80th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY -- 2019 Regular Session

B-Engrossed Senate Bill 332

Ordered by the House May 24 Including Senate Amendments dated April 12 and House Amendments dated May 24

Sponsored by Senator BAERTSCHIGER JR (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

[Provides that, when interview is element of process of selecting candidate for civil service position from eligibility list, public employer must interview each veteran applicant who meets qualifications for position and shows transferable skills if duties of position are performed by only one person within public employer's organization.]

Modifies law regarding requirement that public employer grant preference to veteran or disabled veteran in selection process for civil service position. Expands definitions of "veteran" and "disabled veteran" to include certain National Guard members. Requires evidence of eligibility and disability to be provided at time of application. Sets forth processes for granting one or more preferences.

Allows public employer to exercise discretion not to appoint qualified veteran or disabled veteran to civil service position based solely on veteran's or disabled veteran's merits or qualification in final stage of selection process. Requires public employer to provide written reasons for not appointing veteran or disabled veteran to position under certain circumstances.

Requires aggrieved veteran or disabled veteran to exhaust nonjudicial remedies with Bureau of Labor and Industries before filing civil action for unlawful employment practice. [Declares emergency, effective on passage.]

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to veterans' preference in public employment; creating new provisions; amending ORS

3 408.225 and 659A.885; and repealing ORS 408.230, 408.235 and 408.237.

4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

5 **SECTION 1.** ORS 408.225 is amended to read:

408.225. (1) As used in [ORS 408.225 to 408.237] this section and section 4 of this 2019 Act:

7 (a) "Application examination" means the selection process utilized by a public employer 8 after the initial application screening of an applicant. An application examination may be 9 scored or unscored and includes, but is not limited to, formal testing, assessments resulting 10 in a score and unscored examinations or assessments such as interviews and reference

11 **checks.**

12 [(a)(A)] (b)(A) "Civil service position" means any position for which a hiring or promotion de-13 cision is made or required to be made based on the results of a merit based, competitive process that 14 includes, but is not limited to, consideration of an applicant's or employee's relative ability, knowl-15 edge, experience and other skills.

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(B) A "civil service position" need not be labeled a "civil service position."

17 [(b)] (c) "Combat zone" means an area designated by the President of the United States by 18 executive order in which, on the dates designated by executive order, the Armed Forces of the 19 United States are or have engaged in combat. 1 [(c)] (d) "Disabled veteran" means a veteran who has a disability rating from the United States 2 Department of Veterans Affairs, a veteran whose discharge or release from active duty was for a 3 disability incurred or aggravated in the line of duty or a veteran who was awarded the Purple Heart 4 for wounds received in combat.

5 [(d)] (e) "Honorable conditions" has the meaning given that term in rules adopted by the De-6 partment of Veterans' Affairs.

7 (f) "Initial application screening" means a public employer's process to determine 8 whether a veteran or disabled veteran applicant for a civil service position meets the mini-9 mum and special qualifications for the position. "Initial application screening" includes an 10 evaluation of skills or assessment of responses to supplemental test questions if required in 11 the recruitment announcement for the position.

(g) "Minimum qualifications" means baseline education, experience or other requirements that an applicant must have in order to be considered for a civil service position by a public employer as set forth in rules adopted by the public employer or in the recruitment announcement for the position.

16 [(e)] (h) "Public employer" means a public body, as that term is defined in ORS 174.109, and any 17 person authorized to act on behalf of the public body, with respect to control, management or 18 supervision of any employee.

(i) "Special qualifications" means attributes desired by a public employer in an applicant
for a civil service position that make an applicant more competitive for a position when
compared to other applicants for the same position who do not possess the special qualifications at all or to the same degree. Special qualifications may be unique to each position
and may, but are not required to, be set forth in rules adopted by the public employer or in
the recruitment announcement for the position.

25 [(f)] (j) "Veteran" means a person who:

26 (A) Served on active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States:

(i) For a period of more than 90 consecutive days beginning on or before January 31, 1955, and
was discharged or released under honorable conditions;

(ii) For a period of more than 178 consecutive days beginning after January 31, 1955, and was
 discharged or released from active duty under honorable conditions;

(iii) For 178 days or less and was discharged or released from active duty under honorable
 conditions because of a service-connected disability;

(iv) For 178 days or less and was discharged or released from active duty under honorable
 conditions and has a disability rating from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; or

(v) For at least one day in a combat zone and was discharged or released from active duty under
 honorable conditions;

(B) Received a combat or campaign ribbon or an expeditionary medal for service in the Armed
Forces of the United States and was discharged or released from active duty under honorable conditions; or

40 (C) Is receiving a nonservice-connected pension from the United States Department of Veterans41 Affairs.

42 (2) As used in subsection [(1)(f)] (1)(j) of this section, "active duty" does not include attendance
43 at a school under military orders, except schooling incident to an active enlistment or a regular tour
44 of duty, or normal military training as a reserve officer or member of an organized reserve or a
45 National Guard unit.

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SECTION 2. ORS 408.230, 408.235 and 408.237 are repealed. 1 2 SECTION 3. Section 4 of this 2019 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 408. SECTION 4. (1) For purposes of this section: 3 (a) "Certification of service" means a letter that: 4 (A) Is on letterhead of a military branch in which a veteran served; 5 (B) Specifies the veteran's military service dates; 6 (C) Specifies the veteran's expected date of discharge or release from active duty service; 7 and 8 9 (D) Specifies that the veteran's expected character of service or discharge is honorable. (b) "Disabled veteran" means: 10 (A) A disabled veteran as defined in ORS 408.225; 11 12(B) A person who is receiving service-connected compensation from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs under 38 U.S.C. 1110 or 1131; or 13 (C) A person who was a reserve officer or member of an organized reserve or a National 14 15 Guard unit whose discharge or release from active duty as defined in ORS 408.225 (2) or active duty for attendance at a school under military orders or normal military training was 16 for a disability incurred or aggravated in the line of duty. 17 18 (c) "Veteran" means: 19 (A) A veteran as defined in ORS 408.225; or (B) A person whose periods of service with an organized reserve or National Guard unit 20totals 20 years or more and who, if discharged or released, was discharged or released under 21 22honorable conditions. 23(2)(a) A veteran or disabled veteran is eligible to use the preference provided for in this section for a civil service position for which the veteran or disabled veteran makes applica-24 tion. 25(b) A veteran shall provide evidence of eligibility for the preference at the time the vet-2627eran makes application for the position. Evidence may include federal DD Form 214 or 215, NGB Form 22 or 22A or other documentation demonstrating preference eligibility. When a 28veteran is currently serving on active duty and is in the process of discharging or releasing 2930 from active duty under honorable conditions, the veteran may provide as evidence a certi-31 fication of service showing expected discharge or release within 120 days from the submission of the certification, or a preseparation draft of federal DD Form 214 or 215. Failure to provide 32evidence at the time of application will disqualify the veteran from requesting use of the

evidence at the time of application will disqualify the veteran from requesting use of the preference in the public employer's consideration of the veteran's application for the position.

(c) A disabled veteran shall provide evidence of disability from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs at the time the disabled veteran makes application for the position. Failure to provide evidence of disability at the time of application will disqualify the disabled veteran from requesting use of the preference in the public employer's consideration of the disabled veteran's application for the position.

(3) A public employer shall grant a preference to a veteran or disabled veteran who applies for a vacant civil service position or seeks promotion to a civil service position with a
higher maximum salary rate in the manner set forth in this section. The public employer
shall grant a preference at each stage of the application process.

45 (4)(a) Initial application screenings done by public employers must result in a score on

1 a 100-point scale.

(b) Upon completion of an initial application screening and determination that a veteran or disabled veteran applicant meets the minimum and special qualifications for the position and, if applicable, is evaluated to have the necessary skills for the position and adequately responds to any supplemental questions, the public employer shall grant preference as follows:

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(A) The employer shall add five preference points to a nondisabled veteran's score; or

(B) The employer shall add 10 preference points to a disabled veteran's score.

9 (c) After application of preference points under paragraph (b) of this subsection, the 10 public employer shall generate a list of qualified veteran and disabled veteran applicants to 11 consider for appointment.

(5)(a) Following the initial application screening under subsection (4) of this section, the public employer shall conduct the employer's application examination process with all qualified veteran and disabled veteran applicants on the list and shall apply preferences as described in subsection (6) of this section.

(b) Application examination processes may be scored or unscored. If scored, applicants
 must be ranked on a 100-point scale. If unscored, applicants must be sorted into hierarchical
 levels based on the degree to which applicants possess or demonstrate desired attributes or
 meet other criteria for the position.

20 (c) If the application examination process includes one or more interviews, the public 21 employer shall interview all veteran and disabled veteran applicants on the list.

(6) After the application examination process is completed, the preference shall be applied
 as follows:

(a) For scored application examinations, the public employer shall add five points to a
 nondisabled veteran's score or 10 points to a disabled veteran's score.

(b) For unscored application examinations, the public employer shall advance a
 nondisabled veteran one level or advance a disabled veteran two levels.

(7) The application of preferences in the manner described in this section is not a re quirement that the public employer appoint a veteran or disabled veteran to a civil service
 position.

(8)(a) A public employer shall appoint an otherwise qualified veteran or disabled veteran to a vacant civil service position if the results of a veteran's or disabled veteran's application examination, when combined with the veteran's or disabled veteran's preferences, are equal to or higher than the results of an application examination for an applicant who is not a veteran or disabled veteran.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, a public employer may, at the time 36 37 of making a final hiring or promotion decision in the selection process, exercise discretion 38 not to appoint an otherwise qualified veteran or disabled veteran described in paragraph (a) of this subsection based solely on the veteran's or disabled veteran's merits or qualifications 39 with respect to the vacant civil service position. A public employer that exercises discretion 40 under this paragraph shall provide to the veteran or disabled veteran written reasons for the 41 employer's decision not to appoint the veteran or disabled veteran to the position within a 42 reasonable time after making the decision. 43

44 (9) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (8)(b) of this section, if a public employer
 45 does not appoint a veteran or disabled veteran to a vacant civil service position, upon written

request of the veteran or disabled veteran, the employer, in writing, shall provide the 1

employer's reasons for the decision not to appoint the veteran or disabled veteran to the 2 position. 3

(10) Violation of this section is an unlawful employment practice.

(11) A veteran or disabled veteran claiming to be aggrieved by a violation of this section 5 may file a verified written complaint with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and In-6 dustries in accordance with ORS 659A.820. 7

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SECTION 5. ORS 659A.885, as amended by section 9, chapter 197, Oregon Laws 2017, and sec-9 tion 13, chapter 691, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read:

659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in sub-10 section (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection, 11 12 the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, in-13 cluding but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period imme-14 15 diately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau 16 of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the twoyear period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the 17 18 court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Ex-19 cept as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

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(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

21(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall 22review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

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(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of:

(a) ORS 10.090, 10.092, 25.337, 25.424, 171.120, [408.230, 408.237 (2),] 475B.281, 476.574, 652.020, 94 652.220, 652.355, 653.060, 653.263, 653.265, 653.547, 653.549, 653.601 to 653.661, 659.852, 659A.030, 25659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.063, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.088, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 2627659A.150 to 659A.186, 659A.194, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.218, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.233, 659A.236, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.277, 659A.290, 659A.300, 659A.306, 659A.309, 659A.315, 28 659A.318, 659A.320, 659A.355 or 659A.421; [or] 29

(b) ORS 653.470, except an action may not be brought for a claim relating to ORS 653.450; or

31 (c) Section 4 of this 2019 Act, except that a person must first exhaust all available nonjudicial remedies under ORS 659A.820 to 659A.865. 32

(3) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 25.337, 25.424, 33 34 652.220, 652.355, 653.547, 653.549, 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 35659A.290, 659A.318, 659A.355 or 659A.421: 36

37 (a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, 38 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

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(b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

(c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judg-40 ment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and 41

(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court. 42

(4) Notwithstanding ORS 31.730, in an action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a vi-43 olation of ORS 652.220, the court may award punitive damages if: 44

(a) It is proved by clear and convincing evidence that an employer has engaged in fraud, acted 45

1 with malice or acted with willful and wanton misconduct; or

(b) An employer was previously adjudicated in a proceeding under this section or under ORS
659A.850 for a violation of ORS 652.220.

4 (5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 653.060, the 5 court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, 6 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater.

(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120, 476.574
or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this
section, compensatory damages or \$250, whichever is greater.

(7) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or 10.092,
the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, a civil
penalty in the amount of \$720.

13 (8) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual 14 15 is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS 16 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator 17 18 or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor 19 of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this sub-20 section:

(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
 compensatory and punitive damages;

(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person
acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all
damages awarded in the action;

26 (c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

27 (d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable
basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court;
and

(f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the
 judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

34 (9) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a 35person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied 36 37 any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner 38 or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action 39 filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief 40 authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty: 41

42 (a) In an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and

43 (b) In an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for any subsequent violation.

(10) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or
 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing

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the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to 1 the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable at-2 torney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court 3 determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for 4

appealing an adverse decision of the trial court. 5

(11) In an action under subsection (1) or (9) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 6 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law: 7

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(a) "Aggrieved person" includes a person who believes that the person:

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(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to 10 11 occur.

12 (b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of 13 right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General certifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing 14 15party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

16 SECTION 6. ORS 659A.885, as amended by sections 9 and 10, chapter 197, Oregon Laws 2017, and section 13, chapter 691, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read: 17

18 659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in subsection (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection, 19 the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, in-20cluding but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A 2122court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period imme-23diately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-24 year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the 25court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Ex-2627cept as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

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(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall 2930 review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of:

(a) ORS 10.090, 10.092, 25.337, 25.424, 171.120, [408.230, 408.237 (2),] 475B.281, 476.574, 652.020, 32652.220, 652.355, 653.060, 653.263, 653.265, 653.547, 653.549, 653.601 to 653.661, 659.852, 659A.030, 33 34 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.063, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.088, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.150 to 659A.186, 659A.194, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.218, 659A.228, 659A.230, 35 659A.233. 659A.236, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.277, 659A.290, 659A.300, 659A.306, 659A.309, 659A.315, 36 37 659A.318, 659A.320, 659A.355, 659A.357 or 659A.421; [or]

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(b) ORS 653.470, except an action may not be brought for a claim relating to ORS 653.450; or

(c) Section 4 of this 2019 Act, except that a person must first exhaust all available non-39 judicial remedies under ORS 659A.820 to 659A.865. 40

(3) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 25.337, 25.424, 41 652.220, 652.355, 653.547, 653.549, 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.069, 42 659A.082, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 43 659A.290, 659A.318, 659A.355, 659A.357 or 659A.421: 44

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(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,

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1 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

2 (b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

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3 (c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judg4 ment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

6 (4) Notwithstanding ORS 31.730, in an action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a vi-7 olation of ORS 652.220, the court may award punitive damages if:

8 (a) It is proved by clear and convincing evidence that an employer has engaged in fraud, acted 9 with malice or acted with willful and wanton misconduct; or

(b) An employer was previously adjudicated in a proceeding under this section or under ORS
659A.850 for a violation of ORS 652.220.

(5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 653.060, the
court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater.

(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120, 476.574
or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this
section, compensatory damages or \$250, whichever is greater.

(7) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or 10.092,
the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, a civil
penalty in the amount of \$720.

(8) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of 2122race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual 23is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or 24 abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator 25or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor 2627of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this subsection: 28

(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
 compensatory and punitive damages;

(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person
acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all
damages awarded in the action;

34 (c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a de fendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable
 basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court;
 and

40 (f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the 41 judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

42 (9) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a 43 person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected 44 by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied 45 any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner

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1 or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same 2 manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action 3 filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief 4 authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty:

5 (a) In an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and

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(b) In an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for any subsequent violation.

7 (10) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or 8 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing 9 the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to 10 the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable at-11 torney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court 12 determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for 13 appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

(11) In an action under subsection (1) or (9) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145
 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

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(a) "Aggrieved person" includes a person who believes that the person:(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about tooccur.

(b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General certifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

24 <u>SECTION 7.</u> Section 4 of this 2019 Act, the amendments to ORS 408.225 and 659A.885 by 25 sections 1, 5 and 6 of this 2019 Act and the repeal of ORS 408.230, 408.235 and 408.237 by 26 section 2 of this 2019 Act apply to selection processes for civil service positions and eligibility 27 lists for civil service positions undertaken by public employers on or after the effective date 28 of this 2019 Act.

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