

HB 2819 -1, -2, -3 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee On Revenue

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Meeting Dates: 3/2, 4/22, 5/24

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Allows otherwise qualified resident individual to claim earned income tax credit using individual taxpayer identification number in lieu of Social Security number. Specifies credit amount to be equal to amount that would be allowed on a federal return but for section 32(m) of the Internal Revenue Code plus such amount multiplied by nine percent, or 12 percent for taxpayers with a dependent under the age of three at close of tax year. Applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and before January 1, 2026.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Internal Revenue Code specifically requires a SSN to be used to claim the earned income tax credit
- If measure enacted, how best to reach out to newly qualifying individuals
- Background on use of ITIN on tax returns
- Potential to extend availability of EITC to those filing taxes with an ITIN
- Requirements of individuals to report an SSN to qualify for the EITC.

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

-1 In instances where taxpayer is claiming earned income tax credit using an individual taxpayer identification number in lieu of a Social Security number, requires taxpayer to provide proof of legal residency in the United States.

-2 Specifies that Oregon earned income tax credit amount allowed in any one tax year may not exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer.

-3 Allows otherwise qualified resident individual to claim earned income tax credit using individual taxpayer identification number in lieu of Social Security number. Specifies credit amount to be amount the individual would otherwise be eligible to claim but for section 32(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, multiplied by nine percent, or 12 percent for taxpayers with a dependent under the age of three at close of tax year.

BACKGROUND:

The federal earned income tax credit (EITC) is a refundable tax credit available to eligible individuals of comparatively low earnings. As the credit is refundable, the credit first reduces an individual's tax liability, potentially to zero. If additional credit amount is available after reducing tax liability to zero, the remaining credit amount is paid directly to the taxpayer as a tax refund. Oregon's earned income tax credit is a percentage of the federal credit and is equal to 9% of federal credit amount or 12% for taxpayers with a dependent under the age of three at the close of the tax year. As Oregon's credit is a percentage of the federal credit, Oregon's credit inherently reflects the design of the federal EITC.

An Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) is a tax processing number issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The IRS issues ITINs to individuals who are required to have a U.S. taxpayer identification number but who do not have, and are not eligible to obtain, a Social Security number (SSN).

To qualify for the earned income tax credit, taxpayers must meet a number of requirements including filing an income tax return, having earned income, having limited or no investment income, meeting child relationship requirements and providing Social Security numbers for specified individuals reported on the tax return. ITINs

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cannot be used to qualify for the federal EITC and as Oregon's EITC is a percentage of the federal credit, taxpayers using an ITIN do not presently qualify for the Oregon EITC.

PRELIMINARY