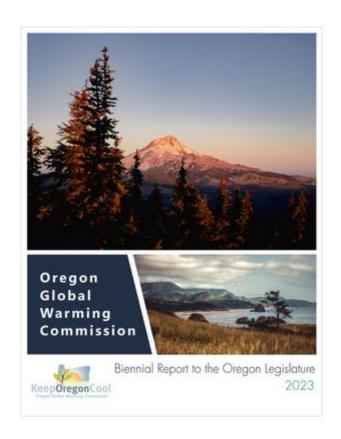
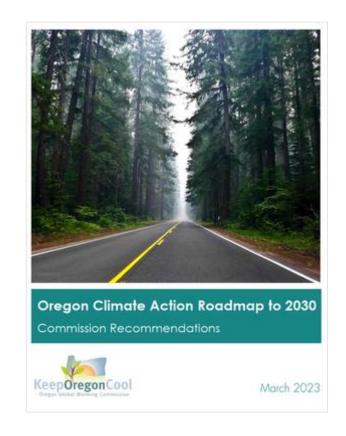
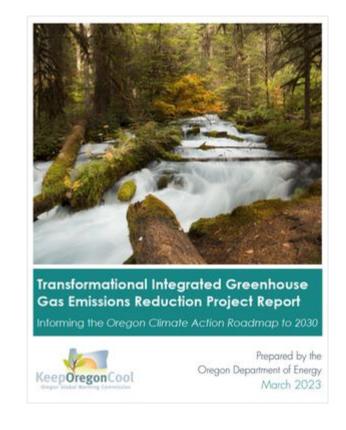


TRIO OF REPORTS DELIVERED









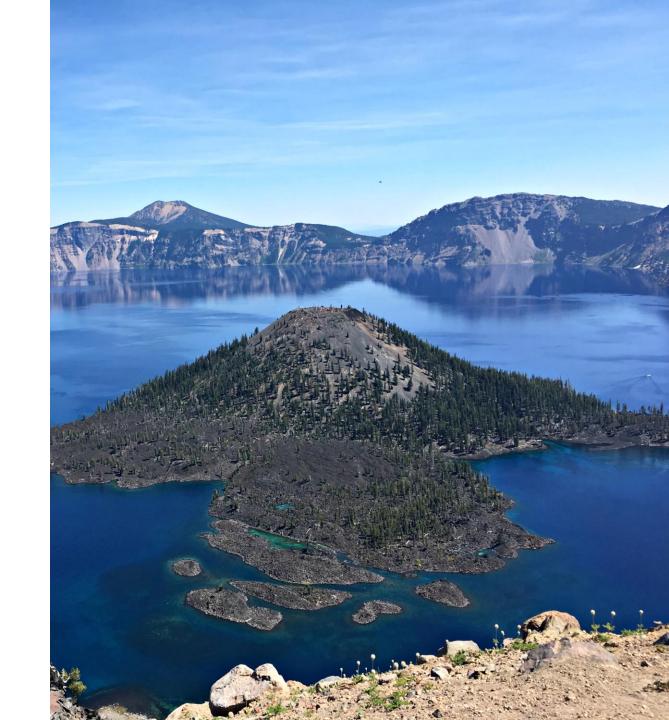




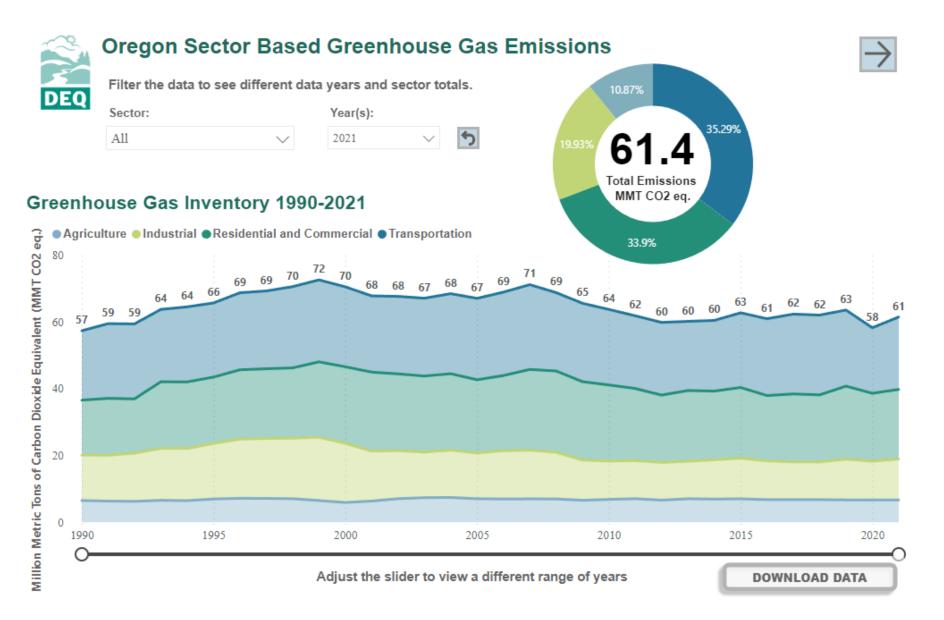
- Recent Greenhouse Gas Emissions Trends
- GHG Emissions Forecast (aka TIGHGER)
- Climate Science and Oregon's GHG Goals
- Carbon Sequestration Efforts on Natural and Working Lands
- Federal Funding to Accelerate Climate Action









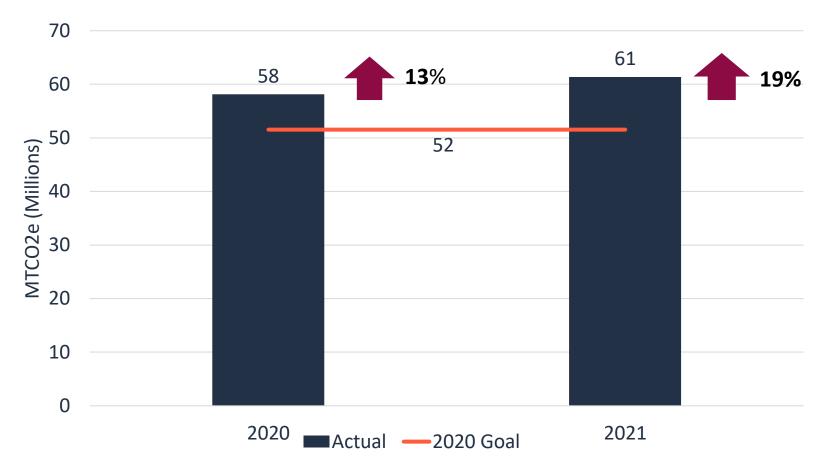






Note: 2020 and 2021 data are preliminary

2020 GOAL MISSED



Note: Total annual emission numbers are rounded here but the percentages displayed reflect calculations using the detailed data from DEQ's sector-based inventory.



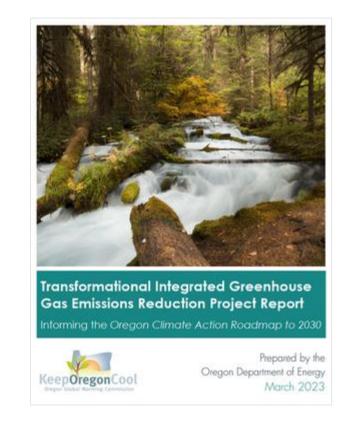




TIGHGER

Transformational Integrated Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Project

- Forecast GHG emissions in Oregon
- Assess the impact of existing programs and regulations
- Assess additional opportunities to reduce GHG emissions

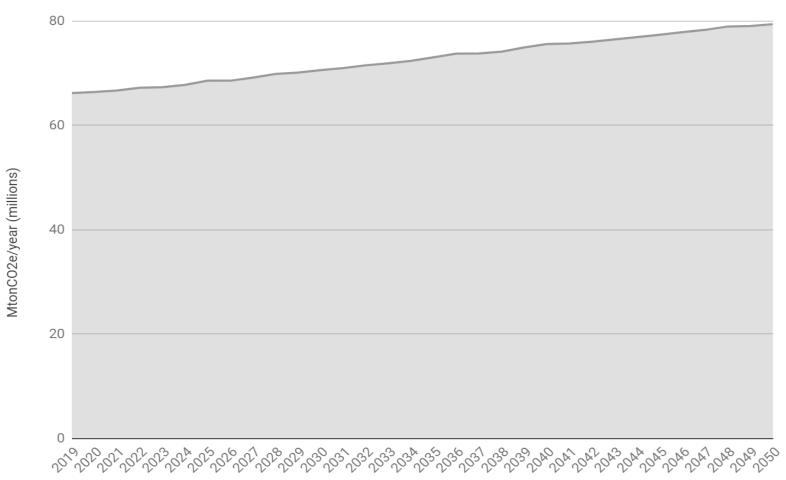






FORECAST OF GHG EMISSIONS

Roadmap Reference Case/Business-As-Usual







PROGRAMS AND REGULATIONS ADOPTED

DEQ Programs and Rules:

- 1. Advanced Clean Cars 1 (2009)
- 2. Clean Fuels Program (2016)
- 3. Advanced Clean Trucks
- 4. Climate Protection Program (CPP)
- 5. Advanced Clean Cars II
- 6. Clean Fuels Program Expansion
- 7. Landfill Program
- 8. Recycling Modernization Act

Other Programs and Rules:

- 9. HB 2021 (100% Clean Electricity)
- 10. Energy Efficiency Appliances
- 11. Solar + Storage Rebate Program
- 12. Heat Pump Rebate Programs
- 13. Community Renewable Energy Program
- 14. Manufactured Home Replacement
- 15. Healthy Homes Grant Program

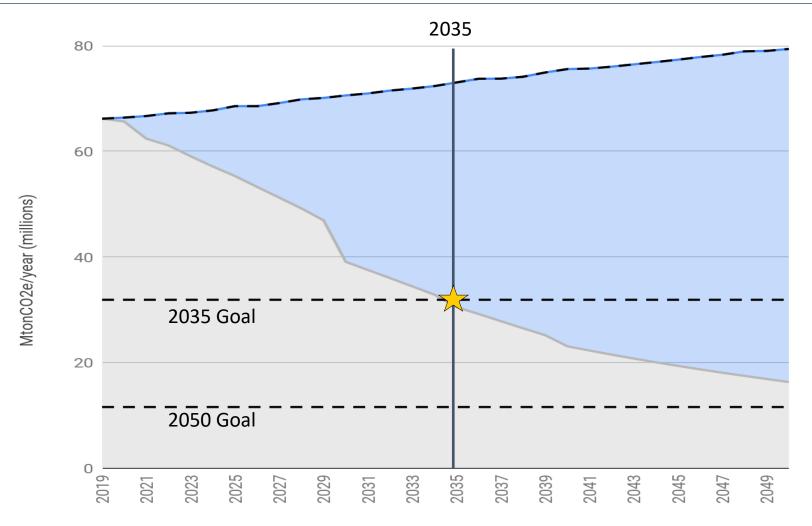
Federal Programs:

• CAFÉ standards





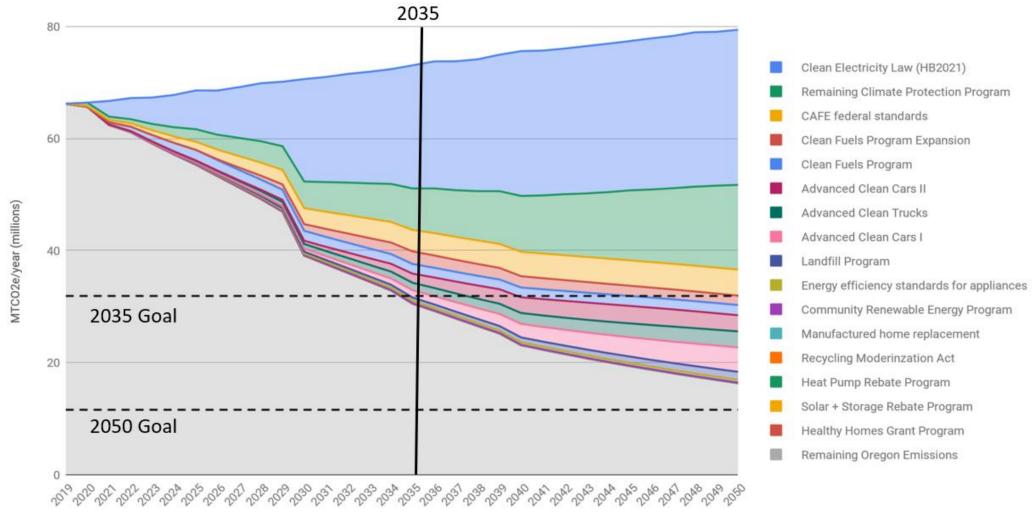
PROGRAMS AND REGULATIONS ADOPTED







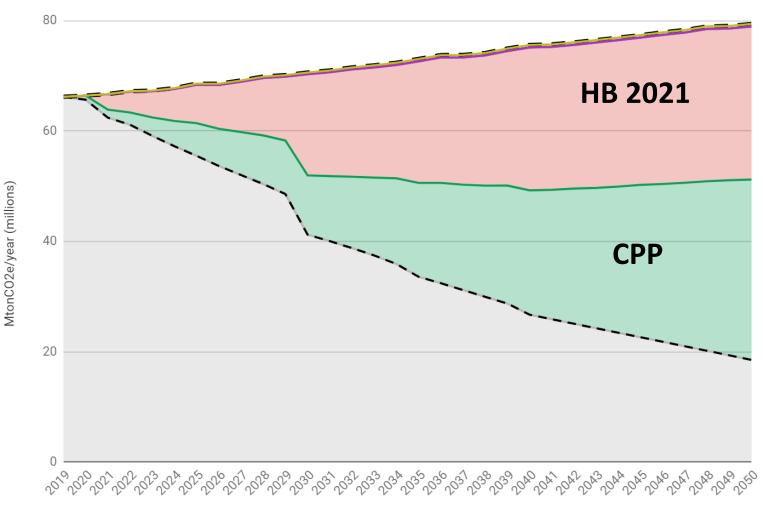
PROGRAMS AND REGULATIONS ADOPTED WEDGES







BIG LEVER PROGRAMS & REGULATIONS







ACCELERATING THE GOAL TO 2030

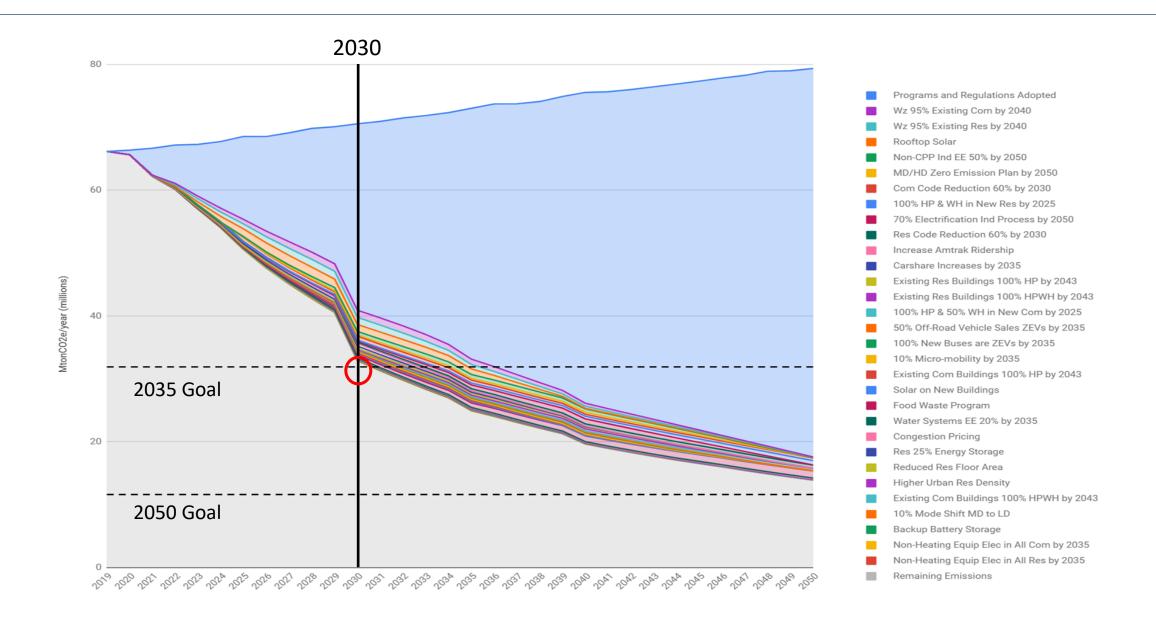
- Keeping with Best Available Science
- Accelerate the 2035 Goal to 2030
- Two Scenarios
 - Electrification Scenario
 - Hybrid Scenario





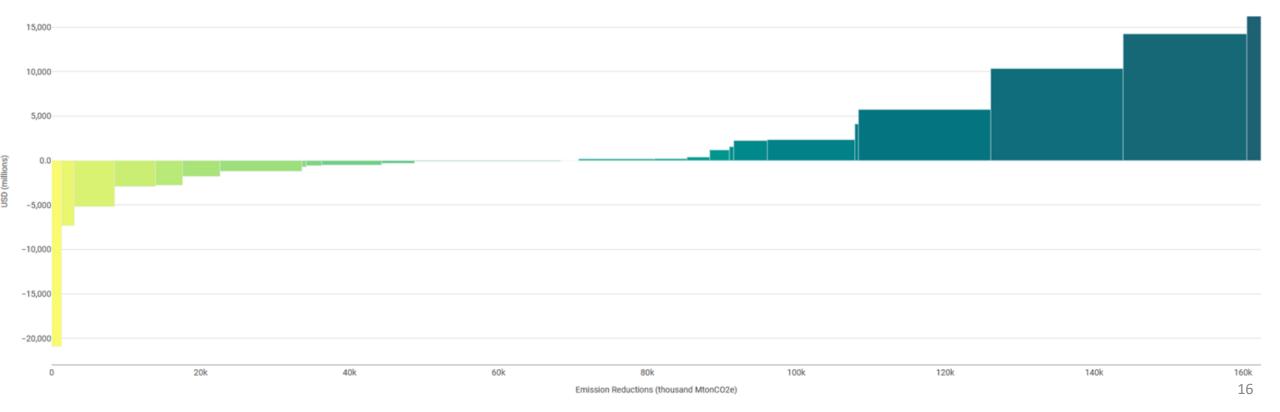


ELECTRIFICATION SCENARIO WEDGES



Marginal Abatement Costs Electrification Scenario





FINANCIAL METRICS – 2050

Cost or Savings Category	Electrification Scenario	Hybrid Scenario		
Capital Investment Costs	-\$83.7 Billion	-\$87.0 Billion		
Energy Expenditure Savings	\$108.6 Billion	\$110.4 Billion		
Operation and Maintenance Savings	\$22.0 Billion	\$23.4 Billion		
Net Benefit	\$46.9 Billion	\$46.8 Billion		





FINANCIAL METRICS – 2050 Including Health Co-Benefits

Cost or Savings Category	Electrification Scenario	Hybrid Scenario
Oregon Health Savings	\$75.6 Billion	\$73.5 Billion
Net Benefit with Health Savings	\$122.5 Billion	\$120.3 Billion
Net Jobs per Year (first 7 years)	~31,000	~24,000





ROADMAP TO 2030 TAKEAWAYS & STRATEGIES

- Support robust and continuous implementation of existing climate programs and regulations.
- 2. Adopt updated state GHG goals consistent with the best available science.
- Identify a set of additional climate actions the TIGHGER Actions that meet an accelerated GHG emission reduction goal of 45 percent below 1990 levels by 2030.
- 4. Support further study and analysis to continue to guide effective climate action over time.
- 5. Strengthen governance and accountability for Oregon climate action.
- 6. Position Oregon to take full advantage of federal investments in climate action.











MULTIPLE GOALS

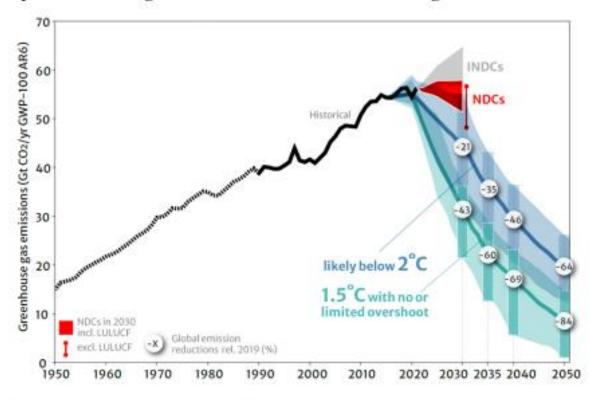
	Current Statute	EO 20-04	OGWC Roadmap- Recommended
2030	-	-	45% below 1990
2035	-	45% below 1990	-
2040	-	-	70% below 1990
2050	75% below 1990	80 % below 1990	95% below 1990 Net Zero* Net Negative thereafter*

^{*} The net zero goal is by 2050 or as soon as possible and the net negative goal would apply in the subsequent year.





Figure 1
Historical emissions from 1950, projected emissions in 2030 based on nationally determined contributions, and emission reductions required by the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change



	Reductions from 2019 emission levels (%)				
		2030	2035	2040	2050
Limit warming to 1.5°C (>50%) with no or limited overshoot	GHG	43 [34-60]	60 [49-77]	69 [58-90]	84 [73-98]
	CO ₂	48 [36-69]	65 [50-96]	80 [61-109]	99 [79-119]
Hala and and comp	GHG	21 [1-42]	35 [22-55]	46 [34-63]	64 [53-77]
Limit warming to 2°C (>67%)	CO ₂	22 [1-44]	37 [21-59]	51 [36-70]	73 [55-90]



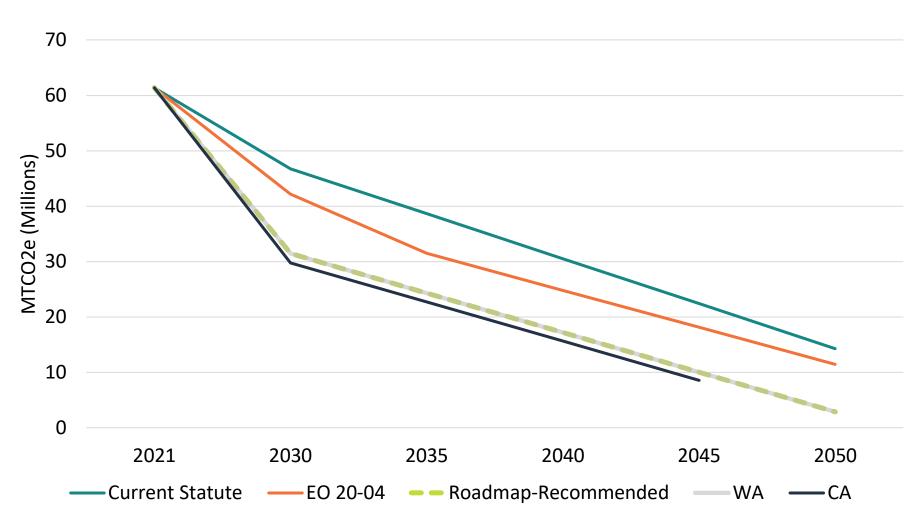


Table 2: Comparison of GHG Reduction Goals Applied to Oregon Baseline Emissions.

GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION GOALS		OREGON EMISSIONS (MMTCO2e)					
SOURCE	TARGET	BASELINE ^{vi}	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050
OGWC Roadmap	45% below 1990 by 2030; 70% by 2040; 95% by 2050	57	31	-	17	-	3
Recommendations 2B and 2C	Net zero by 2050 or as soon as practicable; net negative thereafter						NZ
ORS 468A.205	75% below 1990 by 2050	57	-	-	-	-	14
Oregon EO 20-04	45% below 1990 by 2035; 80% by 2050	57	-	31	-	-	11
TIGHGER 2030 Scenario Projections ^{vii}	42-43% below 1990 levels by 2030; 56-60% by 2035; 66-69% by 2040; 71-73% by 2045; 76% by 2050	57	33	25-23	19-18	17-15	14
Oregon DEQ CPP Targets ^{viii}	50% below 2017-2019 levels by 2035; 90% by 2050	63	-	31	-	-	6
IPCC 1.5°C Special Report ^{ix, 7}	All GHGs: 40-50% below 2010 by 2030	64	38-32	-	-	-	-
	CO ₂ : 45% below 2010 by 2030; net zero by 2050	64	35	-	-	-	NZ
IPCC 6 th Assessment (1.5°C pathways) ^{ix,} 8	All GHGs: 43% below 2019 by 2030; 69% by 2040; 84% by 2050	63	36	-	20	-	10
	CO ₂ : 48% below 2019 levels by 2030; 80% by 2040; (net zero by 2050-2055) ^{x, 9}	63	33	-	13	-	NZ
Federal Goals / U.S. NDC ¹⁰	50% below 2005 by 2030; net zero by 2050	67	33	-	-	-	NZ
Washington ¹¹	45% below 1990 by 2030; 70% by 2040; 95% by 2050	57	31	-	17	-	3
	Net zero by 2050						NZ
California ¹²	48% below 1990 by 2030; ^{xi, 13} 85% by 2045	57	30	-	-	9	
	Net zero by 2045 or as soon as possible; net negative thereafter					NZ	NN



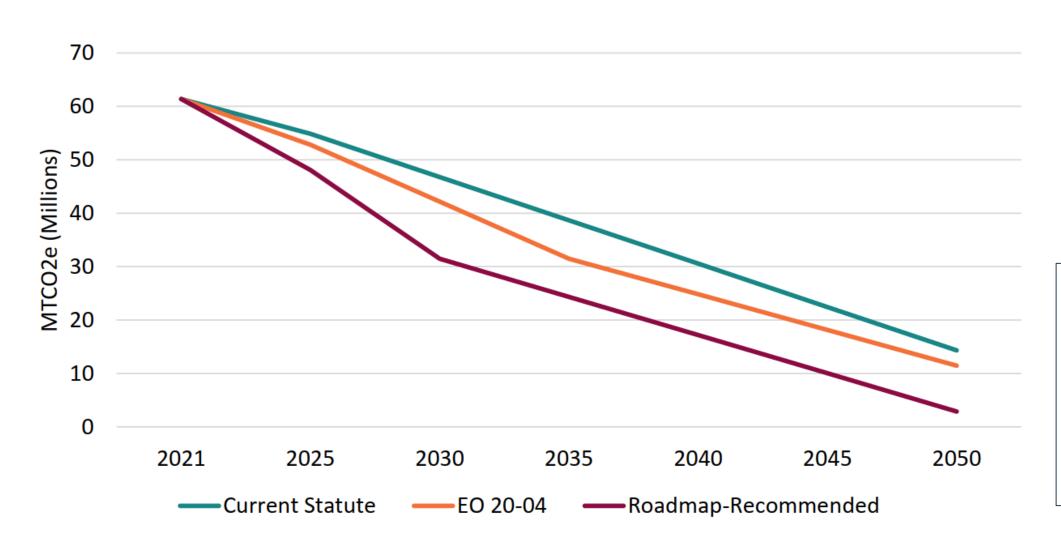
ALIGNING GOALS WITH WEST COAST NEIGHBORS







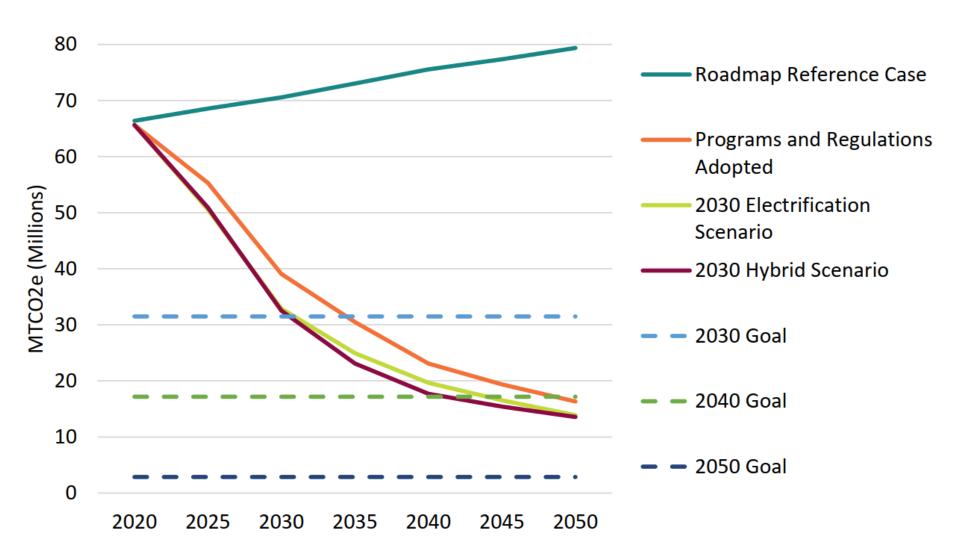
MORE AND FASTER EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS...



~342 MMTCO2e more emissions reduced through 2050 between current statutory and Roadmap-Recommended goals

25

EVEN MORE WORK TO DO...



26

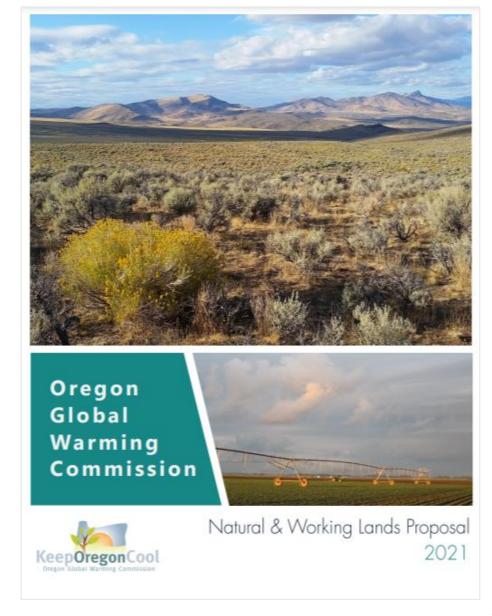




Natural and Working Lands Proposal

- Year+ long process
- Over 1,000 Oregonians provided comments
- Proposal includes
 - Proposed goals and metrics
 - Strategy recommendations

www.keeporegoncool.org/s/2021-OGWC-Natural-and-Working-Lands-Proposal.pdf









KeepOregonCool Strategies Oregon Global Warming Commission

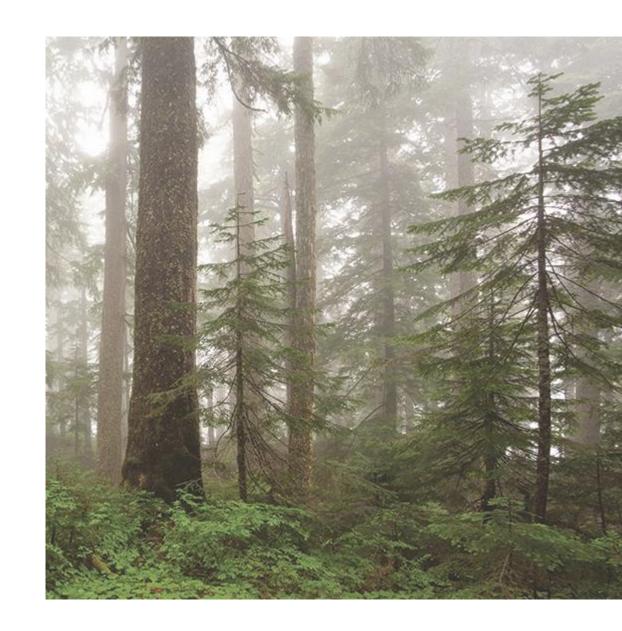
- 1. Position the state to leverage federal lands and investments in climate-smart natural and working lands practices.
- 2. Create a sustained source of state funding to increase sequestration in natural and working lands.
- 3. Fund and direct state agencies to advance natural and working lands strategies.
- 4. Invest in improvements to the natural and working lands inventory and research.





KeepOregonCool HB 3409 Sections 53-67

- Defines natural and working lands (N&WL)
- Declares that it was the policy of the state to advance N&WL strategies
- Creates a fund to invest in Natural Climate
 Solutions and leverage other public funding
- Directed agencies to develop and report on a inventory and metrics
- Directs the OGWC to create a N&WL Advisory Group and Tribal consultation
- Requires the Commission to complete a workforce and training study



Home

Oregon's Natural & Working Lands

Oregon's natural and working lands - forests, grasslands, rangelands, farmlands, wetlands, and urban parks and open spaces - produce many benefits, including opportunities to capture and store carbon to reduce Oregon's overall/net contributions to greenhouse gas emissions. Oregon has goals to increase the amount of carbon natural and working lands capture and store by 2030 and 2050. If the state is successful in achieving these as well as sector-based carbon storage goals, Oregon could be net neutral and mitigating the effects of climate change by 2040.



A Project of Oregon's Global Warming Commission



Federal Funding for Natural Climate Solutions

IRA NCS investments

- Forests: \$4.7 billion for protection, management, and restoration
- Agricultural Lands: \$20 billion toward climate-smart agricultural practices
- Coastal Habitat: \$2.6 billion in grants to conserve and restore coastal habitats
- Field Data: \$300 million to quantify carbon sequestration and greenhouse gases data to assess conservation outcomes

IIJA NCS Policy and Appropriations

- Wildfire risk reduction program/grants: \$4.37 billion over 5 years USFS/DOI
- Ecosystem restoration program/grants: \$2.13 billion over 5 years USFS/DOI
- National Seed Strategy for rehabilitation and restoration: \$70m DOI/\$130m USFS
- REPLANT Act: Reforestation Trust Fund: Increase up to \$290 million/year
- Joint Chiefs Landscape Restoration Program: \$90 million/year
- Post-fire restoration: \$225M

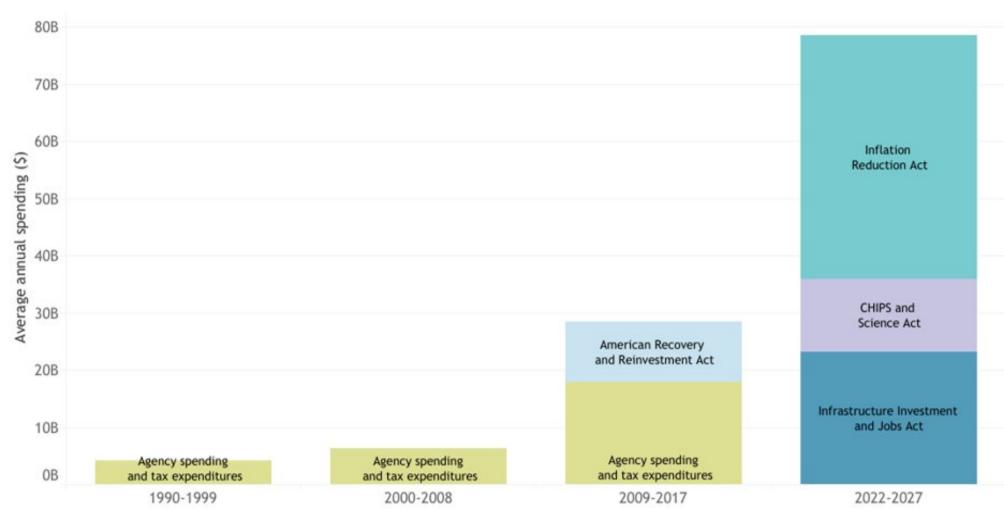
USDA Climate-Smart Commodities Grants: \$3.1 billion





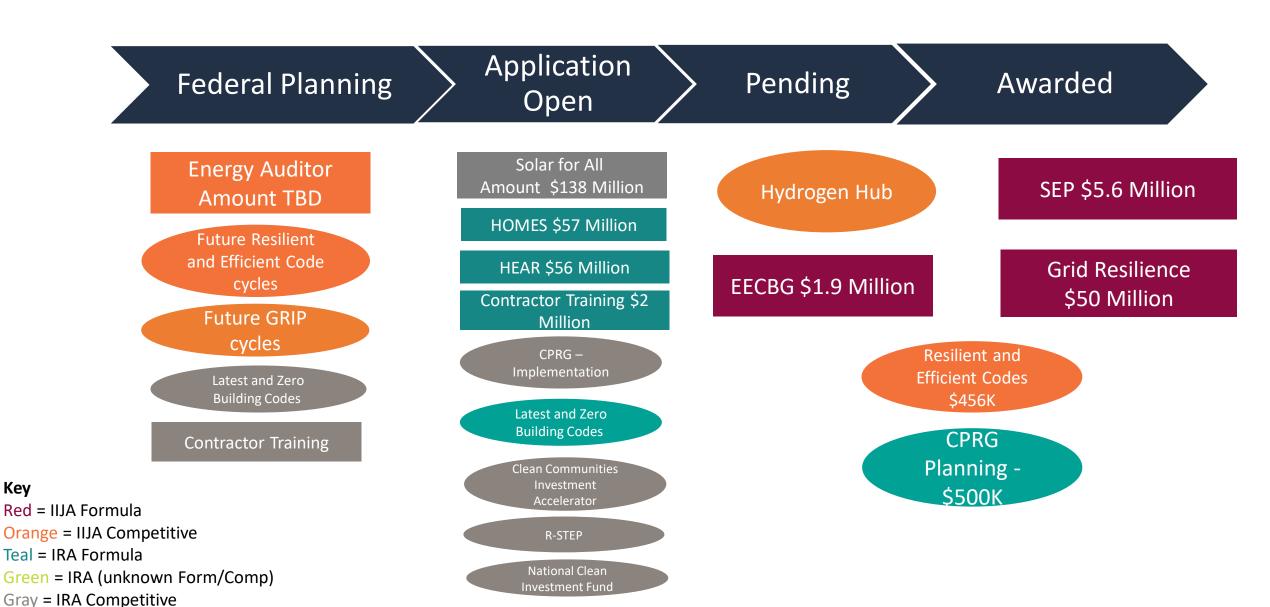


HISTORIC INVESTMENTS





FEDERAL GRANT OPPORTUNITIES ODOE IS CLOSELY FOLLOWING



TSED

Key

Circle = ODOE is not/may not be

a lead applicant

September 25, 2023

