# **CMS Direction on Bridge Program Phasing**

Bridge Program Task Force May 24, 2022

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## **Key terms**

### Basic Health Program (BHP)

 Section 1331 of the ACA creates a pathway for states to offer Medicaidlike coverage under a BHP to people <200% FPL who are not eligible for Medicaid but are eligible for Marketplace tax credits

#### BHP-like coverage

 Coverage similar to BHP coverage that is accomplished through a mechanism other than Section 1331

### Optionality

 Enabling consumers to choose between BHP-like coverage and subsidized Marketplace coverage

## Vision for Bridge Program – Member Experience

Adults with income 138-200% FPL stay in their CCOs.

Little-to-no costs for enrollees

Plan covers robust set of benefits

Choice between Basic Health Program and subsidized Marketplace coverage



# **HB 4035 Direction for Bridge Program**

- Prioritize health equity
- Minimize costs to enrollees
- Medicaid-like coverage through CCOs
- Consider offering choice between BHP & marketplace plans
- Maximize federal funding
- Phased implementation
  - Phase 1: Coverage focused on people leaving Medicaid during PHE unwinding
  - Phase 2: Full implementation to 138-200% FPL population



House Bill 4035 requires the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) to pursue three potential options for federal authority and financing of Oregon's bridge plan.

#### **Section 1115 Waiver**

Also known as **Medicaid Demonstration Waivers**, 1115 waivers

offer states an avenue to test new
approaches in Medicaid.

#### Section 1331

Section 1331 of the ACA enables states to establish a Basic Health Program (BHP) for individuals not eligible for Medicaid with household incomes under 200% FPL.

#### **Section 1332 Waiver**

Also known as a **State Innovation Waiver,** states can use 1332 waivers
to waive certain ACA Marketplace
requirements and capture federal
savings, if any, for state purposes.



### 1115 Medicaid Demonstration Waiver

State-specific changes to Medicaid are accomplished through an 1115 Medicaid Demonstration Waiver

 Requires the state to contribute 40% which is inconsistent with the budget goals of HB 4035



### Section 1331

Section 1331 of the ACA provides a clear pathway for states to offer Medicaid-like coverage to people 138-200% FPL through a **Basic Health Program.** 

- Per-capita funding formula maximizes federal contribution and does not put the state at financial risk for increased enrollment.
- Once approved, BHP authority remains in place unless withdrawn by the state.

#### BUT

Requires people 138-200% FPL to move from the Marketplace to the BHP



### 1332 State Innovation Waiver

 Could allow people 138-200% FPL to choose between a Bridge Program offered by CCOs and getting Marketplace coverage with tax credits

#### BUT

- Requires a state-based marketplace which is not feasible before 2025
- Places onus on consumer to determine their churn-point
- Aggregate spending cap creates financial risks to state
- Legal issues may preclude OR from limiting the program to 138-200% FPL
- Waiver must be renewed every 3-5 years



### Each Waiver Pathway Faces Different Risks and Challenges





## **CMS** direction on phasing

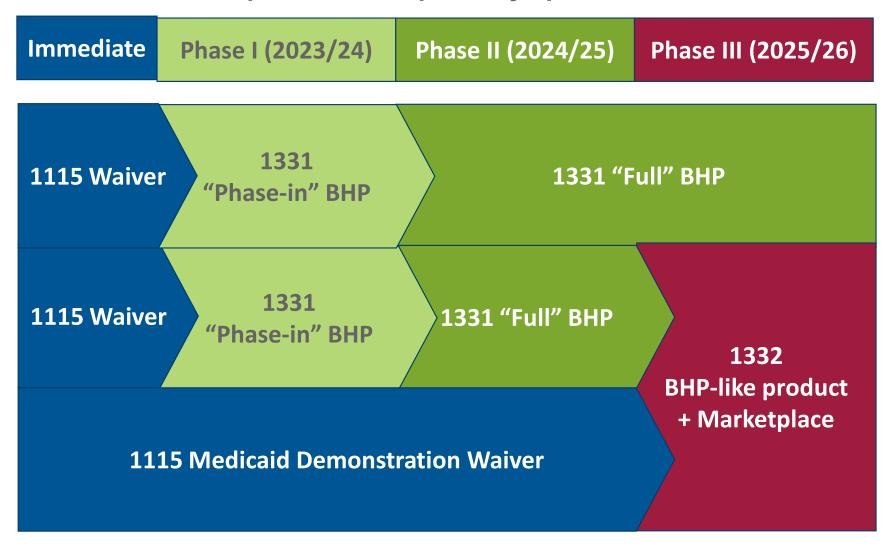
Phase 0: Expand OHP in the immediate term

Phase 1: Basic Health Plan for OHP enrollees losing coverage

Phase 2: Full Basic Health Plan for everyone 138-200% FPL

Phase 3: Enable choice between BHP and Marketplace

### Potential implementation pathways per CMS feedback



### 0. Expand OHP in the immediate term

- Temporarily cover OHP enrollees 138-200% FPL losing coverage during redeterminations (2022)
- Coverage through CCOs with OHP benefit
- Temporary 1115 waiver in the immediate short term
  - 40% state match included in 2021/2022 budget

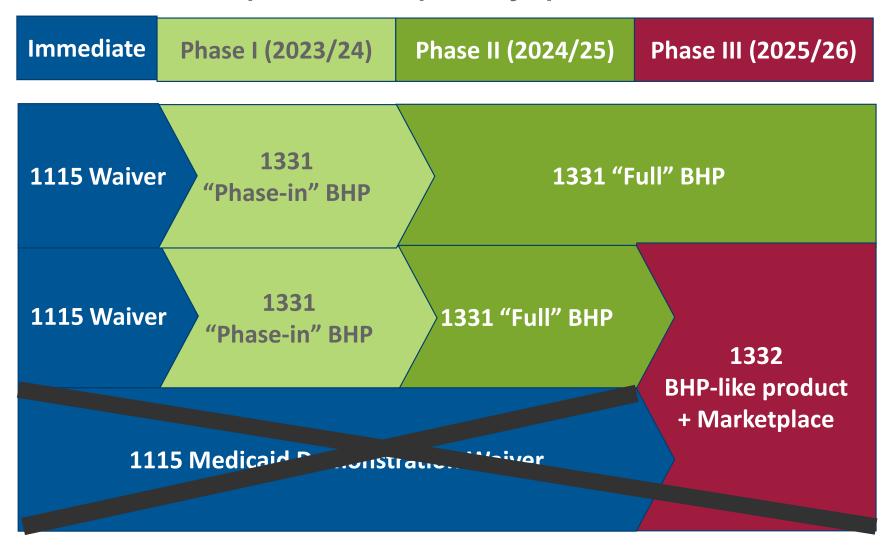


## 1. BHP for OHP enrollees losing coverage

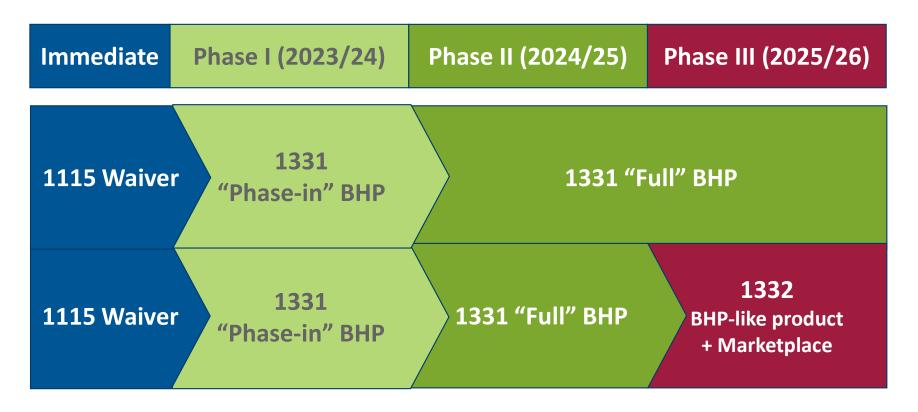
- Temporarily cover OHP enrollees 138-200% FPL for a transitional period following redeterminations (2022 – 2023)
- Implement a temporary Basic Health Plan (BHP) through section 1331
  - This would only be permitted with a state commitment to implementing a full BHP in Phase 2
- Technically this could be accomplished by a longer term temporary 1115, but this is inconsistent with the budget goals of HB 4035



### Potential implementation pathways per CMS feedback



### Viable pathways to a Bridge Program

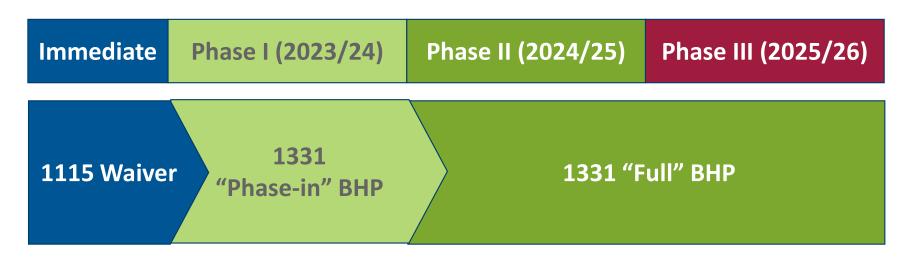


### 2. Full Basic Health Program

- Full BHP implementation means eventually requiring people 138-200% FPL to move from the Marketplace to the BHP (2024 – 2025)
- The fully implemented BHP could be temporary, but it needs to be fully implemented in Phase 2 before pursuing Phase 3
- This would NOT require development of a state-based marketplace
  - The Federally Facilitated Marketplace could support a full BHP



## **Full Basic Health Program**



Who is covered by the BHP?

People 138-200% FPL who lose OHP

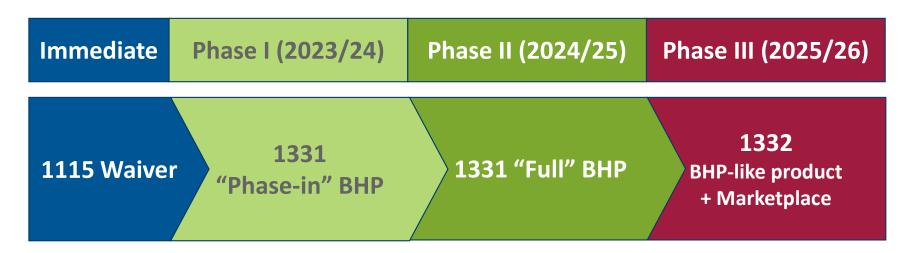
**Everyone 138-200% FPL seeking ACA coverage** 

### 3. Choice between BHP and Marketplace

- Pursue path to enable eligible people to choose between a BHP-like product and subsidized marketplace plans (2025 2026)
  - Legal issues may preclude OR from limiting program to 138-200%FPL
  - Places onus on consumer to determine their churn-point
- Requires a state-based marketplace to facilitate consumer choice
  - State-based marketplace not operational before 2025
- 1332 waiver
  - Aggregate spending cap creates financial risks to state



# **Pursuing "optionality"**



### Who is covered by the BHP?

People 138-200% FPL who lose OHP

Everyone 138-200% FPL seeking ACA coverage

Choose BHP

Choose BHP

Choose Marketplace

## What is the path forward now?

**Immediate** 

Phase I (2023/24)

Phase II (2024/25)

Phase III (2025/26)

1115 Waiver

1331
"Phase-in" BHP

1331 "Full" BHP

1331 "Full" BHP

Implement SBM to pursue optionality

## **Thank You**

