

The Origins of the Oregon Mortuary & Cemetery Board (OMCB)

In 1921, the Funeral Directors and Embalmers Board was created.

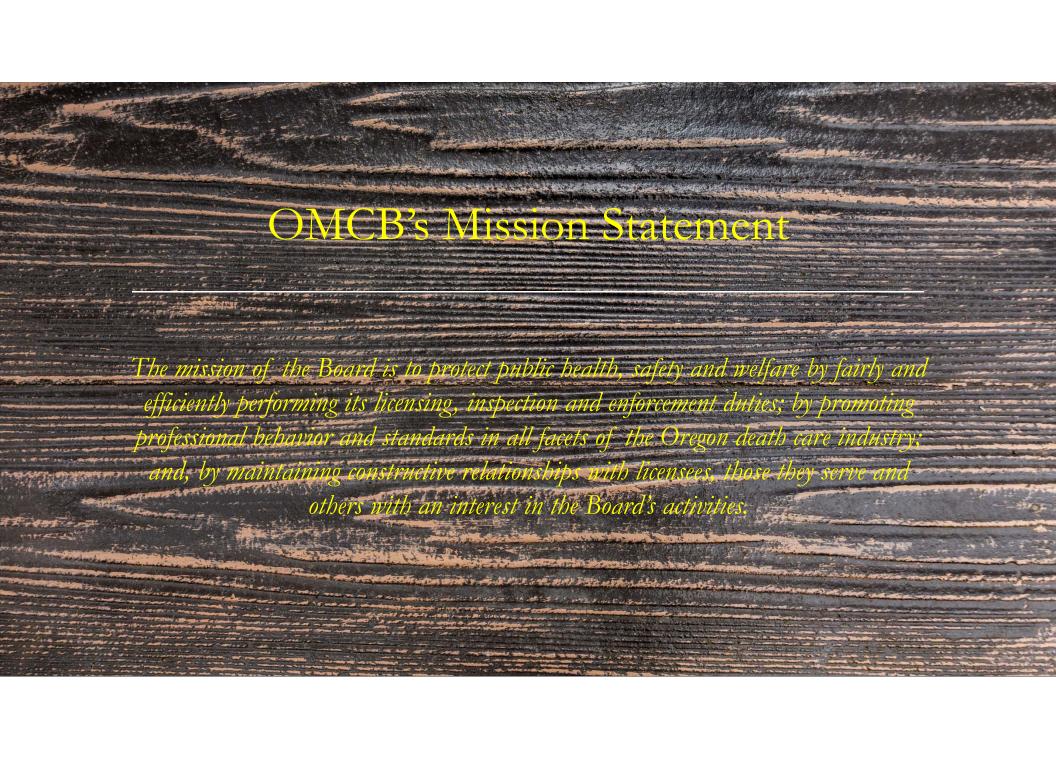
The name of the agency changed in 1983 to the State Mortuary Board.

The Board's name was changed again in 1985 (after a significant incident in Lincoln City) to the State Mortuary and Cemetery Board.

The Lincoln City incident had a profound impact on the community, the death care industry, the State of Oregon and this agency.

As a result of this incident, the agencia focus became Consumer Protection

During the 1985 legislative session, the **Death Laws Task Force** (comprised of Lincoln City renderes, industrictions of the laws relating to death care were revoluted.



Summary of OMCB's Programs

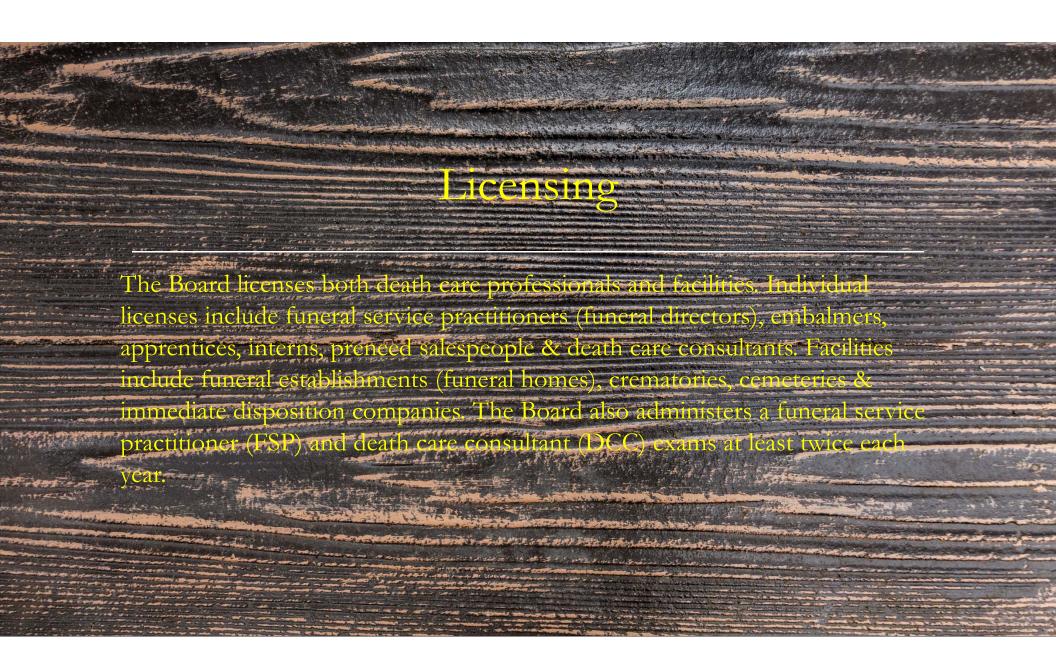
The Board's programs affect those who have suffered a loss, those who make final arrangements and those who provide death care merchandrse and services. It is the Board's responsibility to license and regulate the practice of individuals and facilities engaged in the care, preparation, processing, transportation and final disposition of human remains. The Board's licensees include funeral service practitioners (funeral directors), embalmers, apprentices, interns, death care consultants, funeral establishments, crematoriums, cemeteries and other facilities for final disposition of human remains.

The Board protects the public and the industry by promoting and enforcing compliance with statutes and rules established for that purpose printings through education.

Education as a Means of Enforcement

The Board serves as an informational resource for the public relating to death care options, other agencies, organizations, the media, as well as licensees.

Education is also one of the principal aims of the Board's inspection process. Inspectors invite questions and provide on-site technical assistance, as well as explaining the regulatory basis for any noted deficiencies. Finally, the Board provides registration for prospective funeral service practitioners and embalmers, and also provides the examinations for licensure for funeral service practitioners and death care consultants.





	License Types Issued	2007 - 2009	2009 - 2011	2011 - 2013	2013 - 2015	2015 - 2017	2017 - 2019	2019 – 2021 (as of Dec. 2020)
	Initial Individual Licenses: Apprentice/Trainee, Combination, Death Care Consultant, Embalmer, Funeral Service Practitioner, Intern & Preneed Salesperson	432	417	435	476	375	349	290
	Initial Facility Licenses: Alternative Disposition Company, Cemetery Authority, Crematory Authority, Funeral Establishment, Immediate Disposition Company & Removal Company (Washington)	112	216	80	65	65	39	30
	Individual Renewals: Apprentice/Trainee, Combination, Death Care Consultant, Embalmer, Funeral Service Practitioner & Preneed Salesperson	1,352	1,264	1,289	1,260	1,101	1,121	801
	Facility Renewals: Alternative Disposition Company, Cemetery Authority, Crematory Authority, Funeral Establishment, Immediate Disposition Company	707	717	711	726	753	748	197
4	Total Licenses Issued	2,603	2,614	2,515	2,527	2,294	2,257	1,318



The Board inspects all death care facilities at least once each biennium. The Board takes a preventative approach to investigations, preferring to educate licensees when in the filed in order to prevent violations. With the exception of egregious or continual violations, deficiencies are noted during routine inspections rarely lead to formal disciplinary action.

ORS 676-165 requires the Board to conduct an investigation upon receipt of a complaint by any person against a licensee or applicant. The Board may also initiate an investigation upon its own manual to the Board's successing authority is discretionary.



As stated in the 2021-23 Governor's Budger (Page 214)

The Governor's Budget for the Oregon Mortuary and Cemetery Board is \$1.4 million total funds. The budget is reflective of the board receiving its first year of funding under the current structure of the Health Related Licensing Board and the second year of funding operating under the structure of the Oregon Llealth Authority's Health Licensing Office. The Board will retain its current authority, oversight, and structures however, it will administratively operate in the Health Licensing Office. This hudget funds seven positions, which represents no change from the 2019-24 Legislaturely Appeared Budget Additionally, the budget supports travel resources for investigators.

Summary of Proposed Legislation Historical Background of the Indigent Disposition Program (IDP) Fund

Historical Background of the IDP Fund:

The purpose of the Indigent Disposition Program is to provide funeral establishments and intimediate disposition companies with reinflursement for costs incurred while providing services for the disposition of indigent decedents. The Indigent Disposition Program has been in existence since the Oregon-State-Logislature assigned responsibility for reinflursement to the Public Health Division of the Oregon Health Authority in 1993. Prior to that legislation, these portsibility for paring the indigent disposition fell solely to the appropriate county. In 2015, the Oregon Legislature reworked the requirements of the program, moving management to the Oregon Mortuary & Commercy Board (OMCB) and amending the required process that a functal establishment or immediate disposition company must complete prior to performing final disposition of an indigent decedent. These changes went into effect on January 1, 2016.

Not every state has implemented a program like the Indigent Disposition Program. In every state adjacent to Oregon, the respective county is responsible for payment of each indigent decedent's disposition; which may or have funds, and may or may not have requirements regarding the elected of Steeleney in the county Owerally for which had made supported from an age funds similar to this one.

The maximum reimbursement rate for Indigent Pispoviton Program reimbursement is \$200 per approved claim. This rate is posted on OMCB's website, and notification of any rate changes are publicated.

Only a funeral establishment of annaediate disposition company upoli, for combine on on the IDP level. Individuals acting as funeral service practitioners for the purposes of home burnesses, not clientle-to-receive hunds:

Summary of Proposed Legislation. How the IDP Fund is Currently Funded

The IDP Fund receives its revenue from the

- (1) The State Mortuary and Cemetery Board shall impose and collect a filing fee of \$20 for each report of death a shall deposit the total amount of the fee collected to the credit of the State Mortuary and Cemetery Board Account established under ORS 692.375. Of the fee, at least \$6 must be used by the board to carry out the purposes of Ol 97.170 (5). The board shall use the remainder of the fee in the same manner as other funds credited to the account under ORS 692.375.
- (2) The board shall adopt sules regarding the use of the fee described in subsection (1) of this section and seconder historical data related to expenditures made for the purposes of carrying an ORS 97-170 (5) and Expenditures relating to the administration of the jee may not execut five percent of the moneys collected.

 Therefore, ONEB receives \$20 (death thing tee) for cacheleath and allocates the amount a

- 60 is paid to the IDP Fund, and
 614 is paid to OMCB's agency budget account—this is the main

Summary of Proposed Legislation. Circumstances Requiring Legislation

Early in 2020, our agency determined that the IDP Fund was running at a deficit—due to an unforeseen increase of IDP reimbursement claims paid during 2020 – and would not be sustainable unless additional funds were immediately contributed or the claim reimbursement amount was significantly reduced.

Once we made this determination, our Board, Policy Advisor and CFO worked collaboratively to address the situation immediately and to easure that this wouldn't happen again in the future.

Based on the immediate situation, unfortunately, the Board had to make the difficult decision to reduce the reimbursement amount from \$500 to \$20 for the month of June.

However, after carefully and thoughtfully considering many options, the Board made the decision to allocate aspection of its reserve account to temporarily fund the IDP reimbursements for the remainder of 2020 - and we was able to restore the \$500 reimbursement amount beginning in July

To address this issue longer-term, the Board submitted a legislative concept – now HB 2120. — Which a spaces to increase the death filing fee from \$20 to \$30. The addition \$10 would be entirely allocated to the 10P band.

Grant the current projections, the **STU Substitution of the IDP** fund is sustainable through 2026 – at that time the Board will need to review the current financial situation of the IDP Fund and make appropriate changes, if necessary.

Indigent Disposition Program (IDP) Fund. 2019-20 IDP Claims by Region

Indigent Claims by Region	Claims Received in 2019	% of Total Claims in 2019	Claims Received in 2020	% of Total Claims in 2020	Total Received for Both Years	Avg. % of Total For Both Years	Pop. Of Region (Census est. 2020)	Region % of Total Oregon Pop.	Deaths By Region (2020)	Claims as % of Deaths (2020)
Region 1: Portland Metro (Clackamas, Hood River, Multnomah and Washington Counties)	224	43%	224	44%	447	43%	1,901,795	45%	12,726	1.75%
Region 2: Willamette Valley, North and Mid- Coast (Clatsop, Columbia, Tillamook, Yamhill, Polk, Marion, Lincoln, Linn, Benton and Lane Counties)	196	37%	192	37%	383	37%	1,312,450	31%	11,817	1.58%
Region 3: Southern Oregon and South Coast (Douglas, Curry, Coos, Josephine and Jackson Counties)	90	17%	82	16%	171	17%	508,650	12%	6,332	1.27%
Region 4: Central Oregon (Wasco, Sherman, Gilliam, Jefferson, Wheeler, Crook, Deschutes, Lake and Klamath Counties)	10	1%	10	2%	20	2%	353,230	8%	3,216	0.3%
Region 5: Eastern Oregon (Morrow, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Baker, Grant, Harney and Malheur Counties)	7	2%	3	1%	10	1%	191,930	4%	1,916	0.15%
Oregon Total	527	100%	511	100%	1,031	100%	4,268,055	100%	36,007	1.4%



	IDP Claim Reimbursement Status (as of 1/25/2021)	Claims Received in 2020	Percentage of Total 2020	Claims Received in 2019	Percentage of Total
	Paid	302	59.33%	494	93.74%
	Approved and Processing	155	30.06%	0	0
	Application Incomplete: Additional information requested, but not yet received	27	6.08%	0	0
	Application Incomplete, Funeral Home Unresponsive to Request for Additional Information	1	0.2%	1	0.19%
-	Withdrawn	21	4.13%	23	4.36%
	Denied	5	0.20%	9	1.71%
	Grand Total	511	100%	527	100%

The End

- "A little consideration, a little thought for others, makes all the difference."
- Eeyore/A.A. Milne