

Open Government Impact Statement

81st Oregon Legislative Assembly 2021 Regular Session

Measure: HB 2076 Only impacts on Original or Engrossed Versions are Considered Official

Prepared by: Date:

SUMMARY

Establishes Emergency Health Care Systems Program and Emergency Health Care System Advisory Board within Oregon Health Authority. Directs authority to designate emergency health care centers for provision of cardiac and pediatric emergency health care. Modifies terminology related to emergency medical services. Authorizes Governor to make available for use emergency medical services personnel and equipment. Creates offense of unlawful operation of unlicensed emergency medical services agency. Punishes by maximum of 364 days' imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both. Becomes operative January 1, 2022.

Directs authority to designate emergency health care regions within state. Becomes operative January 1, 2023.

Directs authority to designate emergency health care centers for provision of stroke and trauma emergency health care. Directs program to establish emergency health care data systems for collection of information related to emergency health care in this state. Requires licensure for nontransport EMS service. Defines "nontransport EMS service." Becomes operative January 1, 2025.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

OPEN GOVERNMENT IMPACT

Legislative Counsel has not adopted standards for drafting measures that establish exemptions from disclosure of public records.

This measure exempts from public disclosure information gathered and prepared by the Oregon Health Authority, the Emergency Health Care System Advisory Board and regional emergency health care advisory boards in specifying the type of care that emergency health care systems are designated to provide and providing for the monitoring and assurance of quality care to patients. The measure also exempts from disclosure individually identifiable health information within the emergency health care data systems of the Emergency Health Care Systems Program.

If those public records that could be subject to public disclosure were instead subject to mandatory disclosure under public records law, health care data and information related to the operation of and patient care within emergency health care systems would more likely be made public.