In line 2 of the printed bill, after “overtime” insert “; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 653.055 and 653.256”.

Delete lines 4 through 29 and insert:

“SECTION 1. As used in this section and section 2 of this 2021 Act:

“(1) ‘Agricultural worker’ means an individual who performs services in agriculture for an employer in exchange for an agreed remuneration or rate of pay.

“(2) ‘Agriculture’ includes:

“(a) Farming in all its branches, including the cultivation and tillage of the soil;

“(b) Dairying;

“(c) The production, cultivation, growing and harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodities;

“(d) The raising of livestock, bees, fur-bearing animals or poultry; and

“(e) Any other practices performed by a farmer or on a farm as an incident to or in conjunction with farming operations, including preparation for market, delivery to storage or to market, or delivery to carriers for transportation to market.

“(3) ‘Workweek’ means a fixed period of time established by an employer that reflects a regularly recurring period of 168 hours or seven consecutive 24-hour periods.

SECTION 2. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, an employer may not permit, require or suffer an agricultural worker to work a total number of hours in excess of:

“(a) For calendar year 2022, 55 hours in one workweek.

“(b) For calendar year 2023, 48 hours in one workweek.

“(c) For calendar year 2024 and each year thereafter, 40 hours in one workweek.

“(2) An employer may permit, require or suffer an agricultural worker to work more than the maximum allowable hours in one workweek provided under subsection (1) of this section if the employer compensates the agricultural worker at one and one-half times the worker’s regular rate of pay for each overtime hour or portion of an hour that the worker works in excess of the maximum allowable hours.

“(3)(a) For purposes of this section, a workweek may begin on any day of the week and at any hour of the day and need not coincide with a calendar week.

“(b) An employer may change the beginning of an agricultural worker’s workweek if the change is intended to be permanent and is not designed to evade overtime requirements.

“(4) A claim for a violation of this section may be made under ORS 653.055.

SECTION 3. Section 2 of this 2021 Act is amended to read:

“Sec. 2. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, an employer may not permit,
require or suffer an agricultural worker to work a total number of hours in excess of:

“(a) For calendar year 2022, 55 hours in one workweek.
“(b) For calendar year 2023, 48 hours in one workweek.
“(c) For calendar year 2024 and each year thereafter, 40 hours in one workweek.

“(2) An employer may permit, require or suffer an agricultural worker to work more than the maximum allowable 40 hours in one workweek provided under subsection (1) of this section if the employer compensates the agricultural worker at one and one-half times the worker’s regular rate of pay for each overtime hour or portion of an hour that the worker works in excess of the maximum allowable 40 hours.

“(3)(a) For purposes of this section, a workweek may begin on any day of the week and at any hour of the day and need not coincide with a calendar week.
“(b) An employer may change the beginning of an agricultural worker’s workweek if the change is intended to be permanent and is not designed to evade overtime requirements.
“(4) A claim for a violation of this section may be made under ORS 653.055.

“SECTION 4. The amendments to section 2 of this 2021 Act by section 3 of this 2021 Act become operative on January 1, 2024.

“SECTION 5. ORS 653.055 is amended to read:

“653.055. (1) Any employer who pays an employee less than the wages to which the employee is entitled under ORS 653.010 to 653.261 or section 2 of this 2021 Act is liable to the employee affected:
“(a) For the full amount of the wages, less any amount actually paid to the employee by the employer; and
“(b) For civil penalties provided in ORS 652.150.
“(2) Any agreement between an employee and an employer to work at less than the wage rate required by ORS 653.010 to 653.261 or section 2 of this 2021 Act is no defense to an action under subsection (1) of this section.

“(3) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries has the same powers and duties in connection with a wage claim based on ORS 653.010 to 653.261 and section 2 of this 2021 Act as the commissioner has under ORS 652.310 to 652.445 and in addition the commissioner may, without the necessity of assignments of wage claims from employees, initiate suits against employers to enjoin future failures to pay required minimum wages or overtime pay and to require the payment of minimum wages and overtime pay due employees but not paid as of the time of the filing of suit. The commissioner may join in a single proceeding and in one cause of suit any number of wage claims against the same employer. If the commissioner does not prevail in such action, the commissioner shall pay all costs and disbursements from the Bureau of Labor and Industries Account.
“(4) The court may award reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party in any action brought by an employee under this section.

“SECTION 6. ORS 653.256 is amended to read:

“653.256. (1) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries may assess a civil penalty not to exceed $1,000 against any person that willfully violates ORS 653.025, 653.030, 653.045, 653.050, 653.060, 653.261, 653.265, 653.606, 653.611, 653.616, 653.621, 653.626, 653.631 or 653.636 or section 5, chapter 537, Oregon Laws 2015, or section 2 of this 2021 Act or any rule adopted thereunder.
“(2) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the commissioner may assess a civil penalty not to exceed $1,000 against any person that intentionally violates ORS 653.077 or any rule
adopted thereunder.

“(3) Civil penalties authorized by this section shall be imposed in the manner provided in ORS 183.745.

“(4)(a) All sums collected as penalties under this section shall be first applied toward reimbursement of costs incurred in determining the violations, conducting hearings under this section and addressing and collecting the penalties.

“(b) The remainder, if any, of the sums collected as penalties under subsection (1) of this section shall be paid over by the commissioner to the Department of State Lands for the benefit of the Common School Fund of this state. The department shall issue a receipt for the money to the commissioner.

“(c) The remainder, if any, of the sums collected as penalties under subsection (2) of this section shall be paid over by the commissioner to the Department of Human Services for the benefit of the Breastfeeding Mother Friendly Employer Project. The department shall issue a receipt for the moneys to the commissioner.

“SECTION 7. (1) The Oregon Business Development Department shall develop and implement an overtime compensation payment program under which the department shall make payments to employers of agricultural workers, as defined in section 1 of this 2021 Act, to assist the employers with paying overtime as required under section 2 of this 2021 Act.

“(2)(a) The department shall prescribe by rule application forms and the process by which employers subject to the overtime provisions of section 2 of this 2021 Act may apply for overtime compensation payments under the program.

“(b) The department shall establish three application periods, beginning in January 2023, 2024 and 2025, for overtime compensation payments related to overtime paid by employers during calendar years 2022, 2023 and 2024, respectively. Each application period shall remain open for at least eight weeks.

“(c) An employer may submit an application under the program only if, with respect to the agricultural operations to which the application relates, the employer:

“(A) Has committed not more than five serious or willful violations of the Oregon Safe Employment Act in the five-year period immediately preceding the date of the application;

“(B) Has committed not more than five violations of any state law concerning wage and hour or civil rights in the five-year period immediately preceding the date of the application; and

“(C) Has no outstanding uncontested state or federal tax payments as of the date of the application.

“(d)(A) An employer may not submit more than one application per year.

“(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, an employer, with the approval of the department, may resubmit an application during the application period for that year.

“(e) Applications shall be submitted under penalties for false swearing under ORS 162.075.

“(3) When evaluating applications submitted under the overtime compensation payment program, the department shall give:

“(a) Priority to applicants in descending order based on the proportion of the amount the applicant paid in overtime in relation to the applicant’s net income was for the calendar year to which the application relates; and

“(b) Preference to applicants that employed not more than an average of 25 agricultural workers in any quarter during the calendar year to which the application relates.
“(4)(a) The application forms prescribed by the department shall, at a minimum, require inclusion of the tax returns or reports for the agricultural operations to which an application relates and any other documents the department considers necessary to evaluate an application.

“(b) Information and documents included in applications submitted under this section are confidential and exempt from disclosure under ORS 192.311 to 192.478.

“(5)(a) The department may withhold from the moneys appropriated under section 7 of this 2021 Act the actual costs incurred by the department in developing and implementing the overtime compensation payment program.

“(b) After withholding for costs under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the department shall reserve the remaining balance in three equal parts for the three annual overtime compensation payment application periods established under subsection (2)(b) of this section.

“(6) As soon as practicable after the close of each application period established under subsection (2)(b) of this section, the department shall:

“(a) Consider all timely and complete applications;

“(b) Determine the eligibility of the applicants for overtime compensation payments under this section;

“(c) Approve or reject each application; and

“(d) Notify the applicant of the department's decision.

“(7)(a) Within 30 days following date on which the department has approved or rejected all applications, the department shall make an overtime compensation payment to each successful applicant in an amount equal to 80 percent of the total amount of overtime the applicant paid in the year to which the application relates.

“(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, if there are insufficient moneys available for overtime compensation payments for that year, all payments shall be reduced proportionately based on the relative dollar amounts of the payments until there are sufficient moneys to make the payments.

“(c) If there are more than sufficient moneys to make all payments under paragraph (a) of this subsection for the application periods in 2023 and 2024, the excess moneys shall be added to the amount available for the immediately following calendar year of the program.

“(d) Any moneys remaining in the Agricultural Worker Overtime Account established under section 8 of this 2021 Act that are unexpended and unobligated on January 1, 2026, shall revert to the General Fund.

“(8)(a)(A) An employer that receives an overtime compensation payment knowing that the approved application contained a false statement or misrepresentation of a material fact, or failed to disclose a material fact, is liable for repayment of the payment, with interest, for each day or portion of a day that any amount of the payment is not repaid. The department shall set a rate of interest applicable to all employers subject to this subsection not to exceed 16 percent per annum. In addition, the department may impose a monetary penalty in any amount, not to exceed 10 percent of the payment, that the department considers appropriate to the circumstances of each employer subject to this subsection.

“(B) The department may take any action permitted by law to recover the payment, interest and penalty.

“(C) An employer described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph may not apply for an overtime compensation payment for any subsequent year.
“(b) An employer that receives any amount of overpayment of an overtime compensation payment because of an error not due to the employer providing a false statement or misrepresentation of a material fact, or failing to disclose a material fact, is liable for repayment, without interest, of the amount of the overpayment.

“(9)(a) State agencies shall comply with reasonable requests for information or cooperation from the department in developing and implementing the overtime compensation payment program under this section.

“(b) Information that may be disclosed pursuant to this subsection shall be limited to information necessary for the department to develop and implement the overtime compensation payment program. Information shall be disclosed in a manner that maintains anonymity except to the extent necessary for the department’s purposes. The department may not further disclose the information, which shall be treated as confidential and, in the hands of the department, exempt from public disclosure under ORS 192.311 to 192.478.

SECTION 8.

(1) The Agricultural Worker Overtime Account is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the account shall be credited to the account. The account consists of moneys appropriated, allocated, deposited or transferred to the account by the Legislative Assembly. The moneys in the account are continuously appropriated to the Oregon Business Development Department for the purposes specified in section 7 of this 2021 Act.

(2)(a) Except in case of a fiscal emergency, moneys in the Agricultural Worker Overtime Account, including any subaccounts thereof, may be used only for the purposes described in subsection (1) of this section, and may not be transferred out of the account.

“(b) As used in this subsection, ‘fiscal emergency’ means a projected deficit for the biennium, as most recently projected by the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, of at least 12 percent below the revenue estimated to be received for the biennium, as estimated pursuant to ORS 291.349 (1) after adjournment sine die of the odd-numbered year regular session of the Legislative Assembly.

SECTION 9. In addition to and not in lieu of any other appropriation, there is appropriated to the Oregon Business Development Department, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2021, out of the General Fund, the amount of $100,000,000 to be deposited in the Agricultural Worker Overtime Account established under section 8 of this 2021 Act, which shall be expended for the purposes set forth in section 7 of this 2021 Act.

SECTION 10. Sections 7 and 8 of this 2021 Act are repealed on January 2, 2026.”.