SB 554-A28 (LC 2363) 4/21/21 (JLM/ps)

Requested by Representative SMITH DB

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO A-ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 554

On page 1 of the printed A-engrossed bill, line 2, after "provisions;" delete the rest of the line and delete line 3 and insert "and amending ORS 166.173, 166.260, 166.262, 166.370, 166.375, 166.380, 166.663 and 821.240.

Whereas statistical data from the National Safety Council and the National Center for Health Statistics indicate that firearms are involved in 1.5 percent of accidental fatalities nationwide, far behind deaths due to motor vehicle accidents (47 percent), falls (15 percent), poisonings (10 percent), drownings (four percent), fires (three percent), suffocation on ingested objects (three percent) and other causes; and

Whereas the syllabus of the opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case District of Columbia v. Heller states 'The handgun ban and the trigger-lock requirement (as applied to self-defense) violate the Second Amendment'; and

"Whereas the syllabus of the opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case District of Columbia v. Heller states 'Similarly, the requirement that any lawful firearm in the home be dissembled or bound by a trigger lock makes it impossible for citizens to use arms for the core lawful purpose of self-defense and is hence unconstitutional'; and

"Whereas there is no significant data that supports the existence of what
 A-engrossed Senate Bill 554 purports to prevent; and

²¹ "Whereas concealed handgun licensees are some of the most law-abiding

1 and upstanding people in our state; and

"Whereas data supports that less than one-hundredth of one percent of
Oregon concealed handgun licensees commit felonies, and of those felonies,
none involved a firearm; and

5 "Whereas data supports that up to 16.5 percent of active shooter situ-6 ations are stopped by a concealed handgun licensee; and

7 "Whereas data supports that violent crime is on the rise; and

8 "Whereas data supports that concealed handgun licensees deter violent9 crimes; and

10 "Whereas data supports that limiting the ability of concealed handgun 11 licensees to carry firearms in public spaces could result in more violent 12 crime and lost lives; and

13 "Whereas data supports that more concealed handgun licensees in public 14 spaces would deter and prevent violent crime and save lives; now, 15 therefore,".

16 Delete lines 5 through 19 and delete pages 2 through 9 and insert:

"SECTION 1. (1) The Department of Education shall by rule develop
 a firearm safety education curriculum for students in grades 7 through
 9.

"(2) Each school district shall ensure that students in grades 7
 through 9 receive instruction in accordance with the firearm safety
 education curriculum described in subsection (1) of this section.

"(3) The department or a school district may contract with an out side entity to develop the curriculum or provide the instruction de scribed in this section.

"<u>SECTION 2.</u> Notwithstanding any other law, a person who lawfully
 owns a firearm and stores the firearm inside the person's home is
 safely and lawfully storing the firearm.

²⁹ "<u>SECTION 3.</u> Notwithstanding any other law, a person who lawfully ³⁰ owns a firearm and stores the firearm inside the person's motor vehicle, in accordance with ORS 166.250 and while the person is inside
the vehicle, is safely and lawfully storing the firearm.

³ "SECTION 4. ORS 166.173 is amended to read:

"166.173. (1) A city or county may adopt ordinances to regulate, restrict
or prohibit the possession of loaded firearms in public places as defined in
ORS 161.015.

"(2) Ordinances adopted under subsection (1) of this section do not apply
to or affect:

9 "(a) A law enforcement officer.

10 "(b) A member of the military in the performance of official duty.

11 "(c) A person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry 12 a concealed handgun.

"(d) A person who is authorized to carry a concealed handgun pur suant to a valid reciprocal license.

"[(d)] (e) A person authorized to possess a loaded firearm while in or on
a public building or court facility under ORS 166.370.

"[(e)] (f) An employee of the United States Department of Agriculture,
acting within the scope of employment, who possesses a loaded firearm in the
course of the lawful taking of wildlife.

"[(f)] (g) An honorably retired law enforcement officer, unless the person who is a retired law enforcement officer has been convicted of an offense that would make the person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license under ORS 166.291 and 166.292.

"(3) As used in this section, 'reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority of another state, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that state.

- ²⁹ "SECTION 5. ORS 166.260 is amended to read:
- 30 "166.260. (1) ORS 166.250 does not apply to or affect:

"(a) A parole and probation officer, police officer or reserve officer, as
those terms are defined in ORS 181A.355.

"(b) A federal officer, as defined in ORS 133.005, or a certified reserve
officer or corrections officer, as those terms are defined in ORS 181A.355,
while the federal officer, certified reserve officer or corrections officer is
acting within the scope of employment.

"(c) An honorably retired law enforcement officer, unless the person who
is a retired law enforcement officer has been convicted of an offense that
would make the person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license under ORS 166.291 and 166.292.

"(d) Any person summoned by an officer described in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace, while the summoned person is engaged in assisting the officer.

"(e) The possession or transportation by any merchant of unloadedfirearms as merchandise.

16 "(f) Active or reserve members of:

"(A) The Army, Navy, Air Force, Coast Guard or Marine Corps of the
United States, or of the National Guard, when on duty;

"(B) The commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and AtmosphericAdministration; or

"(C) The Public Health Service of the United States Department of Health
and Human Services, when detailed by proper authority for duty with the
Army or Navy of the United States.

"(g) Organizations which are by law authorized to purchase or receive
weapons described in ORS 166.250 from the United States, or from this state.
"(h) Duly authorized military or civil organizations while parading, or the
members thereof when going to and from the places of meeting of their organization.

"(i) A person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a
 concealed handgun.

"(j) A person who is authorized to carry a concealed handgun pursuant to a valid reciprocal license.

"(2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of violating ORS 166.250
(1)(c)(C) that the person has been granted relief from the disability under
ORS 166.274.

6 "(3) Except for persons who are otherwise prohibited from possessing a 7 firearm under ORS 166.250 (1)(c) or 166.270, ORS 166.250 does not apply to 8 or affect:

9 "(a) Members of any club or organization, for the purpose of practicing 10 shooting at targets upon the established target ranges, whether public or 11 private, while such members are using any of the firearms referred to in ORS 12 166.250 upon such target ranges, or while going to and from such ranges.

"(b) Licensed hunters or fishermen while engaged in hunting or fishing,
or while going to or returning from a hunting or fishing expedition.

"(4) The exceptions listed in subsection (1)(d) to [(i)] (j) of this section
 constitute affirmative defenses to a charge of violating ORS 166.250.

"(5) As used in this section, 'reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority of another state, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that state.

²² "SECTION 6. ORS 166.262 is amended to read:

"166.262. (1) A peace officer may not arrest or charge a person for violating ORS 166.250 (1)(a) or (b) or 166.370 (1) if the person has in the person's
immediate possession:

²⁶ "[(1)] (a) A valid license to carry a firearm as provided in ORS 166.291 ²⁷ and 166.292;

28 "(b) A valid reciprocal license;

29 "[(2)] (c) Proof that the person is a law enforcement officer; or

(3) "[(3)] (d) Proof that the person is an honorably retired law enforcement

SB 554-A28 4/21/21 Proposed Amendments to A-Eng. SB 554 officer, unless the person has been convicted of an offense that would make
the person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license under ORS
166.291 and 166.292.

"(2) As used in this section, 'reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority of another state that authorizes the person to carry a concealed handgun, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that state.

¹⁰ "SECTION 7. ORS 166.370 is amended to read:

"166.370. (1) Any person who intentionally possesses a loaded or unloaded
firearm or any other instrument used as a dangerous weapon, while in or on
a public building, shall upon conviction be guilty of a Class C felony.

"(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection,
 a person who intentionally possesses:

"(A) A firearm in a court facility is guilty, upon conviction, of a Class
 C felony. A person who intentionally possesses a firearm in a court facility
 shall surrender the firearm to a law enforcement officer.

"(B) A weapon, other than a firearm, in a court facility may be required to surrender the weapon to a law enforcement officer or to immediately remove it from the court facility. A person who fails to comply with this subparagraph is guilty, upon conviction, of a Class C felony.

"(C) A firearm in a local court facility is guilty, upon conviction, of a Class C felony if, prior to the offense, the presiding judge of the local court facility entered an order prohibiting firearms in the area in which the court conducts business and during the hours in which the court operates.

"(b) The presiding judge of a judicial district or a municipal court may enter an order permitting the possession of specified weapons in a court facility.

30 "(c) Within a shared court facility, the presiding judge of a municipal

court or justice of the peace district may not enter an order concerning the
possession of weapons in the court facility that is in conflict with an order
entered by the presiding judge of the circuit court.

4 "(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

5 "(a) A police officer or reserve officer, as those terms are defined in ORS
6 181A.355.

"(b) A parole and probation officer, as defined in ORS 181A.355, while the
parole and probation officer is acting within the scope of employment.

9 "(c) A federal officer, as defined in ORS 133.005, or a certified reserve 10 officer or corrections officer, as those terms are defined in ORS 181A.355, 11 while the federal officer, certified reserve officer or corrections officer is 12 acting within the scope of employment.

"(d) A person summoned by an officer described in paragraph (a), (b) or
(c) of this subsection to assist in making an arrest or preserving the peace,
while the summoned person is engaged in assisting the officer.

16 "(e) An honorably retired law enforcement officer.

"(f) An active or reserve member of the military forces of this state or theUnited States, when engaged in the performance of duty.

"(g) A person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a
 concealed handgun.

"(h) A person who is authorized to carry a concealed handgun pursuant to a valid reciprocal license.

"[(h)] (i) A person who is authorized by the officer or agency that controls
the public building to possess a firearm or dangerous weapon in that public
building.

"[(i)] (j) An employee of the United States Department of Agriculture,
acting within the scope of employment, who possesses a firearm in the course
of the lawful taking of wildlife.

"[(j)] (k) Possession of a firearm on school property if the firearm:
"(A) Is possessed by a person who is not otherwise prohibited from pos-

1 sessing the firearm; and

2 "(B) Is unloaded and locked in a motor vehicle.

"(4)(a) The exceptions listed in subsection (3)(d) to [(j)] (k) of this section
constitute affirmative defenses to a charge of violating subsection (1) of this
section.

6 "(b) A person may not use the affirmative defense described in subsection 7 (3)(e) of this section if the person has been convicted of an offense that 8 would make the person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license un-9 der ORS 166.291 and 166.292.

"(5)(a) Any person who knowingly, or with reckless disregard for the safety of another, discharges or attempts to discharge a firearm at a place that the person knows is a school shall upon conviction be guilty of a Class C felony.

14 "(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply to the discharge of 15 a firearm:

"(A) As part of a program approved by a school in the school by an in dividual who is participating in the program;

"(B) By a law enforcement officer acting in the officer's official capacity;or

"(C) By an employee of the United States Department of Agriculture, acting within the scope of employment, in the course of the lawful taking of wildlife.

"(6) Any weapon carried in violation of this section is subject to the
forfeiture provisions of ORS 166.279.

"(7) Notwithstanding the fact that a person's conduct in a single criminal episode constitutes a violation of both subsections (1) and (5) of this section,

the district attorney may charge the person with only one of the offenses.

28 "(8) As used in this section[,]:

"(a) 'Dangerous weapon' means a dangerous weapon as that term is de fined in ORS 161.015.

"(b) 'Reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state 1 or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority $\mathbf{2}$ of another state, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed 3 under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that 4 state. $\mathbf{5}$

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"SECTION 8. ORS 166.375 is amended to read:

"166.375. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 162.135 and 162.185 or any Department 7 of Corrections regulation, rule, policy or provision of an employment con-8 tract to the contrary, if the department has not provided a secure and locked 9 location for the storage of personal handguns and ammunition by authorized 10 staff, authorized staff may possess a personal handgun and ammunition in 11 the authorized staff member's personal vehicle when the vehicle is parked in 12 a department parking lot if the authorized staff member: 13

"(a) Is present at a public building owned or occupied by the department; 14 (b)(A) Has a valid concealed handgun license issued pursuant to ORS 15166.291 and 166.292; or 16

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"(B) Has a valid reciprocal license; and

(c) Has secured the personal handgun and ammunition in a closed and 18 locked container designed for the storage of firearms inside the vehicle. 19

"(2)(a) Authorized staff may possess and store only the amount and types 20of ammunition authorized by the department by written policy or rule. 21

"(b) The department shall adopt written policies or rules to carry out the 22purposes of this section. The policies or rules shall include, at a minimum, 23procedures for and responsibilities of authorized staff when possessing and 24storing personal handguns and ammunition on property owned or occupied 25by the department under this section. 26

"(3) As used in this section and ORS 423.045: 27

"(a) 'Authorized staff' means employees of the department and employees 28of the State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision and Oregon Cor-29 rections Enterprises who are assigned to work in or at a public building 30

1 owned or occupied by the department.

2 "(b) 'Handgun' has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210.

"(c) 'Reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state
or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority
of another state that authorizes the person to carry a concealed
handgun, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed under
ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that state.

8 "[(c)] (d) 'Vehicle' means a vehicle that is self-propelled and that is com9 monly known as a passenger car, van, truck or motorcycle.

¹⁰ "SECTION 9. ORS 166.380 is amended to read:

"166.380. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a peace officer may examine a firearm possessed by anyone on the person while in or on a public building to determine whether the firearm is a loaded firearm. "(2)(a) A person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun may present a valid concealed handgun license to the peace officer instead of providing the firearm to the peace officer for examination.

(b) A person who is authorized to carry a concealed handgun pursuant to a valid reciprocal license may present the valid reciprocal license to the peace officer instead of providing the firearm to the peace officer for examination.

"(3) As used in this section, 'reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority of another state, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that state.

²⁷ "<u>SECTION 10.</u> ORS 166.663 is amended to read:

"166.663. (1) A person may not cast from a motor vehicle an artificial light
while there is in the possession or in the immediate physical presence of the
person a bow and arrow or a firearm.

1 "(2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to a person casting an 2 artificial light:

"(a) From the headlights of a motor vehicle that is being operated on a
road in the usual manner.

5 "(b) When the bow and arrow or firearm that the person has in the pos-6 session or immediate physical presence of the person is disassembled or 7 stored, or in the trunk or storage compartment of the motor vehicle.

8 "(c) When the ammunition or arrows are stored separate from the weapon.

9 "(d) On land owned or lawfully occupied by that person.

"(e) On publicly owned land when that person has an agreement with thepublic body to use that property.

"(f) When the person is a peace officer, or is a government employee en gaged in the performance of official duties.

"(g) When the person has been issued a license under ORS 166.291 and
 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun.

"(h) When the person is authorized to carry a concealed handgun
 pursuant to a valid reciprocal license.

"[(h)] (i) When the person is an honorably retired law enforcement officer,
unless the person has been convicted of an offense that would make the
person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license under ORS 166.291
and 166.292.

"(3) A peace officer may issue a citation to a person for a violation of subsection (1) of this section when the violation is committed in the presence of the peace officer or when the peace officer has probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred based on a description of the vehicle or other information received from a peace officer who observed the violation.

"(4) Violation of subsection (1) of this section is punishable as a Class B
violation.

29 "(5) As used in this section[,]:

³⁰ "(a) 'Peace officer' has the meaning given that term in ORS 161.015.

SB 554-A28 4/21/21 Proposed Amendments to A-Eng. SB 554 "(b) 'Reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state
or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority
of another state, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed
under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that
state.

6 "SECTION 11. ORS 821.240 is amended to read:

67 "821.240. (1) A person commits the offense of operating a snowmobile or 88 an all-terrain vehicle while carrying a firearm or bow if the person operates 99 any snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle with a firearm in the possession of the 100 person, unless the firearm is unloaded, or with a bow, unless all arrows are 111 in a quiver.

"(2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

"(a) A person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a
 concealed handgun;

"(b) A person who is authorized to carry a concealed handgun pur suant to a valid reciprocal license;

17 "[(b)] (c) A law enforcement officer; or

"[(c)] (d) An honorably retired law enforcement officer, unless the person who is a retired law enforcement officer has been convicted of an offense that would make the person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license under ORS 166.291 and 166.292.

22 "(3) As used in this section[,]:

"(a) 'Reciprocal license' means a license or permit issued by a state
or local law enforcement agency, a court or another issuing authority
of another state, if the other state authorizes a person who is licensed
under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun in that
state.

28 **"(b)** 'Unloaded' means:

²⁹ "[(a)] (A) If the firearm is a revolver, that there is no live cartridge in ³⁰ the chamber that is aligned with the hammer of the revolver; 1 "[(b)] (B) If the firearm is a muzzle-loading firearm, that the firearm is 2 not capped or primed; or

"[(c)] (C) If the firearm is other than a revolver or a muzzle-loading
firearm, that there is no live cartridge in the chamber.

5 "(4) The offense described in this section, operating a snowmobile or an 6 all-terrain vehicle while carrying a firearm or bow, is a Class B traffic vio-7 lation.

8 "SECTION 12. The amendments to ORS 166.173, 166.260, 166.262, 9 166.370, 166.375, 166.380, 166.663 and 821.240 by sections 4 to 11 of this 10 2021 Act apply to conduct occurring on or after the effective date of 11 this 2021 Act.".

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