

## **Summer Learning Opportunities**

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# Story from the Field

Economic experience of a Southern Oregon family: a single father raising three middle-school aged children

### Income

Earning \$14.04/hr 29 hrs/week

Gross monthly income of about \$1,760 (before taxes)

### **Expenses**

\$600/month for housing \$100/month for water \$200/month for electricity \$200/month for four phones \$80/month vehicle insurance Leaves \$580 (before taxes) for food, clothing, and all other expenses



### Tens of thousands of Oregon youth will lose access to summer learning opportunities

Up to 120,000 Oregon youth who participated in summer learning opportunities in 2022 may not have access in 2023.

#### Families will lose access to child care and face increased costs for summer learning programs

Without OSCG funding, 91% of responding CBOs anticipate increased costs to families for summer programming, and 71% will be unable to offer scholarship to families.

# Youth will lose access to meaningful learning, enrichment, and social and emotional development opportunities

Without access to OSCG-funded summer programs, youth will lose access to positive adult mentors, interaction with peers, connections to culturally-affirming opportunities, proficiency in academic skills, and access to food and physical activity.

# Community-based organizations will struggle to meet the demand for summer learning in their communities

80% of responding CBOs anticipate being unable to meet the demand for summer programs in their community, if there are no OSCG grants available. Proportionally, rural counties will see the largest declines in youth served



### Tens of thousands of Oregon youth will lose access to summer learning opportunities

Up to 120,000 Oregon youth who participated in summer learning opportunities in 2022 may not have access in 2023.

## Anticipated youth served by CBOs without OSCG grants (compared to summer 2022)

(compared to summer 2022)							
CBOs that anticipate serving <u>more</u> youth	8%						
CBOs that anticipate serving the <u>same #</u> of youth	7%						
CBOs that anticipate serving <u>fewer</u> youth	85%						

### Anticipated summer learning opportunities offered by CBOs without OSCG grants (compared to summer 2022)

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CBOs that anticipate offering the <u>same amount</u> ( <u>or more</u> ) of summer learning opportunities	7%	
CBOs that anticipate offering <u>fewer</u> summer learning opportunities	73%	
CBOs that anticipate offering <u>no</u> summer learning opportunities	20%	



Families will lose access to child care and face increased costs for summer learning programs

Without OSCG funding, 91% of responding CBOs anticipate increased costs to families for summer programming, and 71% will be unable to offer scholarship to families.

Youth will lose access to meaningful learning, enrichment, and social and emotional development opportunities

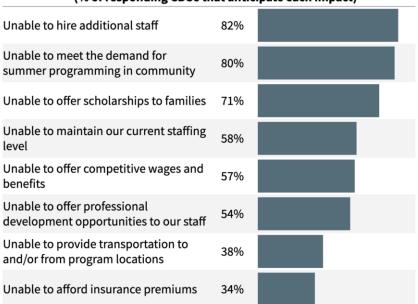
## Anticipated impacts on youth if OSCG grants are not available (% of responding CBOs that anticipate each impact)

Lack of access to summer learning opportunities	92%	Lack of supervision by adults 77	%
Lack of connection to positive adult mentors	89%	Lost proficiency in academic skills	%
Lack of interaction with peers	86%	Lack of access to food 49	%
Lack of connection to culturally-affirming	77%	Inability to find summer jobs 40	%



Community-based organizations will struggle to meet the demand for summer learning in their communities

## Anticipated impacts on CBOs if OSCG grants are not available (% of responding CBOs that anticipate each impact)



80% of responding CBOs anticipate being unable to meet the demand for summer programs in their community, if there are no OSCG grants available.



Proportionally, rural counties will see the largest declines in youth served

## Survey responses by county and average anticipated difference in youth served, if no OSCG funds are available (compared to summer 2022)

,	Response Count	Average anticipated % di in youth served	fference	Res	ponse Count	Average anticipated % di in youth served		Res	ponse Coun	Average anticipated % difference in youth served	e
Baker	4		-48%	Harney	1		-99%	Morrow	1	-99%	
Benton	16		-60%	Hood River	8		-37%	Multnomah	66	-49%	
Clackama	s 34		-55%	Jackson	12		-66%	Polk	10	-46%	
Clatsop	8		-27%	Jefferson	15		-47%	Sherman	2	-54%	
Columbia	6		-68%	Josephine	10		-55%	Tillamook	7	-58%	
Coos	5		-48%	Klamath	6		-73%	Umatilla	7	-39%	
Crook	8		-52%	Lake	2		-100%	Union	4	-51%	
Curry	2		-88%	Lane	32		-51%	Wallowa	5	-57%	
Deschutes	s 18		-41%	Lincoln	9		-44%	Wasco	6	-56%	
Douglas	8		-53%	Linn	19		-36%	Washington	32	-43%	
Gilliam	2		-100%	Malheur	3		-72%	Wheeler	1	-99%	
Grant	4		-48%	Marion	18		-60%	Yamhill	11	-55%	



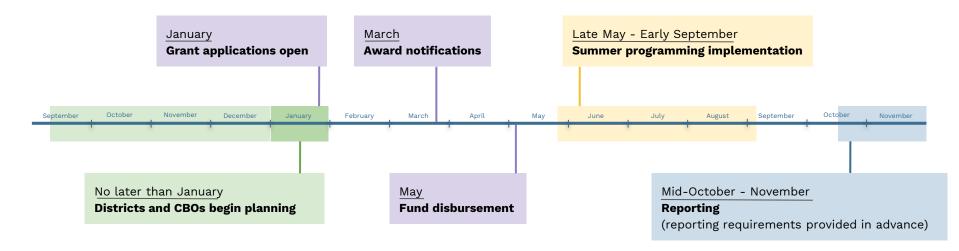
# **Updated Data on Summer 2023 (in progress)**

#### **Updated information on Summer 2023 will include:**

- Duration and location (county) of summer programming offered
- Priority populations served
- Community demand for summer programming
- Impacts from not having access to Oregon Community Summer Grants in 2023, including impacts on:
  - O Youth served
  - O Staff employed
  - O Programs offered
  - O Duration of programs
  - O Availability of scholarships
  - O Transportation options
  - O Relationships with youth, families, and partners
- Biggest challenges for CBOs
- Resources needed to increase availability and accessibility of summer programs



## **Suggested Timeline**



### Quotes from Summer 2022 Oregon Community Summer Grantees:

"Community communications begin for us in March. We had to hope that funding would come through as registration packets went out offering the camp at no cost. We sought other donations to help offset costs. This made the program appear very unorganized where trust and relationship building is key."

"The last minute funding also results in a lot more spending, because we are doing last minute purchases, last minute things...

That crunch time affects the amount of money we spend....we end up spending more on staffing, because we're desperate."

