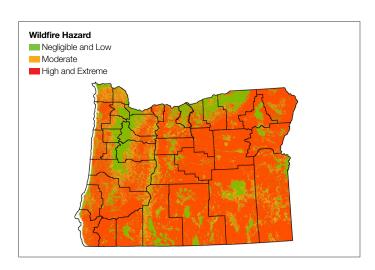
## FireLine® State Risk Report – Oregon

Wildfire Risk at a Glance				
Number of Housing Units <sup>1</sup>	1,675,600			
Number and Percentage of Housing Units at High and Extreme Risk	151,400 9%			
Number of Acres Burned in 2018 <sup>2</sup>	897,300			
Largest Historical Wildfire <sup>2</sup>	Long Draw (2012) 557,600 acres burned			
Sources: 1. U.S. 2010 Census, 2. National Interagency Fire Center (NIFC)				



According to U.S. Census data, Oregon has 1,675,600 housing units. The following is a breakdown of the percentage and number of housing units broken out into the low, moderate, and high wildfire risk categories.

Negligible	Negligible and Low Moderate		Negligible and Low		erate	High and	Extreme
Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number		
70%	1,167,800	21%	356,400	9%	151,400		

Top five counties by number of housing units in high and extreme wildfire risk categories			
Jackson	33,100		
Deschutes	21,400		
Josephine	20,500		
Douglas	12,400		
Klamath	6,300		

Top five counties by highest concentration of housing units in high and extreme wildfire risk categories				
Wheeler	61%			
Josephine	54%			
Union	54%			
Grant	50%			
Wallowa	46%			

The data compiled in this report is only an indication of risk. All figures are rounded. Actual risk for an insurer depends on the location of the individual property and its wildfire risk attributes. For underwriting purposes, FireLine® provides a wildfire hazard score ranging from 0 (negligible) to 30 (extreme) for each property analyzed.

The numbers of housing units indicated above are derived from the latest information on address locations and existing U.S. Census information.

FireLine evaluates wildfire risk at the address level. The service uses advanced remote sensing and digital mapping technology to assess the primary factors that contribute to wildfire risk—fuel, slope, and road access—to determine the wildfire hazard score.

For more information on FireLine, call 1-800-888-4476 or visit verisk.com/wildfire.

