

Corrected

**HB 3139 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY**

Carrier: Rep. Noble

**House Committee On Behavioral Health****Action Date:** 03/29/21**Action:** Do pass with amendments. (Printed A-Eng.)**Vote:** 8-0-1-0**Yeas:** 8 - Lively, Moore-Green, Morgan, Nosse, Reynolds, Salinas, Sanchez, Sollman**Exc:** 1 - Wright**Fiscal:** No fiscal impact**Revenue:** No revenue impact**Prepared By:** Zoe Larmer, LPRO Analyst**Meeting Dates:** 2/22, 3/10, 3/29**WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:**

Defines mental health care provider as licensed by the appropriate board. Specifies conditions under which a mental health care provider may disclose relevant health information about a minor without the minor's consent, including a provider assessing a minor to be at serious and imminent risk. Requires provider disclose relevant information and engage in safety planning with the minor's parent, legal guardian or other individuals the provider reasonably believes may be able to prevent or lessen the minor's risk of a suicide attempt if the provider assesses the minor to be at serious and imminent risk of a suicide attempt but inpatient treatment is not necessary or practicable. Specifies conditions under which a mental health care provider is not required to disclose a minor's treatment and diagnosis information.

**ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Current disclosure law
- Youth suicide statistics in Oregon

**EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

Replaces the measure.

**BACKGROUND:**

Currently, Oregon law allows but does not require practitioners to inform parents when a minor receives suicide assessment, intervention, treatment, or support services. According to the Oregon Health Authority (OHA), suicide was the second leading cause of death among 10- to 24-year-olds in Oregon in 2018. There were 139 youth suicides in Oregon in 2018.

House Bill 3139 A specifies conditions and requirements of disclosing a minor's relevant health information to parents or guardians when a minor receives suicide assessment, intervention, treatment, or support services.