HB 2342 -1, -3, -4 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

Joint Committee On Transportation

Prepared By: Patrick Brennan, LPRO Analyst **Meeting Dates:** 4/20

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Requires, beginning July 1, 2026, registered owners and lessees of passenger vehicles of model year 2027 or later that have a mileage rating of 30 miles per gallon or greater to participate in per-mile road usage charge program. Repeals voluntary per-mile road usage charge program on July 1, 2029. Allows owners or lessees to pay annual fee in lieu of participating in mandatory per-mile road usage charge program until June 30, 2021, at which time annual fee provisions are repealed. Directs the Oregon Department of Transportation to submit periodic reports to the Road User Fee Task Force regarding development and implementation of programs, and to seek federal funding to better understand the interaction of per-mile road usage charges and their impact on the environment of motor vehicle usage. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

-1 Requires all passenger vehicles model year 2026 or later to participate regardless of miles per gallon rating.

-3 Clarifies that registered owners and lessees shall continue to pay the amount of vehicle registration fee imposed by counties and districts that would have been required if the exemption under the measure did not exist.

-4 Requires all passenger vehicles model year 2026 or later to participate regardless of miles per gallon rating. Establishes legislative intent that owners of subject vehicles pay additional fee to reflect health and environmental impacts of criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases emitted by subject vehicles, imposed at kind and rate to achieve Oregon's transition to fully zero-emission fleet. Directs Department of Transportation to conduct a study of best method of imposing and collecting the fee, to consult with other agencies and stakeholders, and submit report to interim legislative committees relating to air pollution by September 15, 2022. Establishes legislative intent that transition from fuel tax to per-mile road usage charge shall be designed to mitigate negative impact on historically underserved communities and low-income Oregonians. Directs Department of Transportation to conduct study of best method for making transition from fuel tax system to per-mile road charge system and submit report to interim legislative committees relating to air pollution by September 15, 2022.

BACKGROUND:

Oregon was the first state to institute a tax on motor fuels when it adopted a flat one-cent gas tax in 1919. As time has gone by, other states, local governments, and the federal government have adopted similar taxes, and Oregon's has increased periodically to its current level of 36 cents per gallon. Since fuel taxes are increased only periodically, fuel taxes have tended not to keep pace with inflation in materials and labor costs, and because increased fuel efficiency of motor vehicles has resulted in more miles traveled per gallon of fuel, governments have experienced a reduction of their ability to use these funds to maintain and modernize their road systems.

The Legislative Assembly responded to this phenomenon by creating the Road User Task Force (RUFTF) in 2001 to develop a design for revenue collection for Oregon's roads and highways that could replace the current fuel tax-based system for revenue collection. The initial pilot program (2006-2007) involved 285 test vehicles and was

HB 2342 -1, -3, -4 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

funded by a grant from the Federal Highway Administration. In 2013, the Legislative Assembly enacted Senate Bill 810, creating a new, voluntary, permanent program, later named OReGO, which allows up to 5,000 vehicles to register and pay a per-mile road usage charge for each mile traveled on Oregon public roads. Participating drivers are charged 1.8 cents per mile (previously 1.5 cents per mile prior to the increase in gas taxes in 2018 and 2020); if they paid gas taxes during the same period, those taxes count against the per-mile charge, and drivers either are reimbursed for excess fuel taxes paid or charged the balance if they paid less than the per-mile charge required.