## Broadband Investment

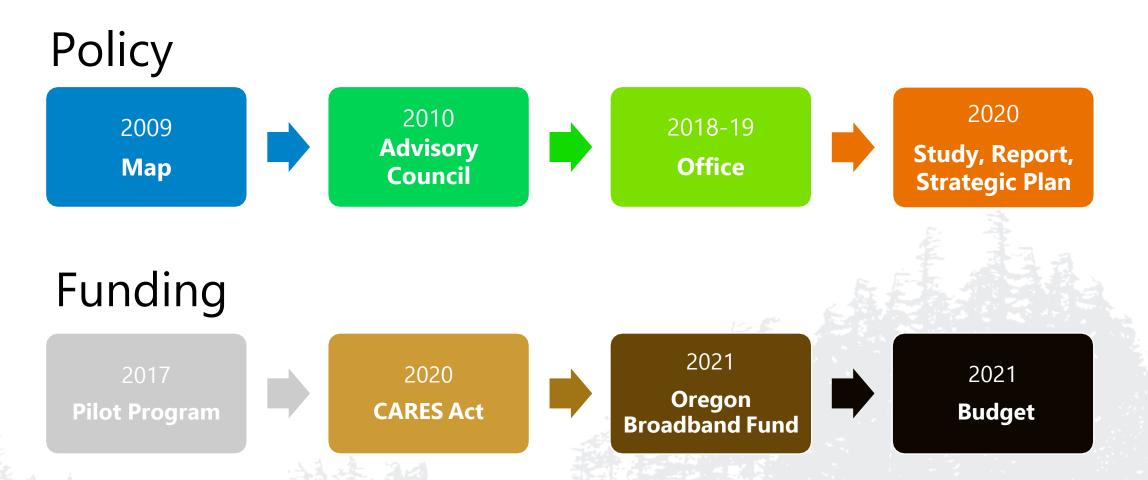
Daniel Holbrook, Broadband Manager

Oregon Broadband Office

April 21, 2021



## **State Engagement - Foundation**





## **Portal** Мар Data Study Plan **Rural Capacity** Literacy, Security, Inclusion Outreach

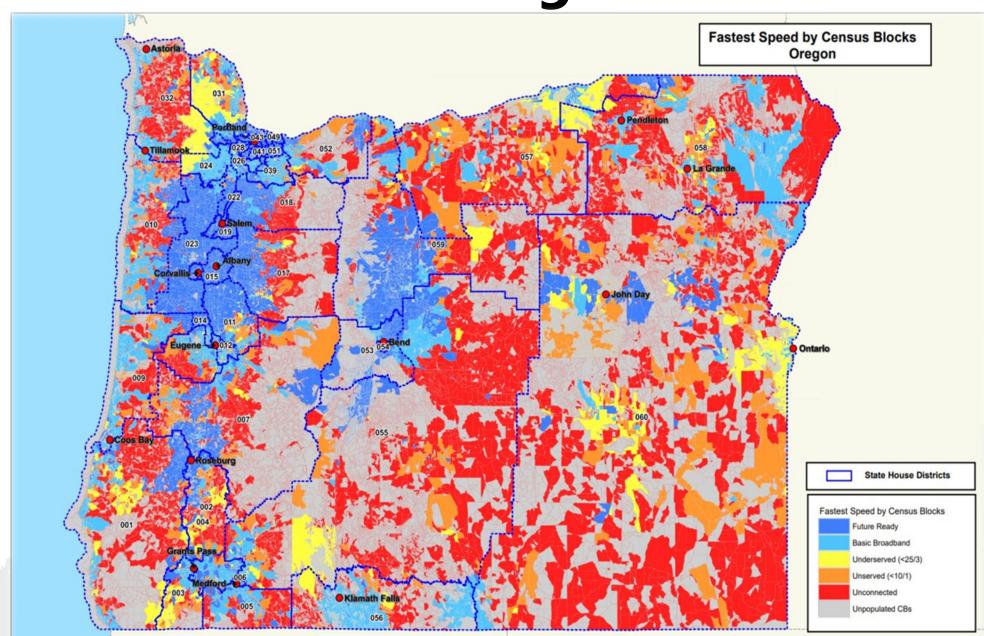
## **Broadband Strategy**

#### **Requirement:**

Office expansion to accomplish strategy

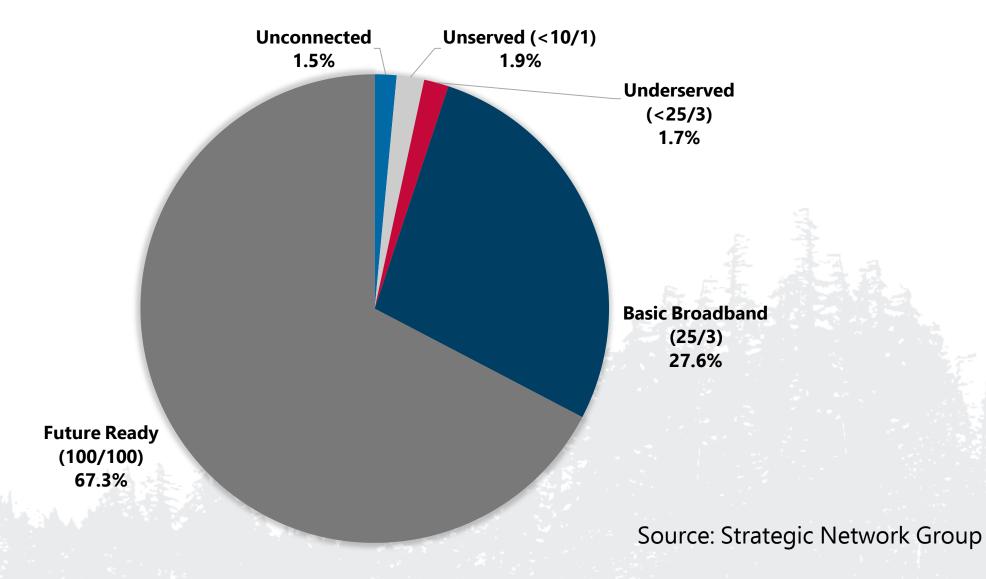


## **Digital Divide**





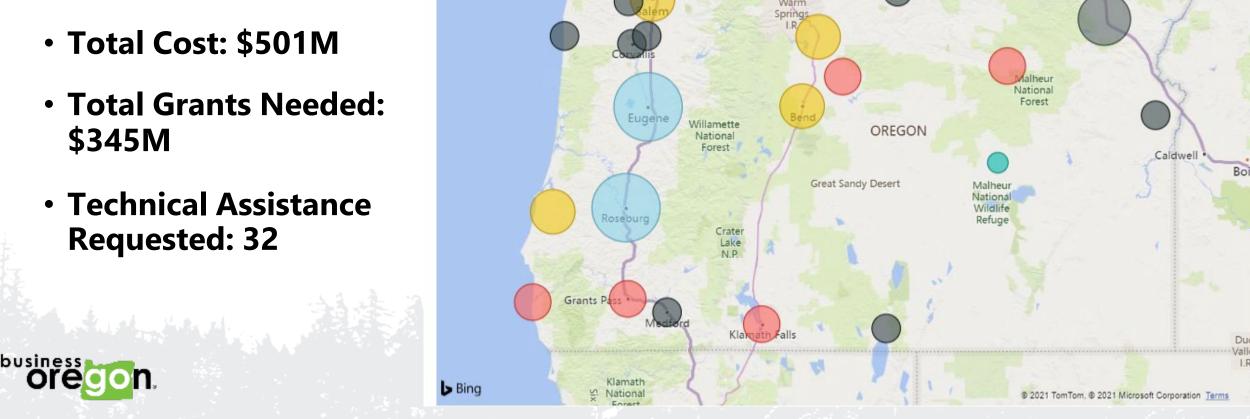
## Percent of Population by Speed Block





## **2021 Request** for Information

Total Projects: 78



Gresham

Moscow

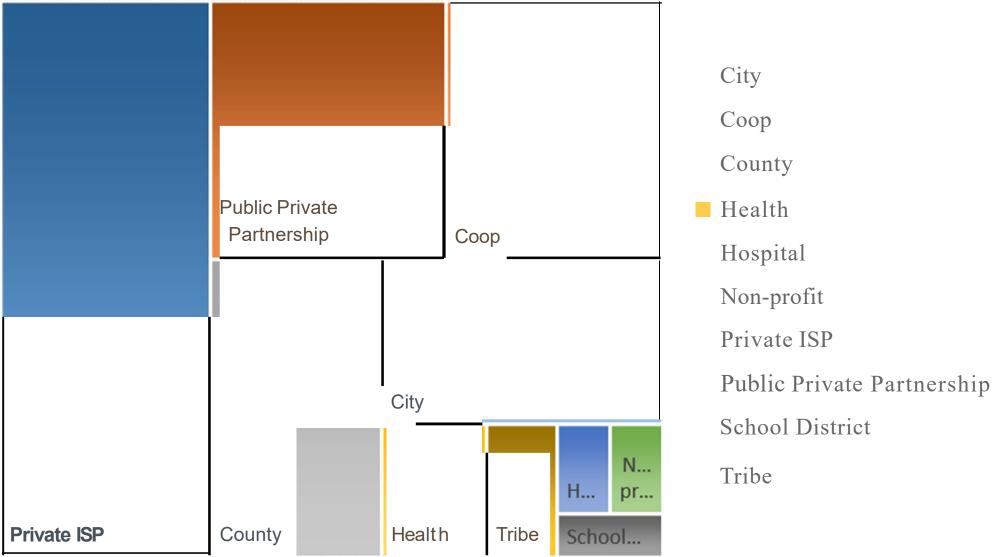
Walla Walla

Yakima

RFI Projects 2 by County/St and RFI Projects

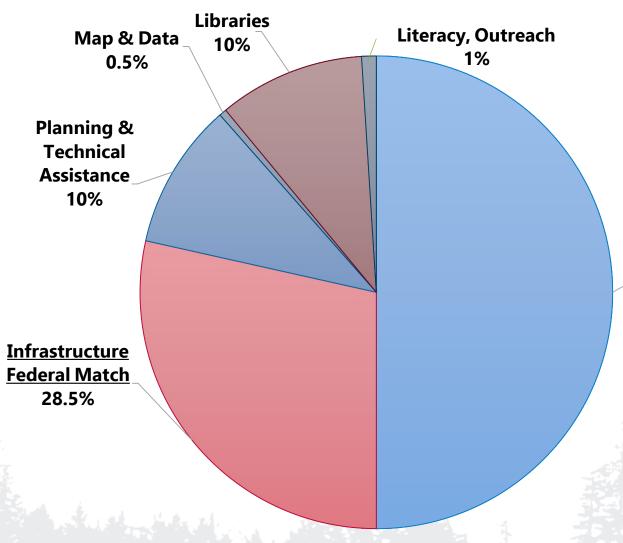


#### **Projects by Organization Type**





## **Investment Strategy**



**Budget: \$100M** 

Rural Capacity Improvement 50%

> By leveraging Federal funds, the potential impact of this investment could be \$185.5M



## **Application Approach**

#### **Connect:**

- Businesses
- Community Anchors
- Governments
- Homes
- Hospitals
- Libraries
- Schools

#### Quick Action

\$-\$\$

Open (decision in 45 day) Internal review process

Examples: conduit, match, small projects, emergency response, planning

# Capacity Projects

\$\$-\$\$\$

Annual (decision in 120 days)

**Review Committee Process** 

Criteria scoring

Examples: long-term infrastructure expansion (last & middle mile)





#### **Governor's Broadband Investment**

**Connecting Oregon Schools Fund** 

Rick Crager
Assistant Superintendent of Finance and Information Technology
April 21, 2021



**Governor's Budget Proposal** 

#### **Expanding Access to Broadband**

Regardless of income level or zip code, the pandemic has demonstrated that every child must have access to broadband internet connections and digital learning devices for distance learning. The Governor's budget includes a \$17.7 million investment of Lottery-Backed Bonds for expanding Internet connectivity in Oregon schools and maximizing the use of available federal resources.





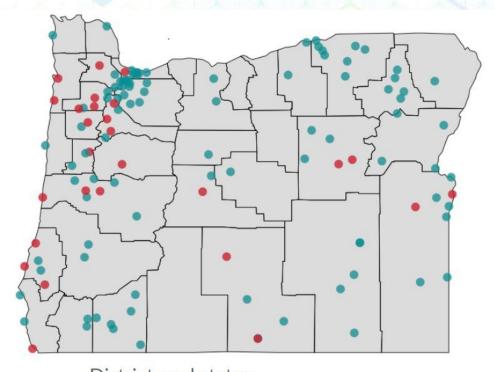
#### **Oregon Connectivity Snapshot**

- Federal Connectivity Goals
  - ✓ 100 kbps per student Internet bandwidth with a goal of 1 Mbps per student Internet bandwidth.
  - 1 Gbps for point to point district connectivity wide area networks.
- 78% of Oregon school districts meet the minimum 100 Kbps/student goals.
- 84% have WAN circuits at 1 Gbps or greater.
- 12% of schools are estimated to lack scalable infrastructure that enables capacity to meet every changing student needs.
- An estimated 48% of school districts may have at least one school not on fiber.





**Oregon Connectivity Snapshot** 



District goal status

- Meets 100 kbps per student
- Does not meet 100 kbps per student

78% of districts

**61%** of students

meet the minimum 100 kbps per student goal for bandwidth



**Connecting Oregon School Funds – Pilot (May 2016)** 

## May 2016 State Investment - \$199,571 Federal Funds Leveraged - \$1.95 million

| School District                     | Project<br>Cost | FCC<br>Discount | FCC<br>Funds | Original<br>Funding Gap | State GIA<br>Match | FCC<br>Increase | Final<br>Funding Gap |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Lake ESD (Paisley SD)               | \$1,419,500     | 70%             | \$993,650    | \$425,850               | \$141,950          | \$141,950       | \$141,950            |
| Columbia Gorge ESD (Sherman Co. SD) | \$223,481       | 77%             | \$172,080    | \$51,401                | \$22,348           | \$22,348        | \$6,704              |
| Columbia Gorge ESD (S. Wasco SD)    | \$32,680        | 77%             | \$25,164     | \$7,516                 | \$3,268            | \$3,268         | \$980                |
| Santiam Canyon SD                   | \$20,046        | 80%             | \$16,037     | \$4,009                 | \$2,005            | \$2,005         | \$0                  |
| Glendale SD                         | \$600,000       | 90%             | \$540,000    | \$60,000                | \$30,000           | \$30,000        | \$0                  |
| Total                               | \$2,295,707     |                 | \$1,746,931  | \$548,776               | \$199,571          | \$199,571       | \$149,635            |

- Five school districts located in very rural and remote areas of the state with districts less than 2,500 students.
- Every \$1 of state investment leveraged an additional \$12.50 for project cost.
- Included upgrades to aging fiber for up to 10 Gbps and updates from 30Mbps
   Microwave Internet to 10 Gbps per 1,000 users.



**Connecting Oregon School Funds – Pilot (October 2018)** 

## October 2018 State Investment - \$338,687 Federal Funds Leveraged - \$5.31 million

| School District               | Project<br>Cost | FCC<br>Discount | FCC<br>Funds | Original<br>Funding Gap | State GIA<br>Match | FCC<br>Increase | Final<br>Funding Gap |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| South Lane SD                 | \$1,068,167     | 80%             | \$854,534    | \$213,633               | \$106,817          | \$106,817       | \$0                  |
| Columbia Gorge ESD - Dufur SD | \$438,426       | 90%             | \$394,583    | \$43,843                | \$21,921           | \$21,921        | \$0                  |
| Imbler SD                     | \$45,000        | 80%             | \$36,000     | \$9,000                 | \$4,500            | \$4,500         | \$0                  |
| Huntington SD                 | \$3,300,000     | 90%             | \$2,970,000  | \$330,000               | \$165,000          | \$165,000       | \$0                  |
| Elgin SD                      | \$808,981       | 90%             | \$728,083    | \$80,898                | \$40,449           | \$40,449        | \$0                  |
| Total                         | \$5,660,574     |                 | \$4,983,200  | \$677,374               | \$338,687          | \$338,687       | \$0                  |

- Five school districts located in Union, Wasco, Baker, and remote areas of Lane.
- Every \$1 of state investment leveraged an additional \$15.71 for project cost.
- Nearly 84 miles of fiber constructed between Eastern Oregon schools.
- Leveraged ESD point to point connection from 30 Mbps to 1 Gbps



**Investment Versus Benefits** 

## **Connectivity Investments for Oregon Schools - \$17.7 million**



- ✓ Leverages an estimated \$70.8 million of additional local and federal resources for 40-60 school district projects focused on improving both school and wide area network connectivity.
- ✓ Incentizes school districts that have typically not applied for federal Erate funding due to inability to finance project funding gap.
- ✓ Provides access to communities that have been disproportionately impacted during the pandemic, including rural, Black, Indigenous, Latino, Latina, Latinx, Asian, Pacific Islander, Native American, and Tribal communities.
- Creates local and state economic stimulus related to increased construction activity.



## Oregon Department of Education Questions

#### **For More Information Contact:**

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## Connecting Oregonians: Broadband Assistance

- OHCS Policy Package 90 Broadband Assistance
  - \$6.4 million for an Urban Connectivity program to provide financial assistance to Oregonians
  - Partner with non-profit housing providers
  - Request for Proposals to explore different delivery mechanisms
- National interest in broadband support for affordable housing
- Dovetails with new assistance to low-income Oregonians, allows for new strategies

# Investor and Rating Agency Considerations for Broadband Initiative



## **ESG Concepts**



#### **ESG Concepts**

#### **Environmental**

- Climate Change
  - More extreme weather events, including flooding and drought
  - Exposure to wildfires
- Pollution
  - Impacts of carbon and other emissions

#### Social

- Health pandemics
  - COVID-19
  - Quality and equity of healthcare delivery
- Income inequality and related demographic trends
- Inequities in access to education
- Unaffordability and unequal distribution of government services

#### Governance

- Federal and state interface/dependence
- Management and policy
- Headline risk
- Social, civil, and racial unrest
- Deferred maintenance
- Legacy cost
- Business climate



#### **Evolution of ESG Investing**

- Increasingly, investors and credit rating agencies are incorporating ESG risk factors into their credit assessments
- ESG refers to risk factors that could affect the credit profile of an issuer and the long-term sustainability of an investment
- Socially responsible investing targets investments in projects that address ESG concerns; in some instances, it avoids or places a penalty on investing in projects that may increase ESG risk factors
  - Investors link long-term favorable investment performance to assets with fewer ESG risks or issuers actively managing ESG risks
  - Issuers with good ESG practices are less likely to experience a decline in credit quality and are likely to proactively implement policies to address ESG risks and adapt to a changing world



#### **Issuer Disclosure of ESG Risks and Mitigants**

State and local government disclosures will increasingly focus on ESG risk factors and long-range plans to address them:

#### Vulnerability Assessment

- Climate Change
- Social unrest
- Health/education disparity
- Workforce development and training
- Affordable housing/homelessness
- Internet connectivity/cyber attacks
- Drinking water/pollution
- Preparedness/Plans to Enhance Sustainability
- Progress Updates
  - Key Performance Indicators
  - Periodic reporting of progress relative to benchmarks



# Broadband and ESG Risk Factors



**COVID-19 Underscores Internet Connectivity** 

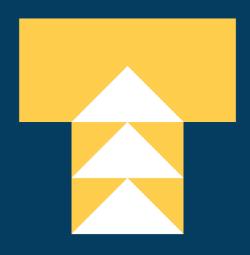
as an ESG Risk **HEALTHCARE EDUCATION** TRAINING AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT **CONSUMERISM** COMMUNICATION Broadband and technological connectivity are equity issues; they **FINANCIAL SERVICES** are essential to a functioning **ENTERTAINMENT** economy and are considered a "social" risk WORK AND INCOME GENERATION **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT SOCIAL INTERACTION** SERVICE DELIVERY: FOOD, TRANSPORTATION, SHOPPING



## **Broadband is a Major Component of Infrastructure**

- Technology has emerged as dominant infrastructure
  - Access to the internet is critical for economic development and progress
  - Communities or people without connectivity are significantly disadvantaged on many levels
- Broadband infrastructure is critical for economic activity and prosperity
  - Affords remote and/or underserved communities to become part of Main Street
- Poor or disenfranchised communities require training and technology to realize social and economic benefits of connectivity
- Measurements of broadband effectiveness include:
  - Reliability and speed of communication
  - Effectiveness in supporting key initiatives such as education
  - Quality of life improvements
  - Eliminating the distance between people and communities





#### OREGON STATE TREASURY

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