A-Engrossed Senate Bill 15

Ordered by the Senate April 1 Including Senate Amendments dated April 1

Printed pursuant to Senate Interim Rule 213.28 by order of the President of the Senate in conformance with presession filing rules, indicating neither advocacy nor opposition on the part of the President (at the request of Governor Kate Brown for Department of Education)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Authorizes Youth Development [Council] **Division** to inspect and collect data from facilities in which juveniles are detained to ensure compliance with federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

- Relating to compliance monitoring authority of the Youth Development Council; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 417.850.
- 4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
 - <u>SECTION 1.</u> To perform its duties as required by ORS 417.850 (12), the Youth Development Division may collect data and inspect any facility, as identified by the Youth Development Council by rule, in which juveniles are detained.
- 8 **SECTION 2.** ORS 417.850 is amended to read:
- 9 417.850. The Youth Development Council established by ORS 417.847 shall:
- 10 (1) Review the budget and allocation formula for appropriations for the purpose of juvenile crime 11 prevention;
 - (2) Review the components of local high-risk juvenile crime prevention plans developed under ORS 417.855 and make recommendations to the Governor about the local plans;
 - (3) Ensure that high-risk juvenile crime prevention planning criteria are met by state and local public and private entities;
 - (4) Recommend high-risk juvenile justice and juvenile crime prevention policies to the Governor and the Legislative Assembly;
 - (5) Ensure initiation of contracts based on approved local high-risk juvenile crime prevention plans and oversee contract changes;
 - (6) Review data and outcome information;
 - (7) Establish and publish review and assessment criteria for the local high-risk juvenile crime prevention plans. The criteria shall include, but not be limited to, measuring changes in juvenile crime and juvenile recidivism;
 - (8) Review and coordinate county youth diversion plans and basic services grants with the local high-risk juvenile crime prevention plans. Basic services grants may be used for detention and other juvenile department services including:

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

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1	(a) Shelter care;
2	(b) Treatment services;
3	(c) Graduated sanctions; and
4	(d) Aftercare for youth offenders;
5	(9) Work to ensure broad-based citizen involvement in the planning and execution of high-risk
6	juvenile crime prevention plans at both the state and local levels;
7	(10) Develop a funding policy that provides incentives for flexible programming and promotes
8	strategies that stress reinvestment in youth;
9	(11) Periodically report to the Governor and the Legislative Assembly on the progress of the
10	council;
11	[(12) Oversee and approve funding and policy recommendations of the state advisory group as re
12	quired by the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.
13	and]
14	(12) As required by the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974
15	34 U.S.C. 11133 et seq., approve funding and policy recommendations of the state advisory
16	group and adopt rules for overseeing approved funding and policy recommendations; and

(13) Work with tribal governments to develop tribal high-risk juvenile crime prevention plans.

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