House Bill 3322

Sponsored by Representative HAYDEN

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Allows production of food in planned community by lot owners and their tenants.
Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to producing food in planned communities; amending ORS 94.779; and declaring an emergency.

Whereas people need to have access to safe, reliable sources of food; and
Whereas the COVID-19 pandemic has shown how easily our supply of fresh foods can be disrupted, causing shortages and spiking food prices; and
Whereas people have a right to be self-reliant in providing for the needs of themselves, their families, their neighbors and their communities; and
Whereas city and county governments, run by leaders elected locally from within their communities, have the right to pass regulations and ordinances for the management of their communities and have passed, or may in the future pass, regulations and ordinances that relate to local food production in residential neighborhoods; and
Whereas property owners and their tenants, with regard to the right to subsist, should be afforded the ability to participate to the fullest extent of the law in their own self-determination without restriction from property associations or restrictive covenants; now, therefore,

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 94.779 is amended to read:

94.779. (1) A provision of a planned community's governing document or landscaping or architectural guidelines that imposes irrigation requirements on an owner or the association is void and unenforceable while any of the following is in effect:
(a) A declaration by the Governor that a severe, continuing drought exists or is likely to occur in a political subdivision within which the planned community is located;
(b) A finding by the Water Resources Commission that a severe, continuing drought exists or is likely to occur in a political subdivision within which the planned community is located;
(c) An ordinance adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision within which the planned community is located that requires conservation or curtailment of water use; or
(d) A rule adopted by the association under subsection (2) of this section to reduce or eliminate irrigation water use.
(2) Notwithstanding any provision of a planned community's governing documents or landscaping or architectural guidelines imposing irrigation requirements on an owner or the association, an association may adopt rules that:

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in boldfaced type.

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(a) Require the reduction or elimination of irrigation on any portion of the planned community.
(b) Permit or require the replacement of turf or other landscape vegetation with xeriscape on any portion of the planned community.
(c) Require prior review and approval by the association or its designee of any plans by an owner or the association to replace turf or other landscape vegetation with xeriscape.
(d) Require the use of best practices and industry standards to reduce the landscaped areas and minimize irrigation of existing landscaped areas of common property where turf is necessary for the function of the landscaped area.

(3) A provision of a planned community's governing document or landscaping or architectural guidelines is void and unenforceable to the extent that it prohibits or restricts an owner, or a tenant of an owner with the approval of the landlord, from producing food products on the owner's lot, including through gardening, chicken-keeping, beekeeping or livestock production. This subsection does not prevent an association from enforcing regulations requiring that the food production be performed in a competent and proficient manner or consistent with laws and ordinances applicable to the food production.

[(3)] (4) Except as provided in subsections [(4) and] (5) and (6) of this section, the following provisions of a planned community's governing document are void and unenforceable:
(a) A provision that prohibits or restricts the use of the owner's unit or lot as the premises of an exempt family child care provider participating in the subsidy program under ORS 329A.500; or
(b) If the unit does not share a wall, floor or ceiling surface in common with another unit, a provision that prohibits or restricts the use of the owner's unit or lot as a certified or registered family child care home pursuant to ORS 329A.250 to 329A.450.

[(4)] (5) Subsection [(3)] (4) of this section does not prohibit a homeowners association from adopting or enforcing a provision of the planned community's governing document that regulates parking, noise, odors, nuisance, use of common property or activities that impact the cost of insurance policies held by the planned community, provided the provision:
(a) Is reasonable; and
(b) Does not have the effect of prohibiting or restricting the use of a unit or lot as the premises of an exempt family child care provider participating in the subsidy program under ORS 329A.500 or as a certified or registered family child care home pursuant to ORS 329A.250 to 329A.450.

[(5)(a)] (6)(a) Subsection [(3)] (4) of this section does not apply to planned communities that provide housing for older persons.
(b) As used in this subsection, “housing for older persons” has the meaning given that term in ORS 659A.421.

SECTION 2. This 2021 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2021 Act takes effect on its passage.