

Oregon County Election Staffing Research Study

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Election Administration in Oregon

- Counties tasked with administering all federal, state and local elections.
- Most Oregon Counties served by County Clerk
- Clerk's duties are diverse: Recording and Election Duties
 Probate, County Records, Grazing District, Mining Districts
 Marriage Licenses, Property Tax

Appeals...



Elections Offices in Oregon

- Clerks are charged with many duties including elections.
- Election offices in in different parts of the County Government.
- Despite a common set of rules and requirements, each county varies by organizational design and budget resources.
- Clerks and Election Directors play a key role in voter engagement, and election legitimacy. They are the face of democracy to millions of Oregonians.





County Funding Challenges

- Oregon's funding model for elections is inadequate for election needs. Funding is tied to real estate market, and disconnected from actual election workload.
- Legacies of Measure 50 uneven permanent rates create uneven funding across counties.

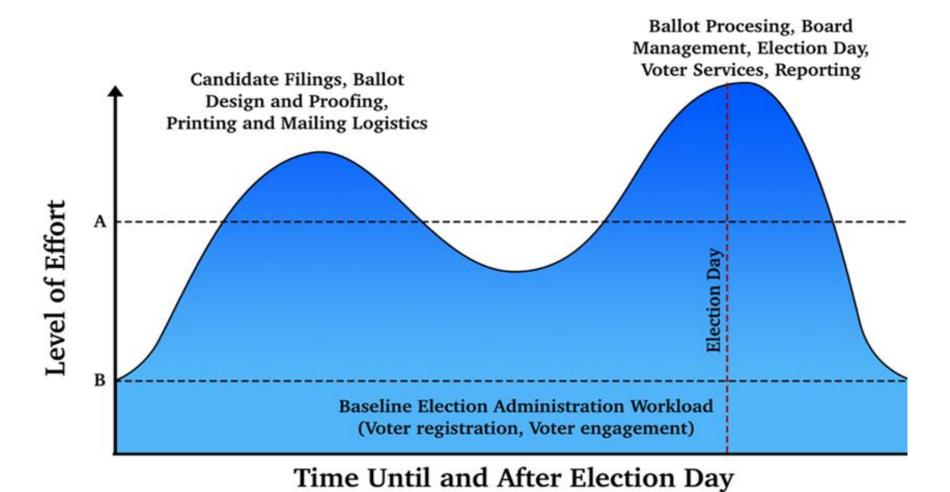


Election Workload

- Critical source of change is the election cycle itself: rarely a down period.
- Generally, the peak of election activity starts with candidate filings, about 100 days prior to the election, and then tapers off 2-3 weeks after the election.
 - Active election season is approximately 4 months long.
- In even-numbered years, this means there are at least 8 months of intense election work.



Election Workload: Peaks Stretch Capacity





Key Staffing Pressures

- Staff recruitment and retention are hampered by out of date job classifications, compensation, and perceptions of the work.
- Staffing is at or below staffing levels a decade ago. Rapid legal changes and political environment create pressure.
- Local election offices are anticipating retirements, resignations, and loss of expertise.
- Since our interviews 5-6 departures.





Staffing Levels and Voter to Staff Ratios

	Full-Time Staff Counts			Voter to Staff Ratios		
County Size	Average	Maximum	Minimum	Average	Maximum	Minimum
Large	6.7	12.0	2.5	46,914	63,971	30,364
Medium	1.7	5.8	0.1	25,015	73,760	2,126
Small	1.0	1.0	1.0	1,322	1,460	1,075
Overall	2.7	12.0	0.1	27,433	73,760	1,075



Changing Nature of the Work

- New rules and new technology have made the work of elections far more complex.
- Elections are now year-long processes. Elections work is more frequent and the peaks of activity are higher.
- Many offices shared that outreach, public engagement, and voter education are priorities for new hires.



Changing Political Environment

- Public records requests have a large impact on work. County responses are varied.
- Election officials and staff are subject to abuse, threats, and harassment.
- Requirement to add active shooter training, hardening offices, and increasing security broadly.



Challenge: Compensation and Classification

- Staff pay and compensation were reported as a frequent challenge for hiring and keeping election staff. Benefits are a positive
- Competition with other county departments to retain staff.
- Mismatch between the work in practice and content of job descriptions.



Challenge: Staff Recruitment

- Applicant pools are very place-based (and impacted by housing costs).
- Prior experience is rare, focus on other skills that transfer.
- Local industries or even other County offices compete to limit applicant pools.
 - "...the In-N-Out Burger across the street can out-pay me."
- Pay can be low for the stress and public scrutiny of the job.



Challenge: Staff Training and Development

- Few offices have formalized training programs.
- Most use mentoring and on-the-job training to develop skills.
- With so many people to train, but also with so many fewer experienced hands, the pace of work was inhibits training.



Future of Election Administration Jobs

- Hiring needs now include:
 - Public engagement skills
 - Technology-centered skills
 - Understanding social media
- Need for job analysis and compensation studies that fit the reality of elections
- OACC can be a key resource, but barriers to use by all counties.
 - Cost
 - Travel Time
 - Staff Availability



Recommendation: Communications

- Institutionalize communications between the Oregon SOS Division of Elections, the OACC, and Oregon Counties:
 - Create an Official OACC and Local Clerk Liaison within the Division of Elections office.
 - Develop a single point of contact for Clerks, staff, and the OACC.



Recommendation: <u>Training</u>

- Develop a common training portfolio for election offices; seek out funding or other alternatives to expand access.
 - Expand these trainings or develop new self-guided programs across all aspects of election administration to help reduce the need for each office to develop their own program.
 - Support access to training for counties unable to attend OACC conferences and training to reduce inequities between counties, improve election administration quality, and retain staff.



Recommendation: Public Records

- Standardize or potentially consolidate public records requests processes for various types of emerging public requests.
 - Create a new statewide position in the Elections Division to support counties in addressing public records requests.
 - Encourage the use of intake forms for public records requests.
 - Charge for your time and labor.



Recommendation: <u>Recruitment and</u> <u>Retention</u>

- Improve staff recruitment and retention.
 - Encourage statewide (and broader) advertisement of open positions.
 - Develop tools to screen and evaluate temporary workers or board members that can be shared as best practices.
 - Collect and disseminate compensation and job classification studies.
 - Coordinate with statewide Human Resources offices.
 - Focus on recruitment to support succession planning for Clerks and Election Directors.



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