A-Engrossed
House Bill 2409
Ordered by the House March 29
Including House Amendments dated March 29
Sponsored by Representatives NERON, HUDSON; Representatives GRAYBER, WILDE, Senators GELSER, RILEY
(Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor’s brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Prohibits homeowners associations from requiring application of pesticide on owner’s property except as necessary for ecological or public health. Requires association to notify owners, upon the owner’s request, prior to pesticide application on owners’ property.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to pesticide application within planned communities; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 94.630.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2021 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 94.550 to 94.783.

SECTION 2. (1) As used in this section, “pesticide” has the meaning given that term in ORS 634.006.

(2) A homeowners association must provide, upon an owner’s request, notice to the owner of:

(a) The dates and times that the association plans to apply a pesticide to the owner's property; and

(b) The means by which the owner may exclude the owner's property from the application of the pesticide under subsection (3) of this section.

(3) An association may not require an owner to apply a pesticide and shall allow any owner to exclude the owner's property from the landscaping activities of the association that include application of a pesticide, except to the extent a pesticide or other pest management practice is necessary to manage or prevent a pest issue that could harm ecological or public health.

(4) An owner's exclusion from the application of a pesticide under subsection (3) of this section is an assumption of the landscaping responsibility by the owner, and the association may enforce against the responsible owner reasonable standards for landscaping that allow for consistent appearances within the community.

(5) A provision in a governing document inconsistent with this section is against the policy of this state to support public health, safety and welfare and is void and unenforceable.

SECTION 3. Section 2 of this 2021 Act applies to governing documents executed before, on or after the effective date of this 2021 Act.

SECTION 4. ORS 94.630 is amended to read:

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in boldfaced type.

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94.630. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section and ORS [94.779] 94.762, 94.776, 94.778 and section 2 of this 2021 Act, and except as otherwise provided in its declaration or bylaws, a homeowners association may:

(a) Adopt and amend bylaws, rules and regulations for the planned community;
(b) Adopt and amend budgets for revenues, expenditures and reserves, and collect assessments from owners for common expenses and the reserve account established under ORS 94.595;
(c) Hire and terminate managing agents and other employees, agents and independent contractors;
(d) Defend against any claims, proceedings or actions brought against it;
(e) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, initiate or intervene in litigation or administrative proceedings in its own name and without joining the individual owners in the following:
   (A) Matters relating to the collection of assessments and the enforcement of governing documents;
   (B) Matters arising out of contracts to which the association is a party;
   (C) Actions seeking equitable or other nonmonetary relief regarding matters that affect the common interests of the owners, including but not limited to the abatement of nuisance;
   (D) Matters, including but not limited to actions for damage, destruction, impairment or loss of use, relating to or affecting:
      (i) Individually owned real property, the expenses for which, including maintenance, repair or replacement, insurance or other expenses, the association is responsible; or
      (ii) Common property;
   (E) Matters relating to or affecting the lots or interests of the owners including but not limited to damage, destruction, impairment or loss of use of a lot or portion thereof, if:
      (i) Resulting from a nuisance or a defect in or damage to common property or individually owned real property, the expenses for which, including maintenance, repair or replacement, insurance or other expenses, the association is responsible; or
      (ii) Required to facilitate repair to any common property; and
   (F) Any other matter to which the association has standing under law or pursuant to the declaration or bylaws;
(f) Make contracts and incur liabilities;
(g) Regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement and modification of common property;
(h) Cause additional improvements to be made as a part of the common property;
(i) Acquire, hold, encumber and convey in its own name any right, title or interest to real or personal property, except that common property may be conveyed or subjected to a security interest only pursuant to ORS 94.665;
(j) Grant easements, leases, licenses and concessions through or over the common property as provided in ORS 94.665;
(k) Modify, close, remove, eliminate or discontinue the use of common property, including any improvement or landscaping, regardless of whether the common property is mentioned in the declaration, provided that:
   (A) Nothing in this paragraph is intended to limit the authority of the association to seek approval of the modification, closure, removal, elimination or discontinuance by the owners; and
   (B) Modification, closure, removal, elimination or discontinuance other than on a temporary basis of any swimming pool, spa or recreation or community building must be approved by at least a majority of owners voting on the matter at a meeting or by written ballot held in accordance with
the declaration, bylaws or ORS 94.647;

(L) Impose and receive any payments, fees or charges for the use, rental or operation of the
common property and services provided to owners;

(m) Adopt rules regarding the termination of utility services paid for out of assessments of the
association and access to and use of recreational and service facilities available to owners. The
rules must provide for written notice and an opportunity to be heard before the association may
terminate the rights of any owners to receive the benefits or services until the correction of any
violation covered by the rule has occurred;

(n) Impose charges for late payment of assessments and attorney fees related to the collection
of assessments and, after giving written notice and an opportunity to be heard, levy reasonable fines
for violations of the declaration, bylaws, rules and regulations of the association, provided that the
charge imposed or the fine levied by the association is based:

(A) On a schedule contained in the declaration or bylaws, or an amendment to either that is
delivered to each lot, mailed to the mailing address of each lot or mailed to the mailing addresses
designated in writing by the owners; or

(B) On a resolution of the association or its board of directors that is delivered to each lot,
mailed to the mailing address of each lot or mailed to the mailing addresses designated in writing
by the owners;

(o) Impose reasonable charges for the preparation and recordation of amendments to the decla-
ration;

(p) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and the board of directors and maintain li-
ability insurance for directors and officers;

(q) Assign its right to future income, including the right to receive common expense assess-
ments; and

(r) Exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the administration and operation of the
association.

(2) A declaration may not impose any limitation on the ability of the association to deal with
a declarant that is more restrictive than the limitations imposed on the ability of the association to
deal with any other person, except during the period of declarant control under ORS 94.600.

(3) A permit or authorization, or an amendment, modification, termination or other instrument
affecting a permit or authorization, issued by the board of directors that is authorized by law, the
declaration or bylaws may be recorded in the deed records of the county in which the planned
community is located. A permit or authorization, or an amendment, modification, termination or
other instrument affecting a permit or authorization, recorded under this subsection shall:

(a) Be executed by the president and secretary of the association and acknowledged in the
manner provided for acknowledgment of instruments by the officers;

(b) Include the name of the planned community and a reference to where the declaration and
any applicable supplemental declarations are recorded;

(c) Identify, by the designations stated or referenced in the declaration or applicable supple-
mental declaration, all affected lots and common property; and

(d) Include other information and signatures if required by law, the declaration, bylaws or the
board of directors.

(4)(a) Subject to paragraph (f) of this subsection, before initiating litigation or an administrative
proceeding in which the association and an owner have an adversarial relationship, the party that
intends to initiate litigation or an administrative proceeding shall offer to use any dispute resolution
program available within the county in which the planned community is located that is in substantial compliance with the standards and guidelines adopted under ORS 36.175. The written offer must be hand-delivered or mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address, contained in the records of the association, for the other party.

(b) If the party receiving the offer does not accept the offer within 10 days after receipt by written notice hand-delivered or mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address, contained in the records of the association, for the other party, the initiating party may commence the litigation or the administrative proceeding. The notice of acceptance of the offer to participate in the program must contain the name, address and telephone number of the body administering the dispute resolution program.

(c) If a qualified dispute resolution program exists within the county in which the planned community is located and an offer to use the program is not made as required under paragraph (a) of this subsection, litigation or an administrative proceeding may be stayed for 30 days upon a motion of the noninitiating party. If the litigation or administrative action is stayed under this paragraph, both parties shall participate in the dispute resolution process.

(d) Unless a stay has been granted under paragraph (c) of this subsection, if the dispute resolution process is not completed within 30 days after receipt of the initial offer, the initiating party may commence litigation or an administrative proceeding without regard to whether the dispute resolution is completed.

(e) Once made, the decision of the court or administrative body arising from litigation or an administrative proceeding may not be set aside on the grounds that an offer to use a dispute resolution program was not made.

(f) The requirements of this subsection do not apply to circumstances in which irreparable harm to a party will occur due to delay or to litigation or an administrative proceeding initiated to collect assessments, other than assessments attributable to fines.