

HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 2005

By COMMITTEE ON RULES

June 14

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, after “ORS” delete the rest of the line and insert “410.619,
2 657.100, 657.471, 659A.162 and”.

3 Delete lines 6 through 19 and delete pages 2 through 15 and insert:

4 **“SECTION 1. Legislative Findings. The Legislative Assembly finds that:**

5 **“(1) Employees experience a variety of caregiving obligations that interfere with work
6 time.**

7 **“(2) It is in the public interest to create a family and medical leave insurance program
8 to provide to employees and certain other individuals compensated time off from work to
9 care for and bond with a child during the first year after the child’s birth or arrival through
10 adoption or foster care, to provide care for a family member who has a serious health con-
11 dition or to recover from an employee’s or an individual’s own serious health condition.**

12 **“SECTION 2. Definitions. As used in sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act:**

13 **“(1) ‘Alternate base year’ means the last four completed calendar quarters preceding the
14 benefit year.**

15 **“(2) ‘Average weekly wage’ means the amount calculated by the Employment Department
16 as the state average weekly covered wage under ORS 657.150 (4)(d) as determined not more
17 than once per year.**

18 **“(3) ‘Base year’ means the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters pre-
19 ceding the benefit year.**

20 **“(4) ‘Benefits’ means family and medical leave insurance benefits.**

21 **“(5) ‘Benefit year’ means the 12-month period as determined by the Director of the Em-
22 ployment Department by rule under section 33 of this 2019 Act.**

23 **“(6) ‘Child’ means:**

24 **“(a) A biological child, adopted child, stepchild or foster child of a covered individual or
25 of the covered individual’s spouse or domestic partner;**

26 **“(b) A person who is or was a legal ward of a covered individual or of the covered
27 individual’s spouse or domestic partner; or**

28 **“(c) A person who is or was in a relationship of in loco parentis with a covered individual
29 or with the covered individual’s spouse or domestic partner.**

30 **“(7) ‘Contribution’ or ‘contributions’ means the money payments made by any of the
31 following under section 16 of this 2019 Act:**

32 **“(a) An employer;**

33 **“(b) An eligible employee;**

34 **“(c) A self-employed individual;**

35 **“(d) A tribal government; or**

1 “(e) An employee of a tribal government.

2 “(8) ‘Covered individual’ means any one of the following who qualifies to receive family
3 and medical leave insurance benefits:

4 “(a) An eligible employee;

5 “(b) A self-employed individual; or

6 “(c) An employee of a tribal government.

7 “(9) ‘Domestic partner’ means an individual joined in a domestic partnership.

8 “(10) ‘Domestic partnership’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 106.310.

9 “(11) ‘Eligible employee’ means:

10 “(a)(A) An employee who has earned at least \$1,000 in wages during the base year; or

11 “(B) If an employee has not earned at least \$1,000 in wages during the base year, an
12 employee who has earned at least \$1,000 in wages during the alternate base year; and

13 “(b) Who may apply for paid family and medical leave insurance benefits under section
14 3 of this 2019 Act.

15 “(12) ‘Eligible employee’s average weekly wage’ means an amount calculated by the Di-
16 rector of the Employment Department by dividing the total wages earned by an eligible em-
17 ployee during the base year by the number of weeks in the base year.

18 “(13)(a) ‘Employee’ means:

19 “(A) An individual performing services for an employer for remuneration or under any
20 contract of hire, written or oral, express or implied.

21 “(B) A home care worker as defined in ORS 410.600.

22 “(b) ‘Employee’ does not include:

23 “(A) An independent contractor as defined in ORS 670.600.

24 “(B) A participant in a work training program administered under a state or federal as-
25 sistance program.

26 “(C) A participant in a work-study program that provides students in secondary or
27 postsecondary educational institutions with employment opportunities for financial assist-
28 ance or vocational training.

29 “(D) A railroad worker exempted under the federal Railroad Unemployment Insurance
30 Act.

31 “(E) A volunteer.

32 “(14)(a) ‘Employer’ means any person that employs one or more employees working
33 anywhere in this state or any agent or employee of such person to whom the duties of the
34 person under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act have been delegated.

35 “(b) ‘Employer’ includes:

36 “(A) A political subdivision of this state or any county, city, district, authority or public
37 corporation, or any instrumentality of a county, city, district, authority or public corpo-
38 ration, organized and existing under law or charter;

39 “(B) An individual;

40 “(C) Any type of organization, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, asso-
41 ciation, trust, estate, joint stock company or insurance company;

42 “(D) Any successor in interest to an entity described in subparagraph (C) of this para-
43 graph;

44 “(E) A trustee, trustee in bankruptcy or receiver; or

45 “(F) A trustee or legal representative of a deceased person.

1 “(c) ‘Employer’ does not include the federal government or a tribal government.
2 “(15) ‘Employment agency’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 658.005.
3 “(16) ‘Family and medical leave insurance benefits’ means the wage replacement benefits
4 that are available to a covered individual under section 7 of this 2019 Act or under the terms
5 of an employer plan approved under section 43 of this 2019 Act, for family leave, medical
6 leave or safe leave.
7 “(17)(a) ‘Family leave’ means leave from work taken by a covered individual:
8 “(A) To care for and bond with a child during the first year after the child’s birth or
9 during the first year after the placement of the child through foster care or adoption; or
10 “(B) To care for a family member with a serious health condition.
11 “(b) ‘Family leave’ does not mean:
12 “(A) Leave described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(d);
13 “(B) Leave described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(e); or
14 “(C) Leave authorized under ORS 659A.093.
15 “(18) ‘Family member’ means:
16 “(a) The spouse of a covered individual;
17 “(b) A child of a covered individual or the child’s spouse or domestic partner;
18 “(c) A parent of a covered individual or the parent’s spouse or domestic partner;
19 “(d) A sibling or stepsibling of a covered individual or the sibling’s or stepsibling’s spouse
20 or domestic partner;
21 “(e) A grandparent of a covered individual or the grandparent’s spouse or domestic
22 partner;
23 “(f) A grandchild of a covered individual or the grandchild’s spouse or domestic partner;
24 “(g) The domestic partner of a covered individual; or
25 “(h) Any individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with a covered
26 individual is the equivalent of a family relationship.
27 “(19) ‘Medical leave’ means leave from work taken by a covered individual that is made
28 necessary by the individual’s own serious health condition.
29 “(20) ‘Parent’ means:
30 “(a) A biological parent, adoptive parent, stepparent or foster parent of a covered indi-
31 vidual;
32 “(b) A person who was a foster parent of a covered individual when the covered individual
33 was a minor;
34 “(c) A person designated as the legal guardian of a covered individual at the time the
35 covered individual was a minor or required a legal guardian;
36 “(d) A person with whom a covered individual was or is in a relationship of in loco
37 parentis; or
38 “(e) A parent of a covered individual’s spouse or domestic partner who meets a de-
39 scription under paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subsection.
40 “(21) ‘Safe leave’ means leave taken for any purpose described in 659A.272.
41 “(22) ‘Self-employed individual’ means:
42 “(a) An individual who has self-employment income as defined in section 1402(b) of the
43 Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect on December 31, 2018; or
44 “(b) An independent contractor as defined in ORS 670.600.
45 “(23) ‘Serious health condition’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 659A.150.

1 lactation, for a total amount of leave under this subsection and subsections (1) and (2) of this
2 section, not to exceed 18 weeks per benefit year.

3 **“SECTION 5. Coordination of leave.** Any family leave or medical leave taken under
4 sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act must be taken concurrently with any leave taken by an eli-
5 gible employee under ORS 659A.150 to 659A.186 or under the federal Family and Medical
6 Leave Act of 1993 (P.L. 103-3) for the same purposes.

7 **“SECTION 6. Other benefits; use of paid leave.** (1) Family and medical leave insurance
8 benefits are in addition to any paid sick time under ORS 653.606, vacation leave or other paid
9 leave earned by an employee.

10 **“(2) An employer may permit an employee to use paid sick time, vacation leave or any**
11 **other paid leave earned by the employee in addition to receiving paid family and medical**
12 **leave insurance benefits to replace an employee’s wages up to 100 percent of the eligible**
13 **employee’s average weekly wage during a period of leave taken for family leave, medical**
14 **leave or safe leave.**

15 **“(3) In any week in which an employee is eligible to receive workers’ compensation or**
16 **unemployment benefits under ORS chapter 656 or 657, the employee is disqualified from re-**
17 **ceiving family and medical leave insurance benefits.**

18 **“SECTION 7. Amount of benefits.** (1) The Director of the Employment Department shall
19 set the weekly benefit amount of family and medical leave insurance benefits that a covered
20 individual qualifies for as follows:

21 **“(a) If the eligible employee’s average weekly wage is equal to or less than 65 percent of**
22 **the average weekly wage, the employee’s weekly benefit amount shall be 100 percent of the**
23 **employee’s average weekly wage.**

24 **“(b) If the eligible employee’s average weekly wage is greater than 65 percent of the av-**
25 **erage weekly wage, the employee’s weekly benefit amount is the sum of:**

26 **“(A) 65 percent of the average weekly wage; and**

27 **“(B) 50 percent of the employee’s average weekly wage that is greater than 65 percent**
28 **of the average weekly wage.**

29 **“(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, the director shall establish:**

30 **“(a) A maximum weekly benefit amount of 120 percent of the average weekly wage.**

31 **“(b) A minimum weekly benefit amount of five percent of the average weekly wage.**

32 **“(3) The director shall determine, based on the contribution amounts made by a self-**
33 **employed individual, a tribal government or the employees of a tribal government under**
34 **section 16 of this 2019 Act, the amount of benefits payable to a self-employed individual or**
35 **to an employee of a tribal government.**

36 **“(4) Benefits are payable only to the extent that moneys are available in the Paid Family**
37 **and Medical Leave Insurance Fund for that purpose. The state, any political subdivision of**
38 **the state and any state agency are not liable for any amount in excess of this limit.**

39 **“SECTION 8. Notice to employees.** (1) An employer shall provide written notice to each
40 employee of the duties and rights of an eligible employee under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019
41 Act in accordance with rules adopted by the Director of the Employment Department. At a
42 minimum, the notice must advise the employee of the following:

43 **“(a) The right of an eligible employee to claim and receive family and medical leave in-**
44 **sureance benefits under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act;**

45 **“(b) The procedure for filing a claim for benefits under section 12 of this 2019 Act;**

1 “(c) That an eligible employee must provide notice to an employer before the employee
2 commences leave, as required under section 9 of this 2019 Act, and a description of the
3 penalties for failure to comply with the notice requirements;

4 “(d) The right of an eligible employee to job protection and benefits continuation under
5 section 10 of this 2019 Act;

6 “(e) The right of an eligible employee to appeal a decision or determination made by the
7 director under section 31 of this 2019 Act;

8 “(f) That discrimination and retaliatory personnel actions against an employee for in-
9 quiring about the family and medical leave insurance program established under section 33
10 of this 2019 Act, giving notification of leave under the program, taking leave under the pro-
11 gram or claiming family and medical leave insurance benefits are prohibited;

12 “(g) The right of an eligible employee to bring a civil action or to file a complaint for
13 violation of section 10 or 11 of this 2019 Act; and

14 “(h) That any health information related to family leave, medical leave or safe leave
15 provided to an employer by an employee is confidential and may not be released without the
16 permission of the employee unless state or federal law or a court order permits or requires
17 disclosure.

18 “(2) A notice provided to an employee under this section must be in the language the
19 employer typically uses to communicate with the employee.

20 “(3) The director shall make available to employers a model notice that meets the re-
21 quirements of this section.

22 “SECTION 9. Notice to employers. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section,
23 an employer may require an eligible employee to give the employer written notice at least
24 30 days before commencing a period of family leave, medical leave or safe leave. The em-
25 ployer may require the employee to include in the notice an explanation of the need for the
26 leave.

27 “(2) An eligible employee may commence leave without 30 days’ advance notice if the
28 leave is not foreseeable, as in circumstances including but not limited to:

29 “(a) An unexpected serious health condition of the employee or a family member of the
30 employee;

31 “(b) A premature birth, unexpected adoption or unexpected foster placement by or with
32 the employee; or

33 “(c) Safe leave.

34 “(3)(a) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, if an eligible employee com-
35 mences leave without prior notice under subsection (2) of this section, the employee must
36 give oral notice to the employer within 24 hours of the commencement of the leave and must
37 provide the written notice required under subsection (1) of this section within three days
38 after the commencement of leave.

39 “(b) The oral notice required by this subsection may be given by any other person on
40 behalf of the eligible employee taking leave.

41 “(c) The person named as the eligible employee’s emergency contact person, or any other
42 person otherwise designated by the eligible employee, as reflected in the employer’s records,
43 may provide the written notice required under subsection (1) of this section.

44 “(4)(a) If an eligible employee fails to give notice as required under subsections (2) and
45 (3) of this section, the Director of the Employment Department may reduce the first weekly

1 benefit amount payable to the employee under section 12 of this 2019 Act by up to 25 percent.

2 “(b) An employer shall notify the director of the employee’s failure to provide the re-
3 quired notice, in the manner prescribed by the director by rule.

4 “(5) An eligible employee who takes safe leave shall give the employer reasonable advance
5 notice of the individual’s intention to take safe leave, unless giving the advance notice is not
6 feasible.

7 **“SECTION 10. Employment protection; retaliation prohibited.**

8 “(1)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, after returning to work
9 after a period of family leave, medical leave or safe leave, an eligible employee is entitled to
10 be restored to the position of employment held by the employee when the leave commenced,
11 if that position still exists, without regard to whether the employer filled the position with
12 a replacement worker during the period of leave. If the position held by the employee at the
13 time leave commenced no longer exists, the employee is entitled to be restored to any
14 available equivalent position with equivalent employment benefits, pay and other terms and
15 conditions of employment.

16 “(b) For employers that employ fewer than 25 employees, if the position held by an eli-
17 gible employee when the employee’s leave commenced no longer exists, an employer may,
18 at the employer’s discretion based on business necessity, restore the eligible employee to a
19 different position with similar job duties and with the same employment benefits and pay.

20 “(2) During a period in which an eligible employee takes leave described under subsection
21 (1) of this section, the employer shall maintain any health care benefits the employee had
22 prior to taking such leave for the duration of the leave, as if the employee had continued in
23 employment continuously during the period of leave.

24 “(3) An eligible employee who has taken leave described under subsection (1) of this
25 section does not lose any employment benefits, including seniority or pension rights, accrued
26 before the date on which the leave commenced.

27 “(4) It is an unlawful employment practice to discriminate against an eligible employee
28 who has invoked any provision of sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

29 “(5) Nothing in this section entitles an eligible employee to accrue employment benefits
30 during a period of leave or to a right, benefit or position of employment other than a right,
31 benefit or position to which the employee would have been entitled had the employee not
32 taken leave.

33 “(6)(a) Nothing in this section requires an employer to retain a temporary worker who
34 was hired to replace an eligible employee taking family leave, medical leave or safe leave af-
35 ter the eligible employee has returned to work.

36 “(b) A civil action may not be brought against an employer for taking any of the following
37 actions necessary to restore an eligible employee to the position of employment held by the
38 employee as required under subsection (1) of this section:

39 “(A) Terminating the employment of a worker who was hired solely to temporarily re-
40 place an eligible employee during a period of leave; or

41 “(B) Removing an employee from a position to which the employee was transferred to
42 temporarily replace an eligible employee while the eligible employee was on leave, and re-
43 turning the employee to the position originally held by the employee prior to the transfer
44 at the salary or rate of pay and benefits associated with the position.

45 “(c) An employer shall, either at the time of hire or before reassignment, inform a tem-

1 porary worker or an employee who is reassigned to a position to temporarily replace an eli-
2 gible employee during a period of leave of the information provided under this subsection.

3 “(7) The protections provided under this section apply only to an eligible employee who
4 was employed by the employer for at least 90 days before taking leave described under sub-
5 section (1) of this section.

6 “SECTION 11. Denying leave; discrimination and retaliation prohibited. (1) It is an un-
7 lawful employment practice for an employer to:

8 “(a) Violate section 10 of this 2019 Act.

9 “(b) Deny leave or interfere with any other right to which an eligible employee is entitled
10 under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

11 “(c) Retaliate or in any way discriminate against an employee with respect to hire or
12 tenure or any other term or condition of employment because the employee has inquired
13 about the rights or responsibilities under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

14 “(2) An employee who alleges a violation of this section may bring a civil action under
15 ORS 659A.885 or may file a complaint with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and
16 Industries in the manner provided by ORS 659A.820.

17
18 “CLAIMS ADMINISTRATION
19

20 “SECTION 12. Claim for benefits. (1) Family and medical leave insurance benefits are not
21 payable to a covered individual unless:

22 “(a) The individual submits a claim to the Director of the Employment Department in the
23 manner determined by the director by rule; and

24 “(b) The director has made a decision to allow or deny the claim under section 13 of this
25 2019 Act.

26 “(2) If the director has made a decision to allow the claim, the director shall make a
27 reasonable effort to issue the first payment of benefits to a covered individual within two
28 weeks after receiving the claim.

29 “(3)(a) Benefits may be claimed for leave that is taken by a covered individual in incre-
30 ments that are equivalent to one work day or one work week as those terms are defined by
31 the director by rule.

32 “(b) If a covered individual takes leave in increments that are equivalent to one work
33 day, benefits may be claimed for leave that occurs in nonconsecutive periods of leave that,
34 when combined, provide the minimum benefit amount provided in section 7 of this 2019 Act.

35 “(4) Benefit amounts, as determined under section 7 of this 2019 Act:

36 “(a) Must be prorated to increments that are equivalent to one work day; and

37 “(b) Must be paid in increments that are equivalent to one work week.

38 “SECTION 13. Allowing or denying claim; notice of denial; appeal. (1) The Director of the
39 Employment Department shall promptly examine each claim for family and medical leave
40 insurance benefits and, on the basis of the facts available, make a decision to allow or deny
41 the claim. Information furnished in the claim, as prescribed by the director by rule, must
42 be accompanied by a written or electronically signed statement that such information is true
43 and correct to the best of the individual’s knowledge.

44 “(2)(a) The director shall promptly give notice of a decision to allow or deny a claim.

45 “(b) If the claim is denied, the written notice must include a statement of the reasons

1 for denial.

2 “(3) A decision made under this section is final and the benefits must be paid or denied
3 accordingly. A covered individual may request review of the director’s decision as provided
4 in section 31 of this 2019 Act.

5 “SECTION 14. Continuous jurisdiction of director; reconsideration of previous decisions.

6 (1) The Director of the Employment Department, upon motion of the director or upon ap-
7 plication of a covered individual, may at any time reconsider any final decision under
8 sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act. Reconsideration may occur when there is evidence of:

9 “(a) Errors of computation;

10 “(b) Clerical errors;

11 “(c) Misinformation provided to a party by the Employment Department;

12 “(d) Facts not previously known to the director; or

13 “(e) Errors caused by misapplication of law by the department.

14 “(2) Reconsideration of a final decision shall be made in accordance with such regulations
15 as the director may prescribe, and may include the making of a new decision which, if made,
16 shall award, deny, terminate, continue, increase or decrease benefits to the extent found
17 necessary and appropriate for the correction of a previous error respecting such benefits.
18 Any new decision made under this subsection shall be subject to review as provided in sec-
19 tion 31 of this 2019 Act.

20 “SECTION 15. Noncompliance and erroneous payments. (1) An employer may not willfully
21 make or cause to be made false statements or willfully fail to report a material fact re-
22 garding the claim of an eligible employee or regarding an employee’s eligibility for family and
23 medical leave insurance benefits under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

24 “(2) The Director of the Employment Department may assess a civil penalty in an
25 amount not to exceed \$1,000 against an employer for each occurrence that violates sub-
26 section (1) of this section.

27 “(3) If the director determines that a covered individual willfully made a false statement
28 or willfully failed to report a material fact in order to obtain benefits under sections 1 to 51
29 of this 2019 Act, the covered individual is:

30 “(a) Disqualified from claiming benefits for one year; and

31 “(b) Liable for a penalty imposed at a rate prescribed by the director of at least 15 per-
32 cent, but not greater than 30 percent, of the amount of benefits the individual received to
33 which the individual was not entitled.

34 “(4) If the director determines that a covered individual has received benefits to which
35 the individual was not entitled, the director may:

36 “(a) Seek repayment of benefits from the covered individual in a manner prescribed by
37 the director by rule; and

38 “(b) Have the amount of the benefits deducted from any future benefits otherwise payable
39 to the individual under section 13 of this 2019 Act.

40 “(5) If benefits are paid because of an error that is not due to provision of a false state-
41 ment, nondisclosure of a material fact or misrepresentation by a covered individual, the di-
42 rector may waive, in whole or in part, the amount of any such payments for which recovery
43 under subsection (4) of this section would be against equity, good conscience or administra-
44 tive efficiency.

45 “(6) A decision of the director under this section does not authorize the recovery of the

1 amount of any benefits paid to a covered individual until the decision is final and the decision
2 specifies:

3 “(a) That the covered individual, by reason of false statement, nondisclosure or misrep-
4 resentation, is liable to repay the amount to the Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance
5 Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act;

6 “(b) The nature of the false statement, nondisclosure or misrepresentation;

7 “(c) The week or weeks for which the benefits were paid; and

8 “(d) That any amount subject to recovery and any penalty due under this section may
9 be collected by the director in a civil action against the employer or covered individual
10 brought in the name of the director.

11 “(7) The director shall adopt rules establishing standards and procedures for the repay-
12 ment of benefits and payment of penalties and interest under this section.

13 “(8) An employer or covered individual may appeal a determination made under this
14 section as provided in section 31 of this 2019 Act.

15
16 “CONTRIBUTIONS

17
18 “SECTION 16. Contributions. (1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (3) and
19 (4) of this section, all employers and eligible employees shall contribute to the Paid Family
20 and Medical Leave Insurance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act.

21 “(b) Contributions shall be paid by employers and employees as a percentage of a total
22 rate determined by the Director of the Employment Department.

23 “(c) The total rate may not exceed one percent of employee wages, up to a maximum of
24 \$132,900 in wages.

25 “(2)(a) Employer contributions shall be paid in an amount that is equal to 40 percent of
26 the total rate determined by the director.

27 “(b) An employer shall deduct employee contributions from the wages of each employee
28 in an amount that is equal to 60 percent of the total rate determined by the director.

29 “(3) When an employment agency is acting as an employer, the employer contributions
30 required under this section shall be the responsibility of the employment agency.

31 “(4)(a) Employers that employ fewer than 25 employees are not required to pay the em-
32 ployer contributions under subsection (1) of this section.

33 “(b) If an employer that employs fewer than 25 employees elects to pay the employer
34 contributions under subsection (1) of this section, the employer may apply to receive a grant
35 under section 42 of this 2019 Act.

36 “(5) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, an employer may elect to pay the
37 required employee contributions, in whole or in part, as an employer-offered benefit.

38 “(6) Subject to section 41 (2) and (3) of this 2019 Act, a self-employed individual who has
39 elected coverage under section 41 (1) of this 2019 Act shall contribute to the fund, at a rate
40 that may not exceed one percent of the individual’s taxable income as determined by the di-
41 rector by rule, for a period of not less than three years from the date that the election be-
42 comes effective.

43 “(7) A tribal government that elects coverage under section 41 of this 2019 Act and em-
44 ployees of the tribal government shall contribute to the fund in contribution amounts and
45 at a rate that may not exceed one percent of employee wages, up to a maximum of \$132,900

1 in wages, as determined by the director by rule, for a period of not less than three years
2 from the date that the election becomes effective.

3 “(8) The director shall set rates for the collection of payroll contributions consistent with
4 subsection (1) of this section and in a manner such that:

5 “(a) At the end of the period for which the rates are effective, the balance of moneys in
6 the fund is an amount not less than six months’ worth of projected expenditures from the
7 fund for performance of the functions and duties of the director under sections 1 to 51 of this
8 2019 Act; and

9 “(b) The volatility of the contribution rates is minimized.

10 “(9) For purposes of subsections (1)(c) and (7) of this section, the director shall annually
11 adjust the maximum amount of employee wages by the percentage increase, if any, in the
12 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Region (All Items), as published by
13 the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date of
14 the previous determination made under this subsection.

15 “(10) The director shall determine on an annual basis the amount of payroll contribu-
16 tions, timing of payroll contributions and maximum employee contributions sufficient to fi-
17 nance the costs related to the provisions of sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

18 “(11) An employer shall hold any moneys collected under this section in trust for the
19 State of Oregon and for the payment thereof to the Department of Revenue in the manner
20 described in subsection (12) of this section.

21 “(12)(a) An employer shall make and file a combined quarterly report of wages earned
22 and contributions paid under this section on a form prescribed by the Department of Re-
23 venue.

24 “(b) The report shall be filed with the Department of Revenue on or before the last day
25 of the month following the quarter to which the report relates and shall be deemed received
26 on the date of mailing.

27 “(c) The report shall be accompanied by payment of any contributions due under this
28 section in a manner determined by the Department of Revenue by rule.

29 “(13) Moneys collected under this section shall be deposited in the Paid Family and Med-
30 ical Leave Insurance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act.

31 “(14)(a) If an employer ceases or discontinues operations or business, or sells out, ex-
32 changes or otherwise disposes of the business or stock of goods, any payroll contribution
33 payable under this section is immediately due and payable, and the employer shall, within 10
34 calendar days, pay the payroll contribution due. Any person who becomes a successor in
35 interest to the business is liable for the full amount of the unpaid payroll contribution.

36 “(b) The director shall adopt rules for compliance with sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act
37 with regard to contributions from an employer’s successor in interest.

38 “(15) Benefits may not be denied to a covered individual solely because an employer failed
39 to collect or remit the contributions required under this section.

40
41 “COLLECTIONS
42

43 “SECTION 17. Delinquent contributions and benefit overpayments as liens; foreclosure.

44 (1) This section applies to:

45 “(a) An employer that fails to remit to the Department of Revenue any amount of con-

1 tributions due under section 16 of this 2019 Act;

2 “(b) An individual liable to repay any amount of benefits paid under sections 1 to 51 of
3 this 2019 Act to which the individual was not entitled; and

4 “(c) A person liable under section 25 of this 2019 Act for amounts due under sections 1
5 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

6 “(2) If a judgment or final administrative order is rendered in favor of the Director of
7 the Employment Department for amounts described in subsection (1) of this section, the
8 amounts shall be a lien in favor of the director upon all property, whether real or personal,
9 belonging to the employer, individual or person.

10 “(3) The lien shall be perfected and attach:

11 “(a) To real and personal property located within the county, upon the recording of a
12 warrant, as provided in section 19 of this 2019 Act, with the clerk of the county in which the
13 property is located.

14 “(b) To personal property wherever located within the state, upon:

15 “(A) The recording of a warrant, as provided in section 19 of this 2019 Act, with the clerk
16 of any county; and

17 “(B) The filing of a copy of the warrant with the Secretary of State as provided in section
18 18 of this 2019 Act.

19 “(4) The lien created by this section may be foreclosed by a suit in the circuit court in
20 the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of other liens on real or personal property.

21 “SECTION 18. Filing warrant attaching lien with Secretary of State. (1) Any warrant
22 attaching the lien under section 17 of this 2019 Act may also be filed in the office of the
23 Secretary of State. Filing in the office of the Secretary of State has no effect until a copy
24 of the statement of lien or the warrant has been recorded with the county clerk.

25 “(2) When a copy of the statement of lien or the warrant is filed with the Secretary of
26 State in compliance with subsection (1) of this section, such filing shall have the same effect
27 with respect to personal property as if the copy of the statement of lien or the warrant had
28 been duly recorded with the county clerk in each county of this state.

29 “(3) A copy of the statement of lien or the warrant filed with the Secretary of State shall
30 be filed and indexed by the Secretary of State in the same manner as provided under ORS
31 79.0501 for the filing and indexing of financing statements.

32 “SECTION 19. Issuing warrant instead of bringing civil action; sheriff to proceed on
33 warrant. (1) In any case in which the Director of the Employment Department may bring a
34 civil action for the collection of amounts liable to be repaid under section 17 of this 2019 Act,
35 interest on those amounts or penalties, the director may instead issue a warrant for the
36 amount liable to be repaid with the added interest, penalties, collection charges and the
37 sheriff’s costs of executing the warrant. The Employment Department shall mail or deliver
38 a copy of the warrant to the last known address of the employer, individual or person.

39 “(2) At any time after issuing a warrant under this section, the department may record
40 the warrant in the County Clerk Lien Record of any county of this state. Recording of the
41 warrant has the effect described in ORS 205.125.

42 “(3) After recording a warrant under this section, the director may direct the sheriff of
43 the county in which the warrant is recorded to levy upon and sell any real and personal
44 property, and levy upon any currency, belonging to the employer, individual or person and
45 found within that county. The proceeds or currency shall be applied against the amount re-

1 flected in the warrant and the sheriff's costs of executing the warrant.

2 “(4) The sheriff shall proceed on the warrant in the same manner prescribed by law for
3 executions issued against property pursuant to a judgment and is entitled to the same fees
4 as provided for executions issued against property pursuant to a judgment. The fees of the
5 sheriff shall be added to and collected as a part of the warrant liability.

6 “(5)(a) The director may direct the warrant to any agent and authorize the agent to
7 collect the amount reflected in the warrant.

8 “(b) In the execution of the warrant the agent has all of the powers conferred by law
9 upon sheriffs but is entitled to no fee or compensation in excess of actual expenses incurred
10 in the execution.

11 “(6) Amounts collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Paid Family and
12 Medical Leave Insurance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act.

13 “SECTION 20. Release of lien. (1)(a) The Director of the Employment Department may
14 release, compromise or satisfy any lien provided for in sections 17 and 18 of this 2019 Act by
15 filing a notice of release or satisfaction with the county clerk of the county in which the
16 notice of lien claim was filed.

17 “(b) Upon filing of the notice under this subsection, the property against which the lien
18 is claimed shall be released from the lien.

19 “(2) The director may include in the amount received for the release of the lien any costs
20 incurred by the director in collecting the amounts due.

21 “(3) Amounts collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Paid Family and
22 Medical Leave Insurance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act.

23
24 **“LOCALIZATION**

25
26 “SECTION 21. Where employee's service performed. An employee's wages shall be used
27 to make determinations under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act if the wages are earned for
28 service:

29 “(1) Performed entirely within this state; or

30 “(2) Performed both within and outside this state, but the service performed outside this
31 state is incidental to the employee's service within the state.

32
33 **“PENALTIES**

34
35 “SECTION 22. (1) On or before June 30 of each year, the Director of the Employment
36 Department shall send a written notice to each employer that has failed to file all reports
37 as required by the director or to pay all contributions due under section 16 of this 2019 Act,
38 warning the employer about the penalty provided in subsection (2) of this section.

39 “(2) If, prior to September 1 of each year, an employer has failed to file all required re-
40 ports and pay all contributions due in that year under section 16 of this 2019 Act, the em-
41 ployer shall pay a penalty equal to one percent of the wages of the employer's employees in
42 the preceding calendar year.

43 “(3)(a) On or before October 20 of each year, the director shall assess the penalty pro-
44 vided in subsection (2) of this section and send written notification of the assessment to the
45 employer's last known address.

1 “(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, the director may waive the penalty
2 for good cause if the employer has filed the required reports and payments.

3 “(4) On or before November 10 following a penalty assessment under subsection (3) of this
4 section, the employer that is assessed the penalty may submit a written request to the di-
5 rector that the penalty be waived. The request must contain the specific reasons for the
6 failure to file the required reports or payments prior to September 1.

7 “(5)(a) If the request for waiver of the penalty is denied, the director shall send written
8 notification of the denial to the employer at the employer’s last known address. The decision
9 denying the request shall become final unless within 20 days from the date on which the
10 notification of the decision is sent to the employer, the employer files a written request for
11 a hearing that states the reasons for the request.

12 “(b) Hearings, decisions and reconsiderations under this section shall be conducted in
13 accordance with rules adopted by the director.

14 “(c) Judicial review of an order assessing a penalty under this section shall be as provided
15 for review of orders in contested cases under ORS chapter 183, except that the petition must
16 be filed within 20 days after the issuance of the order of the director.

17 “(6) The penalty provided in subsection (2) of this section shall be collected in accordance
18 with the provisions of sections 17, 18, 19 and 20 of this 2019 Act, and any amounts collected
19 pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance
20 Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act.

21 “SECTION 23. (1) If, upon satisfactory evidence, the Director of the Employment De-
22 partment finds it necessary for the protection of the Paid Family and Medical Leave Insur-
23 ance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act, the director may require any
24 employer subject to sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act, other than the state of Oregon, and
25 every state officer, board, commission, department, institution, branch, agency or political
26 subdivision of this state, to deposit and keep on deposit with the director a sum equal to the
27 contributions due or estimated to be due from the employer for a period of three calendar
28 quarters.

29 “(2)(a) In lieu of a deposit required under subsection (1) of this section, the director may
30 accept a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by an insured institution as defined in
31 ORS 706.008 in a form acceptable to the director to secure payment of contributions to be-
32 come due to the fund.

33 “(b) The deposit or posting of a bond or letter of credit under paragraph (a) of this sub-
34 section shall not relieve the employer of the obligation to make contributions to the fund as
35 provided under section 16 of this 2019 Act.

36 “(c) The director may at any time apply any portion of the deposit, payment on the bond
37 or the proceeds of the letter of credit to the payment of any amounts due from the employer
38 under any provisions of sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

39 “(3)(a) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any deposit, bond or letter of
40 credit shall be deemed for all purposes to become the sole property of the director and shall
41 be deposited in the fund and held for the sole benefit of the fund.

42 “(b) The deposit, bond or letter of credit shall be prior to all other liens, claims or
43 encumbrances and shall be exempt from any process, attachment, garnishment or execution
44 whatsoever and shall be for the sole benefit of the fund.

45 “(4)(a) If an employer ceases to be an employer subject to sections 1 to 51 of this 2019

1 Act, such sums as are on deposit in the fund shall first be applied to any amounts due from
2 the employer to the fund under any provisions of sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

3 “(b) Only upon receipt of all payments due to the fund from an employer described in
4 paragraph (a) of this subsection, the director shall refund to the employer all deposits re-
5 maining to the employer’s credit in the fund and shall cancel any bond or letter of credit
6 given under this section.

7 “(c) An employer described in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall have no interest in
8 a deposit, bond or letter of credit prior to full compliance with this section and all provisions
9 of sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

10 “**SECTION 24.** (1) If an employer defaults with respect to any amount of contributions
11 required to be made by the employer to the Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance Fund
12 established under section 39 of this 2019 Act, the unpaid amount, together with interest and
13 penalties, shall be collected by the Director of the Employment Department in a civil action
14 against the employer brought in the name of the director.

15 “(2)(a) Judgment rendered on a civil action brought under subsection (1) of this section
16 in favor of the director shall bear interest at the rate provided in subsection (3) of this sec-
17 tion.

18 “(b) An employer’s compliance with the requirements of section 16 of this 2019 Act shall
19 date from the time that contributions were collected from the employer.

20 “(c) The amount of contributions collected from an employer, together with interest and
21 penalties, shall be paid into the fund.

22 “(3)(a) Interest upon any amounts due from an employer shall be paid and collected at
23 the rate of one and one-half percent per month from the date prescribed for the payment to
24 the fund. In computing the interest, a fraction of a month shall be counted as a full month.

25 “(b) Interest shall be paid at the same time contributions are required to be paid by the
26 employer to the fund.

27 “(4) If an employer fails to pay contributions required by section 16 of this 2019 Act at
28 the time prescribed by the director, the employer shall be in default.

29 “(5) If an employer that is in default with respect to payment of contributions fails to
30 make payment within 10 days after written demand has been made by the director, the em-
31 ployer shall be subject to a penalty of 10 percent of the amount of the contributions. A de-
32 mand for payment shall be deemed to have been made when deposited in the mail addressed
33 to the employer at the employer’s last known address of record with the director.

34 “(6) If any part of a deficiency is due to fraud with intent to avoid payment of contribu-
35 tions to the fund, then 50 percent of the total amount of the deficiency, in addition to the
36 deficiency, shall be assessed, collected and paid, in the same manner as if it were a defi-
37 ciency, and deposited in the fund.

38 “(7) Civil actions brought in the name of the director under this section to collect con-
39 tributions, interest or penalties from an employer shall be entitled to preference upon the
40 calendar over all civil cases that involve only private parties.

41 “(8)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the director may agree to accept
42 from an employer or former employer with a delinquent account any amount the director
43 finds reasonable under the circumstances as consideration in settlement of the full amount
44 of contributions, interest or penalties due if the director finds that:

45 “(A) The total interest collectible on the delinquent account is in excess of 25 percent

1 of the principal;

2 “(B) The employer or former employer no longer conducts an active business and has
3 insufficient net assets to pay the full amount of all contributions, interest or penalties due;
4 and

5 “(C) The employer or former employer can pay some but not all of the delinquent
6 amounts.

7 “(b) Whenever a settlement agreement is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this sub-
8 section, a written record signed by the director shall be maintained in the files of the direc-
9 tor. Such records shall set forth:

10 “(A) The name of the employer or former employer against whom the liability was as-
11 sessed;

12 “(B) The amount of the assessed liability;

13 “(C) The amount of the liability paid;

14 “(D) The amount of the liability canceled or waived; and

15 “(E) A sworn statement of the employer or former employer setting forth the complete
16 financial responsibility of the employer or former employer and containing a full disclosure
17 of all matters bearing upon the ability of the employer or former employer to pay the full
18 amount of the liability assessed.

19 “(9) The director shall file a full and true copy of the record of each settlement agree-
20 ment with the Secretary of State as a public record.

21 “(10) Any amount agreed to in settlement of the director’s claims on behalf of the fund
22 pursuant to subsection (8)(a) of this section shall be first credited to the contributions due
23 from the employer or former employer until the principal amount of contributions due has
24 been satisfied and shall be deposited in the fund.

25 “SECTION 25. (1) This section applies to an individual who is one or more of the follow-
26 ing:

27 “(a) An officer or employee of a corporation;

28 “(b) A member or employee of a limited liability company; or

29 “(c) A partner in or employee of a limited liability partnership.

30 “(2) In the case of default by an employer subject to section 24 of this 2019 Act, an indi-
31 vidual described in subsection (1) of this section who is under a duty to perform the actions
32 required of employers under section 16 of this 2019 Act shall be personally liable for amounts
33 due under section 16 of this 2019 Act. More than one individual may be jointly and severally
34 liable under this section for amounts due.

35 “(3) If the Director of the Employment Department determines that an amount is due
36 under this section, the director shall issue a notice of assessment to the individual liable
37 under this section by mail to the individual’s last known address of record with the director.

38 “(4) If the director has reason to believe that the individual liable under this section is
39 insolvent, the director may issue a jeopardy assessment as provided under section 28 (4) of
40 this 2019 Act.

41 “(5) Amounts assessed under this section may be reviewed in the manner provided by
42 section 28 (5) of this 2019 Act.

43 “SECTION 26. (1) An employer may not willfully refuse or fail to pay a contribution to
44 the Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019
45 Act or to furnish any report, audit or information duly required by the Director of the Em-

1 ployment Department under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

2 “(2) An employer may not make a deduction from the wages of an employee to pay any
3 portion of the employer contributions due from the employer.

4 “SECTION 27. (1) If an employer fails to file a combined quarterly report of wages earned
5 and contributions paid under section 16 of this 2019 Act by the 10th day of the second month
6 following the end of the calendar quarter, the Director of the Employment Department, for
7 the first such failure, shall send to the employer at the employer’s last known address a
8 written notice warning the employer that a subsequent failure to file a report could result
9 in the imposition of a late filing penalty.

10 “(2) If an employer, without good cause, fails to file a timely report within the three-year
11 period immediately following a written warning sent pursuant to subsection (1) of this sec-
12 tion, the employer may be assessed a late filing penalty in addition to other amounts due.

13 “(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, a penalty assessed under sub-
14 section (2) of this section shall be 0.02 percent of the wages of the employer’s employees
15 rounded to the nearest \$100.

16 “(4) A penalty assessed under subsection (2) of this section for an employer who has no
17 employees during the calendar quarter to which a quarterly report relates shall be as follows:

18 “(a) \$10 for the first report filed late within the three-year period immediately following
19 a written notice sent pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

20 “(b) \$25 for the first report filed late within the three-year period immediately following
21 the assessment of a penalty under subsection (2) of this section.

22 “(c) \$50 for the second report filed late within the three-year period immediately follow-
23 ing the assessment of a penalty under subsection (2) of this section.

24 “(d) \$100 for the third or subsequent report filed late within the three-year period im-
25 mediately following the assessment of a penalty under subsection (2) of this section.

26 “(5)(a) A penalty assessed under this section is final unless, within 20 days after the date
27 the assessment is mailed to the last known address of the employer, the employer requests
28 that the penalty be deleted. The request must be in writing and state the reason why the
29 report was filed late.

30 “(b) If the director determines that the employer had good cause for filing the report
31 late, the penalty shall be deleted. If it is determined there was not good cause for filing the
32 report late, the request for deletion shall be denied.

33 “(6)(a) A determination denying the request for deletion is final unless, within 20 days
34 after the date the determination is mailed to the last known address of the employer, the
35 employer files a request for hearing. The request for hearing must be in writing and state
36 the reasons why the determination should not be affirmed.

37 “(b) Judicial review of the determination of denial shall be as provided for review of or-
38 ders in contested cases in ORS chapter 183, except that the request for hearing must be filed
39 within 20 days after the issuance of the determination of the director or a designated rep-
40 resentative.

41 “SECTION 28. (1)(a) If an employer files a report for the purpose of determining the
42 amount of contributions due under section 16 of this 2019 Act but fails to pay contributions
43 or interest, the Director of the Employment Department may assess the amount of contri-
44 butions or interest due on the basis of the information submitted and shall give written no-
45 tice of the assessment to the employer by mail sent to the employer’s last known address

1 of record with the director.

2 “(b) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, if the report is subsequently found
3 to be incorrect, additional assessments may be made.

4 “(2) If an employer fails to file a report when required by the director for the purpose
5 of determining the amount of contributions due under section 16 of this 2019 Act, the direc-
6 tor may make an estimate based upon any information of the amount of the wages of the
7 employer’s employees for the period or periods for which no report was filed and upon the
8 basis of the estimate shall compute and assess the amount of contributions payable by the
9 employer. Written notice of the assessment to the employer shall be mailed to the
10 employer’s last known address of record with the director.

11 “(3) If the director is not satisfied with a report made by an employer for the purpose
12 of determining the amount of contributions due under section 16 of this 2019 Act, the direc-
13 tor may compute the amount required to be paid upon the basis of facts contained in the
14 report or of any information obtainable and may make an assessment of the amount of the
15 deficiency. Written notice of a deficiency assessment to the employer shall be mailed to the
16 employer’s last known address of record with the director.

17 “(4)(a) If the director has reason to believe that an employer or an individual liable under
18 section 25 of this 2019 Act is insolvent, or that the collection of any contributions will be
19 jeopardized by delaying collection, the director may make an immediate assessment of the
20 estimated amount of accrued contributions, noting upon the assessment that it is a jeopardy
21 assessment levied under this subsection, and may proceed to enforce collection immediately.

22 “(b)(A) Interest shall not begin to accrue on contributions collected under paragraph (a)
23 of this subsection until the due date.

24 “(B) Court costs may not be charged against an employer or an individual liable under
25 section 25 of this 2019 Act on any action to enforce collection commenced prior to the due
26 date.

27 “(c) In levying an assessment under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the director may
28 demand a bond or deposit of such security as is necessary to ensure collection of the amount
29 of the assessment.

30 “(d) Written notice of an assessment to an employer or an individual liable under section
31 25 of this 2019 Act shall be mailed to the employer’s or individual’s last known address of
32 record with the director.

33 “(5)(a) All assessments provided for in this section shall finally fix the amount of con-
34 tributions due and payable unless:

35 “(A) The employer or the individual liable under section 25 of this 2019 Act applies to the
36 director for a hearing within 20 days after the mailing of the notice of assessment; or

37 “(B) The director reviews the assessment prior to a decision of the administrative law
38 judge pursuant to a hearing.

39 “(b) An employer or person liable under sections 24 and 25 of this 2019 Act that fails to
40 apply for a hearing upon an assessment within the time provided or, having applied, fails to
41 appear and be heard after due notice of the hearing, is precluded from raising any defense
42 to any action, suit or proceeding brought by the director for the recovery of contributions
43 based upon the assessment that could have been raised in the hearing.

44 “(c) The amount of contributions assessed under this section shall be subject to the
45 penalties and interest provided by sections 24 and 25 of this 2019 Act.

1 insurance program to provide family and medical leave insurance benefits to a covered indi-
2 vidual as specified in sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

3 “(2) Not later than September 1, 2021, the director shall adopt rules that are necessary
4 to establish the program under subsection (1) of this section, including but not limited to
5 rules that:

6 “(a) Establish an outreach plan for the program to receive input from, and disseminate
7 information to, employers and eligible employees.

8 “(b) Establish a process by which employers may apply for approval of an employer-
9 offered benefit plan under section 43 of this 2019 Act.

10 “(c) Establish alternatives by which an employer may determine a benefit year period,
11 including on a calendar year and noncalendar year basis.

12 “(3) The director may enter into interagency agreements to perform the duties and
13 functions necessary to implement and administer sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

14 “(4) Whenever possible, the director shall use existing employer and public infrastructure
15 to maintain records, conduct outreach and facilitate contributions made to the program.

16 “(5) All agencies of state government, as defined in ORS 174.111, shall, upon request of
17 the director, assist in the performance of the director’s duties under sections 1 to 51 of this
18 2019 Act, including but not limited to outreach, technical assistance and training.

19 “SECTION 34. Agreements with third party. (1) The Director of the Employment De-
20 partment may enter into an agreement with a third party to implement sections 1 to 51 of
21 this 2019 Act and to serve as the administrator of the program established under section 33
22 of this 2019 Act. The director may enter into such an agreement only on a competitive bid
23 basis.

24 “(2) Every service provided by a third party administrator pursuant to an agreement
25 entered into under this section is subject to the same requirements provided under sections
26 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act as if the services had been provided by the director.

27 “(3) A third party administrator that enters into an agreement with the director under
28 this section is subject to oversight by the director.

29 “(4) Costs incurred by the director pursuant to an agreement with a third party admin-
30 istrator entered into under this section may not be recovered by an increase in the contri-
31 bution rate determined by the director under section 16 of this 2019 Act.

32 “SECTION 35. Counting employees. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, for pur-
33 poses of sections 10 and 16 of this 2019 Act, the Director of the Employment Department
34 shall establish by rule a method to determine on an annual basis the number of employees
35 employed by an employer. The method shall require that the determination be based on the
36 average number of employees employed by the employer in the 12-month period immediately
37 preceding the date on which the determination is made.

38 “(2) A replacement worker who is hired to temporarily replace an eligible employee dur-
39 ing a period of family leave, medical leave or safe leave shall not be counted as an employee
40 for purposes of determining the number of employees employed by an employer.

41 “SECTION 36. Advisory committee. (1) The Director of the Employment Department
42 shall establish an advisory committee to review issues related to the implementation and
43 administration of the family and medical leave insurance program established under section
44 33 of this 2019 Act and rulemaking related to the program.

45 “(2)(a) The advisory committee shall consist of nine members appointed by the director

1 as follows:

2 “(A) A representative of the Employment Department.

3 “(B) Four members who represent employees.

4 “(C) Four members who represent employers, at least one of whom represents employers
5 that employ fewer than 25 employees.

6 “(b) Members shall serve for a term of two years and may be reappointed. If there is a
7 vacancy for any cause, the director shall make an appointment to become immediately ef-
8 fective for the unexpired term.

9 “(c) The representative of the department shall serve as chairperson of the advisory
10 committee.

11 “(3) The advisory committee shall advise and make recommendations to the director re-
12 garding issues related to the program, including but not limited to:

13 “(a) Implementation;

14 “(b) Administration; and

15 “(c) Rulemaking.

16 “(4) Members of the advisory committee are not entitled to compensation but may be
17 reimbursed for actual and necessary travel or other expenses incurred in the performance
18 of their official duties. The director shall pay the expenses out of funds appropriated to the
19 department under section 59 of this 2019 Act.

20 “(5) All agencies of state government, as defined in ORS 174.111, are directed to assist
21 the advisory committee in the performance of the duties of the advisory committee and, to
22 the extent permitted by laws relating to confidentiality, to furnish information and advice
23 that the members of the advisory committee consider necessary to perform their duties.

24 “SECTION 37. Records of employers; inspections. (1) All employers shall maintain payroll
25 records, including account records that document employee contributions and expenses, and
26 employment records that reflect the total hours worked by all employees and the amount
27 of leave taken by employees under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act for the current calendar
28 year and the three prior calendar years.

29 “(2) The Director of the Employment Department may inspect the payroll and employ-
30 ment records of employers for the purpose of administering sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.
31 Employers must provide the director with all pertinent payroll and employment records upon
32 request.

33 “(3) When an employment agency is acting as an employer, the requirements under
34 subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be the responsibility of the employment agency.

35 “SECTION 38. Confidentiality. (1) All information in the records of the Employment De-
36 partment or a third party administrator pertaining to the administration of sections 1 to 51
37 of this 2019 Act:

38 “(a) Is confidential and for the exclusive use and information of the Director of the Em-
39 ployment Department in administering sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act;

40 “(b) May not be used in any court action or in any proceeding pending in the court unless
41 the director or the State of Oregon is a party to the action or proceeding or unless the action
42 or proceeding concerns the establishment, enforcement or modification of a support obli-
43 gation and support services are being provided by the Division of Child Support of the De-
44 partment of Justice or the district attorney pursuant to ORS 25.080; and

45 “(c) Is exempt from disclosure under ORS 192.311 to 192.478.

1 after the notice is filed.

2 “(3) A self-employed individual who has elected coverage may terminate coverage on the
3 date of filing of a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy petition. The self-employed
4 individual’s elective coverage terminates on the date on which the self-employed individual
5 provides to the director documentation to support the self-employed individual’s filing of the
6 bankruptcy petition and files written notice with the director. At any time thereafter, the
7 self-employed individual may re-elect coverage under this section.

8 “(4) A tribal government may elect to be covered under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act,
9 or to terminate coverage, in the same manner as provided in subsections (1) to (3) of this
10 section.

11 “(5) The director shall prescribe by rule the method for collecting contributions and er-
12 roneous payments of benefits from self-employed individuals, tribal governments and tribal
13 government employees.

14
15 “EMPLOYER ASSISTANCE
16

17 “SECTION 42. Employer assistance. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this sec-
18 tion, employers that employ fewer than 25 employees and that make the required contribu-
19 tions under section 16 of this 2019 Act may apply to the Employment Department to receive
20 one of the following grants:

21 “(a) If the employer hires a temporary worker to replace an eligible employee who takes
22 family leave, medical leave or safe leave for a period of seven or more days, a grant of up
23 to \$3,000 to apply toward the costs of hiring the worker.

24 “(b) A grant of up to \$1,000 as reimbursement for significant additional wage-related
25 costs incurred during a period in which an eligible employee takes leave described under
26 paragraph (a) of this subsection.

27 “(2) In addition to a grant received under subsection (1)(b) of this section, an employer
28 may receive a grant in the amount of the difference between the grant awarded and \$3,000
29 if:

30 “(a) After the commencement of a period of family leave, medical leave or safe leave
31 taken by an eligible employee, the employee extends the period of leave beyond the
32 employee’s initial expected period of leave; and

33 “(b) The employer hired a temporary worker to replace the eligible employee during the
34 employee’s period of leave.

35 “(3) An employer may apply for a grant under subsection (1) of this section not more
36 than 10 times per calendar year and not more than once for each eligible employee who takes
37 leave under section 4 of this 2019 Act.

38 “(4) To be eligible for a grant under this section, an employer shall provide to the Di-
39 rector of the Employment Department written documentation showing that the employer
40 hired a temporary worker or that the wage-related costs incurred are due to an eligible
41 employee’s use of family leave, medical leave or safe leave.

42 “(5) The grants awarded under this section shall be funded with moneys in the Paid
43 Family and Medical Leave Insurance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act.

44 “(6) The director shall adopt any rules necessary to implement this section.
45

1
2
3 **“EQUIVALENT PLANS**

4 **“SECTION 43. Equivalent plans, generally. (1)(a) An employer may apply to the Director**
5 **of the Employment Department for approval of an employer-offered benefit plan that pro-**
6 **vides family and medical leave insurance benefits to the employer’s employees.**

7 **“(b) An employer that seeks approval of a plan shall submit an application to the director**
8 **in the form and manner prescribed by the director by rule, accompanied by an application**
9 **fee not to exceed \$250.**

10 **“(2) The director shall review and approve an application for a plan if the director finds**
11 **that:**

12 **“(a) The plan is made available to all employees who have been continuously employed**
13 **with an employer for 30 days.**

14 **“(b) The benefits afforded to employees covered under the plan are equal to or greater**
15 **than the weekly benefits and the duration of leave that an eligible employee would qualify for**
16 **under sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.**

17 **“(3) An employer may make a plan available to employees who have been employed by**
18 **the employer for less than 30 days but in no event may an employer require an employee to**
19 **have been employed by the employer for more than 30 days to be eligible for coverage under**
20 **the plan.**

21 **“(4) Neither an employer that provides benefits under an approved plan nor an employee**
22 **covered under such a plan is required to make the contributions under section 16 of this 2019**
23 **Act.**

24 **“(5)(a) An employer may assume all or a part of the costs related to a plan approved**
25 **under this section.**

26 **“(b) If an employer assumes only part of the costs, the employer may deduct employee**
27 **contributions from the wages of employees to finance the costs related to the plan, except**
28 **that any contribution amounts deducted may not exceed the amount that an eligible em-**
29 **ployee would otherwise be required to contribute under section 16 of this 2019 Act.**

30 **“(c) Employee contributions received or retained by an employer under this subsection**
31 **must be used for plan expenses and are not considered to be a part of an employer’s assets**
32 **for any purpose.**

33 **“(6) Any paid sick leave earned under ORS 653.606 is in addition to the benefits made**
34 **available under a plan that has been approved under this section.**

35 **“(7) An employee who takes leave pursuant to a plan approved under this section shall**
36 **provide notice to an employer of such leave in the same manner as provided in section 9 of**
37 **this 2019 Act.**

38 **“(8) A plan approved under this section shall remain in effect for a period of not less than**
39 **one year.**

40 **“(9) Nothing in this section prohibits an employee who is otherwise eligible from applying**
41 **for coverage under the program established under section 33 of this 2019 Act or under a**
42 **separate employer-offered plan that has been approved under this section.**

43 **“(10) The director shall adopt rules:**

44 **“(a) To prevent the payment of benefits in excess of 100 percent of an eligible employee’s**
45 **average weekly wage to an employee who is simultaneously covered under more than one**
employer-offered plan or who has additional coverage under the program established under

1 section 33 of this 2019 Act; and

2 “(b) That require that the benefits made available to an eligible employee who is covered
3 under more than one plan shall be prorated under each respective plan.

4 “(11) An employer that offers a plan approved under this section shall:

5 “(a) Be subject to the same requirements provided in sections 10 and 11 of this 2019 Act;

6 “(b) Maintain all reports, information and records relating to the plan, including payroll
7 and account records that document employee contributions and expenses, in the manner
8 established by the director by rule; and

9 “(c) Provide written notice to employees that includes:

10 “(A) Information about benefits available under the approved plan, including the duration
11 of leave;

12 “(B) The process for filing a claim to receive benefits under the plan;

13 “(C) The process for employee deductions used to finance the costs of the plan, if any;

14 “(D) An employee’s right to dispute a benefit determination in the manner determined
15 by the director under section 32 of this 2019 Act;

16 “(E) The right to job protection and benefits continuation, if applicable; and

17 “(F) A statement that discrimination and retaliatory personnel actions against an em-
18 ployee for inquiring about the family and medical leave insurance program established under
19 section 33 of this 2019 Act, giving notification of leave under the program, taking leave under
20 the program or claiming family and medical leave insurance benefits are prohibited.

21 “(12) Benefits received under this section are considered wages for purposes of a wage
22 claim under ORS chapter 652.

23 “(13) An employer whose application for plan approval was denied by the director under
24 this section or terminated by the director under section 44 of this 2019 Act may request re-
25 view of the decision as provided in section 31 of this 2019 Act.

26 “SECTION 44. Equivalent plans - termination. (1)(a) At such times as may be established
27 by the Director of the Employment Department by rule, the director shall review the family
28 and medical leave insurance benefits provided under a plan that has been approved under
29 section 43 of this 2019 Act.

30 “(b) Based on the review, the director shall determine whether the approved plan pro-
31 vides benefits that are equal to or greater than the benefits that would be available to eligible
32 employees under the family and medical leave insurance program established under section
33 33 of this 2019 Act.

34 “(2) If the director determines that the approved plan does not provide benefits in com-
35 pliance with requirements under section 43 (2) of this 2019 Act, the director shall terminate
36 the plan and the employer shall be required to make employer contributions and deduct
37 employee contributions in accordance with section 16 of this 2019 Act.

38 “SECTION 45. Equivalent plans - reapproval. (1) Except as provided in section 46 of this
39 2019 Act, an employer shall resubmit an application to the Director of the Employment De-
40 partment for reapproval of a plan that was approved under section 43 of this 2019 Act. An
41 employer shall apply for reapproval once a year for a three-year period following the date
42 on which the director first approved the plan.

43 “(2) Unless an employer has made changes to a plan that were not considered by the di-
44 rector in a previously approved or reapproved application, an employer need not submit an
45 application for reapproval of the plan after expiration of the three-year period described in

1 subsection (1) of this section.

2 **“SECTION 46. Equivalent plans - Withdrawal.** (1) An employer may elect to withdraw
3 from a plan that was approved under section 43 of this 2019 Act in the manner specified by
4 the Director of the Employment Department by rule provided that the plan has been in effect
5 for at least one year.

6 **“(2)** If an employer elects to withdraw from an approved plan, any deductions made from
7 the wages of an employee that remain in possession of the employer upon the employer’s
8 withdrawal of the plan shall be disposed of as determined by the director.

9 **“SECTION 47. Equivalent plans - Gap coverage.** (1) An employee who is a covered indi-
10 vidual under the program established under section 33 of this 2019 Act retains such status
11 until the employee qualifies for coverage under a plan approved under section 43 of this 2019
12 Act.

13 **“(2)(a)** An employee who has ceased to be covered by a plan approved under section 43
14 of this 2019 Act, is, if otherwise eligible, automatically qualified to receive family and medical
15 leave insurance benefits under the program established under section 33 of this 2019 Act.

16 **“(b)** Notwithstanding section 43 (3) of this 2019 Act, an employee who was eligible for
17 benefits under a plan approved under section 43 of this 2019 Act is automatically eligible for
18 benefits under a plan that is offered by a new employer and that has been approved under
19 section 43 of this 2019 Act.

20 **“(c)** For purposes of this subsection, an employee has ceased to be covered by an ap-
21 proved plan if:

22 **“(A)** The employee takes family leave, medical leave or safe leave after the employee has
23 separated from employment with an employer that offered a plan approved under section 43
24 of this 2019 Act;

25 **“(B)** The employer has withdrawn from the plan as provided under section 46 of this 2019
26 Act;

27 **“(C)** The Director of the Employment Department has terminated the plan under section
28 44 of this 2019 Act; or

29 **“(D)** The director finds that the employer is insolvent or has discontinued doing business
30 in this state.

31 **“SECTION 48. Equivalent plans - Successors in interest to employers.** (1) Except as pro-
32 vided in subsection (2) of this section, a plan that has been approved under section 43 of this
33 2019 Act and that is in effect at the time a successor in interest acquires the organization,
34 trade or business, or substantially all assets of the organization, trade or business or a dis-
35 tinct and severable portion of the organization, trade or business, and continues its operation
36 without substantial reduction of personnel resulting from the acquisition, must continue to
37 be offered to eligible employees and the successor in interest may not withdraw the plan
38 without a specific request for withdrawal in a manner prescribed by the Director of the
39 Employment Department by rule.

40 **“(2)** Within 90 days following the date of an acquisition described in subsection (1) of this
41 section, a successor in interest to an employer may terminate a plan that was approved un-
42 der section 43 of this 2019 Act and that was in effect on the date of acquisition without a
43 request to withdraw the plan, provided the successor in interest provides notice to the di-
44 rector and all employees of the employer in a manner prescribed by the director by rule.

1 "COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS

2
3 "SECTION 49. Collective Bargaining Agreements. Nothing in sections 1 to 51 of this 2019
4 Act requires the reopening or renegotiation of a collective bargaining agreement entered into
5 before the effective date of this 2019 Act prior to the date on which the agreement expires.

6 "SECTION 49a. Minimum requirements. Sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act establish mini-
7 mum requirements pertaining to family leave, medical leave and safe leave and may not be
8 construed to preempt, limit or otherwise diminish the applicability of any employer policy,
9 standard or collective bargaining agreement that provides for greater use of family leave,
10 medical leave or safe leave under state or federal law.

11
12 "REPORTS AND REVIEWS

13
14 "SECTION 50. Department review of equivalent plans. Beginning January 1, 2023, and not
15 more than once each year for three consecutive calendar years thereafter, the Director of
16 the Employment Department shall conduct a review of the expenses incurred by the Em-
17 ployment Department in reviewing plans for approval under section 43 of this 2019 Act, in-
18 cluding an analysis of adequacy of the application fee determined by the department and
19 administrative expenses related to request for review of determinations regarding approval
20 or denial of applications as provided under section 31 of this 2019 Act.

21 "SECTION 51. Reports. (1)(a) The Director of the Employment Department shall submit
22 to the interim committees of the Legislative Assembly related to workforce or business and
23 labor, in the manner provided in ORS 192.245, reports summarizing the Employment
24 Department's progress toward implementing the family and medical leave insurance program
25 described in sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

26 "(b) The director shall submit the first report not later than February 15, 2020, and a
27 second report not later than September 1, 2021.

28 "(2) Beginning on July 1, 2023, and once during each of the following three consecutive
29 biennia, the director shall, to the extent that the director has acquired the information,
30 submit to the interim committees of the Legislative Assembly related to workforce or busi-
31 ness and labor, in the manner provided in ORS 192.245, a report that includes:

32 "(a) The total number of claims submitted under section 12 of this 2019 Act.

33 "(b) The number of claims allowed under section 13 of this 2019 Act and the number of
34 claims denied under section 13 of this 2019 Act.

35 "(c) The total amount of benefits paid out of the Paid Family and Medical Leave Insur-
36 ance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019 Act.

37 "(d) Data regarding the use of moneys in the fund, the solvency of the fund and the
38 balance of the fund.

39 "(e) The amount of contributions collected under section 16 of this 2019 Act.

40 "(f) The number of applications for plan approval submitted under section 43 of this 2019
41 Act, including the number of plans approved and the costs the department incurred in re-
42 viewing such applications.

43 "(g) The number of applications received by the department for employer assistance and
44 the total amounts awarded in grants under section 42 of this 2019 Act.

45 "(h) The director shall include in the reports described in this subsection any recom-

1 **mendations made by the advisory committee under section 36 of this 2019 Act.**

2 **“SECTION 52.** ORS 410.619 is amended to read:

3 “410.619. (1) A home care worker who is not otherwise employed by the Home Care Commission,
4 the Department of Human Services, the Oregon Health Authority, an area agency or a support ser-
5 vices brokerage shall not be deemed to be an employee of the state, whether or not the state selects
6 the home care worker for employment or exercises any direction or control over the home care
7 worker, for the purpose of the state’s liability for the home care worker’s actions.

8 “(2) The state shall be deemed an employer of home care workers for the purposes of:

9 “(a) ORS 410.605, 410.606, 410.612 and 410.614 **and sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act;** and

10 “(b) ORS chapter 657, except as provided in ORS 657.730 (4).

11 **“SECTION 53.** ORS 410.619, as amended by section 17, chapter 75, Oregon Laws 2018, is
12 amended to read:

13 “410.619. (1) A home care worker or personal support worker who is not otherwise employed
14 by the Home Care Commission, the Department of Human Services, the Oregon Health Authority,
15 an area agency or a support services brokerage shall not be deemed to be an employee of the state,
16 whether or not the state selects the home care worker or personal support worker for employment
17 or exercises any direction or control over the home care worker or personal support worker, for the
18 purpose of the state’s liability for the actions of the home care worker or personal support worker.

19 “(2) The state shall be deemed an employer of home care workers or personal support workers
20 for the purposes of:

21 “(a) ORS 410.605, 410.606, 410.612 and 410.614 **and sections 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act;** and

22 “(b) ORS chapter 657, except as provided in ORS 657.730 (4).

23 **“SECTION 54.** ORS 657.100 is amended to read:

24 “657.100. (1) An individual is deemed ‘unemployed’ in any week during which the individual
25 performs no services and with respect to which no remuneration for services performed is paid or
26 payable to the individual, or in any week of less than full-time work if the remuneration paid or
27 payable to the individual for services performed during the week is less than the individual’s weekly
28 benefit amount.

29 “(2) For the purposes of ORS 657.155 (1), an individual who performs full-time services in any
30 week for an employing unit is not unemployed even though remuneration is neither paid nor payable
31 to the individual for the services performed; however, nothing in this subsection shall prevent an
32 individual from meeting the definition of ‘unemployed’ as used in this section solely by reason of the
33 individual’s performance of volunteer services without remuneration for a charitable institution or
34 a governmental entity.

35 **“(3) An individual may not be deemed ‘unemployed’ under this section for any week in**
36 **which the individual is receiving family and medical leave insurance benefits under sections**
37 **1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.**

38 “[3] (4) The Director of the Employment Department shall prescribe rules as the director
39 deems necessary with respect to the various types of unemployment.

40 **“SECTION 55.** ORS 657.471 is amended to read:

41 “657.471. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, benefits paid to an eligible individual
42 shall be charged to each of the individual’s employers during the base year in the same proportion
43 that the wages paid by each employer to the individual during the base year bear to the wages paid
44 by all employers to that individual during that year.

45 “(2) The account of an employer, other than a political subdivision electing to pay taxes under

1 ORS 657.509, may not be charged with benefits paid an unemployed individual in excess of one-third
2 of the base year wages paid that individual while in the employ of the employer.

3 “(3) Benefits paid to an individual for unemployment immediately after the expiration of a period
4 of disqualification for having left the employment of an employer voluntarily without good cause
5 may not be charged to the employer.

6 “(4) Benefits paid to an individual for unemployment immediately after the expiration of a period
7 of disqualification for having been discharged by an employer for misconduct may not be charged
8 to the employer.

9 “(5) Benefits paid without any disqualification to an individual may not be charged to an em-
10 ployer of the individual for the immediate period of unemployment if:

11 “(a) The individual left the employment of the employer voluntarily for good cause not attrib-
12 utable to the employer; or

13 “(b) The employer discharged the individual because the individual was unable to satisfy a job
14 prerequisite required by law or administrative rule.

15 “(6) If it is determined under the provisions of subsection (3), (4) or (5) of this section that ben-
16 efits paid to an individual may not be charged to an employer, the employer’s account may not be
17 charged for any benefits paid for any subsequent period or periods of unemployment during the
18 individual’s affected benefit year or during any benefit year beginning within 52 weeks subsequent
19 to the affected benefit year.

20 “(7)(a) A base-year employer that is not otherwise eligible for relief of charges for benefits under
21 this section and that receives notification of an initial valid determination of a claim may request
22 relief of charges if the claim is made by an individual who:

23 “(A) Left the employment of the employer voluntarily and not for reasons attributable to the
24 employer;

25 “(B) Was disqualified for the individual’s most recent separation from the employer by a deter-
26 mination of the Director of the Employment Department that the individual has been discharged for
27 misconduct connected with the employment for the employer; or

28 “(C) Was discharged for reasons that would be disqualifying under ORS 657.176 (2)(a), (b), (f), (g)
29 or (h).

30 “(b)(A) A request under paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection:

31 “(i) Must advise the director in writing of the date on which the individual left employment,
32 state that the individual left voluntarily and not for reasons attributable to the employer and give
33 the reason for which the individual left employment.

34 “(ii) May not be granted if the individual was reemployed by the employer prior to the filing
35 of the initial valid claim.

36 “(B) A request under paragraph (a)(C) of this subsection must specify the date of the discharge
37 and the reasons why the employer believes the discharge was for reasons that would be disqualifying
38 under ORS 657.176 (2)(a), (b), (f), (g) or (h).

39 “(c) A request for relief under this subsection must be sent to the department within 30 days
40 after the date on which the notice provided for under ORS 657.266 is mailed or delivered to the
41 employer.

42 “(d) Upon receipt of the request from the employer, the director shall review the information
43 provided by the employer and determine whether the employer is entitled to relief of charges for
44 benefits paid to the individual during the benefit year. If the director determines that the employer
45 is entitled to relief of charges, the director shall grant the relief.

1 “(e)(A) The determination of the director under paragraph (a)(A) and (C) of this subsection is
2 final in all cases unless an application for hearing is filed within 20 days after delivery of the de-
3 termination, or, if mailed, within 20 days after the determination was mailed to the employer’s last-
4 known address.

5 “(B) When a request for hearing has been timely filed, an administrative law judge shall be as-
6 signed to conduct a hearing.

7 “(C) After the administrative law judge has afforded all parties an opportunity for a fair hearing,
8 the administrative law judge shall affirm or reverse the determination and promptly notify all par-
9 ties entitled to notice of the decision and the reasons for the decision.

10 “(D) Decisions of the administrative law judge under this subsection are final and may be
11 judicially reviewed as provided in ORS 657.684 to the extent applicable.

12 “(8)(a) If the director finds that an employer or the employer’s agent, in submitting facts under
13 subsection (7) of this section, willfully makes a false statement or representation or willfully fails
14 to report a material fact concerning the termination of an individual’s employment, the director
15 shall make a determination charging the employer’s reserve account not less than two nor more
16 than 10 times the weekly benefit amount of the claimant or claimants.

17 “(b) The director shall give notice to the employer of the determination under this subsection
18 and the determination of the director is final unless an application for hearing is filed in the manner
19 provided for in subsection (7)(e) of this section.

20 “(9) Benefits paid to an individual may not be charged to a base-year employer if:

21 “(a) The employer furnished part-time work to the individual during the base year;

22 “(b) The individual has become eligible for benefits because of loss of employment with one or
23 more other employers;

24 “(c) The employer has continued to furnish part-time work to the individual in substantially the
25 same amount as during the individual’s base year; and

26 “(d) The employer requests relief of charges within 30 days of the date the notice provided for
27 in ORS 657.266 is mailed or delivered to the employer.

28 “(10) **Benefits paid to an individual for unemployment due to the return of a covered in-**
29 **dividual, as defined in section 2 of this 2019 Act, who was temporarily replaced by the indi-**
30 **vidual for a period of family leave, medical leave or safe leave under sections 1 to 51 of this**
31 **2019 Act may not be charged to the employer of the covered individual.**

32 “[10] (11) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, benefits paid to an individual
33 shall be charged to an employer’s account if:

34 “(a) The employer or the employer’s agent fails to respond timely or adequately to a request
35 from the Employment Department for information relating to the claim for benefits;

36 “(b) The failure to respond causes an overpayment of benefits to the claimant; and

37 “(c) The employer or the employer’s agent has a pattern of failing to respond timely or ade-
38 quately to requests from the department for information relating to claims for benefits.

39 “**SECTION 56.** ORS 659A.162 is amended to read:

40 “659A.162. (1) Except as specifically provided by ORS 659A.150 to 659A.186 **and section 4 of**
41 **this 2019 Act**, an eligible employee is entitled to up to a total of 12 weeks of family leave within
42 any one-year period.

43 “(2)(a) Except as provided by paragraph (b) of this subsection, an eligible employee is entitled
44 to a total of two weeks of family leave for the purposes described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(e).

45 “(b) An eligible employee is entitled to the period of leave described in paragraph (a) of this

1 subsection upon the death of each family member of the employee within any one-year period, except
2 that leave taken as provided by this subsection may not exceed the total period of family leave au-
3 thorized by subsection (1) of this section.

4 “(c) A covered employer may not require an eligible employee to take multiple periods of leave
5 described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(e) concurrently if more than one family member of the employee dies
6 during the one-year period.

7 “(d) All leave taken for the purposes described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(e) shall be counted toward
8 the total period of family leave authorized by subsection (1) of this section.

9 “(3)(a) In addition to the 12 weeks of family leave authorized by subsection (1) of this section,
10 a female eligible employee may take a total of 12 weeks of leave within any one-year period for an
11 illness, injury or condition related to pregnancy or childbirth that disables the eligible employee
12 from performing any available job duties offered by the covered employer.

13 “(b) An eligible employee who takes 12 weeks of family leave within a one-year period for the
14 purpose specified in ORS 659A.159 (1)(a) may take up to an additional 12 weeks of leave within the
15 one-year period for the purpose specified in ORS 659A.159 (1)(d).

16 “(4) When two or more family members work for the same covered employer, the eligible em-
17 ployees may not take concurrent family leave unless:

18 “(a) One employee needs to care for another employee who is a family member and who is suf-
19 fering from a serious health condition;

20 “(b) One employee needs to care for a child who has a serious health condition while another
21 employee who is a family member is also suffering from a serious health condition; or

22 “(c) The employees are taking leave described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(e).

23 “(5) An eligible employee may take family leave for the purpose specified in ORS 659A.159 (1)(a)
24 in two or more nonconsecutive periods of leave only with the approval of the employer.

25 “(6) Leave need not be provided to an eligible employee by a covered employer for the purpose
26 specified in ORS 659A.159 (1)(d) if another family member is available to care for the child.

27 “(7) A covered employer may not reduce the amount of family leave available to an eligible
28 employee under this section by any period the employee is unable to work because of a disabling
29 compensable injury.

30 “(8)(a) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries shall adopt rules governing
31 when family leave for a serious health condition of an eligible employee or a family member of the
32 eligible employee may be taken intermittently or by working a reduced workweek. Rules adopted
33 by the commissioner under this paragraph shall allow taking of family leave on an intermittent basis
34 or by use of a reduced workweek to the extent permitted by federal law and to the extent that
35 taking family leave on an intermittent basis or by use of a reduced workweek does not result in the
36 loss of an eligible employee’s exempt status under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act.

37 “(b) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing when family leave for the purposes described
38 in ORS 659A.159 (1)(e) may be taken to the extent permitted by federal law and to the extent that
39 taking family leave on an intermittent basis does not result in the loss of an eligible employee’s
40 exempt status under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act.

41 “**SECTION 57.** ORS 659A.885, as amended by section 9, chapter 197, Oregon Laws 2017, and
42 section 13, chapter 691, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read:

43 “659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in sub-
44 section (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection,
45 the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, in-

1 cluding but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A
2 court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period imme-
3 diately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau
4 of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-
5 year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the
6 court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Ex-
7 cept as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

8 “(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

9 “(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall
10 review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

11 “(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of:

12 “(a) ORS 10.090, 10.092, 25.337, 25.424, 171.120, 408.230, 408.237 (2), 475B.281, 476.574, 652.020,
13 652.220, 652.355, 653.060, 653.263, 653.265, 653.547, 653.549, 653.601 to 653.661, 659.852, 659A.030,
14 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.063, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.088, 659A.103 to 659A.145,
15 659A.150 to 659A.186, 659A.194, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.218, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.233,
16 659A.236, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.277, 659A.290, 659A.300, 659A.306, 659A.309, 659A.315,
17 659A.318, 659A.320, 659A.355 or 659A.421 **or sections 10 and 11 of this 2019 Act**; or

18 “(b) ORS 653.470, except an action may not be brought for a claim relating to ORS 653.450.

19 “(3) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 25.337, 25.424,
20 652.220, 652.355, 653.547, 653.549, 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.069,
21 659A.082, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.250 to 659A.262,
22 659A.290, 659A.318, 659A.355 or 659A.421 **or sections 10 and 11 of this 2019 Act**:

23 “(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-
24 tion, compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

25 “(b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

26 “(c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judg-
27 ment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

28 “(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

29 “(4) Notwithstanding ORS 31.730, in an action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a
30 violation of ORS 652.220, the court may award punitive damages if:

31 “(a) It is proved by clear and convincing evidence that an employer has engaged in fraud, acted
32 with malice or acted with willful and wanton misconduct; or

33 “(b) An employer was previously adjudicated in a proceeding under this section or under ORS
34 659A.850 for a violation of ORS 652.220.

35 “(5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 653.060, the
36 court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
37 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater.

38 “(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120,
39 476.574 or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1)
40 of this section, compensatory damages or \$250, whichever is greater.

41 “(7) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or
42 10.092, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
43 a civil penalty in the amount of \$720.

44 “(8) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of
45 race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual

1 is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS
2 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or
3 abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator
4 or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor
5 of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this sub-
6 section:

7 “(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-
8 tion, compensatory and punitive damages;

9 “(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person
10 acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all
11 damages awarded in the action;

12 “(c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

13 “(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

14 “(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a de-
15 fendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable
16 basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court;
17 and

18 “(f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the
19 judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

20 “(9) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a
21 person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected
22 by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied
23 any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner
24 or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same
25 manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action
26 filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief
27 authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty:

28 “(a) In an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and

29 “(b) In an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for any subsequent violation.

30 “(10) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or
31 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing
32 the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to
33 the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable at-
34 torney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court
35 determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for
36 appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

37 “(11) In an action under subsection (1) or (9) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145
38 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

39 “(a) ‘Aggrieved person’ includes a person who believes that the person:

40 “(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

41 “(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to
42 occur.

43 “(b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of
44 right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General
45 certifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing

1 party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

2 **“SECTION 58.** ORS 659A.885, as amended by sections 9 and 10, chapter 197, Oregon Laws 2017,
3 and section 13, chapter 691, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read:

4 “659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in sub-
5 section (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection,
6 the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, in-
7 cluding but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A
8 court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period imme-
9 diately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau
10 of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-
11 year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the
12 court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Ex-
13 cept as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

14 “(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

15 “(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall
16 review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

17 “(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of:

18 “(a) ORS 10.090, 10.092, 25.337, 25.424, 171.120, 408.230, 408.237 (2), 475B.281, 476.574, 652.020,
19 652.220, 652.355, 653.060, 653.263, 653.265, 653.547, 653.549, 653.601 to 653.661, 659.852, 659A.030,
20 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.063, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.088, 659A.103 to 659A.145,
21 659A.150 to 659A.186, 659A.194, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.218, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.233,
22 659A.236, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.277, 659A.290, 659A.300, 659A.306, 659A.309, 659A.315,
23 659A.318, 659A.320, 659A.355, 659A.357 or 659A.421 **or sections 10 and 11 of this 2019 Act;** or

24 “(b) ORS 653.470, except an action may not be brought for a claim relating to ORS 653.450.

25 “(3) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 25.337, 25.424,
26 652.220, 652.355, 653.547, 653.549, 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.069,
27 659A.082, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.250 to 659A.262,
28 659A.290, 659A.318, 659A.355, 659A.357 or 659A.421 **or sections 10 and 11 of this 2019 Act:**

29 “(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-
30 tion, compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

31 “(b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

32 “(c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judg-
33 ment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

34 “(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

35 “(4) Notwithstanding ORS 31.730, in an action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a
36 violation of ORS 652.220, the court may award punitive damages if:

37 “(a) It is proved by clear and convincing evidence that an employer has engaged in fraud, acted
38 with malice or acted with willful and wanton misconduct; or

39 “(b) An employer was previously adjudicated in a proceeding under this section or under ORS
40 659A.850 for a violation of ORS 652.220.

41 “(5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 653.060, the
42 court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
43 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater.

44 “(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120,
45 476.574 or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1)

1 of this section, compensatory damages or \$250, whichever is greater.

2 “(7) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or
3 10.092, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
4 a civil penalty in the amount of \$720.

5 “(8) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of
6 race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual
7 is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS
8 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or
9 abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator
10 or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor
11 of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this sub-
12 section:

13 “(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-
14 tion, compensatory and punitive damages;

15 “(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person
16 acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all
17 damages awarded in the action;

18 “(c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

19 “(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

20 “(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a de-
21 fendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable
22 basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court;
23 and

24 “(f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the
25 judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

26 “(9) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a
27 person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected
28 by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied
29 any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner
30 or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same
31 manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action
32 filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief
33 authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty:

34 “(a) In an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and

35 “(b) In an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for any subsequent violation.

36 “(10) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or
37 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing
38 the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to
39 the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable at-
40 torney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court
41 determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for
42 appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

43 “(11) In an action under subsection (1) or (9) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145
44 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

45 “(a) ‘Aggrieved person’ includes a person who believes that the person:

1 “(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

2 “(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to
3 occur.

4 “(b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of
5 right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General
6 certifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing
7 party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

8
9 **“APPROPRIATION LOAN**

10
11 **“SECTION 59. There is appropriated to the Employment Department, for the biennium**
12 **beginning July 1, 2019, out of the General Fund, the amount of \$_____, to enable the de-**
13 **partment to carry out the purposes of section 60 of this 2019 Act.**

14 **“SECTION 60. (1) The moneys appropriated under section 59 of this 2019 Act are contin-**
15 **uously appropriated to the Employment Department to cover start-up costs related to the**
16 **establishment of the family and medical leave insurance program under section 33 of this**
17 **2019 Act.**

18 **“(2) When the department determines that moneys in sufficient amount are available in**
19 **the Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance Fund established under section 39 of this 2019**
20 **Act, but in no event later than January 1, 2023, the department shall reimburse the General**
21 **Fund, without interest, in an amount equal to the amount from the General Fund appropri-**
22 **ated as provided in section 59 of this 2019 Act.**

23 **“SECTION 61. Preemption. Except as provided in section 43 of this 2019 Act, sections 1**
24 **to 51 of this 2019 Act supersede and preempt any rule, regulation, code or ordinance of any**
25 **unit of a local government, as defined in ORS 174.116, relating to paid family and medical**
26 **leave.**

27
28 **“TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS**

29
30 **“SECTION 62. The Director of the Employment Department shall establish the family**
31 **and medical leave insurance program under section 33 of this 2019 Act such that eligible**
32 **employees as defined in section 2 of this 2019 Act and employers may begin making contri-**
33 **butions to the program no later than January 1, 2022.**

34 **“SECTION 62a. Notwithstanding the operative date specified in section 63 (1)(a) of this**
35 **2019 Act, an employer may apply to the Director of the Employment Department, in ac-**
36 **cordance with the application process established by the director under section 33 of this 2019**
37 **Act, for approval of an employer-offered benefit plan described under section 43 of this 2019**
38 **Act on or after the effective date of this 2019 Act.**

39 **“SECTION 63. Operative dates. (1)(a) Sections 8, 11, 14, 16 to 31, 37, 41, 43 to 48, 49a and**
40 **61 of this 2019 Act become operative on January 1, 2022.**

41 **“(b) Sections 3 to 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15, 42 and 50 of this 2019 Act become operative on Jan-**
42 **uary 1, 2023.**

43 **“(c) The amendments to ORS 410.619 by sections 52 and 53 of this 2019 Act become op-**
44 **erative on January 1, 2022.**

45 **“(d) The amendments to ORS 657.100, 657.471 and 659A.162 by sections 54, 55 and 56 of this**

1 2019 Act become operative on January 1, 2023.

2 “(e) The amendments to ORS 659A.885 by sections 57 and 58 of this 2019 Act become op-
3 erative January 1, 2025.

4 “(2) The Employment Department and the Department of Revenue may take any action
5 before the operative dates specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to en-
6 able the departments to exercise, on and after the operative dates specified in subsection (1)
7 of this section, the duties, functions and powers conferred on the departments by sections
8 1 to 51 of this 2019 Act.

9
10 “CAPTIONS

11
12 “SECTION 64. The unit and section captions used in this 2019 Act are provided only for
13 the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or
14 express any legislative intent in the enactment of this 2019 Act.

15
16 “EFFECTIVE DATE

17
18 “SECTION 65. This 2019 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2019
19 regular session of the Eightieth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.”
20
