A-Engrossed

House Bill 2680

Ordered by the House June 14
Including House Amendments dated June 14

Sponsored by Representative RAYFIELD; Representatives HELM, HOLVEY, HUDSON, MARSH, NATHANSON, NERON, POWER, PRUSAK, REARDON, REYNOLDS, WILDE, WILLIAMS, Senator DEMBROW (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor’s brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Establishes Small Donor Elections Program to enable candidates for office of state Representative and state Senator to receive 6-to-1 match on small dollar donations. Limits matching funds.

Allows resident taxpayers to designate contribution to Small Donor Elections Fund on income tax return form.

Directs most election law penalties to Small Donor Elections Fund.

Establishes limits on campaign contributions that may be accepted by candidates and political committees.

Requires political committee to identify as caucus, measure, multicandidate, political party, recall or small donor political committee. Prohibits person from controlling more than one of each committee.

Authorizes Secretary of State and Attorney General to require return of contribution excess of limits and impose civil penalty up to 150 percent of total amount of contribution.

Repeals Ballot Measure 47 (2006), currently held in abeyance, which establishes limits on political campaign contributions and independent expenditures on candidate races and establishes certain campaign finance disclosure requirements.

Becomes operative November 9, 2022.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to campaign finance; creating new provisions; amending ORS 260.266, 260.995, 305.754 and 305.796; and declaring an emergency.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. Sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 260.

SECTION 2. As used in sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act:

(1) “Election cycle” means the period starting on the day after the date of a general election and ending on the date of the next general election.

(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, “maximum public match” means the receipt by a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative from the Small Donor Elections Fund of an amount of moneys equal to the amount set forth in section 7 of this 2021 Act.

(b)(A) For a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative who is running unopposed in the primary election, “maximum public match” means a candidate's receipt from the Small Donor Elections Fund of five percent of the amount set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection during the period ending on the date of the primary election.

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter in italic and bracketed is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in boldfaced type.

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and:

(i) If the candidate is running unopposed in the general election, five percent of the amount set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection during the period beginning on the day after the date of the primary election and ending on the date of the general election; or

(ii) If the candidate is not running unopposed in the general election, the total amount of moneys remaining from the amount set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection after the date of the primary election.

(B) For a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative who is running unopposed in the general election, “maximum public match” means a candidate’s receipt from the Small Donor Elections Fund of five percent of the amount set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection during the period beginning on the day after the date of the primary election and ending on the date of the general election and:

(i) If the candidate is running unopposed in the primary election, five percent of the amount set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection during the period ending on the date of the primary election; or

(ii) If the candidate is not running unopposed in the primary election, 50 percent of the amount set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection during the period ending on the date of the primary election.

(c) If a candidate has received contributions from a single person in an aggregate amount of more than $250 during an election cycle but prior to filing a statement of intent under section 3 (1)(a) of this 2021 Act, the maximum public match shall be reduced by the total amount of moneys received in contributions from a single person in an aggregate amount of more than $250 prior to the candidate filing a statement of intent under section 3 (1)(a) of this 2021 Act.

(3) “Minimum amount of in-state qualifying contributions” means the following amount of qualified small donor contributions from in-state individuals that a candidate must receive in order to participate in the Small Donor Elections Program:

(a) $10,000 in qualified small donor contributions for candidates for the office of state Senator; or

(b) $6,000 in qualified small donor contributions for candidates for the office of state Representative.

(4) “Minimum number of in-state qualifying contributions” means the following number of in-state individuals that a candidate must receive qualified small donor contributions from in order to participate in the Small Donor Elections Program:

(a) 400 donors for candidates for the office of state Senator; or

(b) 250 donors for candidates for the office of state Representative.

(5) “Nonmatching small donor contributions” means, except as otherwise provided by law:

(a) Contributions in an aggregate amount of no more than $250 per election cycle from a person that is not an individual, including a political committee, to a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative; or

(b) In-kind contributions to a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative that, when combined with nonmatching small donor contributions described in paragraph (a) of this subsection and with qualified small donor contributions, result in an aggregate amount of no more than $250 from a person per election cycle.
(6)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, "qualified small donor contributions" means contributions in an aggregate amount of no more than $250 per election cycle from an individual to a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative.
(b) In-kind contributions are not "qualified small donor contributions."

(7) "Qualifying period" means the 120-day period that begins on the date a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative files a statement of intent to participate in the Small Donor Elections Program.

SECTION 3. (1) In order to participate in the Small Donor Elections Program, a candidate for the office of state Senator or state Representative:
(a) Must file a statement of intent with the Secretary of State at any time during the period that begins immediately after the date of a general election and ends on the date 150 days before the date of the next general election;
(b) Must collect at least the minimum amount of in-state qualifying contributions during the qualifying period;
(c) Must collect at least the minimum number of in-state qualifying contributions during the qualifying period;
(d) Must sign an affidavit designed by the Secretary of State by rule stating that the candidate will follow the requirements of the Small Donor Elections Program set forth in sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act; and
(e) May not have made or accepted a loan in an aggregate amount of more than $250 to the candidate's campaign since the date of the last general election at the time the candidate files a statement under paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, a candidate who satisfies each requirement set forth in subsection (1) of this section shall receive from the Small Donor Elections Fund an amount equal to $6 for every $1 in qualified small donor contributions received from an in-state individual, provided that the total amount received by the candidate from the fund does not exceed the maximum public match. The distribution of moneys from the fund shall be done in the manner set forth in section 4 of this 2021 Act.
(b) During the period starting on the day after the date of a general election and ending on the date of the next primary election, moneys provided from the Small Donor Elections Fund under paragraph (a) of this subsection may not apply to more than $125 of the qualified small donor contributions made by any individual to each candidate.
(c) During the period starting on the day after the date of a general election and ending on the date of the next general election, moneys provided from the Small Donor Elections Fund under paragraph (a) of this subsection may not apply to more than $250 of the qualified small donor contributions made by an individual to each candidate. The moneys provided from the Small Donor Elections Fund shall apply to all qualified small donor contributions up to $250 per individual for each candidate who qualifies for the next general election.

(3) In addition to qualified small donor contributions and moneys received from the Small Donor Elections Fund under subsection (2) of this section and section 4 of this 2021 Act, candidates who participate in the Small Donor Elections Program may:
(a) Receive nonmatching small donor contributions from an unlimited number of donors.
(b) Use personal moneys, or moneys raised from any legal source, to establish the candidate's campaign. Moneys used or raised under this paragraph:
(A) May include aggregate amounts in excess of $250 from any person; and
(B) May not be in an aggregate amount of more than $6,000 per election cycle.

(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, contributions received by a
candidate who participates in the Small Donor Elections Program may be used in any man-
ner consistent with ORS 260.407.

(b) Moneys received from the Small Donor Elections Fund under subsection (2) of this
section or section 4 of this 2021 Act:
(A) Shall be used only for legitimate campaign expenses, as determined by rule by the
Secretary of State; and
(B) May not be used to:
(i) Pay salaries for family members of the candidate;
(ii) Make purchases from a business or entity owned by the candidate or the candidate's
family;
(iii) Pay for campaign expenditures at a rate greater than fair market value;
(iv) Make a contribution to the campaign of another candidate;
(v) Pay for fundraising expenses for any person or entity other than the candidate; or
(vi) Make an independent expenditure.

(5) A candidate who participates in the Small Donor Elections Program may not:
(a) Coordinate election activities with any entity that makes independent expenditures
related to the candidate, the office the candidate is seeking or the election the candidate is
participating in.
(b) Receive contributions that are not authorized by this section.
(c) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, receive more than an aggregate
amount of $250 in qualified small donor contributions and nonmatching small donor contri-
butions from a single donor per election cycle.
(d) Make or accept a loan in an aggregate amount of more than $250 to the candidate's
campaign.

(6) A candidate who participates in the Small Donor Elections Program and receives a
contribution that exceeds the amount that would constitute a qualified small donor contri-
bution or a nonmatching small donor contribution shall within two weeks:
(a) Return to the person making the contribution the amount contributed that is in ex-
cess of the statutory limits; or
(b) Withdraw from the program and return to the Secretary of State for deposit into the
Small Donor Elections Fund the total amount of public moneys distributed to the candidate
under subsection (2) of this section or section 4 of this 2021 Act, plus interest.

(7)(a) No later than 45 days after each general election, a candidate who participates in
the Small Donor Elections Program shall return to the Secretary of State for deposit into
the Small Donor Elections Fund any unspent public moneys that were provided to the can-
didate under subsection (2) of this section or section 4 of this 2021 Act.
(b) In order to ensure the return of unspent public moneys that are required to be re-
turned under this subsection, the candidate shall:
(A) Keep detailed records establishing the total amount of moneys from the Small Donor
Elections Fund and the total amount of moneys from other sources that compose the total
amount of moneys deposited into the campaign bank account of the candidate; and
(B) After campaign expenses are paid, return a percentage of the total amount of moneys
remaining in the account that is equal to the percentage of the total amount of moneys de-
posed into the account that came from the Small Donor Elections Fund.

(8) Except as otherwise provided in section 2 (2) of this 2021 Act, a candidate who par-
ticipates in the Small Donor Elections Program may receive up to 50 percent of the maxi-

mum public match during the primary election.

SECTION 4. The Secretary of State by rule shall establish a process for distributing
moneys from the Small Donor Elections Fund to candidates who have met all of the re-
quirements set forth in section 3 (1) of this 2021 Act for participation in the Small Donor
Elections Program. As part of this process:

(1) The Secretary of State shall certify that a candidate has completed each requirement
set forth in section 3 (1) of this 2021 Act.

(2) Except as provided in section 3 (2) of this 2021 Act, upon providing certification under
subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall provide moneys from the Small
Donor Elections Fund to the candidate in an amount equal to $6 for every $1 in qualified
small donor contributions received from an in-state individual, provided that the amount
received by the candidate does not exceed the maximum public match.

(3) Following an initial distribution made under subsection (2) of this section, the candi-
date may file with the Secretary of State additional contribution statements seeking moneys
from the Small Donor Elections Fund. Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section,
additional contribution statements:

(a) May be filed only after the candidate has received qualified small donor contributions
of at least $1,500 since the candidate last filed a statement.

(b) May not be filed more than one time per week.

(4) During the 30 days immediately preceding the general election, a candidate may file
additional contribution statements seeking moneys from the Small Donor Elections Fund
without receiving qualified small donor contributions of at least $1,500.

SECTION 5. (1) A candidate participating in the Small Donor Elections Program who
knowingly falsifies campaign records or who knowingly violates any provision of sections 2
to 7 of this 2021 Act:

(a) May no longer participate in the program;

(b) Shall be required to return to the Secretary of State for deposit into the Small Donor
Elections Fund the total amount of public moneys distributed to the candidate under sections
3 (2) and 4 of this 2021 Act, plus interest;

(c) Is personally liable for the return of any public moneys that have already been ex-
pended; and

(d) Is subject to criminal liability under ORS 260.993 (2) and civil liability under ORS
260.995 (2)(c) for a violation of ORS 260.715 (1).

(2) The Secretary of State by rule shall conduct reasonable audits of participants in the
Small Donor Elections Program to ensure the integrity of the program.

(3) A candidate may use the appeal mechanism established in ORS 246.910 to challenge
any decision of the Secretary of State relating to the candidate’s ability to participate in the
Small Donor Elections Program.

(4) A candidate participating in the Small Donor Elections Program may at any time
voluntarily withdraw from the program by returning to the Secretary of State for deposit
into the Small Donor Elections Fund 100 percent of the total amount of public moneys dis-
tributed to the candidate under sections 3 (2) and 4 of this 2021 Act, plus interest.

SECTION 6. (1) The Small Donor Elections Fund is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Small Donor Elections Fund shall be credited to the fund. All moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the Secretary of State for the purpose of administering sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act.

(2) The fund consists of moneys appropriated to the fund by the Legislative Assembly, moneys returned to the fund by candidates who participate in the Small Donor Elections Program in the manner set forth in sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act and moneys paid into the fund under ORS 260.995. The Secretary of State may accept grants, donations, contributions or gifts from any source for deposit in the fund.

SECTION 7. (1) The maximum public match described in section 2 (2) of this 2021 Act for the period beginning on the day after the 2022 general election and ending on the date of the 2024 general election shall be:

(a) $600,000 for candidates for the office of state Senator; and
(b) $400,000 for candidates for the office of state Representative.

(2) Prior to the start of each election cycle, the Secretary of State shall adjust the dollar amounts set forth in this section by the cumulative change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Region (All Items), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, or its successor, since the previous election cycle. The adjustments performed under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest $10 increment.

SECTION 8. (1) A resident individual taxpayer who files a full-year Oregon individual income tax return may designate that a contribution be made to the Small Donor Elections Fund established in section 6 of this 2021 Act. The resident individual taxpayer shall make the designation by marking the box or filling in the space provided pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. The amount designated shall be subtracted from any refund due on the return.

(2)(a) The Department of Revenue shall provide, on the face of the full-year Oregon individual income tax return form, a place for resident individual taxpayers to contribute to the Small Donor Elections Fund. The department is not required to add a line to a particular form if this addition would require the addition of a page to the return form.

(b) The area on the return form for making the designation shall provide for:

(A) A checkoff box of $5, $10, $20 or $50; and

(B) A blank line in which the individual may write in an amount other than an amount designated under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

(c) The instructions for the return form shall adequately explain that any amount designated shall be paid to the Small Donor Elections Fund, that the amount designated will decrease the refund of the taxpayer by the designated amount and that the designation is entirely voluntary.

(3) If a taxpayer designates both a contribution to the Small Donor Elections Fund under this section and a contribution pursuant to ORS 305.745, and the refund due the taxpayer is insufficient to satisfy the designated contribution under ORS 305.745, the designation under this section is void and no contribution to the Small Donor Elections Fund is made.

SECTION 9. ORS 305.754 is amended to read:

305.754. (1) A resident individual taxpayer who files a full-year Oregon individual income tax
return may designate that a contribution be made to the Oregon Political Party Fund for payment to the major or minor political party designated. The resident individual taxpayer shall make the designation by entering a code denoting the party and marking the box provided on the return form pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. The amount designated shall be subtracted from any refund due on the return.

(2)(a) The Department of Revenue shall provide, on the face of the full-year Oregon individual income tax return form, a place for resident individual taxpayers to make the designation of a political party provided by this section. The department is not required to add a line to a particular form if this addition would require addition of a page to the return form. All major political parties, as described in ORS 248.006, and all minor political parties, as described in ORS 248.008, shall be listed, with identifying codes, in the instructions to the individual income tax return.

(b) The area on the return form for making the designation shall provide for a checkoff box of $3. The instructions shall adequately explain that any amount designated shall be paid to the political party of the taxpayer's choice, that the amount designated will decrease the refund of the taxpayer by the designated amount, and that the designation is entirely voluntary.

(3) If a taxpayer filing a full-year Oregon individual income tax return designates more than one political party to receive the contribution, the designation is void and no contribution is made.

(4) If a joint return is filed and only one political party is designated, that political party shall receive a contribution in the total amount designated. If two political parties are designated on a joint return, each political party shall receive a contribution in the amount designated by each joint filer. If more than two parties are designated, the designations are void and no contribution is made.

(5) If an organization that is not a major or minor political party is designated under this section, the designation is void and no contribution is made.

(6) If a designation is void under subsection (3), (4) or (5) of this section, the department shall adjust the return to reflect the amount designated for contribution under this section.

(7) If a taxpayer designates both a contribution to a political party under this section and a contribution pursuant to either ORS 305.745 or section 8 of this 2021 Act, and the refund due the taxpayer is insufficient to satisfy the designated contribution under ORS 305.745 or section 8 of this 2021 Act, the designation under this section is void and no contribution to a political party is made.

SECTION 10. ORS 305.796, as amended by section 2, chapter 316, Oregon Laws 2019, is amended to read: ORS 305.796. (1) The Department of Revenue shall provide a means by which personal income taxpayers may elect to establish an account under ORS 178.335 within the Oregon 529 Savings Network in the name of a designated beneficiary.

(2) A taxpayer may elect to contribute all or a portion of a refund of personal income tax to an account that has been established under ORS 178.335 by direct deposit to the financial institution managing the account. The amount elected to be contributed by the taxpayer must be at least $25 and may be applied as a contribution only for the tax year in which the refund is issued.

(3) The election to contribute all or a portion of a refund shall be made on a form prescribed by the department and filed with the taxpayer's tax return for the tax year or at such other time and in such other manner as the department may prescribe by rule. The department shall prescribe by rule the maximum number of accounts to which a taxpayer may elect to contribute a portion of the refund.

(4) The election to contribute all or a portion of a refund may not be changed or revoked.
(5) The election to contribute all or a portion of a refund shall be void, and no portion of the refund may be contributed to an account that has been established under ORS 178.335, if:
   (a) The taxpayer’s refund is offset to pay amounts owed by the taxpayer; or
   (b) The taxpayer’s refund is less than the total of the following:
       (A) The contribution elected in subsection (2) of this section;
       (B) Payments of tax as provided in ORS 316.583 that accompany the return;
       (C) All contributions to charitable and governmental entities designated by means of a checkoff as provided in ORS 305.745; and
       (D) All contributions to political parties designated by means of a checkoff as provided in ORS 305.754;
   (E) All contributions to the Small Donor Elections Fund as provided in section 8 of this 2021 Act.

SECTION 11. ORS 260.266 is amended to read:
260.266. (1) Except as otherwise provided by a local provision, a communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate must state the name of the persons that paid for the communication.
   (2) For the purpose of complying with subsection (1) of this section:
       (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate by a political committee or petition committee must state:
           (i) The name of the principal campaign committee, political committee or petition committee; and
           (ii) The names of the five persons that have made the largest aggregate contributions of $10,000 or more to the committee in the election cycle in which the communication is made.
       (b) A communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate by an individual or a for-profit business entity or a candidate or the principal campaign committee of a candidate must state the name of the individual or for-profit business entity or candidate.
       (c) (A) A communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate by a person not described in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection must state:
            (i) The name of the person; and
            (ii) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the names of the five persons that have made the largest aggregate donations of $10,000 or more to the person in the election cycle in which the communication is made.
           (B) In identifying persons that have made aggregate donations of $10,000 or more, a person described in this paragraph may exclude:
                (i) Donations received from an affiliated charitable organization that is tax exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
                (ii) Donations and grants received from foundations and other persons that may not be used to make a communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate.
       (d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, a digital communication may state only the name of the person that made the communication if the digital communication includes an active link to a website that prominently displays the additional information required by this subsection.
   (3) A person that makes communications in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate must consider an anonymous donation of $1,000 or more from a single person to be a do-
nation that may not be used to make a communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly
identified candidate.

(4)(a) If a person is required to disclose the names of five persons under subsection (2)(a)(B) or
(c)(A)(ii) of this section and more than five persons qualify as having made the largest aggregate
contributions or donations, the person shall disclose the five applicable persons whose contributions
or donations were made closest to the date of initial printing or transmission of the communication.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, the five persons required to be named
under subsection (2)(a)(B) or (c)(A)(ii) of this section must be accurate as of 10 days before the most
recent payment to print or transmit the communication.

(c) A person that both makes multiple digital communications in support of or in opposition to
a clearly identified candidate and uses the method described in subsection (2)(d) of this section to
meet the identification requirements of subsection (2)(a)(B) or (c)(A)(ii) of this section, may use one
active link to the same website for all digital communications made by the person, provided that the
information on the website is accurate as of 10 days before the most recent payment to print or
transmit a communication.

(5) This section does not apply to:

(a) Candidates for federal office.

(b) Candidates other than those described in paragraph (a) of this subsection who are not re-
quired to use the electronic filing system adopted under ORS 260.057 to file statements of contribu-
tions received or expenditures made.

(c) Petition committees that are not required to use the electronic filing system adopted under
ORS 260.057 to file statements of contributions received or expenditures made.

(d) Political committees that are not required to use the electronic filing system adopted under
ORS 260.057 to file statements of contributions received or expenditures made.

(e) A person that makes independent expenditures and that is exempt under ORS 260.044 from
being required to file statements of independent expenditures using the electronic filing system
adopted under ORS 260.057.

(f) A communication that is excluded from the definition of “expenditure” under ORS 260.007.

(g) Items of de minimis value relating to a candidate, including but not limited to:

(A) Lawn signs, pins, pens and other similar items;

(B) Skywriting; or

(C) Wearable merchandise.

(h) Any other item that the Secretary of State by rule determines is too small to feasibly include
the identifying information required by this section.

(6) The Secretary of State by rule shall prescribe the form of statements required on communi-
cations described in this section. Rules adopted under this subsection must ensure that the infor-
mation required to be included in communications under this section is:

(a) In a font, size and color that are easy for an average person to read, if the communication
appears in a print or digital format; and

(b) Clearly audible to the average person, if the communication appears in an audio format.

(7) As used in this section:

(a) “Clearly identified” has the meaning given that term in ORS 260.005 (10)(b).

(b)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, “communication in support of
or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate” means:

(i)(I) The communication, when taken as a whole and with limited reference to external events,
such as the proximity to the election, could only be interpreted by a reasonable person as containing
advocacy for the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for nomination or election to
public office; and

(II) The electoral portion of the communication is unmistakable, unambiguous and suggestive
of only one meaning; or

(ii)(I) The communication involves aggregate expenditures by a person of more than the amount
provided in ORS 260.044 (1);

(II) The communication refers to a clearly identified candidate who will appear on the ballot;
and

(III) The communication is printed or transmitted to the relevant electorate within the time
frame provided in ORS 260.005 (10)(c)(iii).

(B)(i) “Communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate” includes
but is not limited to communications distributed via print, telephone, radio, television or the Inter-

(ii) “Communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate” does not
include newspaper editorials, printed advertisements with a fair market value of less than $500 or
communications made via telephone that have a fair market value of less than $500.

(c)(A) “Donation” means the gift or transfer of moneys or any other item of value to a person
subject to subsection (2)(c)(A) of this section, including any membership fees, dues or assessments.

(B) “Donation” does not include moneys or any other item of value received by a person subject
to subsection (2)(c)(A) of this section in the ordinary course of a trade or business conducted by the
person.

(d) “Election cycle” means the period of time starting on the day after the date of a general
election and ending on the date of the next general election.

(e) “Local provision” means a charter provision, ordinance, resolution or other provision
adopted by a city, county or other local government.

SECTION 12. ORS 260.995, as amended by section 3, chapter 636, Oregon Laws 2019, is
amended to read:

260.995. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, following an investigation under
ORS 260.345, the Secretary of State or Attorney General may impose a civil penalty not to exceed
$1,000 for each violation of any provision of Oregon Revised Statutes relating to the conduct of any
election, any rule adopted by the secretary under ORS chapters 246 to 260 or any other matter
preliminary to or relating to an election, for which a civil penalty is not otherwise provided.

(2) The secretary or the Attorney General may impose a civil penalty not to exceed:

(a)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, $1,000 plus the amount con-
verted to personal use for each violation of ORS 260.407;

(B) Two times the amount of the penalty provision for violating a nondisclosure agreement that
is contained within each nondisclosure agreement entered into in violation of ORS 260.407 or
260.413;

(b) 150 percent of the total cost of printing, transmitting or distributing a communication in
support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate if the disclosure requirements set forth
in ORS 260.266 are not met; or

(c) $10,000 for each violation of ORS 260.555, 260.558, 260.575, 260.695 (1) or 260.715 (1) or [sec-
tion 1b,] Article IV, section 1b, of the Oregon Constitution.

(3) Except as otherwise provided by this section, civil penalties under this section shall be im-
posed as provided in ORS 183.745. In addition to the requirements of ORS 183.745, the notice shall include:

(a) A statement of the authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held; and
(b) If the person is an agency, corporation or an unincorporated association, a statement that such person must be represented by an attorney licensed in Oregon, unless the person is a political committee which may be represented by any officer identified in the most recent statement of organization filed with the filing officer.

(4) A hearing on whether to impose a civil penalty and to consider circumstances in mitigation shall be held by the secretary or Attorney General:

(a) Upon request of the person against whom the penalty may be assessed, if the request is made not later than the 20th day after the date the person received notice sent under subsection (3) of this section; or
(b) Upon the secretary’s or Attorney General’s own motion.

(5) The person against whom a penalty may be assessed need not appear in person at a hearing held under this section, but instead may submit written testimony or other evidence, sworn to before a notary public, to the secretary or Attorney General for entry in the hearing record. The testimony or other evidence must be received by the secretary or Attorney General not later than three business days before the day of the hearing.

(6) All hearings under this section shall be held not later than 45 days after the deadline for the person against whom the penalty may be assessed to request a hearing. However, if requested by the person against whom the penalty may be assessed, a hearing under subsection (4) of this section shall be held not later than 60 days after the deadline for the person against whom the penalty may be assessed to request a hearing.

(7) The secretary or Attorney General shall issue an order not later than 90 days after a hearing or after the deadline for requesting a hearing if no hearing is held.

(8) All penalties recovered under this section shall be paid into the Small Donor Elections Fund established in section 6 of this 2021 Act [State Treasury and credited to the General Fund].

(9) In the case of a civil penalty imposed under this section for a violation of ORS 260.407, the person against whom the penalty is assessed:

(a) Is personally responsible for the payment of the civil penalty;
(b) Shall pay the civil penalty from personal funds of the person; and
(c) May not pay the civil penalty from contributions received by a candidate, a candidate’s principal campaign committee, a political committee or a petition committee.

SECTION 13. The Secretary of State shall hire a full-time employee to provide voter education, support and outreach regarding Oregon’s campaign finance laws, including the Small Donor Elections Program established in sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act.

SECTION 14. It is the intent of the Legislative Assembly that all parts of this 2021 Act are independent and that if any part of this 2021 Act is held unconstitutional, all remaining parts shall remain in force.

SECTION 15. Sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act and the amendments to ORS 260.995 by section 12 of this 2021 Act become operative on November 9, 2022.

SECTION 16. (1) The Secretary of State may take any action before the operative date specified in section 15 of this 2021 Act that is necessary for the Secretary of State to exercise, on and after the operative date specified in section 15 of this 2021 Act, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the Secretary of State by sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act
and the amendments to ORS 260.995 by section 12 of this 2021 Act.

(2) No later than January 1, 2022, the Secretary of State shall propose rules necessary
to implement sections 2 to 7 of this 2021 Act and the amendments to ORS 260.995 by section
12 of this 2021 Act.

(3) No later than September 1, 2022, the Secretary of State shall propose revisions to the
manual on campaign finance that is adopted by administrative rule and made publicly avail-
able on the secretary's website to ensure that it incorporates and describes the contents of
this 2021 Act in a clear and straightforward manner.

(4) No later than September 30, 2022, the Secretary of State shall report to the interim
committees of the Legislative Assembly responsible for campaign finance on the actions
taken by the secretary to implement the provisions of this 2021 Act.

SECTION 17. This 2021 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2021 Act takes effect
on its passage.