Senate Bill 906

Sponsored by Senator THATCHER

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Permits individual who has filed claim with insurer for benefits under insurance policy or brought action to seek compensation or damages for individual injury suffered as result of accident or crime to send written notice to health care provider to which individual owes debt for medical

care or medical services stating that claim or action is pending. Prohibits health care provider that receives notice of pending claim or action from collecting, referring debt until 60 days after latest of specified dates. Permits health care provider to collect debt for which individual recovered partial proceeds from claim or action, up to limit of recovery. Tolls applicable statute of limitations on health care provider's right to collect debt during pendency of claim or action.

Prohibits health care provider from reporting to credit reporting agencies that individual is delinquent, in arrears or otherwise unable or unwilling to pay debt during time in which claim or action is pending.

Punishes violation as unlawful collection practice. Becomes operative 91 days after effective date of Act.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to a prohibition on certain debt collection activities of a health care provider while a claim

- 3 is pending; and declaring an emergency.
- Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 4
- **<u>SECTION 1.</u>** (1) As used in this section: 5

(a) "Collection agency" has the meaning given that term in ORS 697.005. 6

7 (b) "Debt collector" has the meaning given that term in ORS 646.639.

(c) "Health care provider" means a person that is licensed or certified, or that the laws 8

9 of this state otherwise authorize or permit, to administer health care in the ordinary course 10 of practicing a profession or engaging in business, including a hospital, clinic or other health care facility and an affiliate or agent of the person. 11

(2) An individual who has filed a claim with an insurer for benefits under an insurance 12policy or who has brought an action or proceeding before a court or arbitrator to seek 13 compensation or damages for an injury the individual suffered in an accident or as the result 14 15 of a crime may notify in writing a health care provider that provided medical care or medical services for which the individual owes payment that a claim or action is pending. The written 16 17 notice must, at a minimum, identify the individual and provide a claim number, case number 18 or other information that would enable the health care provider to verify the status of the claim or action. The Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services by rule 19 20 may specify a form, format and contents for the written notice that in the director's judg-21ment will clarify, make more regular or otherwise improve notifications to health care pro-22 viders under this section. The director may make a model notice available on the Department

23of Consumer and Business Services website.

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1 (3)(a) A health care provider that receives a notice under subsection (2) of this section 2 may not collect, refer to a debt collector or collection agency for collection or sell, assign 3 or otherwise transfer a debt that an individual owes the health care provider for medical 4 care or medical services that the individual received from the health care provider until 60 5 days after the latest of:

6 (A) 180 days after the date on which the health care provider receives a written notice 7 under subsection (2) of this section;

8 (B) The date on which an insurer allows or denies the individual's claim for benefits un9 der an insurance policy;

10 (C) The date on which a court or arbitrator enters a judgment with respect to the 11 individual's action or dismisses the action; or

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(D) The date on which the individual withdraws the individual's claim or action.

(b) If an individual recovers part of the proceeds from a still pending claim for benefits 13 from an insurer, or recovers the proceeds of a claim for benefits from only some of the 14 15 insurers with which the individual has filed claims for benefits, a health care provider may collect, refer to a debt collector or collection agency for collection or sell, assign or transfer 16 the portion of the debt that the individual owes for medical care or medical services that is 17 18 covered by the policy or insurer from which the individual received the proceeds, up to the 19 extent of the individual's recovery, if the individual does not pay the health care provider 20within 60 days after the date of the recovery.

(c) A written notice under paragraph (a) of this subsection tolls any statute of limitations
that applies to the health care provider's right to collect the debt for the period of time
during which the action or claim is pending.

(4) For as long as a health care provider is subject to subsection (3) of this section, the
health care provider may not report to a credit reporting agency that an individual who owes
the health care provider a debt for medical care or medical services is delinquent, is in arrears or is otherwise unwilling or unable to pay the individual's debt.

(5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a violation of this
 section is an unlawful collection practice that is subject to an action under ORS 646.641.

(b) A health care provider that is subject to subsection (3) of this section does not violate
this section or commit an unlawful collection practice if the health care provider contacts
an individual who owes the health care provider a debt for medical care or medical services
solely for the purpose of checking the status of the individual's claim or action or for routine
billing.

35 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) Section 1 of this 2019 Act becomes operative 91 days after the effective
 36 date of this 2019 Act.

(2) The Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services may adopt rules
and take any other action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section
that is necessary to enable the director to exercise, on and after the operative date specified
in subsection (1) of this section, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the director by section 1 of this 2019 Act.

42 <u>SECTION 3.</u> This 2019 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 43 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2019 Act takes effect 44 on its passage.

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