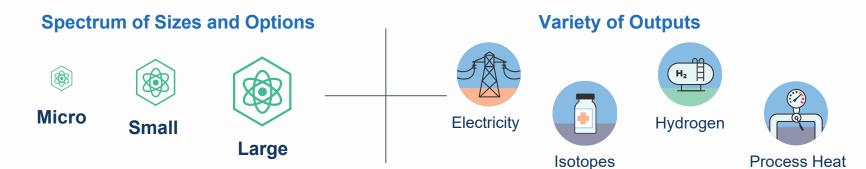
°C

0°C

°C

### **Advanced Nuclear Versatility**





### **Multitude of New Customers**





Mining

















Oil & Gas

District Energy

Space













Transportation

Rail

Aviation

Maritime

Agriculture

Fashion

Desalination

# Lowest System Cost Achieved by Enabling Large Scale New Nuclear Deployment



### **Lowest Cost System**



Nuclear is 43% of generation (>300 GW of new nuclear)



Wind and solar are 50%

### **Energy System with Nuclear Constrained**



Wind and Solar are 77% of generation



Nuclear is 13% (>60 GW of new nuclear)



Increased cost to customers of \$449 Billion

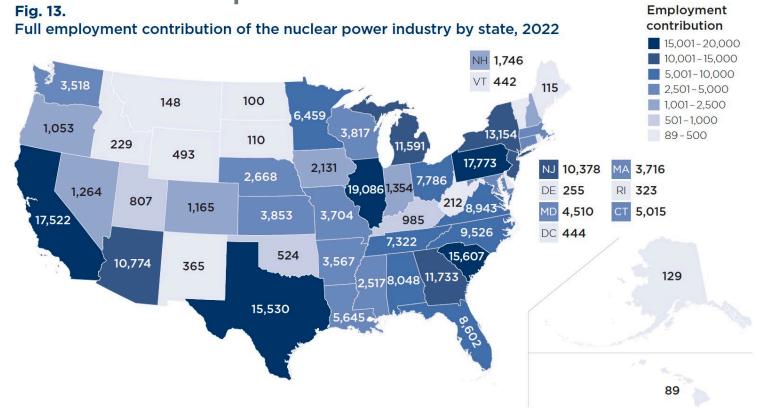
Both scenarios are successful in reducing electricity grid GHG emissions by over 95% by 2050 and reducing the economy-wide GHG emissions by over 60%





### NÉI

# Economic Impacts of Nuclear in the U.S.



# Economic Impacts of Nuclear in the U.S.

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