House Bill 2104

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Presession filed (at the request of Governor Kate Brown for Department of Human Services)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Modifies definition of "current caretaker."

Grants juvenile court continuing wardship jurisdiction upon establishment of permanent or durable guardianship regardless of whether original bases for wardship jurisdiction continue to exist.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to wards; amending ORS 419A.004, 419B.328, 419B.365 and 419B.366.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

- **SECTION 1.** ORS 419A.004, as amended by section 26, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), and sections 17a and 17b, chapter 19, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), is amended to read:
- 419A.004. As used in this chapter and ORS chapters 419B and 419C, unless the context requires otherwise:
 - (1) "Age-appropriate or developmentally appropriate activities" means:
 - (a) Activities or items that are generally accepted as suitable for children of the same chronological age or level of maturity or that are determined to be developmentally appropriate for a child, based on the development of cognitive, emotional, physical and behavioral capacities that are typical for an age or age group; and
 - (b) In the case of a specific child, activities or items that are suitable for the child based on the developmental stages attained by the child with respect to the cognitive, emotional, physical and behavioral capacities of the child.
 - (2) "Another planned permanent living arrangement" means an out-of-home placement for a ward 16 years of age or older that is consistent with the case plan and in the best interests of the ward other than placement:
 - (a) By adoption;

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- (b) With a legal guardian; or
- (c) With a fit and willing relative.
- (3) "CASA Volunteer Program" means a program that is approved or sanctioned by a juvenile court, has received accreditation from the National CASA Association and has entered into a contract with the Oregon Department of Administrative Services under ORS 184.492 to recruit, train and supervise volunteers to serve as court appointed special advocates.
- (4) "Child care center" means a residential facility for wards or youth offenders that is licensed, certified or otherwise authorized as a child-caring agency as that term is defined in ORS 418.205.
 - (5) "Community service" has the meaning given that term in ORS 137.126.
 - (6) "Conflict of interest" means a person appointed to a local citizen review board who has a

- 1 personal or pecuniary interest in a case being reviewed by that board.
 - (7) "Counselor" means a juvenile department counselor or a county juvenile probation officer.
 - (8) "Court" means the juvenile court.

- (9) "Court appointed special advocate" means a person in a CASA Volunteer Program who is appointed by the court to act as a court appointed special advocate pursuant to ORS 419B.112.
 - (10) "Court facility" has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.360.
 - (11) "Current caretaker" means a foster parent:
- (a) Who is currently caring for a ward who is in the legal custody of the Department of Human Services and who has a permanency plan [or concurrent permanent plan] of adoption; and
- (b) Who has cared for the ward, or at least one sibling of the ward, for at least 12 cumulative months or for one-half of the ward's or sibling's life where the ward or sibling is younger than two years of age, calculated cumulatively.
 - (12) "Department" means the Department of Human Services.
- (13) "Detention" or "detention facility" means a facility established under ORS 419A.010 to 419A.020 and 419A.050 to 419A.063 for the detention of youths or youth offenders pursuant to a judicial commitment or order.
- (14) "Director" means the director of a juvenile department established under ORS 419A.010 to 419A.020 and 419A.050 to 419A.063.
 - (15) "Guardian" means guardian of the person and not guardian of the estate.
- (16) "Indian child" has the meaning given that term in section 2, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
 - (17) "Juvenile court" means the court having jurisdiction of juvenile matters in the several counties of this state.
 - (18) "Local citizen review board" means the board specified by ORS 419A.090 and 419A.092.
 - (19) "Parent" means the biological or adoptive mother and the legal parent of the child, ward, youth or youth offender. As used in this subsection, "legal parent" means:
 - (a) A person who has adopted the child, ward, youth or youth offender or whose parentage has been established or declared under ORS 25.501 to 25.556 or 109.065 or by a juvenile court; and
 - (b) If the child is an Indian child, a man whose parentage has been established as described in section 4, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
 - (20) "Permanent foster care" means an out-of-home placement in which there is a long-term contractual foster care agreement between the foster parents and the department that is approved by the juvenile court and in which the foster parents commit to raise a ward in substitute care or youth offender until the age of majority.
 - (21) "Public building" has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.360.
 - (22) "Proctor foster home" has the meaning given that term in ORS 418.205.
 - (23) "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program described in section 12b, chapter 19, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
 - (24) "Reasonable and prudent parent standard" means the standard, characterized by careful and sensible parental decisions that maintain the health, safety and best interests of a child or ward while encouraging the emotional and developmental growth of the child or ward, that a substitute care provider shall use when determining whether to allow a child or ward in substitute care to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, cultural and social activities.
 - (25) "Reasonable time" means a period of time that is reasonable given a child or ward's emotional and developmental needs and ability to form and maintain lasting attachments.

- 1 (26) "Records" means any information in written form, pictures, photographs, charts, graphs, recordings or documents pertaining to a case.
- 3 (27) "Resides" or "residence," when used in reference to the residence of a child, ward, youth 4 or youth offender, means the place where the child, ward, youth or youth offender is actually living 5 or the jurisdiction in which wardship or jurisdiction has been established.
 - (28) "Restitution" has the meaning given that term in ORS 137.103.
 - (29) "Serious physical injury" means:
 - (a) A serious physical injury as defined in ORS 161.015; or
- 9 (b) A physical injury that:

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- 10 (A) Has a permanent or protracted significant effect on a child's daily activities;
- 11 (B) Results in substantial and recurring pain; or
- 12 (C) In the case of a child under 10 years of age, is a broken bone.
 - (30) "Shelter care" means a home or other facility suitable for the safekeeping of a child, ward, youth or youth offender who is taken into temporary custody pending investigation and disposition.
 - (31) "Short-term detention facility" means a facility established under ORS 419A.050 (3) for holding youths and youth offenders pending further placement.
 - (32) "Sibling" means one of two or more children or wards related:
 - (a) By blood or adoption through a common legal parent; or
 - (b) Through the marriage of the children's or wards' legal or biological parents.
 - (33)(a) "Substitute care" means an out-of-home placement directly supervised by the department or other agency, including placement in a foster family home, group home, child-caring agency as defined in ORS 418.205 or other child caring institution or facility.
 - (b) "Substitute care" does not include care in:
 - (A) A detention facility, forestry camp or youth correction facility;
 - (B) A family home that the court has approved as a ward's permanent placement, when a child-caring agency as defined in ORS 418.205 has been appointed guardian of the ward and when the ward's care is entirely privately financed;
 - (C) In-home placement subject to conditions or limitations;
 - (D) A facility or other entity that houses or provides services only to youth offenders committed to the custody of the Oregon Youth Authority by the juvenile court; or
 - (E) A youth offender foster home as that term is defined in ORS 420.888.
 - (34) "Surrogate" means a person appointed by the court to protect the right of the child, ward, youth or youth offender to receive procedural safeguards with respect to the provision of free appropriate public education.
 - (35) "Tribal court" has the meaning given that term in section 2, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
 - (36) "Victim" means any person determined by the district attorney, the juvenile department or the court to have suffered direct financial, psychological or physical harm as a result of the act that has brought the youth or youth offender before the juvenile court. When the victim is a minor, "victim" includes the legal guardian of the minor. The youth or youth offender may not be considered the victim. When the victim of the crime cannot be determined, the people of Oregon, as represented by the district attorney, are considered the victims.
 - (37) "Violent felony" means any offense that, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony and:
 - (a) Involves actual or threatened serious physical injury to a victim; or

- (b) Is a sexual offense. As used in this paragraph, "sexual offense" has the meaning given the term "sex crime" in ORS 163A.005.
 - (38) "Ward" means a person within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under ORS 419B.100.
- 4 (39) "Young person" means a person who has been found responsible except for insanity under 5 ORS 419C.411 and placed under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board.
 - (40) "Youth" means a person under 18 years of age who is alleged to have committed an act that is a violation, or, if done by an adult would constitute a violation, of a law or ordinance of the United States or a state, county or city.
 - (41) "Youth care center" has the meaning given that term in ORS 420.855.
 - (42) "Youth offender" means a person who has been found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under ORS 419C.005 for an act committed when the person was under 18 years of age.

SECTION 2. ORS 419B.328 is amended to read:

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- 419B.328. (1) The court shall make a child found to be within the jurisdiction of the court as provided in ORS 419B.100 a ward of the court.
- (2) The court's wardship continues, and the ward is subject to the court's jurisdiction, until one of the following occurs:
 - (a) The court dismisses the petition concerning the ward;
- 18 (b) The court transfers jurisdiction over the ward as provided in ORS 419B.127, 419B.130 and 19 419B.132;
 - (c) The court enters an order terminating the wardship;
 - (d) A judgment of adoption of the ward is entered by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
 - (e) The ward becomes 21 years of age.
 - (3) If a guardian has been appointed for a ward under ORS 419B.365 or 419B.366, the court may not enter an order terminating the wardship under subsection (2)(c) of this section until:
 - (a) The court vacates the guardianship under ORS 419B.368; or
 - (b) The ward becomes 21 years of age.
 - **SECTION 3.** ORS 419B.365, as amended by section 43, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), is amended to read:
 - 419B.365. (1) At any time following establishment of jurisdiction and wardship under ORS 419B.100, but prior to filing of a petition under ORS 419B.500, or after dismissal of a petition filed under ORS 419B.500 if it fails to result in termination of the parent's rights, a party, or person granted rights of limited participation for the purpose of filing a guardianship petition, may file, and the court may hear, a petition for permanent guardianship. If the Department of Human Services chooses not to participate in a proceeding initiated by an intervenor under ORS 419B.875, the state is not foreclosed from filing a subsequent action should the intervenor's petition be denied.
 - (2) The grounds for granting a permanent guardianship are the same as those for termination of parental rights.
- 39 (3) The court shall grant a permanent guardianship if it finds by clear and convincing evidence 40 that:
 - (a) The grounds cited in the petition are true; and
 - (b) It is in the best interest of the ward that the parent never have physical custody of the ward but that other parental rights and duties should not be terminated.
 - (4)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, if an Indian child is involved, the court may grant the permanent guardianship of the Indian child only:

- (A) If the court has offered the parties the opportunity to participate in mediation as required under ORS 419B.517;
- (B) If requested by the tribe, an agreement is in place that requires the proposed guardian to maintain connection between the Indian child and the Indian child's tribe; and
- (C) If after inquiry as required under section 15, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), and notice as required under section 16, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), and in addition to any other findings required for the termination of parental rights under ORS 419B.500 to 419B.524, the court finds:
- (i) That evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses under section 17, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), establishes beyond a reasonable doubt that the Indian child's continued custody by the child's parent or custody by the child's Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian child;
- (ii) That active efforts under section 18, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), to reunite the Indian family did not eliminate the necessity for permanent guardianship based on serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian child; and
- (iii) That the placement of the Indian child complies with the placement preferences described in section 23, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
- (b) The evidence under paragraph (a) of this subsection must show a causal relationship between the particular conditions in the Indian child's home and the likelihood that custody or continued custody of the Indian child will result in serious emotional or physical damage to the particular Indian child who is the subject of the child custody proceeding. Evidence that shows the existence of community or family poverty, isolation, single parenthood, custodian age, crowded or inadequate housing, substance abuse or nonconforming social behavior does not, by itself, establish a causal relationship as required by this paragraph.
- (c) As used in this subsection, "custody" and "continued custody" have the meanings described in section 3, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
- (5) [Unless vacated under ORS 419B.368,] A guardianship established under this section continues [as long as the ward is subject to the court's jurisdiction as provided in ORS 419B.328] unless vacated under ORS 419B.368 or the ward becomes 21 years of age.
- **SECTION 4.** ORS 419B.366, as amended by section 44, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), is amended to read:
- 419B.366. (1) A party, or a person granted rights of limited participation for the purpose of filing a guardianship motion, may file a motion to establish a guardianship. The motion must be in writing and state with particularity the factual and legal grounds for the motion.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, the facts supporting any finding made or relief granted under this section must be established by a preponderance of evidence.
- (3)(a) If there is reason to know, as described in section 15, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), an Indian child is involved, the court may grant the guardianship of the Indian child only:
- (A) If the court has offered the parties the opportunity to participate in mediation as required under ORS 419B.517;
- (B) If requested by the tribe, an agreement is in place that requires the proposed guardian to maintain connection between the Indian child and the Indian child's tribe; and
- (C) If after inquiry as required under section 15, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), and notice as required under section 16, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session)

sion), the court finds:

- (i) Clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses under section 17, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), that the Indian child's continued custody by the child's parent or custody by the child's Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian child;
- (ii) That active efforts under section 18, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session), to reunite the Indian family did not eliminate the necessity for guardianship based on serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian child; and
- (iii) That the placement of the Indian child complies with the placement preferences as described in section 23, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
- (b) The evidence under paragraph (a) of this subsection must show a causal relationship between the particular conditions in the Indian child's home and the likelihood that custody or continued custody of the Indian child will result in serious emotional or physical damage to the particular Indian child who is the subject of the child custody proceeding. Evidence that shows the existence of community or family poverty, isolation, single parenthood, custodian age, crowded or inadequate housing, substance abuse or nonconforming social behavior does not, by itself, establish a causal relationship as required by this paragraph.
- (c) As used in this subsection, "custody" and "continued custody" have the meanings described in section 3, chapter 14, Oregon Laws 2020 (first special session).
- (4) In a proceeding under this section, the court may receive testimony and reports as provided in ORS 419B.325.
- (5) If the court has approved a plan of guardianship under ORS 419B.476, the court may grant the motion for guardianship if the court determines, after a hearing, that:
 - (a) The ward cannot safely return to a parent within a reasonable time;
 - (b) Adoption is not an appropriate plan for the ward;
- (c) The proposed guardian is suitable to meet the needs of the ward and is willing to accept the duties and authority of a guardian; and
- (d) Guardianship is in the ward's best interests. In determining whether guardianship is in the ward's best interests, the court shall consider the ward's wishes.
- (6) [Unless vacated pursuant to ORS 419B.368,] A guardianship established under this section continues [as long as the ward is subject to the court's jurisdiction as provided in ORS 419B.328] unless vacated pursuant to ORS 419B.368 or the ward becomes 21 years of age.