JOINT COMMITTEE ON WAYS & MEANS SUBCOMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

Dr. Cam Preus, Executive Director Oregon Community College Association

April 26, 2021



Community Colleges: Oregon's Road to Economic Recovery

- Putting Oregonians back to work
 - Short-term programs = fast re-entry into workforce
 - Colleges are nimble & can react
 quickly to employer & job-seeker needs
- Partner with business/industry for workready employees





Community Colleges: Oregon's Road to Economic Recovery

- Community colleges serve the communities most affected by pandemic
 - CCs serve more systemicallymarginalized students than any other sector of higher ed
 - CCs serve students regardless of education & skill level – primary access point to economic opportunity





Rural & Non-Rural: A Tale of Contrasts

- Rural communities are in all 36 Oregon counties
- When compared to non-rural, rural communities have:
 - Higher poverty rates
 - Lower college enrollment rates, which have increased over time
 - Only 42% HS grads enroll directly in college (2018-19)





Rural & Non-Rural: A Tale of Contrasts

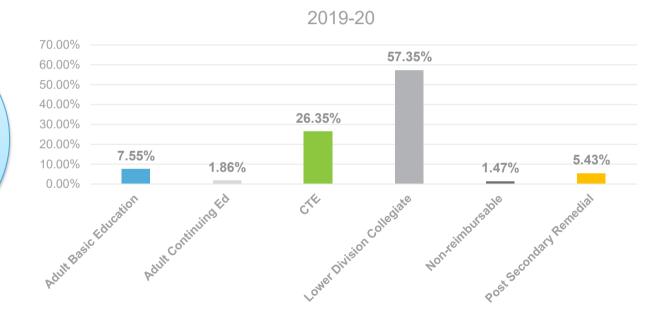
- Lower college persistence & completion rates
 - Less than half of rural college enrollees complete a degree within 6 years
- Most rural high school graduates enroll in community college
 - 57% of rural students enrolled in community college (2019-20)





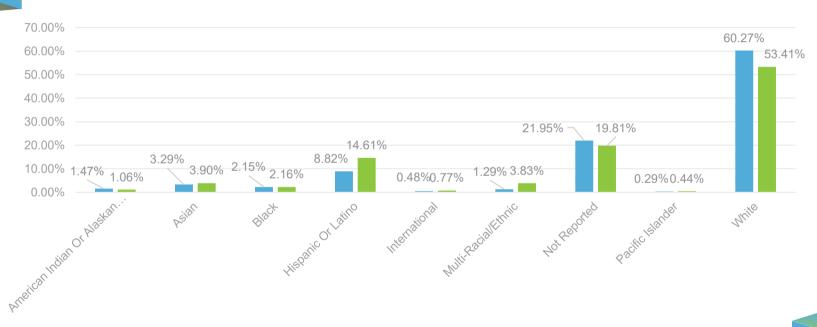
Multiple Missions of Community Colleges

NOTE:
Enrollments
dropped
significantly in
2020-21 with
COVID-19





Changing Student Demographics





■2009-10 **■**2019-20

Nellisha Moore

Dallas, Ore.

Chemeketa Community College



Student-Ready Colleges





COVID-19 Student Survey

Represents nearly 8,000 students from 15 Oregon community colleges in Spring 2020

Students faced learning obstacles

24%

Said access to reliable Internet at home presents a challenge for fully engaging



Indicated they must share a computer with family members

Colleges Respond to Student Needs



Agreed that their college has been supportive during the pandemic

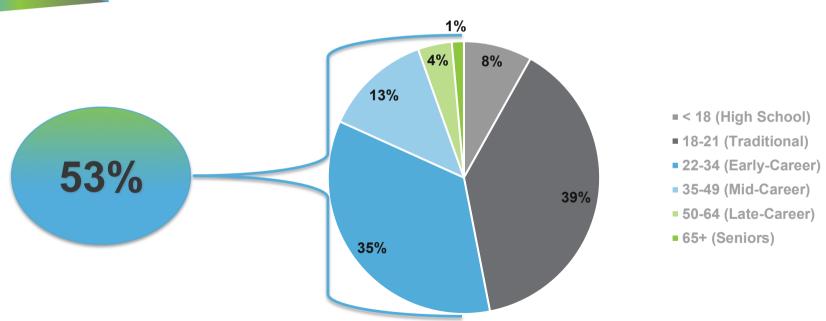


Agreed that they were able to contact their instructors when needed



Majority of Community College Students Don't Enroll Directly from High School







Source: Data Mart, accessed April 13, 2021

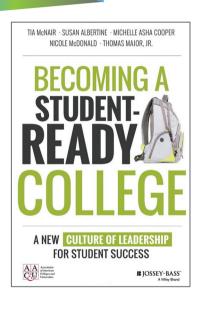
Natasha Robinson

Grants Pass, Ore.

Rogue Community College



Sharpening the Focus on Students



- Guided Pathways
- Multiple Measures for Placement
- Math Pathways
 - College Algebra
 - Statistics
 - Quantitative Reasoning
- Pathways to Opportunity (SNAP/STEP)

- Corequisite MathCourses
- Professional
 Development for
 Culturally Relevant,
 Active, Engaged
 Pedagogy for Faculty
- Career Pathways



Advancing Racial Equity & Economic Mobility

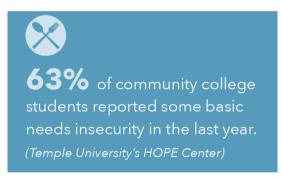


42% of Oregon's college students face college expenses that exceed their sources of support, including financial aid and income. Rates are higher for students of color. (HECC)

BENEFIT	FUNDING FOR YEAR (AVERAGE)		
SNAP (Food Benefits)	\$2,917		
STEP: Gap funding tuition/fees one term, books, transportation ongoing	\$3,450		
EITC (average)	\$2,137		
TOTAL Benefits:	\$8,504		
ERDC (daycare if also working 20 hrs./week)	\$14,400		
TOTAL Benefits with childcare:	\$22,904		
Note: SNAP, EITC, and ERDC benefits vary based on household size and income			



Student Basic Needs Insecurity



#REALCOLLEGE"	Community Colleges (2015-2019)	Oregon's Community Colleges (2019)
Food Insecurity	42-56%	41%
Housing Insecurity	46-60%	52%
Homelessness	12-18%	20%



Students Face Food & Housing Insecurity

Represents 8,100 students from 14 Oregon community colleges in Fall 2019



Reported being food insecure in the prior 30 days



Reported being homeless in the previous year



Reported being housing insecure in the previous year

Recommendation:

Basic needs-centered approach to government policy at all levels



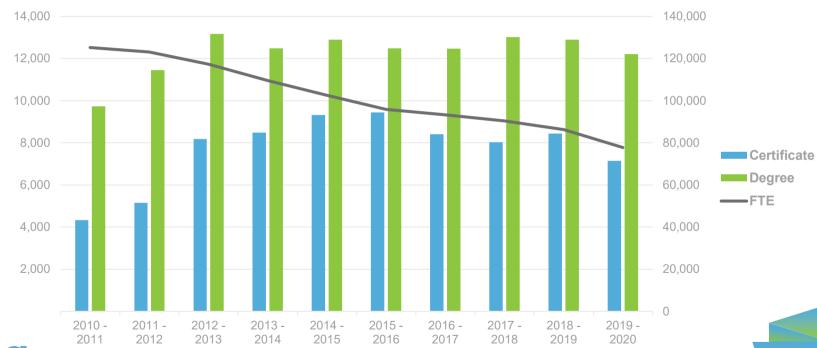
Sibbi Edwards

Medford, Ore.

Rogue Community College



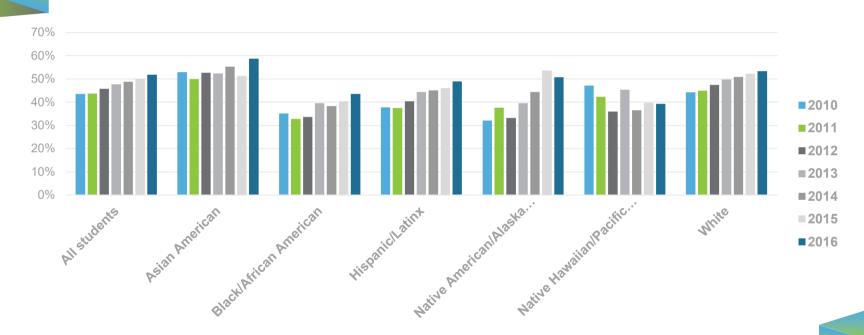
Community College Completions





Source: Data Mart, accessed April 12, 2021

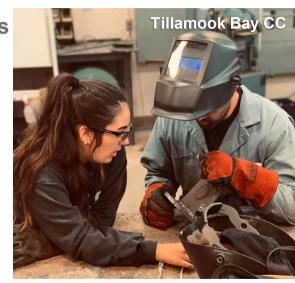
Student Completion & Transfer Rate Over Time, by Race/Ethnicity





Career Pathways: Linking Training & Support

- Completing a community college certificate typically boosts workers' overall earnings by almost \$5,000 (19%) compared to their previous wages
- Pell Grant recipients who earn certificates increase their earnings by \$9,600.
- Median earnings for students who completed a Career Pathway Certificate was 126% of median earnings for students who earned a long-term community college certificate.





Career Pathways Certificates Improve Earnings

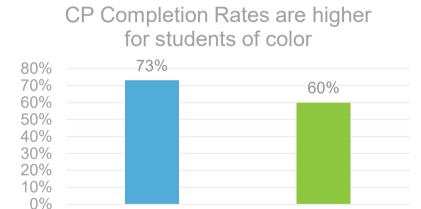
Students earning Career Pathways certificates make as least as much as those earning short-, medium-, and long-term certificates.

Certificate Type	Metro	Eastern	Valley	Overall Median
Career Pathway	\$39,300	\$28,400	\$29,000	\$34,200
Short-Term	\$38,100	\$22,600	\$26,300	\$31,600
Medium-Term	\$33,100	\$28,400	\$26,500	\$29,200
Long-Term	\$27,100	*	*	\$27,100
Overall Median	\$35,800	\$27,600	\$27,000	\$30,300



Career Pathways: Students of Color

- Oregon are more than twice as likely to self-identify as students of color compared to community college students statewide.
- 51% of Career Pathways students self-identify as students of color.



White + Race Ethnicity

Not Reported Students Completion %

Students of Color CP

Completion %



Community College Funding



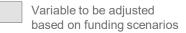


Community College Current Service Level

General Fund REVENUE	2019-21 Pro	1 Projections		% Change		2021-23 Needs
	Amount	% of Total	Annual	% Change	\$ Amount	\$ Amount
State Aid	\$641,386,996	38%		9.48%	\$60,778,666	\$702,165,662
Property Taxes	\$393,308,780	23%	4.50%	6.85%	\$26,946,568	\$420,255,348
Tuition	\$519,625,863	31%	3.50%	5.31%	\$27,598,629	\$547,224,492
Other	\$120,461,894	7%	2.90%	4.40%	\$5,295,258	\$125,757,153
Fund Balance	\$13,261,886	1%				
Total GF Revenues	\$1,688,045,419	100%			\$120,619,121	\$1,795,402,654







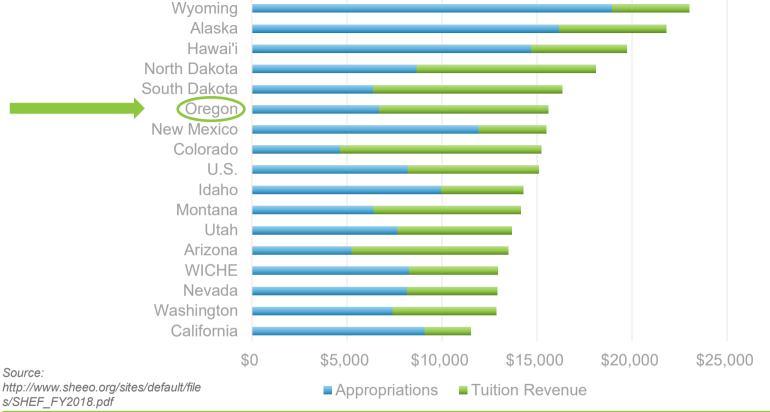
Community College Current Service Level

General Fund EXPENSES	2019-21 Pro	ections % Chan		% Change	e	2021-23 Needs
	Amount	% of Total	Annual	% Change	\$ Amount	\$ Amount
Salary (including payroll costs)	\$984,722,592	58%	3.62%	5.51%	\$54,214,745	\$1,038,937,337
Health Insurance	\$162,135,478	10%	3.48%	5.29%	\$8,572,211	\$170,707,689
PERS	\$209,360,962	12%		14.42%	\$30,198,283	\$239,559,245
Materials & Services	\$199,484,436	12%	3.43%	5.21%	\$10,398,569	\$209,883,006
Other (transfers, etc.)	\$135,028,711	8%	-0.20%	-0.31%	\$(413,631)	\$134,615,080
Unfunded Mandates					\$1,700,298	\$1,700,298
Total GF EXPENSES	\$1,690,732,179	100%			\$104,670,475	\$1,795,402,654

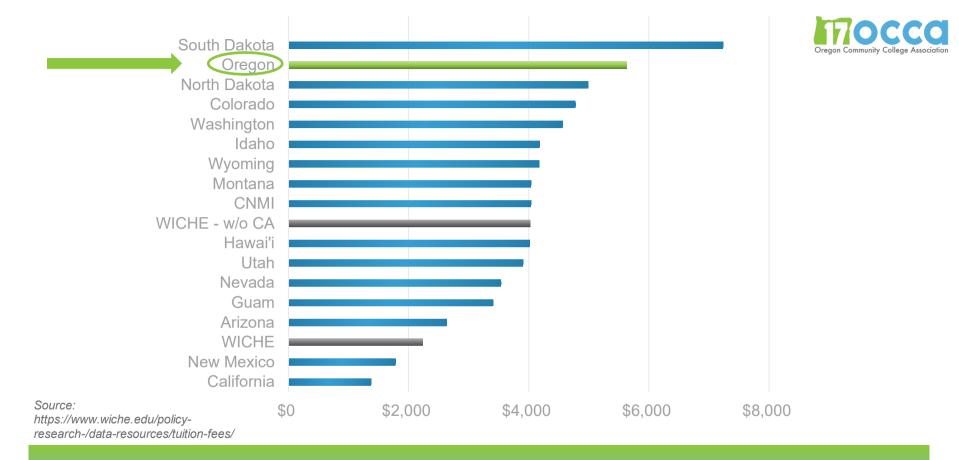








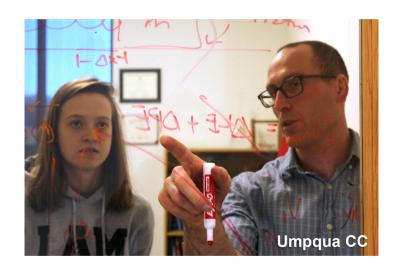
Educational Revenues per Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Student





Textbook Affordability

- Legislative (HB 2213) & CCWD funding for Open Educational Resources (OERs) has:
 - Supported 71 OER projects in12 community colleges
 - Impacted 9,177 students
 - \$945,428.80 (2019-2020)





Decline in Average Course Materials Costs

AAOT: Associate of Arts Oregon Transfer Degree ASOT-Bus: Associate of Science Oregon Transfer Business Degree Lowest Cost AAOT: Associate of Arts Oregon

Transfer Degree





About HEERF Funds

All HEERF funds are **one-time** funds

Allowable uses restricted to:

Costs associated with coronavirus, including lost revenue, incurred since March 13, 2020 (date national emergency declared)





HEERF Funds Direct to Students

\$127,065,601

MINIMUM TOTAL FUNDS

(Estimated HEERF I, II & III)



Total HEERF I, II & III Fund Allocations

HEERF I & II

Student Emergency Grants

\$40,731,601

(Direct to students)

Institutional Grants

\$97,980,356

Other (SIP & MSIs)

\$ 6,773,599

HEERF III - American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act

(estimated; allocations not yet released by ED)

Student Emergency Grants (direct to students) \$86,334,000

Institutional Grants \$86,334,000



College Costs & Lost Revenues

COVID-related Direct Costs & Lost Revenue Summary Statewide (estimated through Spring Term 2021)

TOTAL	\$122.633.930
Lost Revenue	\$ 90,014,852
Direct (Reimbursable Costs)	\$ 32,619,078

LOST REVENUE:

Those revenues a college otherwise expected but were reduced or eliminated as a result of the pandemic. Must be associated with coronavirus.

Total HEERF I/II Funds Received	\$ 97,980,356
Total Costs/Lost Revenue	\$122,633,930

DEFICIT

(\$ 24,653,574)



Community Colleges:

Oregon's Economic Recovery Engines





SBDCs: Critical Partner to Colleges & Communities

- Small Business Development
 Centers have partnerships with all
 17 community colleges
- SBDCs partner with community college business and CTE programs for information-sharing, resources, and connections to local businesses





Valuable Return on Investment

Student Investment

18.8% ROI

For every dollar a student invests in an education at Oregon's community colleges, they'll receive a cumulative value of \$3.80 in higher earnings.



Public Investment

7.7% ROI

For every dollar of public money invested in Oregon's community colleges, taxpayers receive a cumulative value of \$2.30 over the course of the students' working lives.

Kevin Hawman

Hermiston, Ore.

Blue Mountain Community College
Class of 2015



Questions?

Dr. Cam Preus, OCCA Executive Director cam@occa17.com



