SB 830-1 (LC 1691) 3/18/19 (CDT/ps)

Requested by SENATE COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 830

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, delete lines 4 through 21 and delete pages 2 2 through 4 and insert:

<u>SECTION 1.</u> Section 2 of this 2019 Act is added to and made a part
of ORS chapter 471.

5 "<u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) As used in this section, 'American viticultural
6 area' means a delimited grape growing region approved under 27
7 C.F.R. part 9.

"(2) If a wine label bears the name of an American viticultural area
that is located in this state and uses a single grape variety as a type
designation, the Oregon Liquor Control Commission may require that:
"(a) At least 95 percent of the wine, by volume, be derived from the
grape variety that is used on the label as the type designation; and
"(b) The percentage and pame of each grape variety used he listed

"(b) The percentage and name of each grape variety used be listed
on the label as provided under 27 C.F.R. part 4.

15 "(3) The commission shall adopt rules identifying American 16 viticultural areas for which the labeling requirements described in 17 subsection (2) of this section apply. The commission shall, at a mini-18 mum, adopt rules to make the labeling requirements applicable to 19 wines bearing the name of the Willamette Valley viticultural area that 20 use Pinot noir as a type designation. For all other American 21 viticultural areas, the commission shall solicit and consider recommendations by Oregon winemaking industry associations associated with an American viticultural area before determining whether to identify the area by rule under this subsection. The commission may classify one or more grape varieties within an identified American viticultural area to be an exempt variety as provided under subsection (4) of this section.

"(4) Except as provided in this subsection, if the commission iden-7 tifies an American viticultural area by rule under subsection (3) of this 8 section, the commission may classify one or more grape varieties used 9 as a type designation within that area as an exempt variety. The 10 commission may not classify Pinot noir grapes as an exempt variety. 11 A wine that uses an exempt variety as a type designation on its label 12is not subject to the labeling restriction in subsection (2) of this sec-13 tion. However, at least 75 percent of the wine, by volume, must be 14 derived from the exempt variety of grape as provided under 27 C.F.R. 15part 4. The commission shall solicit and consider recommendations by 16 Oregon winemaking industry associations regarding whether a grape 17 variety should be classified as an exempt variety. 18

"(5) Except as provided under subsections (2) to (4) of this section, if a wine label bears the name of an American viticultural area that is located in this state and uses a single grape variety as a type designation:

"(a) At least 90 percent of the wine, by volume, must be derived
from the grape variety used as the type designation; and

25 "(b) The percentage and name of each grape variety used must be
26 listed on the label as provided under 27 C.F.R. part 4.

"(6)(a) The commission may adopt rules allowing a variance or exemption from labeling requirements under subsection (2) of this section to allow a winemaker to make use of an existing stock of labels.
"(b) The commission may not assess a penalty for failure to list a

wine variety on a label under subsection (2) of this section if the unlisted grape variety is less than one percent of the wine.

3 "SECTION 3. Section 2 of this 2019 Act applies to labels on wine
4 bottled on or after January 1, 2023.

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"<u>SECTION 4.</u> Section 2 of this 2019 Act is amended to read:

"Sec. 2. (1) As used in this section, 'American viticultural area' means
a delimited grape growing region approved under 27 C.F.R. part 9.

"(2) If a wine label bears the name of an American viticultural area that is located in this state and uses a single grape variety as a type designation, the Oregon Liquor Control Commission may require that the wine be made entirely from the grape variety that is used on the label as the type designation.[:]

"[(a) At least 95 percent of the wine, by volume, be derived from the grape
 variety that is used on the label as the type designation; and]

"[(b) The percentage and name of each grape variety used be listed on the
label as provided under 27 C.F.R. part 4.]

"(3) The commission shall adopt rules identifying American viticultural 17 areas for which the labeling requirements described in subsection (2) of this 18 section apply. The commission shall, at a minimum, adopt rules to make the 19 labeling requirements applicable to wines bearing the name of the 20Willamette Valley viticultural area that use Pinot noir as a type designation. 21For all other American viticultural areas, the commission shall solicit and 22consider recommendations by Oregon winemaking industry associations as-23sociated with an American viticultural area before determining whether to 24identify the area by rule under this subsection. The commission may classify 25one or more grape varieties within an identified American viticultural area 26to be an exempt variety as provided under subsection (4) of this section or 27a nonexclusive variety as provided under subsection (5) of this 28section. 29

³⁰ "(4) Except as provided in this subsection, if the commission identifies an

American viticultural area by rule under subsection (3) of this section, the 1 commission may classify one or more grape varieties used as a type desig- $\mathbf{2}$ nation within that area as an exempt variety. The commission may not 3 classify Pinot noir grapes as an exempt variety. A wine that uses an exempt 4 variety as a type designation on its label is not subject to the labeling re- $\mathbf{5}$ striction in subsection (2) of this section. However, at least 75 percent of the 6 wine, by volume, must be derived from the exempt variety of grape as pro-7 vided under 27 C.F.R. part 4. The commission shall solicit and consider rec-8 ommendations by Oregon winemaking industry associations regarding 9 whether a grape variety should be classified as an exempt variety. 10

"(5) Except as provided in this subsection, if the commission iden-11 tifies an American viticultural area by rule under subsection (3) of this 12section, the commission may classify one or more grape varieties used 13 as a type designation within that area as a nonexclusive variety. The 14 commission may not classify Pinot noir grapes as a nonexclusive va-15riety. A wine that uses a nonexclusive variety as a type designation 16 on its label is not subject to the labeling restriction in subsection (2) 17 of this section. However, at least 95 percent of the wine, by volume, 18 must be derived from the exempt variety of grape as provided under 19 27 C.F.R. part 4. The percentage and name of each grape variety used 20must be listed on the label as provided under 27 C.F.R. part 4. The 21commission shall solicit and consider recommendations by Oregon 22winemaking industry associations regarding whether a grape variety 23should be classified as a nonexclusive variety. 24

"[(5)] (6) Except as provided under subsections (2) to [(4)] (5) of this section, if a wine label bears the name of an American viticultural area that
is located in this state and uses a single grape variety as a type designation:
"(a) At least 90 percent of the wine, by volume, must be derived from the
grape variety used as the type designation; and

30 "(b) The percentage and name of each grape variety used must be listed

SB 830-1 3/18/19 Proposed Amendments to SB 830 1 on the label as provided under 27 C.F.R. part 4.

"[(6)(a)] (7)(a) The commission may adopt rules allowing a variance or
exemption from labeling requirements under subsection (2) of this section to
allow a winemaker to make use of an existing stock of labels.

5 "[(b) The commission may not assess a penalty for failure to list a wine 6 variety on a label under subsection (2) of this section if the unlisted grape 7 variety is less than one percent of the wine.]

6 "(b) The commission may not assess a civil penalty for a violation 9 of subsection (2) of this section if the violation results from the pres-10 ence of rogue vines in a vineyard and at least 99 percent of the wine 11 produced from grapes grown in that vineyard is from the grape variety 12 used as a type designation.

"<u>SECTION 5.</u> The amendments to section 2 of this 2019 Act by sec tion 4 of this 2019 Act become operative January 1, 2030, and apply to
 labels on wine bottled on or after that date.

"SECTION 6. (1) The Oregon Liquor Control Commission shall ap-16 point an advisory committee to assist the commission in developing 17 rules to carry out section 2 of this 2019 Act. The commission shall 18 ensure that members of the advisory committee are persons having 19 expertise in the production and labeling of Oregon wines. To the ex-20tent practicable, the commission shall appoint advisory committee 21members from the various wine growing areas of this state in pro-22portion to the relative acreage in those areas used for wine grape 23production. In making appointments to the advisory committee, the 24commission shall consider nominees of Oregon winemaking industry 25associations or other organizations related to the winemaking indus-2627try.

"(2) The duties of the advisory committee shall include, at a mini mum, developing recommendations to the commission regarding:

³⁰ "(a) Standards for a winery to request, and for the commission to

1 approve, the use of existing stocks of labels;

"(b) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, American viticultural
areas for which the label requirements of section 2 (2) of this 2019 Act
should apply, including but not limited to recommendations regarding
any American viticultural areas that extend across state lines;

6 "(c) Which grape varieties should receive classification under sec7 tion 2 of this 2019 Act as exempt varieties;

"(d) Which grape varieties should, when the classification becomes
 available, receive classification under section 2 of this 2019 Act as
 nonexclusive varieties;

"(e) Appropriate standards for labels of single-variety wines that
 are not subject to section 2 of this 2019 Act; and

13 "(f) A penalty schedule for violations of section 2 of this 2019 Act.

"(3) The advisory committee shall solicit and consider recommendations by Oregon winemaking industry associations associated with an American viticultural area before the advisory committee may recommend to the commission that an area be subject to the labeling requirements described in section 2 (2) of this 2019 Act.

"SECTION 7. The Oregon Liquor Control Commission shall adopt rules establishing a penalty schedule for violations of section 2 of this 2019 Act. The commission shall complete the adoption of an initial penalty schedule under this section in time for the penalties to take effect January 1, 2023.

24 "SECTION 8. The Oregon Liquor Control Commission shall report 25 to an interim committee of the Legislative Assembly relating to busi-26 ness in the manner provided under ORS 192.245 no later than Septem-27 ber 15, 2020, regarding the recommendations made by the advisory 28 committee described in section 6 of this 2019 Act and the status of 29 commission rule adoption proceedings under sections 2 and 7 of this 30 2019 Act. "SECTION 9. Section 6 of this 2019 Act is repealed on January 2,
 2024.

<u>SECTION 10.</u> Section 7 of this 2019 Act is repealed on January 2,
 2024. The repeal of section 7 of this 2019 Act by this section does not
 affect the validity of any rules adopted under section 7 of this 2019 Act.
 <u>SECTION 11.</u> This 2019 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the

7 date on which the 2019 regular session of the Eightieth Legislative
8 Assembly adjourns sine die.".

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